#### **Environmental Assessment**

## Determinations and Compliance Findings for HUD-assisted Projects 24 CFR Part 58

### **Project Information**

Project ID: PR-RGRW-01547

**Project Name:** Huerta Rica LLC

Responsible Entity: Puerto Rico Department of Housing

**Grant Recipient** (if different than Responsible Entity): same as above

State/Local Identifier: Puerto Rico / Las Marías Municipio

**Preparer:** Heath Anderson, Deputy Program Manager

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**Consultant** (if applicable): SWCA Environmental Consultants

**Direct Comments to:** PR Department of Housing, <a href="mailto:environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov">environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov</a>

#### **Project Location:**

The proposed project, which includes the installation of a greenhouse and cistern and the purchase of farm equipment, is located on a 11.87-acre property (Cadastral Numbers 237-000-001-19, 237-000-001-18, 237-000-001-17, 236-000-005-15) at Carretera 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones, Las Marias, Puerto Rico 00670 (see **Appendix A, Figure 1**-

Site Location and **Figure 2**- Site Vicinity). The property is in a rural area in the southeast portion of Las Marias Municipio. Access to the project areas is provided via an existing road that runs east/west near the northern portion of the property.

The applicant has identified two locations for project activities related for the Intended Use of Grant Funds that are being evaluated under this Environmental Assessment (EA), also shown on Figures 1 and 2:

- Greenhouse Site (18.205084, -66.935986) is in the central portion of the property, approximately 75 feet east of the residence.
- Cistern Site (18.205275, -66.935875) is in the northcentral portion of the property, approximately 65 feet north of the greenhouse.

#### **Description of the Proposed Project** [24 CFR 58.32; 40 CFR 1508.25]:

The proposed project includes the purchase of farming equipment (spade, shovel, anvil post digger, hose faucet timer, hedge shears, garden hoe, wagons, rake, floodlight, string trimmer, mower, drill, and a chainsaw), none of which will be fixed to the landscape, and the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern. The proposed greenhouse is approximately 400 square feet in size (16 feet by 25 feet) with a total height of approximately 15 feet and will be constructed with PVC pipes and a saran covering. The greenhouse is intended to serve exclusively as shade for crops and will not include irrigation, nor be permanently anchored to the ground. Instead, the greenhouse will sit on the ground surface and the applicant will secure it with metal stakes extending 4 to 6 inches into the ground. No grading or leveling will occur. No water or electrical connections will be required.

The cistern will be placed on a wooden pallet (approximately 40 inches by 48 inches) and will be used exclusively as an emergency water supply during prolonged periods without precipitation. The applicant will connect a new drip tape irrigation system to the cistern to deliver water to the greenhouse during prolonged periods without precipitation. The irrigation lines will be on the surface of the ground, not buried.

All farming equipment will be purchased with the Intended Use of Grant Funds. No vegetation or tree clearing is required for construction. The applicant owns the property; therefore, no acquisition or is required.

#### Statement of Purpose and Need for the Proposal [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

In September of 2017, Hurricanes Irma and María produced sustained winds and intense rainfall that decimated agricultural production across the island of Puerto Rico. These hurricanes caused the loss of eighty percent of crop value island wide, exacerbating

challenges to food security and agricultural business development. The Puerto Rico Department of Agriculture (PRDA) estimated seven hundred and eighty million dollars (\$780 million) worth of damages from the hurricanes to the agricultural sector of the economy.

Many properties were damaged in Hurricane Maria, resulting in struggling businesses. The Re-Grow Puerto Rico Urban-Rural Agriculture Program (Re-Grow Program) will develop greater agricultural capacity and address the needs created by Hurricanes Irma and María with a substantial investment of CDBG-DR funds for a wide variety of viable and sustainable agricultural activities.

Agricultural capacity and strong food systems are fundamental to resiliency of economies and, as Puerto Rico's entire agriculture sector was devastated by the Hurricanes, this Program is designed to revitalize this industry. The Re-Grow Program is an integral part of the long-term expansion of jobs in the sector, food security and contributing to overall economic recovery of disaster impacted populations.

The applicant does not have the resources to purchase farming equipment and materials for their agricultural operation nor has the applicant received any other outside source of funding for the project. The new greenhouse will help increase agricultural production. The equipment will also help the applicant save money on the use of potable water and reuse of rainwater. The project as a whole will support continued local agricultural production during future disasters.

Agencies consulted for the proposed project are provided in the List of Sources, Agencies and Persons Consulted section of this EA. Further discussion of the environmental impacts of the proposed action and alternatives is provided in the *Cumulative Impact Analysis*, *Alternatives/No Action Alternative*, and *Summary of Findings and Conclusions* sections of this EA.

**Existing Conditions and Trends** [24 CFR 58.40(a)]: The proposed project is in a rural area of Las Marías Municipio. The surrounding area is undeveloped or low-density development. A few residences and other farms are located west of the property near Puerto Rico Highway (PR)409. The areas north, east, and south of the property are mostly undeveloped.

The general topography of the property is hilly with open pastures and vegetated areas. The land use of the entire property is classified as rustic agricultural land (SRC)/ general agricultural (A-G). The proposed activities are for agricultural purposes and are consistent with the current land use.

### **Funding Information**

Grant Number	HUD Program	Funding Amount
B-17-DM-72-0001 B-18-DP-72-0001	Community Development Block Grant –	\$11,938,162,230
B-19-DP-78-0002 B-18-DE-72-0001	Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR)	\$11,700,102,200

Estimated Total HUD Funded Amount: \$7,465.12

Estimated Total Project Cost (HUD and non-HUD funds) [24 CFR 58.32(d)]: \$7,465.12

### Compliance with 24 CFR 58.5 and 58.6 Laws and Authorities

Record below the compliance or conformance determinations for each statute, executive order, or regulation. Provide credible, traceable, and supportive source documentation for each authority. Where applicable, complete the necessary reviews or consultations and obtain or note applicable permits of approvals. Clearly note citations, dates/names/titles of contacts, and page references. Attach additional documentation as appropriate.

Compliance Factors: Statutes, Executive Orders, and Regulations listed at 24 CFR §58.5 and §58.6	Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?	Compliance Determinations
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORDERS, A	AND REGULATIO	PNS LISTED AT 24 CFR 58.6
Airport Hazards  24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D	Yes No	The project site is not within 2,500 feet (ft) of a civil primary or commercial service airport or within 15,000 ft of a military airport. The nearest civil primary or commercial service airport, Eugenio Maria De Hostos, is located 73,769 ft (14 miles [mi]) from the project site. The nearest military airport, Luis Munoz Marin International Airport, is located 330,101 ft (63 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with airport hazards requirements.  The Airport Hazards Partner Worksheet and Airport Hazards Map (Figure B 1-1) are provided in Appendix B,
Coastal Barrier Resources  Coastal Barrier Resources Act, as amended by the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act of 1990 [16 USC 3501]	Yes No	The project site is not located in a Coastal Barrier Resource Systems Unit (CBRS) or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA). There are no CBRS units in Las Marías. The closest CBRS unit, Rio Guanajibo, is located 82,729 ft (16 mis) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act.  The Coastal Barrier Resources Act Partner Worksheet and Coastal Barrier

		Resources Map (Figure B 2-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 2.
Flood Insurance Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 and National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 [42 USC 4001-4128 and 42 USC 5154a]	Yes No	A review of the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), Community Panel 72000C1035H (effective date 04/19/2005) and 72000C1030H (effective date 04/19/2005), shows the project site is in Flood Zone X, which is not in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). Flood insurance is not required. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Flood Disaster Protection Act and National Flood Insurance Reform Act.  The Flood Insurance Partner Worksheet and FIRM (Figure B 3-1) are provided in
		Appendix B, Attachment 3.
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORDERS, A	AND REGULATIO	ONS LISTED AT 24 CFR 58.5
Clean Air Act, as amended, particularly section 176(c) & (d); 40 CFR Parts 6, 51, 93	Yes No	The project site is in Las Marías Municipio, which is within a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) designated attainment area. Municipios in Nonattainment or Maintenance areas include Arecibo, Bayamon, Catano, Guaynabo, Salinas, San Juan and Toa Baja. Project activities include new construction and installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment. The project is not anticipated to have a negative impact on air quality. Emissions associated with the proposed actions are temporary and limited to the use of small construction equipment and will be well below the Federal General Conformity Rule de minimis thresholds. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act.  The Air Quality Partner Worksheet, List of Non-Attainment/Maintenance Status Counties in Puerto Rico, and Clean Air Map (Figure B 4-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 4.

Coastal Zone Management Coastal Zone Management Act, sections 307(c) & (d)	Yes No	The project site is not located within the Puerto Rico Coastal Management Zone. The closest coastal zone area is located 71,990 ft (14 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act.  The Coastal Zone Management Partner Worksheet and Coastal Zone Map (Figure B 5-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 5.
Contamination and Toxic Substances  24 CFR Part 58.5(i)(2)	Yes No	The project site was evaluated for potential contamination by conducting a field site inspection on 09/01/2023 to identify any onsite hazards including, but not limited to, soil staining, above ground storage tanks, signs of underground storage tanks, odors, hazardous debris etc. The site inspection did not identify any onsite hazards that could not be resolved with mitigation (see Appendix C- Environmental Site Inspection Report).  The project does not involve any occupied structures and is therefore exempt from considering radon as part of the site contamination analysis as per HUD Notice CDP- 23-103.  In addition, a desktop review of USEPA databases, NEPAssist, and other sources was conducted to determine if the project site was located near dump
		sites, junk yards, landfills, hazardous waste sites, or industrial sites, including USEPA National Priorities List Sites (Superfund sites), CERCLA or state-equivalent sites, RCRA Corrective Action sites with release(s) or suspected release(s) requiring clean-up action and/or further investigation. The parcel has been used for agricultural purposes and there has been no change in land use in the last 20 years. The project is located in a rural area of Las Marias

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		Municipio and will continue to be used for agricultural purpose.
		The desktop review did not find any of the above-listed toxic, hazardous or radioactive substances in or within 3,000 feet of the project area. The project is in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements.
		The Contamination and Toxics Substances Partner Worksheet, Contamination and Toxics Sites Summary, and Contamination and Toxic Substances Map (Figure B 6-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 6.
Endangered Species  Endangered Species Act of 1973, particularly section 7; 50 CFR Part 402	Yes No	The project involves activities that have the potential to affect protected species or habitats including but not limited to activities such as ground disturbance.
		Threatened, endangered, and migratory bird species were identified by reviewing data from the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Information and Planning Consultation (IPaC) Tool. In addition, critical species habitat was reviewed through the USFWS IPaC Critical Habitat Portal.
		The review identified four federally listed species (Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk [Buteo platypterus brunescens], Puerto Rican Parrot [Amazona vittata], Puerto Rican Boa [Chilabothrus inornatus], Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly [Atlantea tulita]) with the potential to occur within the project area. There is no designated or proposed critical habitat within the project area; the closest final designated critical habitat is located 12,358 feet (2 miles) from the project sites.
		The project activities will result in ground disturbing activities, including installation of a new greenhouse and cistern. A qualified biologist reviewed the

		proposed activity location. The project area is adjacent to forested areas; therefore, the applicant will employ conservation measures for all four species, as outlined in Appendix E of the attached USACE informal consultation letter. As such, it is anticipated that the project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk, Puerto Rican parrot, Puerto Rican boa, and Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly. The project will have no effect on designated critical habitat.  If a Puerto Rican Boa is found in the project action site, work shall cease until the Boa moves off site on its own. If the Boa does not move off site, the construction manager shall contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (DNER) and ask for them to relocate the Boa.  This project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. The Endangered Species Act Partner Worksheet, Threatened and Endangered Species Technical Memorandum with IPaC, and Critical Habitat Map (Figure B 7-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 7.
Explosive and Flammable Hazards  24 CFR Part 51 Subpart C	Yes No	The project includes the new construction and installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment. The project itself is not the development of a hazardous facility nor will the project increase residential densities. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.  The Explosive and Flammable Hazards Partner Worksheet is provided in Appendix B, Attachment 8.

Farmlands Protection  Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981, particularly sections 1504(b) and 1541; 7 CFR Part 658	Yes	No 🔀	This project does not include any activities that could potentially convert agricultural land to non-agricultural use. The project area crosses one mapped soil series: CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes). No prime farmland or farmlands of statewide importance are within the project area. Although the project includes new construction, the project is exempt from review under the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FFPA) as the project is limited to construction of on-farm structures needed for farm operations. No further review is required. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act.  The Farmlands Protection Partner Worksheet and Prime Farmland Map (Figure B 9-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 9.
Executive Order 11988, particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55	Yes	No	An Advisory Base Flood Elevation (ABFE) map was developed by FEMA for this FIRM, which shows the project sites are in Flood Zone X. The project is not located in the 100-year floodplain or ABFE special flood hazard area; therefore, no further action is required. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11988 and 13690.  PFIRMs in Puerto Rico were only
			developed for certain sections of the municipalities of Carolina, Canovanas, Loiza, San Juan and Trujillo Alto. The proposed project is located in the municipality of Las Marias; therefore, PFIRM information was not available for the area and therefore not considered in the review.
			HUD implemented new floodplain regulations under 89 FR 30850 effective June 24, 2024 which created the Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (FFRMS). The current project comprises non-critical actions that lie

		outside the 0.2-percent-annual-chance (500-year flood elevation), which is the approach used for this project to comply with the FFRMS; therefore, mitigation is not required and the project is in compliance with 24 CFR Part 55.  The Floodplain Management Partner Worksheet and ABFE Floodplain Map (Figure B 10-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 10.
Historic Preservation National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800	Yes No	The project will involve the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment on an undeveloped property. State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) consultation was performed.  No National Historic Landmark (NHL) are within or near the project area.  A site visit was conducted on September 1, 2023 by an SOI-qualified Archaeologist. Record reviews and research were conducted at the SHPO and the Instituto de Cultura Puertorriqueña (ICP) to determine if any archaeologically sensitive resources could be present within a 0.5-mile radius.  The results of the record search and the site inspection indicate that there are no historic properties or cultural resources within the 0.50-mile radius study area or within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE). Based on the results of the historic property identification efforts, the Program has determined that project actions will not affect historic properties that compose the APE.  The determination was submitted to SHPO by PRDOH for concurrence on December 1, 2023, and SHPO concurred with the No Historic Properties Affected determination on

		December 5, 2023. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the National Historic Preservation Act.  The Historic Preservation Partner Worksheet, Previously Recorded Cultural Resources Map (Figure B 11-1), and SHPO consultation are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 11.
Noise Abatement and Control  Noise Control Act of 1972, as amended by the Quiet Communities Act of 1978; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart B	Yes No	The project activities are limited to the construction and installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment and do not involve residential new construction or rehabilitation. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with HUD's noise regulation.
Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended, particularly section 1424(e); 40 CFR Part 149	Yes No	According to the USEPA's Source Water Protection, Sole Source Aquifer Protection Program, there are no sole source aquifers in Puerto Rico. The project is in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act.  The Sole Source Aquifer Partner Worksheet and Sole Source Aquifer Map (Figure B 15-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 15.
Wetlands Protection  Executive Order 11990, particularly sections 2 and 5	Yes No	The project site was reviewed for wetlands using the USFWS Wetland Inventory Mapper. A riverine wetland (shown as an NHD stream on Figure B 12-1) is located approximately 167 ft northwest of the greenhouse at its closest point and will not be affected by project activities if best management practices, such as silt fencing and erosion control, are implemented during any ground-disturbing activities. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11990. Note- the NWI online webmapper, accessed on November 9,

Wild and Scenic Rivers  Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968, particularly section 7(b) and (c)	Yes No	2023, shows this NHD stream is a riverine wetland.  The Wetlands Protection Partner Worksheet and Wetland Map (Figure B 12-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 12.  A review of the USFWS National Wild and Scenic River mapper identified no Wild and Scenic Rivers or National Rivers Inventory (NRI) rivers present in Las Marías Municipio. The closest Wild and Scenic River segment is located 398,880 ft (76 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.  The Wild and Scenic Rivers Partner Worksheet and Wild and Scenic Rivers Map (Figure B 13-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 13.
ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE		
Executive Order 12898	Yes No	The ReGrow Program intends to alleviate negative economic impacts to, and strengthen, the agricultural industry in Puerto Rico. The project's direct and indirect impacts are limited to a small area on multiple parcels. The project will benefit the farm owner by improving agricultural use and production. The project would not facilitate development that would negatively affect human health or result in disproportionate adverse environmental impacts to low-income or minority populations. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898. The Environmental Justice Partner Worksheet and EJScreen Report are provided in <b>Appendix B</b> , <b>Attachment 14</b> .

**Environmental Assessment Factors** [24 CFR 58.40; Ref. 40 CFR 1508.8 &1508.27] Recorded below is the qualitative and quantitative significance of the effects of the proposal on the character, features and resources of the project area. Each factor has been

evaluated and documented, as appropriate and in proportion to its relevance to the proposed action. Verifiable source documentation has been provided and described in support of each determination, as appropriate. Credible, traceable, and supportive source documentation for each authority has been provided. Where applicable, the necessary reviews or consultations have been completed and applicable permits of approvals have been obtained or noted. Citations, dates/names/titles of contacts, and page references are clear. Additional documentation is attached, as appropriate. All conditions, attenuation or mitigation measures have been clearly identified.

**Impact Codes**: Use an impact code from the following list to make the determination of impact for each factor.

- (1) Minor beneficial impact
- (2) No impact anticipated
- (3) Minor Adverse Impact May require mitigation
- **(4)** Significant or potentially significant impact requiring avoidance or modification which may require an Environmental Impact Statement

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation
LAND DEVELOPMENT		
Conformance with Plans /	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern.
Compatible Land Use and Zoning / Scale and Urban Design	and Zoning / e and Urban	The entire property is classified as rustic agricultural land (SRC)/ general agricultural (A-G) land use. The proposed action is continued agricultural use of property, which is compatible with zoning and existing land use.
		Construction actions include new construction which increase the current function of the existing land use. There is no change in land use since the land will continue to be used for agriculture purposes. The project site is in a rural area of Las Marias Municipio, and project activities will not contribute to urban sprawl.
		The applicant and/or construction manager is required to obtain any necessary local and territorial

		building and environmental permits prior to construction activities commencing.
Soil Suitability/ Slope/ Erosion/ Drainage/ Storm Water Runoff	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern. Soil suitability will be assessed prior to construction and will be addressed during local permitting processes. The project area crosses one mapped soil series: CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes). Contractors will be required to use best management practices during construction to control erosion and prevent runoff. The soil is currently being used for agriculture purposes.  Landslide data from the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS)
		indicates less than 25 landslides per square kilometer for the project area (see <b>Appendix A</b> , <b>Figure 3</b> - USGS Landslide Map).
		DNER authorization is required for any extraction, removal, excavation, and dredging of the components of the earth's crust.
Hazards and Nuisances	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern.
including Site Safety and Noise		Contractors will be required to provide health and safety plans and monitoring during construction. Noise levels will temporarily increase during construction which may impact surrounding neighbors; however, program activities are limited to the existing farm property and will not elevate ambient noise levels in the long-term. Contractors will be required to comply with the applicable local noise ordinances. Noise impacts will be mitigated by restricting construction activities to daylight hours and to the hours established in the Regulation for Noise Control and Pollution in Puerto Rico. Additionally, the project does not include housing to where inhabitants would be affected.

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation
SOCIOECONOMIC		
Employment and Income Patterns	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern.

		The project is not anticipated to have a significant impact on employment and income patterns; however, the project may help restore employment opportunities and income patterns.
Demographic Character Changes, Displacement	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern.  The project is a rural area in Las Marías Municipio and will not alter the demographics or character of the surrounding community. Project activities will not result in any direct or indirect displacement of individuals or families.
Environmental Justice	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern.  The project's direct and indirect impacts are limited to a small area on multiple parcels. The project will benefit the farm owner by improving agricultural use and production The project will not facilitate development that would negatively affect human health or result in disproportionate adverse environmental impacts to low-income or minority populations (see EJ Screen Report in Attachment 15).

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation
COMMUNITY FACILIT	IES AND SER	VICES
Educational and Cultural Facilities	2	The installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern will occur on private land and will not contribute to any change in educational or cultural facilities or affect access to or capacity of educational or cultural facilities.
Commercial Facilities	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern.
		The proposed project will increase agricultural production, resulting in a net positive impact to the applicant's farm commercial output and a positive benefit to surrounding commercial enterprises who purchase and sell the produce; however, the project will not put undue pressure on commercial facilities.
Health Care and Social Services	2	The installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern will occur on private land and will not affect

		access to or capacity of health care and social services.
Solid Waste Disposal / Recycling	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern. The proposed project may cause an increase in short-term generation of solid waste during construction. All construction debris will be disposed of at the proper facilities for the debris type (i.e., construction waste). The project will not contribute to long-term needs or changes to solid waste disposal and recycling.
Wastewater / Sanitary Sewers	2	The installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of equipment will not result in significant changes in wastewater or sanitary sewer generation.
		Sewage will not be generated from the project. No new wastewater or sanitary sewer connections are required for this project.
Water Supply	2	The installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern are not expected to result in significant changes to water supply. The applicant will use rainwater to water their crops and supply the cistern.
Public Safety - Police, Fire and Emergency Medical	2	The installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern will occur on private land and will not affect public safety concerns such as police, fire, and emergency medical services.
Parks, Open Space and Recreation	2	The installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern will occur on private land and will not result in any changes to access or use of parks, open space, and recreation areas.
Transportation and Accessibility	2	The installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern will occur on private land and have no relation to transportation services. The proposed activities will not result in any changes in transportation and accessibility.

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation
NATURAL FEATURES		
Unique Natural Features, Water	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern.
Resources		The project is not located in proximity to unique natural features or water resources; therefore, construction activities will not affect quality or access to these resources.
Vegetation, Wildlife	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern.
		The project area has already been previously disturbed for farm operations; therefore, the project is not anticipated to result in any new impacts to trees, vegetation, wildlife or native plant communities. No tree clearing or pruning is anticipated prior to greenhouse construction.

Climate and Energy		
Climate Change Impacts	2	The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern.
		The proposed ReGrow program project aims to increase resiliency in the agricultural industry to prepare for future climate related disasters, including drought. The Climate Mapping for Resilience and Adaptation Assessment tool (https://resilience.climate.gov/#assessment-tool) provides historical and future climate data for five common climate-related hazards (extreme heat, drought, wildfires, flooding, and coastal inundation). The data model for the census tract that includes application location does not indicate a significant increase in hazard risks from climate change for drought, wildfire, or flooding, when comparing historical data (1976-2005) to future projections. The model projects a greater number of days where temperatures will exceed 90 degrees Fahrenheit after 2015, which is a systemic trend in the model across the Island.
		The specific activities proposed for this economic development project are limited in scale and land

		impacts. The proposed 1,000-gallon cistern and new greenhouse are for individual farm use and will not result in a significant increase in electricity or water draw. The equipment that will be used during construction and operation will also be limited to occasional use at this specific land parcel, and therefore will not generate a significant amount of greenhouse gas.
Energy Efficiency	2	The project will not result in significant additional energy consumption as it involves only the construction of a new greenhouse using self-powered construction equipment on an existing farm and will not require any expansion to existing power facilities. The greenhouse will not be connected to the electrical system.

#### **Additional Studies Performed:**

No additional studies were performed.

**Field Inspection** (Date and completed by):

Field inspection completed on September 1, 2023, by Delise Torres-Ortiz, SWCA Environmental Consultants.

#### List of Sources, Agencies and Persons Consulted [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (DNER). 2023. Puerto Rico DNER Species Ranges – under construction. Accessed October 10, 2023. Available at: https://arca.is/1S9aju0.

Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). 2022. National Plan for Integrated Airport Systems 2023-2027. Accessed November 9, 2023. Available at: <a href="National Plan of Integrated">National Plan of Integrated</a> Airport Systems (NPIAS) 2023-2027, Appendix B: National and State Maps (faa.gov).

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). 2023. FEMA Flood Map Service Center - Map Panel 72000C1035H (effective 4/19/2005). Accessed December 5, 2023. Available at: https://msc.fema.gov/portal/home.

Institute of Puerto Rican Culture (ICP). 2023. San Juan, Puerto Rico. Data collection conducted on (November 17, 2023).

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Office for Coastal Management. 2023. Puerto Rico Coastal Zone Boundary. Accessed November 9, 2023. Available at: <a href="Puerto Rico Coastal Vulnerability Viewer (arcgis.com">Puerto Rico Coastal Vulnerability Viewer (arcgis.com</a>).

State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). 2023. San Juan, Puerto Rico. Data collection conducted on (December 18, 2023).

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2022a. Envirofacts Mapper. Air pollution data (ICIS-AIR), Brownfields, Hazardous Waste (RCRAInfo), Superfund National Priorities List (NPL), Toxic Releases Inventory (TRI), and National Pollutants Discharge Elimination Systems (NPDES). Accessed November 9, 2023. Available at: https://geopub.epa.gov/arcgis/rest/services/EMEF/efpoints/MapServer.

USEPA. 2022b. Sole Source Aquifer Map. Accessed March 1, 2023. Available at: <a href="https://epa.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=9ebb047ba3ec41ad">https://epa.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=9ebb047ba3ec41ad</a> a1877155fe31356b.

USEPA. 2023a. Puerto Rico Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants. USEPA Green Book. Accessed November 9, 2023. Available at: <a href="https://www3.epa.gov/airquality/greenbook/anayo\_pr.html">https://www3.epa.gov/airquality/greenbook/anayo\_pr.html</a>.

USEPA. 2023b. EJScreen: Environmental Justice Screening and Mapping Tool. Accessed December 5, 2023. Available at: <a href="https://www.epa.gov/ejscreen/download-ejscreen-data">https://www.epa.gov/ejscreen/download-ejscreen-data</a>.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). 2019. Coastal Barrier Resources System. Accessed November 9, 2023. Available at: <a href="https://www.fws.gov/CBRA/Maps/Mapper.html">https://www.fws.gov/CBRA/Maps/Mapper.html</a>.

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https://fws.maps.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html?webmap=9d8de5e265ad4fe 09893cf75b8dbfb77.

USFWS. 2023c. National Wetlands Inventory Surface Waters and Wetlands Mapper. Accessed November 9, 2023. Available at: https://fwsprimary.wim.usgs.gov/wetlands/apps/wetlands-mapper/.

U.S. Forest Service. 2022. National Wild and Scenic River Segments. Accessed November 9, 2023. Available at: <a href="https://www.rivers.gov/mapping-gis.php">https://www.rivers.gov/mapping-gis.php</a>; <a href="https://www.rivers.gov/mapping-gis.php">Wild & Scenic Rivers | US Forest Service (usda.gov)</a>.

U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). 2022. Concentration of Landslides caused by Hurricane Maria, Puerto Rico. Accessed November 9, 2023. Available at: <u>U.S. Landslide Inventory (arcgis.com)</u>.

#### List of Permits Obtained:

No permits have been obtained.

#### Public Outreach [24 CFR 58.43]:

Puerto Rico Department of Agriculture has worked closely with the agricultural community. In compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) regulations for HUD, the public will be notified of the project through publication of the combined Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) – Notice of Intent to Request Release of Funds (NOI-RROF) notice with a 15-day public comment period.

#### Cumulative Impact Analysis [24 CFR 58.32]:

The installation of a greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern at the project site is not anticipated to have a negative impact on environmental resources. None of the environmental assessment factors nor the regulations reviewed in the above checklist resulted in negative environmental impacts or the need for mitigation. Overall, the project will have a net positive impact by helping a small business increase their capacity for agricultural production. No other planned or ongoing projects were identified in the project vicinity that could contribute to cumulative impacts of environmental resources.

#### **Alternatives** [24 CFR 58.40(e); 40 CFR 1508.9]

Within the boundaries of the property, other locations could be considered for the new greenhouse. However, other locations may require greater environmental impacts such as additional ground disturbance, grading for slopes that are not suitable for installation or additional tree clearing and would result in higher costs to the applicant.

#### No Action Alternative [24 CFR 58.40(e)]:

Under the No Action Alternative, the applicant would not receive federal funding to purchase equipment, construct a new greenhouse, and install a cistern. Consequently, the applicant may not be able to recover and continue agricultural production. Given the degree of need for greater agricultural capacity in Puerto Rico following Hurricanes Irma and María, the costs of foregoing the project would exceed the benefits.

#### **Summary of Findings and Conclusions:**

The proposed project would not result in any adverse impacts to the surrounding natural, historical, and water resources; generate significant air or noise pollution; or promote environmental or socioeconomic injustices. The proposed project is not located within a coastal zone or near a major water resource.

### Mitigation Measures and Conditions [40 CFR 1505.2(c)]

Summarize below all mitigation measures adopted by the Responsible Entity to reduce, avoid, or eliminate adverse environmental impacts and to avoid non-compliance or non-conformance with the above-listed authorities and factors. These measures/conditions must be incorporated into project contracts, development agreements, and other relevant documents. The staff responsible for implementing and monitoring mitigation measures should be clearly identified in the mitigation plan.

Mitigation Measure
General Condition:
The current project activities do not involve the removal of trees. If any tree clearing is to be proposed, the project will need to be re-evaluated for impacts to threatened and endangered species.
If a Puerto Rican Boa (Boa) is found in the project activity site, work shall cease until the Boa moves off site on its own. If the Boa does not move off site, the construction manager shall contact the Puerto Rico DNER to relocate the Boa.
USFWS Conservation Measures for the Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk and Puerto Rican Parrot:
1. All personnel will be advised that there are civil and criminal penalties for harming, harassing, or killing species protected under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. During breeding seasons (see below), nest surveys shall be conducted if a project occurs within the range of any of the species listed above and if habitat for those species will be impacted by the proposed actions. Nest searches must be conducted by qualified personnel with the appropriate permits from the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) prior to start of work. If nesting activity is detected, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 50-meter buffer around any nest(s) found within the project area. This avoidance strategy must be kept until fledglings successfully leave the nest(s) permanently.  Breeding Seasons:

- Puerto Rican parrot: February-June.
- Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk: December-June.
- 2. Outside the breeding season no nest surveys are required, but if a nest is encountered, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 50-meter buffer around that nest(s). This avoidance strategy must be kept until fledglings successfully leave the nest(s) permanently. Furthermore, if any of the species indicated above is observed (e.g., foraging, resting) within the project area, avoid any disturbance to the individual(s) and do not flush the bird until it leaves on its own.
- 3. For all nest sightings, the Applicant must record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where it was found. All sightings and incidental lethal take reports should be sent to the USFWS Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office at Caribbean\_es@fws.gov. For questions, the Point of Contact (POC) is José Cruz-Burgos, Endangered Species Program Coordinator, and can be contacted at:

Mobile: 305-304-1386

• Office phone: 786-244-0081

Office Direct Line: 939-320-3120

• Email: jose\_cruz-burgos@fws.gov

USFWS Conservation Measures for the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly:

 All project construction personnel must be informed about the potential presence of the PR harlequin butterfly or its occupied host plant, prickly bush (Oplonia spinosa), in the project areas and the need to avoid harming the species and its occupied host plant. All personnel will be advised that there are civil and criminal penalties for harming, harassing, or killing species protected under the Endangered Species Act. Educational material (e.g., posters, flyers, or signs with photos or illustrations of all the life stages of the PR harlequin butterfly (i.e., eggs,

- caterpillar, chrysalis, and adult) as well as its host plant, should be prepared and available to all personnel for reference.
- 2. Before starting any project activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movement, the boundaries of the work area in the field clearly delineate to avoid unnecessary habitat impacts. Once the project areas are clearly marked, and before any work activity, including site preparation, personnel with knowledge and ability to identify the PR harlequin butterfly (all life stages) and the prickly bush must survey the areas where the work will be performed for the presence of the species and its host plant. It is important to note that the PR harlequin butterfly can be observed year-round in all its life stages; thus, oviposition (egg-laying) may occur at any time during the year.
- 3. If the prickly bush is present on the project site, try to avoid cutting it off, even if no eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalis are present.
- 4. If there is no prickly bush within the project area, and the butterfly is observed flying within the project area, do not harass, harm, pursue, wound, kill, trap, capture, collect, or attempt to engage in any such conduct, the species.
- 5. Adult butterflies are often observed flying near the host plant as part of their mating behavior and laying eggs. Project-related activities must stop if the prickle bush is found in the project area and the PR harlequin butterfly is observed flying in that same area where the plan is located. A temporary 50-meter (164 feet) buffer zone of no activity or human disturbance should be established and clearly marked around that prickly bush until the butterfly moves out on its own.
- 6. Once the PR harlequin butterfly has moved away, within a period of 24 to 36 hours, a search of the prickly bush that has been buffered should be conducted to determine the presence of eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalids of the butterfly on the plant. The contractor or the Applicant should send a

- report of the observation and its findings to caribbean\_es@fws.gov after the 36-hour search is concluded.
- 7. If, after the initial search or after the 24 to 36-hour search, any life stage of the PR harlequin butterfly is found in the prickly bush, take the following actions:
  - a. Clearly mark the host plant with flagging tape.
  - b. Establish a 10-meter (32-foot) buffer zone around the bush to protect it.
  - c. Eggs are typically found on the prickly bush's newly grown, tender branches. Once an egg hatches, the caterpillar moves and feeds throughout the plant. Therefore, avoid cutting off the prickly bush within the project site even if no eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalids are present.
  - d. Work within the 10-meter buffered area may resume when no signs of any live life stage of the butterfly are detected, which usually takes approximately 60 to 120 days.
- 8. For all PR harlequin butterfly sightings (all life stages), the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where the butterfly was found must be recorded. Data should also include a photo of the butterfly (if possible) and the habitat where it was observed, site GPS coordinates, and comments on how the butterfly was detected and its behavior. All PR harlequin butterfly sighting reports should be sent to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Caribbean Ecological Service Field Office at caribbean es@fws.gov.
- 9. For questions regarding the PR harlequin butterfly, the Point of Contact is:
  - José Cruz-Burgos, Threatened and Endangered Species Program Coordinator:

i. Mobile: 305-304-1386

ii. Office phone: 786-244-0081

iii. Office Direct Line: 939-320-3120

iv. Email: <u>jose\_cruz-</u> burgos@fws.gov

USFWS Conservation Measures for the Puerto Rican boa:

- 1. Inform all project personnel about the potential presence of the PR boa in areas where the proposed work will be conducted. A pre-construction meeting should be conducted to inform all project personnel about the need to avoid harming the species as well as penalties for harassing or harming PR boas. An educational poster or sign with photo or illustration of the species should be displayed at the project site.
- 2. Prior to any construction activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movements, the boundaries of the project and areas to be excluded and protected should be clearly marked in the project plan and in the field in order to avoid further habitat degradation into forested and conservation areas.
- 3. Once areas are clearly marked, and prior to the use of heavy machinery and any construction activity (including removal of vegetation and earth movement), biologist or project personnel with experience on this species should survey the areas to be cleared to verify the presence of any PR boa within the work area.
- 4. If a PR boa is found within any of the working or construction areas, activities should stop at that area and information recorded (see #5). Do not capture the boa. If boas need to be moved out of harm's way, designated personnel shall immediately contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (PRDNER phone #s: (787) 724-5700, (787) 230-5550, (787) 771-1124). If immediate relocation is not an option, project-related activities at that area must stop until the boa moves out of harm's way on its own. Activities at other

- work sites, where no boas have been found after surveying the area, may continue.
- 5. For all boa sightings (dead or alive), record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where it was found. PR boa data should also include a photo of the animal (dead or alive), site GPS coordinates, the time and date, and comments on how the animal was detected and its behavior.
- 6. If a PR boa is captured by PRDNER personnel, record the name of that person and information on where the PR boa will be taken. This information should be reported to the Service.
- 7. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize PR boa casualties by heavy machinery or motor vehicles being used on site. Any heavy machinery left on site (staging) or near potential PR bog habitat (within 50 meters of potential boa habitat), needs to be thoroughly inspected each morning before work starts to ensure that no boas have sheltered within engine compartments or other areas of the equipment. If PR boas are found within vehicles or equipment, do not capture the animal, and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (see #4). If not possible, the animal should be left alone until it leaves the vehicle on its own.
- 8. PR boas may seek shelter in debris piles.
  Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize boa casualties associated with sheltering in debris piles as a result of project activities. Debris piles should be placed far away from forested areas. Prior to moving, disposing or shredding, debris piles should be carefully inspected for the presence of boas. If debris piles will be left on site, we recommend they be placed in areas that will not be disturbed in the future.
- If a dead PR boa is found, immediately cease all work in that area and record the information accordingly (see #5). If the PR boa was accidentally killed as part of the

	project actions, please include information on what conservation measures had been implemented and what actions will be taken to avoid further killings. A dead boa report should be sent by email (see contacts below) to the Service within 48 hours of the event.  10. Projects must comply with all state laws and regulations. Please contact the PRDNER for
	further guidance.  11. If you have any questions regarding the above conservation measures, please contact the Service:
	José Cruz-Burgos, Endangered Species Program Coordinator
	<ul><li>Email: jose_cruz-burgos@fws.gov</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Office phone (305) 304-1386</li> </ul>
	Jan Zegarra, Fish and Wildlife Biologist
	<ul><li>Email: jan_zegarra@fws.gov</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Office phone (786) 933-1451</li> </ul>
Historic Preservation	General Condition:
National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800	If historic properties are discovered, unanticipated effects on historic properties are found, or cultural materials are encountered, work should cease in the immediate area; work can continue where no historic properties or cultural materials are present. Please contact PRDOH to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect historic properties or cultural materials.
Conformance with Plans / Compatible Land Use and Zoning / Scale and Urban Design	The proposed action is continued agricultural use of property, which is compatible with the existing land use.
	The applicant and/or construction manager is required to obtain any necessary local and territorial building and environmental permits prior to construction activities commencing.
Soil Suitability/ Slope/ Erosion/ Drainage/ Storm Water Runoff	Soil suitability will be assessed prior to construction.  Contractors will be required to use best management practices during construction.

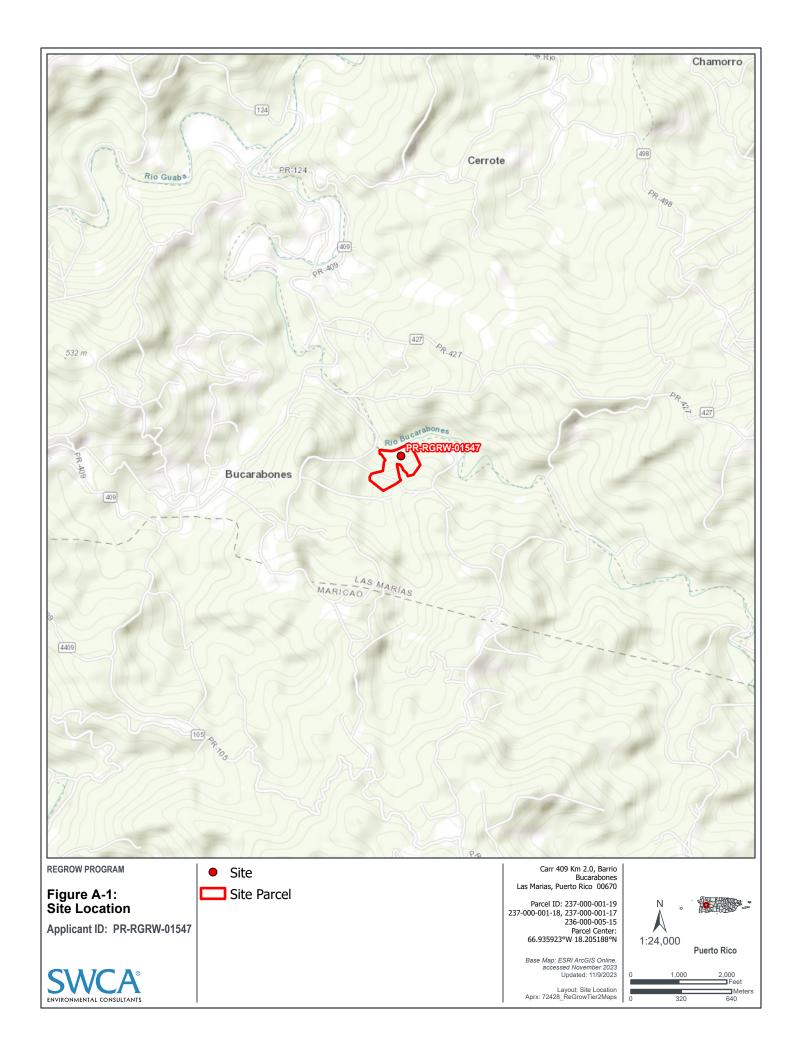
	DNER authorization is required for any extraction, removal, excavation, and dredging of the components of the earth's crust.
Vegetation, Wildlife	DNER authorization may be required for pruning. The landowner and/or the contractor will contact the Permit Management Office to determine permits and authorizations required prior to construction.
Hazards and Nuisances including Site Safety and Noise	Contractors will be required to provide health and safety plans and monitoring during construction.
	Contractors will be required to comply with the applicable local noise ordinances.
	Noise impacts will be mitigated by restricting construction activities to daylight hours and to the hours established in the Regulation for Noise Control and Pollution in Puerto Rico.
Solid Waste Disposal / Recycling	All construction debris will be disposed of at the proper facilities for the debris type (i.e., construction waste).
Wetlands Protection	Best management practices, such as silt fencing and erosion control, will be implemented during any ground-disturbing activities.

Determination:
Finding of No Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(1); 40 CFR 1508.27] The project will not result in a significant impact on the quality of the human environment.
Finding of Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(2); 40 CFR 1508.27] The project may significantly affect the quality of the human environment.
Preparer Signature:
Name/Title/Organization: <u>Heath Anderson, Ph. D., Deputy Program Manager</u>
SWCA Environmental Consultants
Certifying Officer Signature:
Name/Title: Abdul X. Feliciano Plaza, Permits and Environmental Specialist

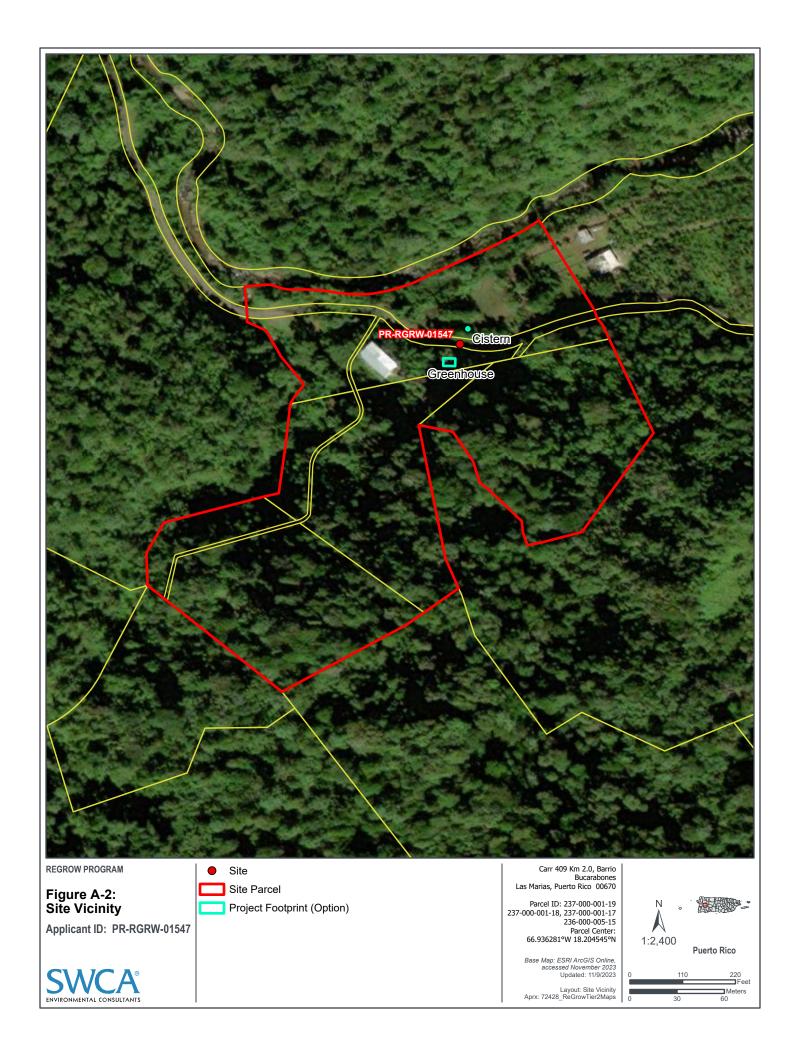
This original, signed document and related supporting material must be retained on file by the Responsible Entity in an Environmental Review Record (ERR) for the activity/project (ref: 24 CFR Part 58.38) and in accordance with recordkeeping requirements for the HUD program(s).

# Appendix A Project Overview Figures

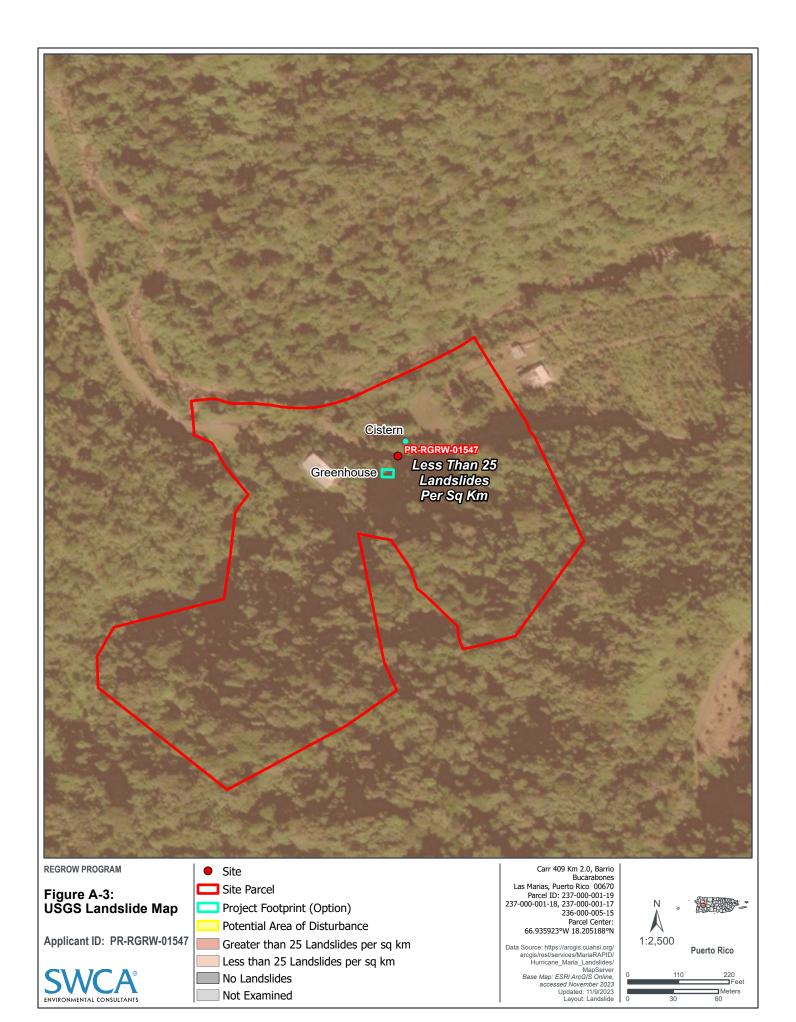
# Figure 1 Site Location Map



# Figure 2 Site Vicinity Map



# Figure 3 USGS Landslide Map



# Appendix B Attachments and Supporting Documentation

# Attachment 1 Airport Hazards Partner Worksheet and Airport Hazards Map



WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

### Airport Hazards (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

htt	ps://www.	hudexchange.info/environmental-review/airport-hazards
1.		compatible land use development, you must determine your site's proximity to civil and sports. Is your project within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian of the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within the applicable distances to a military or civilian airport.
	□Yes	Continue to Question 2.
2.	Zone (APZ)  □Yes, proje	ject located within a Runway Potential Zone/Clear Zone (RPZ/CZ) or Accident Potential?  ect is in an APZ Continue to Question 3.  ect is an RPZ/CZ Project cannot proceed at this location.
	If the	ect is not within an APZ or RPZ/CZ RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. tinue to the Worksheet Summary below. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. vide a map showing that the site is not within either zone.
3.	□Yes, proje  If the I  Con	ect in conformance with DOD guidelines for APZ?  ect is consistent with DOD guidelines without further action.  RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section.  tinue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documentation supporting this  ermination.
		project cannot be brought into conformance with DOD guidelines and has not been ed. <i>Project cannot proceed at this location.</i>

If mitigation measures have been or will be taken, explain in detail the proposed measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

Click here to enter text.

Work with the RE/HUD to develop mitigation measures. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documentation supporting this determination.

### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site is not within 2,500 feet (ft) of a civil primary or commercial service airport or within 15,000 ft of a military airport. The nearest civil primary or commercial service airport, Eugenio Maria De Hostos, is located 73,769 ft (14 miles) from the project site. The nearest military airport, Luis Munoz Marin International Airport, is located 330,101 ft (63 miles) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with airport hazards requirements.



Figure B 1-1: Airport Hazards Map

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01547

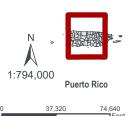


Accident Potential Zones (APZ) Runway Protection Zones (RPZ) **」**2,500-FT Civil Airport Buffer 15,000-FT Military Airport Buffer

237-000-001-18 237-000-001-17 236-000-005-15 Parcel Center: 66.579003°W 18.32238°N

Data Source: https://geodata.bts.gov/ Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed November 2023

Updated: 11/9/2023 Layout: Airport Hazards Aprx: 72428\_ReGrowTier2Maps



0	37,320	74,640
		Feet Meters
0	10,000	20,000

# Attachment 2 Coastal Barrier Resources Act Partner Worksheet and Coastal Barrier Resources Map



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This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

### Coastal Barrier Resources (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/coastal-barrier-resources

Projects located in the following states must complete this form.

Alabama Georgia Connecticut Louisiana		Massachusetts	New Jersey	Puerto Rico	Virgin Islands
		Michigan	New York	Rhode Island	Virginia
Delaware	Maine	Minnesota	North Carolina	South Carolina	Wisconsin
Florida	Maryland	Mississippi	Ohio	Texas	

### 1. Is the project located in a CBRS Unit?

⊠No

If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within a CBRS Unit.

 $\square$ Yes Continue to 2.

<u>Federal assistance for most activities may not be used at this location. You must either choose an alternate site or cancel the project.</u> In very rare cases, federal monies can be spent within CBRS units for certain exempted activities (e.g., a nature trail), after consultation with the Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) (see <u>16 USC 3505</u> for exceptions to limitations on expenditures).

### 2. Indicate your recommended course of action for the RE/HUD

15

☐ Cancel the project

### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

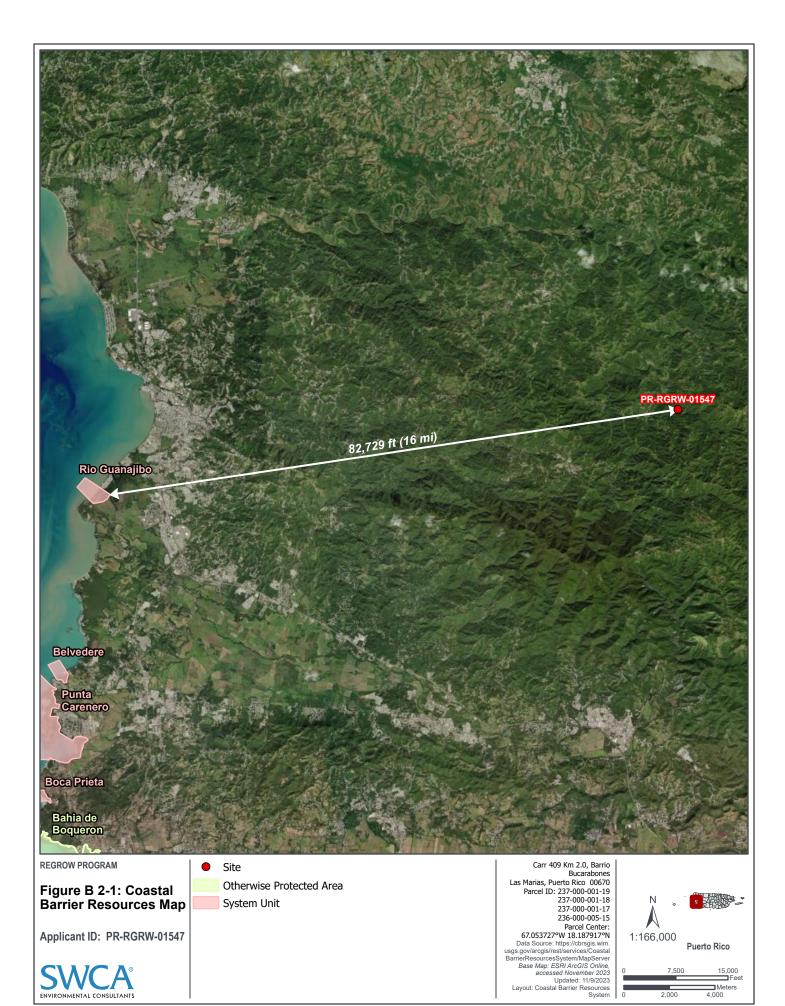
The project site is not located in a Coastal Barrier Resource Systems Unit (CBRS) or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA). There are no CBRS units in Las Marías. The closest CBRS unit, Rio Guanajibo, is located



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82,729 feet (16 miles) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act.



Meters 4,000

# Attachment 3 Flood Insurance Partner Worksheet and Flood Insurance Rate Map



### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

### Flood Insurance (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/flood-insurance

HEE	ps.//www.madexchange.into/environmental-review/nood-insurance
1.	Does this project involve mortgage insurance, refinance, acquisition, repairs, rehabilitation, or construction of a structure, mobile home, or insurable personal property?  □No. This project does not require flood insurance or is excepted from flood insurance.  Continue to the Worksheet Summary.
	⊠Yes Continue to Question 2.
2.	Provide a FEMA/FIRM map showing the site.  The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates floodplains. The FEMA Map Service Center provides this information in the form of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs).
	Is the structure, part of the structure, or insurable property located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area?  ☑ No Continue to the Worksheet Summary.
	☐ Yes Continue to Question 3.
3.	Is the community participating in the National Flood Insurance Program <i>or</i> has less than one year passed since FEMA notification of Special Flood Hazards?
	Yes, the community is participating in the National Flood Insurance Program.  Flood insurance is required. Provide a copy of the flood insurance policy declaration or a paid receipt for the current annual flood insurance premium and a copy of the application for flood insurance.  Continue to the Worksheet Summary.
	<ul> <li>Yes, less than one year has passed since FEMA notification of Special Flood Hazards.</li> <li>If less than one year has passed since notification of Special Flood Hazards, no flood Insurance is required.</li> <li>Continue to the Worksheet Summary.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>□ No. The community is not participating, or its participation has been suspended.</li> <li>Federal assistance may not be used at this location. Cancel the project at this location.</li> </ul>

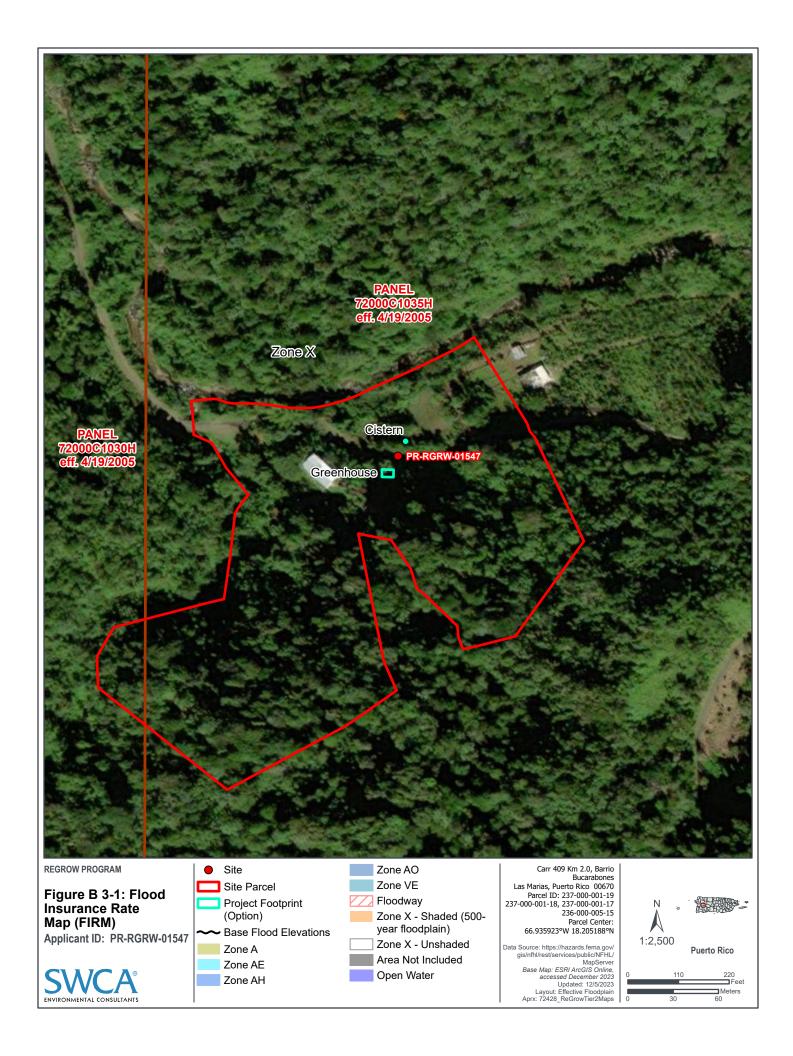
### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

A review of the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), Community Panel 72000C1035H (effective date 04/19/2005) and 72000C1030H (effective date 04/19/2005), shows the project site is in Flood Zone X, which is not in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). Flood insurance is not required. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Flood Disaster Protection Act and National Flood Insurance Reform Act.



### Attachment 4

## Air Quality Partner Worksheet, List of Non-Attainment/Maintenance Status Counties in Puerto Rico, and Clean Air Map



WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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### Air Quality (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/air-quality

1.	Does your project include new construction or conversion of land use facilitating the development of public, commercial, or industrial facilities OR five or more dwelling units?
	☐ Yes → Continue to Question 2.
	$oxtimes$ No $oldsymbol{ ightarrow}$ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Provide any documents used to make your determination.
2.	Is your project's air quality management district or county in non-attainment or maintenance status for any criteria pollutants?  Follow the link below to determine compliance status of project county or air quality management district: <a href="http://www.epa.gov/oaqps001/greenbk/">http://www.epa.gov/oaqps001/greenbk/</a>
	<ul> <li>No, project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants</li> <li>→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.</li> <li>Yes, project's management district or county is in non-attainment or maintenance status for one or more criteria pollutants. → Continue to Question 3.</li> </ul>
3.	Determine the estimated emissions levels of your project for each of those criteria pollutants that are in non-attainment or maintenance status on your project area. Will your project exceed any of the <i>de minimis or threshold</i> emissions levels of non-attainment and maintenance level pollutants or exceed the screening levels established by the state or air quality management district?  ☐ No, the project will not exceed <i>de minimis</i> or threshold emissions levels or screening levels  → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Explain how you determined that the project would not exceed de minimis or threshold emissions.

☐ Yes, the project	exceeds de	minimis	emissions	levels or	screening	levels.
--------------------	------------	---------	-----------	-----------	-----------	---------

- → Continue to Question 4. Explain how you determined that the project would not exceed de minimis or threshold emissions in the Worksheet Summary.
- 4. For the project to be brought into compliance with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Explain in detail the exact measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

Click here to enter text.

### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site is in Las Marías Municipio, which is within a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) designated attainment area. Municipios in Nonattainment or Maintenance areas include Arecibo, Bayamon, Catano, Guaynabo, Salinas, San Juan and Toa Baja. Project activities include new construction and installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment. The project is not anticipated to have a negative impact on air quality and will not increase residential density. Emissions associated with the proposed actions are temporary and limited to the use of small construction equipment and will be well below the Federal General Conformity Rule de minimis thresholds. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act.



You are here: EPA Home > Green Book > National Area and County-Level Multi-Pollutant Information > Puerto Rico Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants

### Puerto Rico Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants

Data is current as of February 28, 2023

Listed by County, NAAQS, Area. The 8-hour Ozone (1997) standard was revoked on April 6, 2015 and the 1-hour Ozone (1979) standard was revoked on June 15, 2005.

\* The 1997 Primary Annual PM-2.5 NAAQS (level of 15 µg/m³) is revoked in attainment and maintenance areas for that NAAQS. For additional information see the PM-2.5 NAAQS SIP Requirements Final Rule, effective October 24, 2016. (81 FR 58009)

Change the State:				
PUERTO RICO	~	GO		

Important Note	es		D	ownload Nation	al Dataset: dbf	xls	Data diction	nary (PDF)
County	NAAQS	Area Name	Nonattainment in Year	Redesignation to Maintenance	Classification	Whole or/ Part County	Population (2010)	State/ County FIPS Codes
PUERTO RI	CO							
Arecibo Municipio		Arecibo, PR	11 12 13 14 15 1617 18 192021 2223	//		Part	32,185	72/013
Bayamon Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)		181920212223	//		Part	22,921	72/021
Catano Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	181920212223	//		Whole	28,140	72/033
Guaynabo Municipio	PM-10 (1987)	Mun. of Guaynabo, PR	929394959697989900010203040506070809	02/11/2010	Moderate	Part	90,470	72/061
Guaynabo Municipio	(2010)	San Juan, FK	181920212223	//		Part	23,802	72/061
Salinas Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	Salinas PR	181920212223	//		Part	23,401	72/123
San Juan Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	181920212223	//		Part	147,963	72/127
Toa Baja Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	181920212223	//		Part	52,441	72/137
Important Not	es							

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2023-02-28

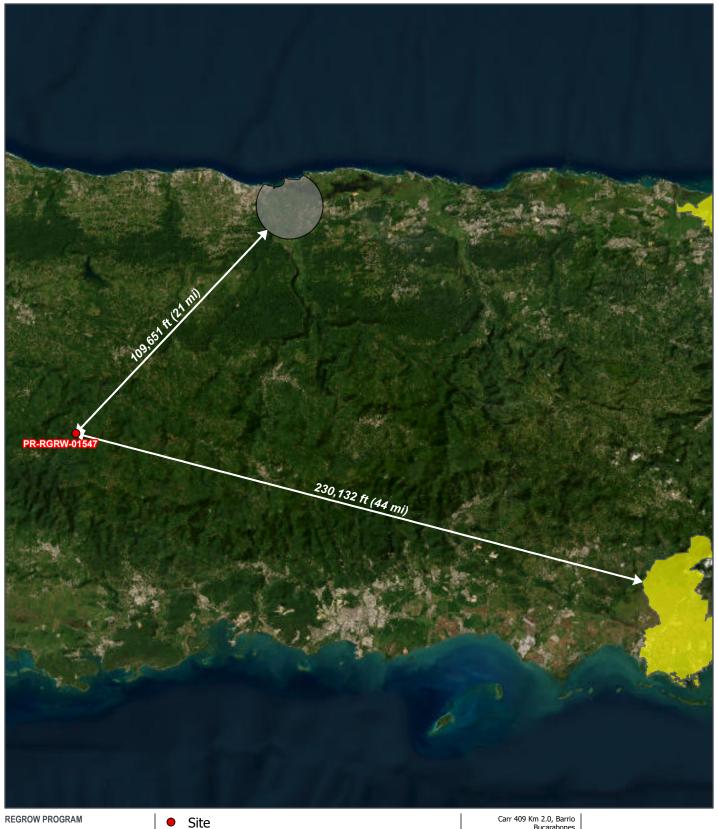


Figure B 4-1: Clean Air Map

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01547

8-Hour Ozone (2015 Standard)\*

Lead (2008 Standard)

PM-2.5 (2012 Standard)\*

Sulfur Dioxide (2010 Standard)

\*No Data in Puerto Rico

Carr 409 Km 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones Las Marias, Puerto Rico 00670 Parcel ID: 237-000-001-19 237-000-001-18 237-000-001-17 236-000-005-15

236-000-005-15
Parcel Center:

Parcel Center:

66.615203°W 18.235402°N

Data Source: https://geopub.epa.gov/
arcgis/rest/services/NEPAssist/
NEPAVELayersPublic\_fgdb/MapServer

Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online,
accessed November 2023

Updated: 11/I9/2023

Layout: Clean Air

Aprx: 72428\_ReGrowTier2Maps



Mete 12,000

# Attachment 5 Coastal Zone Management Partner Worksheet and Coastal Zone Map



WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

### Coastal Zone Management Act (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.onecpd.info/environmental-review/coastal-zone-management

Projects located in the following states must complete this form.

Alabama	Florida	Louisiana	Mississippi	Ohio	Texas
Alaska	Georgia	Maine	New Hampshire	Oregon	Virgin Islands
American	Guam	Maryland	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Virginia
Samona					
California	Hawaii	Massachusetts	New York	Puerto Rico	Washington
Connecticut	Illinois	Michigan	North Carolina	Rhode Island	Wisconsin
Delaware Indiana Minnesota		Minnesota	Northern	South Carolina	
			Mariana Islands		

- 1. Is the project located in, or does it affect, a Coastal Zone as defined in your state Coastal Management Plan?
  - $\square$ Yes  $\rightarrow$ Continue to Question 2.

 $\square$ Yes  $\rightarrow$ 

- $\boxtimes$  No  $\rightarrow$ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within a Coastal Zone.
- 2. Does this project include activities that are subject to state review?
  - Continue to Question 3.  $\square$ No  $\rightarrow$ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this
    - section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination.
- 3. Has this project been determined to be consistent with the State Coastal Management Program?

□Yes, with mitigation. → The RE/HUD must work with the State Coastal Management Program to develop mitigation measures to mitigate the impact or effect of the project.

$\Box$ Yes, without mitigation. $\rightarrow$ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is	
in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide document	tatior
used to make vour determination.	

 $\square$ No  $\rightarrow$  Project cannot proceed at this location.

### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site is not located within the Puerto Rico Coastal Management Zone. The closest coastal zone area is located 71,990 feet (14 miles) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act.



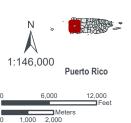
Figure B 5-1: Coastal Zone Management Map

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01547



SiteCoastal Management Zone

Carr 409 Km 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones
Las Marias, Puerto Rico 00670
Parcel ID: 237-000-001-19
237-000-001-18
237-000-001-17
236-000-005-15
Parcel Center:
67.039633°W 18.204131°N
Data Source: https://coast.noaa.gov/arcgis/rest/services/Hosted/Coastal/ZoneManagementAct/
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed November 2023
Updated: 11/9/2023
Layout: Coastal Zone Management Aprx: 72428\_ReGrowTier2Maps



### Attachment 6

# Contamination and Toxics Substances Partner Worksheet, Desktop Review Summary, and Toxics and Contamination Map



WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

# Contamination and Toxic Substances (Multifamily and Non-Residential Properties) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/environmental-review/site-contamination

1.	How was site contamination evaluated? $^{ m 1}$ Select all that apply.
	☐ ASTM Phase I ESA
	☐ ASTM Phase II ESA
	☐ Remediation or clean-up plan
	☐ ASTM Vapor Encroachment Screening
	☑ None of the above
	Provide documentation and reports and include an explanation of how site contamination was
	evaluated in the Worksheet Summary.
	Continue to Question 2.
2.	Were any on-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances found that could affect
	the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property?
	(Were any recognized environmental conditions or RECs identified in a Phase I ESA and
	confirmed in a Phase II ESA?)
	☑ No <b>Explain below.</b>
	Click here to enter text.
	If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this
	section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.
	$\square$ Yes Describe the findings, including any recognized environmental conditions (RECs),
	in Worksheet Summary below. Continue to Question 3.
3.	Can adverse environmental impacts be mitigated?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> HUD regulations at 24 CFR § 58.5(i)(2)(ii) require that the environmental review for multifamily housing with five or more dwelling units or non-residential property include the evaluation of previous uses of the site or other evidence of contamination on or near the site. For acquisition and new construction of multifamily and nonresidential properties HUD strongly advises the review include an ASTM Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) to meet real estate transaction standards of due diligence and to help ensure compliance with HUD's toxic policy at 24 CFR §58.5(i) and 24 CFR §50.3(i). Also note that some HUD programs require an ASTM Phase I ESA.

	☐ Adverse environmental impacts cannot feasibly be mitigated → <u>HUD assistance may not be used for the project at this site</u> . <u>Project cannot proceed at this location</u> .				
	☐ Yes, adverse environmental impacts can be eliminated through mitigation.  Provide all mitigation requirements <sup>2</sup> and documents. Continue to Question 4.				
4.	Describe how compliance was achieved. Include any of the following that apply: State Voluntary Clean-up Program, a No Further Action letter, use of engineering controls <sup>3</sup> , or use of institutional controls <sup>4</sup> .  Click here to enter text.				
	If a remediation plan or clean-up program was necessary, which standard does it follow?  ☐ Complete removal				
	☐ Risk-based corrective action (RBCA)				
	Continue to the Worksheet Summary.				

### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site was evaluated for potential contamination by conducting a field site inspection on 09/01/2023 to identify any onsite hazards including, but not limited to, soil staining, above ground storage tanks, signs of underground storage tanks, odors, hazardous debris etc. The site inspection did not identify any onsite hazards that could not be resolved with mitigation (see Appendix C-Environmental Site Inspection Report).

The project does not involve any occupied structures, and therefore, is exempt from considering radon as part of the site contamination analysis as per HUD Notice CDP- 23-103.

In addition, a desktop review of USEPA databases, NEPAssist, and other sources was conducted to determine if the project site was located near dump sites, junk yards, landfills, hazardous waste sites, or

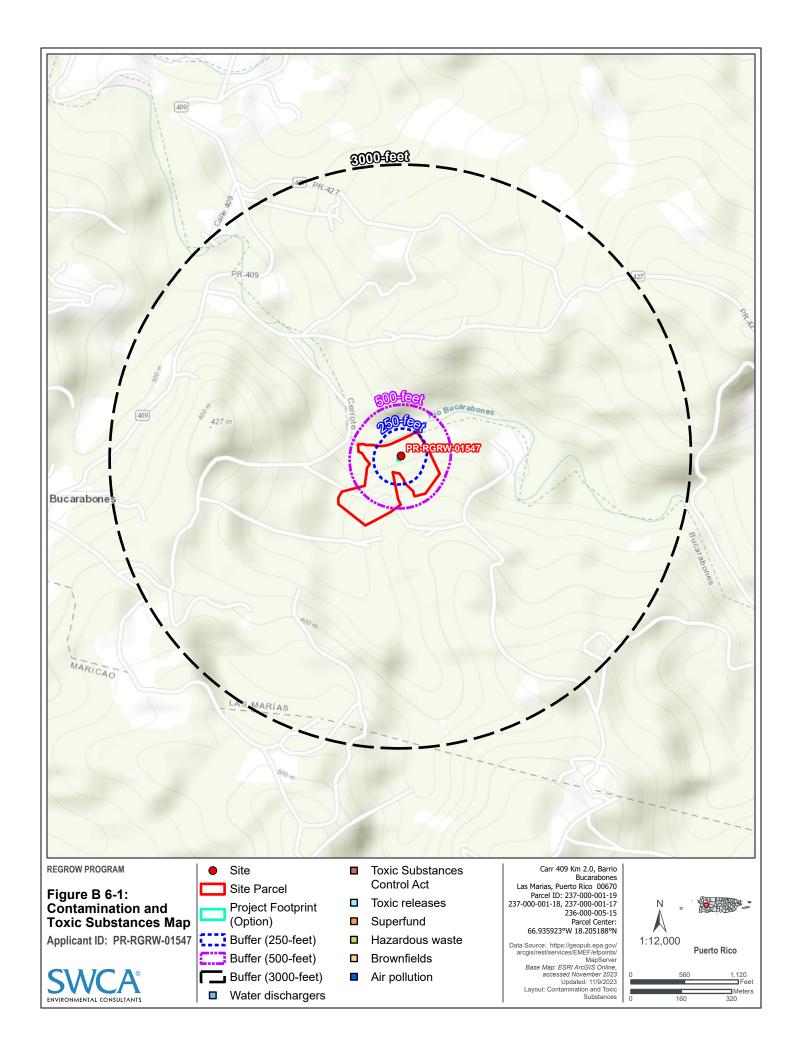
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mitigation requirements include all clean-up actions required by applicable federal, state, tribal, or local law. Additionally, provide, as applicable, the long-term operations and maintenance plan, Remedial Action Work Plan, and other equivalent documents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Engineering controls are any physical mechanism used to contain or stabilize contamination or ensure the effectiveness of a remedial action. Engineering controls may include, without limitation, caps, covers, dikes, trenches, leachate collection systems, signs, fences, physical access controls, ground water monitoring systems and ground water containment systems including, without limitation, slurry walls and ground water pumping systems.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Institutional controls are mechanisms used to limit human activities at or near a contaminated site, or to ensure the effectiveness of the remedial action over time, when contaminants remain at a site at levels above the applicable remediation standard which would allow for unrestricted use of the property. Institutional controls may include structure, land, and natural resource use restrictions, well restriction areas, classification exception areas, deed notices, and declarations of environmental restrictions.

industrial sites, including USEPA National Priorities List Sites (Superfund sites), CERCLA or state-equivalent sites, RCRA Corrective Action sites with release(s) or suspected release(s) requiring clean-up action and/or further investigation. The parcel has been used for agricultural purposes and there has been no change in land use in the last 20 years. The project is located in a rural area of Las Marias Municipio and will continue to be used for agricultural purpose.

The desktop review did not find any of the above-listed toxic, hazardous or radioactive substances in or within 3,000 feet of the project area that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property. The project is in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements.



### Attachment 7

Endangered Species Act Partner
Worksheet, Threatened and Endangered
Species Technical Memorandum,
USFWS IPaC Species List, and Critical
Habitat Map



WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

### **Endangered Species Act (CEST and EA) – PARTNER**

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/endangered-species

1. Does	he project	: involve any	activities that	have the	potential to	affect sp	ecies or l	habitats?
---------	------------	---------------	-----------------	----------	--------------	-----------	------------	-----------

- □No, the project will have No Effect due to the nature of the activities involved in the project.
  - → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section.

    Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.
- □No, the project will have No Effect based on a letter of understanding, memorandum of agreement, programmatic agreement, or checklist provided by local HUD office.

### **Explain your determination:**

Click here to enter text.

- → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section.

  Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.
- $\boxtimes$ Yes, the activities involved in the project have the potential to affect species and/or habitats.  $\Rightarrow$  Continue to Question 2.

## 2. Are federally listed species or designated critical habitats present in the action area? Obtain a list of protected species from the Services. This information is available on the <u>FWS Website</u>.

□No, the project will have No Effect due to the absence of federally listed species and designated critical habitat.

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section.

Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination. Documentation may include letters from the Services, species lists from the Services' websites, surveys or other documents and analysis showing that there are no species in the action area.

- 3. Recommend one of the following effects that the project will have on federally listed species or designated critical habitat:
  - □ No Effect: Based on the specifics of both the project and any federally listed species in the action area, you have determined that the project will have absolutely no effect on listed species or critical habitat.
    - → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination. Documentation should include a species list and explanation of your conclusion, and may require maps, photographs, and surveys as appropriate.
  - May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect: Any effects that the project may have on federally listed species or critical habitats would be beneficial, discountable, or insignificant.
    - → Partner entities should not contact the Services directly. If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, they will have to complete Informal Consultation. Provide the RE/HUD with a biological evaluation or equivalent document. They may request additional information, including surveys and professional analysis, to complete their consultation.
  - □Likely to Adversely Affect: The project may have negative effects on one or more listed species or critical habitat.
    - → Partner entities should not contact the Services directly. If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, they will have to complete Formal Consultation. Provide the RE/HUD with a biological evaluation or equivalent document. They may request additional information, including surveys and professional analysis, to complete their consultation.

#### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

Threatened, endangered, and migratory bird species were identified by reviewing data from the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Information and Planning Consultation (IPaC) Tool. In addition, critical species habitat was reviewed through the USFWS IPaC and Critical Habitat Portal databases. The review identified four federally listed species, the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk (*Buteo platypterus brunnescens*), Puerto Rican parrot (*Amazona vittata*), Puerto Rican boa (*Chilabothrus inornatus*), and Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly (*Atlantea tulita*) with the potential to occur within the project area. The project is located 12,358 feet (2 miles) from the closest designated critical habitat.

The project area is adjacent to forested areas; therefore, the applicant will employ conservation measures for all four species, as outlined in Appendix E of the attached USACE informal consultation letter. As such, it is anticipated that the project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the Puerto

Rican broad-winged hawk, Puerto Rican parrot, Puerto Rican boa, and Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly. The project will have *no effect* on designated critical habitat. See the attached USFWS informal consultation request and subsequent concurrence, dated August 22, 2024.



10245 West Little York Road, Suite 600 Houston, Texas 77040 Tel 281.617.3217 Fax 281.617.3227 www.swca.com

July 26, 2024

Lourdes Mena
Field Supervisor
Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Office Park I, Suite 303
State Road #2 Km 156.5
Mayagüez, Puerto Rico 00680

Email: Caribbean es@fws.gov; Lourdes Mena@fws.gov

Re: Federally Listed Threatened and Endangered Species Evaluation for the Puerto Rico Department of Housing ReGrow PR-RGRW-01547 Project/ SWCA Project No. 72428

Dear Ms. Mena:

SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA), on behalf of the Puerto Rico Department of Housing, is requesting informal consultation under Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 United States Code 1531 *et seq.*), and in accordance with the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (47 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661 *et seq.*) for the proposed ReGrow PR-RGRW-01547 Project (project). The Project is located on 11.87 acres at Carretera 409 km 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670 (18.20506256, -66.93602245).

The proposed project involves the construction of a new greenhouse and the installation of a 1,000-gallon cistern. Project activities will not require the removal of vegetation or tree clearing.

Using the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system, we have determined that the proposed project lies within the range of the following federally listed species:

Species	Listing Status	
Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk (Buteo platypterus brunnescens)	Endangered	
Puerto Rican Parrot (Amazona vittata)	Endangered	
Puerto Rican Boa (Chilabothrus inornatus)	Endangered	
Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly (Atlantea tulita)	Threatened	

No designated or proposed critical habitat for any listed species was identified within the project area. Based on the nature of the project, scope of work, information available, and a careful analysis of the existing habitat, we have made the following effects determinations:

Species	Effect Determination	Conservation Measures to be Implemented	
Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk (Buteo platypterus brunnescens)	Not likely to adversely affect (NLAA)	Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk Conservation Measures	
Puerto Rican Parrot (Amazona vittata)	Not likely to adversely affect (NLAA)	Puerto Rican Parrot Conservation Measures	
Puerto Rican Boa (Chilabothrus inornatus)	Not likely to adversely affect (NLAA)	Puerto Rican Boa General Project Design Guidelines	
Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly (Atlantea tulita)	Not likely to adversely affect (NLAA)	Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly General Project Design Guidelines	

If a Puerto Rican Boa (PR Boa) is found in the project action site, work shall cease until the individual moves off on its own. If the PR Boa does not move off, the construction manager shall contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources and ask for them to relocate the PR Boa.

In order to complete the informal consultation process, we are requesting your concurrence for the NLAA determinations included in this letter. Attached to this letter, we are including the documents used to reach our effect determinations for the listed species. If you have any questions or require any additional information, please contact me at (346) 388-1157 or susan.fischer@swca.com.

Sincerely,

Susan Fischer Wildlife Ecologist

fur Fisher

SWCA Environmental Consultants

Attachments:

Threatened and Endangered Species Technical Memorandum



10245 West Little York Road, Suite 600 Houston, Texas 77040 Tel 281.617.3217 Fax 713.896.3189 www.swca.com

### TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

To: Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

P.O. Box 491

Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622

From: Susan Fischer, Project Biologist on behalf of the Puerto Rico Department of Housing

**Date:** July 26, 2024

Re: Threatened and Endangered Species Evaluation for the Puerto Rico Department of

Housing ReGrow PR-RGRW-01547 Project/ SWCA Project No. 72428

### **Project Description**

Huerta Rica LLC, the applicant, is proposing to construct a new greenhouse and install a new 1,000-gallon cistern on an 11.87-acre property in the Municipio of Las Marías, Puerto Rico (project) (Appendix A, Figure 1). The project is located at Carretera 409 km 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones, Las Marías, Puerto Rico 00670, in a rural area. The estimated dimensions of the greenhouse will be approximately 16 feet by 25 feet (400 square feet) and the 1,000-gallon cistern will be installed on a wooden pallet approximately 40 inches by 48 inches (13.33 square feet) (Appendix A, Figure 2).

### **Existing conditions**

The existing habitat conditions at the proposed greenhouse and cistern location consist of an open, maintained lawn surrounded by trees and shrubs. Forested areas surround the entire project area. There are two tributaries of Río Bucarabones, located approximately 189 feet northwest and 364 feet west of the project areas (Appendix A, Figure 3). Construction of the greenhouse and the installation of the cistern would not require any vegetation removal. Representative photographs of the proposed locations are provided in Appendix B.

### **Federally Protected Species**

SWCA obtained a federal threatened and endangered species list from the USFWS (2024a) Information for Planning and Consultation ("IPaC") website for a 100-foot buffer around the greenhouse and the cistern locations (review area) (Appendix C). The IPaC automatically generates a list of species and other resources of concern, such as critical habitat, that are known or expected to be in the specified area and could potentially be directly or indirectly affected. According to the IPaC query for the project, four federally listed endangered species has the potential to occur in the review area; the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk (*Buteo platypterus brunnescens*), Puerto Rican parrot (*Amazona vittata*), Puerto Rican boa (*Chilabothrus inornatus*). and the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly (*Atlantea tulita*). SWCA also evaluated the review area

for potential habitat for bald eagles (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*) and golden eagles (*Aquila chrysaetos*) as they are protected by the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940 ("BGEPA").

The bald and golden eagle's range do not extend into Puerto Rico (Cornell Lab of Ornithology 2024); therefore, these species were eliminated from further analysis for this project. Table 1 identifies the species carried forward for further evaluation and summarizes each species' habitat requirements, potential for occurrence in the project area, and determination of effects.

Table 1. Federally Listed Species Range and/or Habitat Requirements

Common Name (Scientific Name)	Status*	Range or Habitat Requirements	Potential for Occurrence in Project Area	Determination of Effects/Impacts
Birds				
Puerto Rican Broad- winged Hawk (Buteo platypterus brunnescens)	FE	The Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk occurs in elfin woodland, sierra palm, caimitillo-granadillo, and tabonuco forest types of the Río Abajo Commonwealth Forest, Carite Commonwealth Forest, and El Yunque National Forest as well as within hardwood plantations, shade coffee plantations, and mature secondary forests (USFWS 2019a).	Unlikely to occur. Although there are forested areas located on the periphery of the review area, there are no forested areas present within the project area.	May affect, but not likely to adversely affect. See discussion below.
Puerto Rican Parrot (Amazona vittata)	FE	The Puerto Rican parrot is a frugivorous cavity nester. It depends on mature forests with large cavity forming trees. (USFWS 2009). It is currently confined to the Maricao Forest, El Yunque National Forest, and the Río Abajo Forest (USDA Forest Service 2024).	Unlikely to occur. The project area is not located within the Maricao Forest, El Yunque National Forest, or the Río Abajo Forest. Additionally, there are no forested areas present within the project area.	May affect, but not likely to adversely affect. See discussion below.
Reptiles				
Puerto Rican Boa ( <i>Chilabothrus</i> <i>inornatus</i> )	FE	Considered to be a habitat generalist, the Puerto Rican boa tolerates a wide variety of terrestrial and arboreal habitats, including rocky areas, haystack hill, trees and branches, rotting stumps, caves, plantations, various types of forested areas such as karst and mangrove forests, forested urban and rural areas, and along streams and road edges (USFWS 2011).	Unlikely to occur. The proposed project area consists of open maintained lawn.	May affect, but not likely to adversely affect. See discussion below.
Insects				
Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly ( <i>Atlantea tulita</i> )	FT	This species inhabits areas with moderately dense to dense canopy cover and dense vegetation and a source of water within a kilometer. Eggs and larvae are found only on the prickly bush ( <i>Oplonia spinosa</i> ), while adult butterflies feed on the nectar of several tree species and drink water (USFWS 2019).	Unlikely to occur. There are no prickly bush plants or forested areas within the project area.	May affect, but not likely to adversely affect. See discussion below.

<sup>\*</sup>Status Definitions:

Based on a site visit and habitat evaluations, the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk, Puerto Rican parrot, and Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly are considered unlikely to occur within the project area due to lack of suitable habitat. Due to the generalist nature of the Puerto Rican boa and forested habitat surrounding the project areas, the Puerto Rican boa may occur within the project area. The Caribbean Determination Key (DKey) was completed for the project, which generated a *may affect* determination for the Puerto Rican boa and Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk (Appendix D).

The project area is adjacent to forested areas; therefore, the applicant will employ conservation measures for all four species, as outlined in Appendix E, including but not limited to issuing a stop work if a Puerto Rican boa were to occur within the project area, and contacting the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources for safe capture and relocation of the individual if such action is required. As such, it is anticipated that the project *may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect* the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk, Puerto Rican parrot, Puerto Rican boa, and the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly.

### **Critical Habitat and National Wildlife Refuges**

Potential effects to habitat(s) within the project area critical to endangered species must be analyzed along with the endangered species themselves, while any activity proposed on National Wildlife Refuge lands must undergo a compatibility determination conducted by the Refuge. No designated critical habitats are present within 100-feet of any of the proposed project location options (Appendix A, Figure 4) (USFWS 2024b).

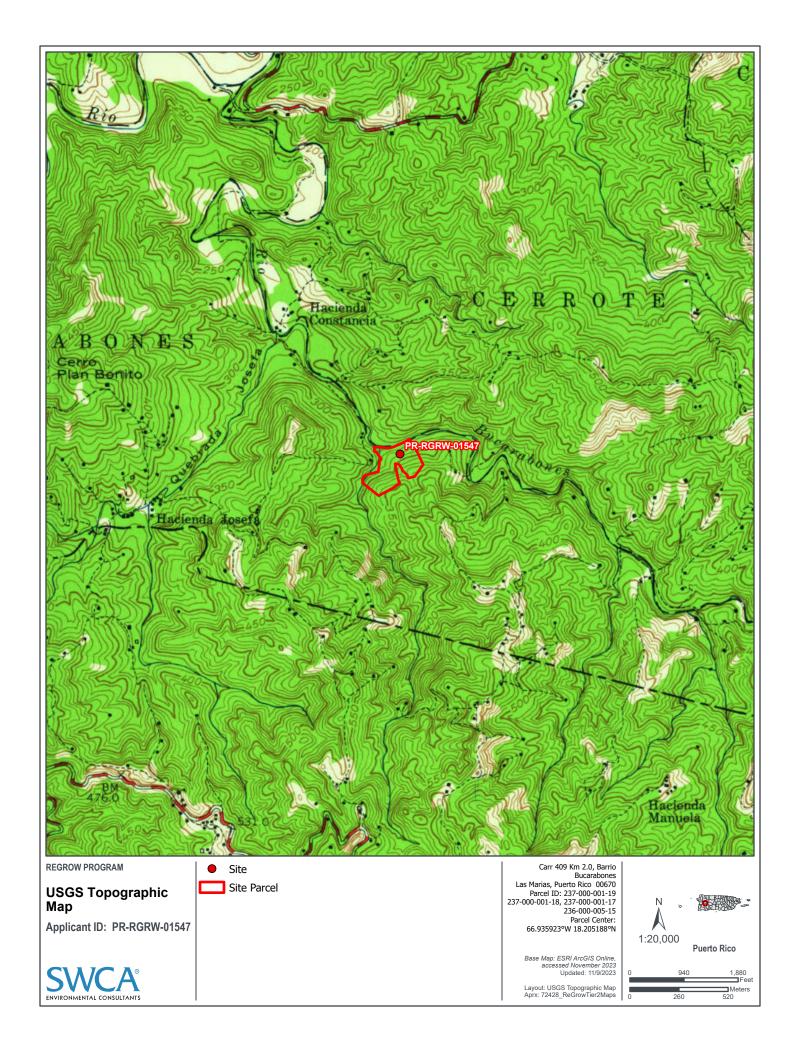
#### LITERATURE CITED

8dbfb77. Accessed February 2024.

- Cornell Lab of Ornithology. 2024. All About Birds. Available at: https://www.allaboutbirds.org/guide/. Accessed March 2024.
- U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Forest Service. 2024. the Iguaca, Puerto Rican Parrot. Available at: https://www.fs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE\_DOCUMENTS/stelprdb5338966.pdf. Accessed July 2024.
- U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). 2011. Puerto Rican Boa (Epicrates inornatus) 5-Year Review: Summary and Evaluation. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Southeast Region. Boquerón, Puerto Rico.
   ——. 2019a. Recovery Plan for Puerto Rican Broad-Winged Hawk (Buteo platypterus brunnescens) and Sharp-Shinned Hawk (Accipiter striatus venator) Amendment. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Southeast Region. Atlanta, Georgia.
   ——. 2019b. Species Status Assessment Report for the Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly (Atlantea tulita) Version 1.5. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Southeast Region. Atlanta, Georgia.
   ——. 2024a. Information for Planning and Consultation System (IPaC). Available at: http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/. Accessed July 2024.
   ——. 2024b. Critical Habitat for Threatened & Endangered Species [USFWS]. Available at: https://fws.maps.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html?webmap=9d8de5e265ad4fe09893cf75b

# APPENDIX A Maps

# Figure 1 USGS Topographic Map



# Figure 2 Site Vicinity Map

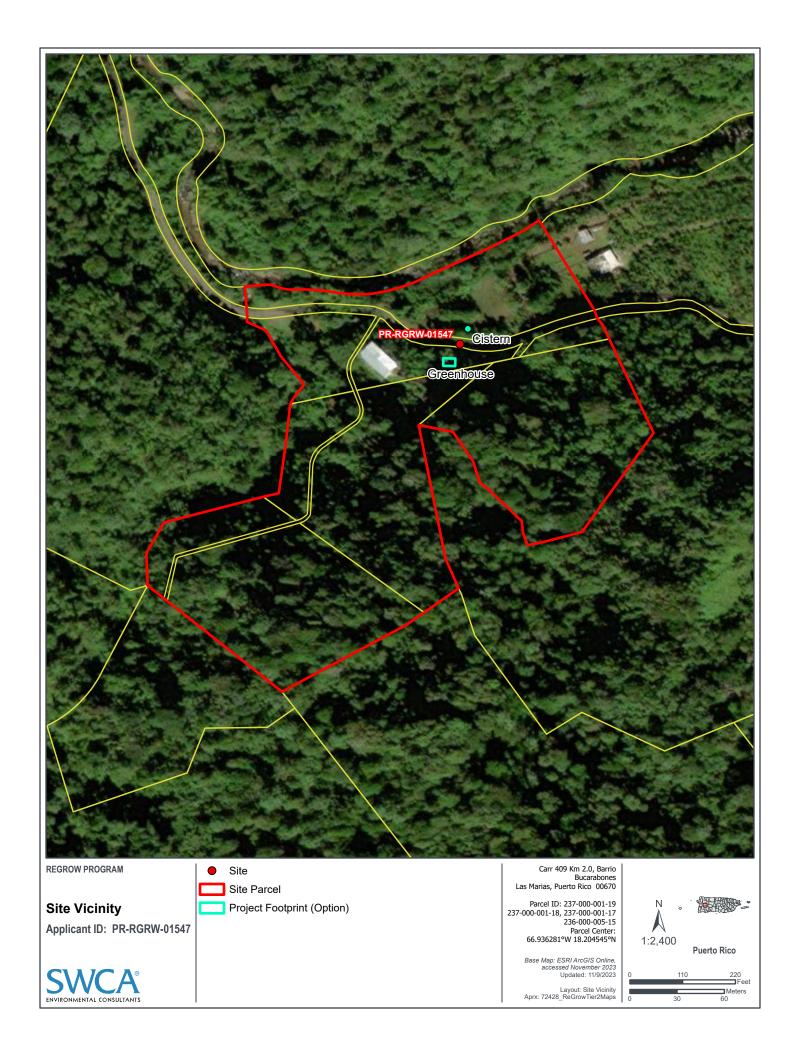
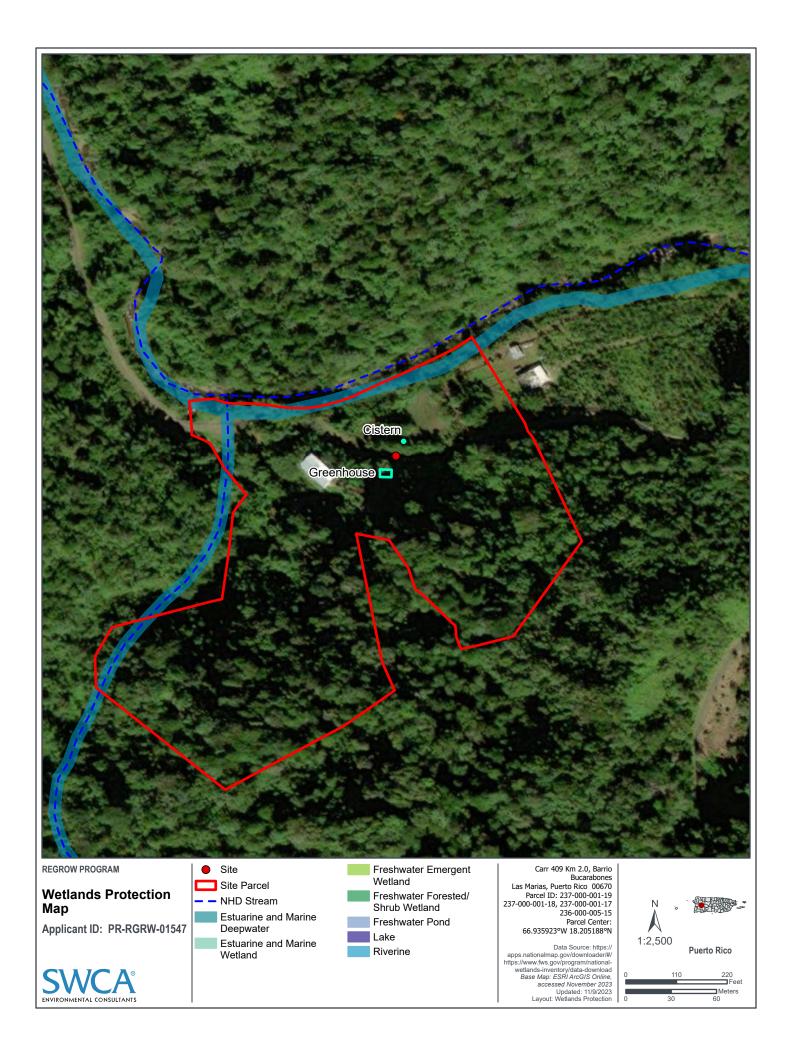
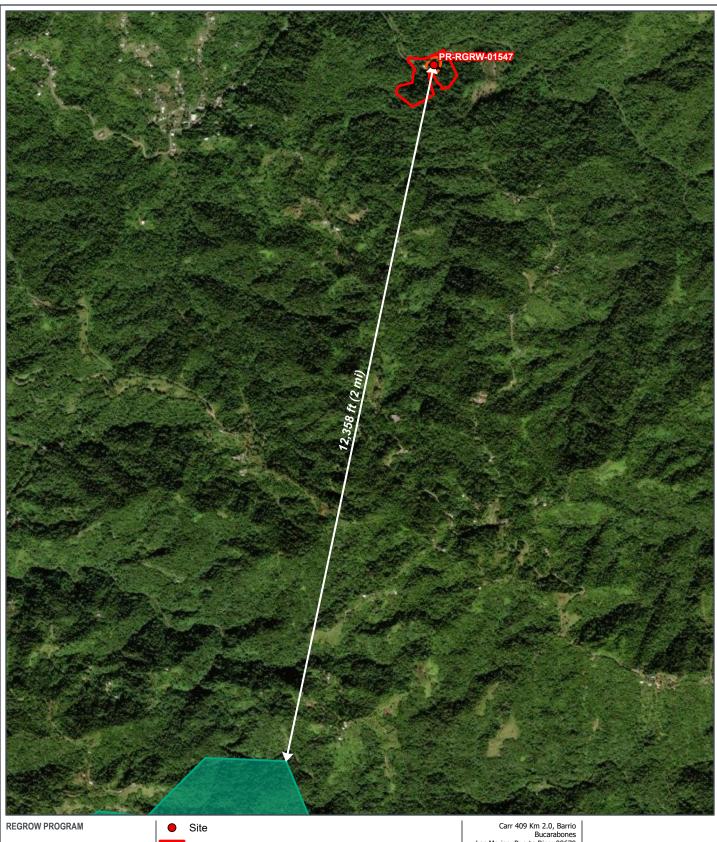


Figure 3
Wetlands Map



# Figure 4 Critical Habitat Map



Critical Habitat Map

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01547

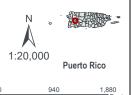
Site
Site Parcel
Buffer (100-ft)

Critical Habitat - Final

/// National Wildlife Refuges



Carr 409 Km 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones
Las Marias, Puerto Rico 00670
Parcel ID: 237-000-001-19
237-000-001-17
236-000-005-15
Parcel Center:
66.939576°W 18.188533°N
Data Source: https://services.arcgis.com/QVENGdPb/64LUKU/arcgis/rest/services/USFWS\_Critical\_Habitat/
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed November 2023
Updated: 11/9/2023
Layout: Critical Habitat
Aprx: 72428\_ReGrowTier2Maps



Meters 520

# APPENDIX B Photographic Log

Project #: PR-RGRW-01547 Photographer: Heath Anderson
Location Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio
Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670
Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938

Photo #: 01 Date: 09/01/2 023

Photo Direction:

West

**Description:**Proposed
greenhouse –
Northeast corner



**Photo #:** 02

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

East

Description:

Proposed greenhouse – Southwest corner



Project #: PR-RGRW-01547 Photographer: Heath Anderson

Location Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938 Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670

**Photo #:** 03

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

East

Description:

Proposed greenhouse – Northwest corner



**Photo #:** 04

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

West

**Description:** 

Proposed greenhouse – Southeast corner



Project #: PR-RGRW-01547 Photographer: Heath Anderson

Location Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938 Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670

**Photo #:** 05

Date: 09/01/2 023

Photo Direction:

South

Description:

Approximate location of above-ground water tanks/cisterns



**Photo #:** 06

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

East

**Description:** 

Approximate location of above-ground water tanks/cisterns



Project #: PR-RGRW-01547 Photographer: Heath Anderson

Location Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670 Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938

**Photo #:** 07

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

West

Description:

Approximate location of above-ground water tanks/cisterns



**Photo #:** 08

Date:

**Photo Direction:** 

North

**Description:** 

Approximate location of above-ground water tanks/cisterns



# **APPENDIX C**

**USFWS Information for Planning and Consultation** 



# United States Department of the Interior



#### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office Post Office Box 491 Boqueron, PR 00622-0491 Phone: (939) 320-3135 Fax: (787) 851-7440

Email Address: CARIBBEAN ES@FWS.GOV

In Reply Refer To: 07/24/2024 21:04:46 UTC

Project Code: 2024-0121156 Project Name: PR-RGRW-01547

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

# \*THE FOLLOWING SPECIES LIST IS NOT A SECTION 7 CONSULTATION. PLEASE CONTACT OUR OFFICE TO COMPLETE THE CONSULTATION PROCESS\*

The purpose of the Endangered Species Act (Act) is to provide a means whereby threatened, and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect those species and/or their designated critical habitat.

Federal agencies are required to "request of the Secretary of Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action". The enclosed species list provides information to assist with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) consultation process under section 7 of the Act. However, **the enclosed species list does not complete the required consultation process.** The species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and designated critical habitats, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. A discussion between the Federal agency and the Service should include what types of listed species may occur in the proposed action area and what effect the proposed action may have on those species. This process initiates informal consultation.

Once a species list is obtained for the proposed project, an effect determination for endangered and threatened species should be made. The applicant could make an effect determination by using available keys on IPaC for specific species. For species with no determination keys, the applicant should request concurrence from the Service by sending a project package

to <u>caribbean es@fws.gov</u>. To obtain guidance for completing this process and the minimum requirements for project packages, please visit:

 $\underline{https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/consultation-under-section-7-of-the-endangered-species-act-with-the-caribbean-ecological\%20Services-field-office-template-letter.pdf$ 

When a federal agency, after discussions with the Service, determines that the proposed action is not likely to adversely affect any listed species, or adversely modify any designated critical habitat, and the Service concurs, the informal consultation is complete, and the proposed project moves ahead. If the proposed action is suspected to affect a listed species or modify designated critical habitat, the Federal agency may then prepare a Biological Assessment (B.A.) to assist in its determination of the project's effects on species and their habitat. However, a B.A. is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a B.A. where the agency provides the Service with an evaluation on the likely effects of the action to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a B.A. are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a federal agency determines, based on its B.A. or biological evaluation, that listed species and/ or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to further consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species, and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation process. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/endangered-species-consultation-handbook.pdf

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species.

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action". Please use this list to determine whether your project requires consultation and to make your effects determination. For more guidance, use the Guideline for Consultation under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act with the Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office by clicking here.

This species list is provided by:

Project code: 2024-0121156

Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office caribbean es@fws.gov
Post Office Box 491
Boqueron, PR 00622-0491
(786) 244-0081

#### Attachment(s):

- Official Species List
- USFWS National Wildlife Refuges and Fish Hatcheries
- Bald & Golden Eagles
- Migratory Birds
- Wetlands

# **OFFICIAL SPECIES LIST**

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office Post Office Box 491 Boqueron, PR 00622-0491 (939) 320-3135

# **PROJECT SUMMARY**

Project Code: 2024-0121156
Project Name: PR-RGRW-01547
Project Type: Disaster-related Grants

Project Description: Construction of a new greenhouse and installation of a cistern. No

vegetation or tree removal is required.

## **Project Location:**

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <a href="https://www.google.com/maps/@18.2054558,-66.93575621363237,14z">https://www.google.com/maps/@18.2054558,-66.93575621363237,14z</a>



Counties: Las Marías County, Puerto Rico

## **ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT SPECIES**

Project code: 2024-0121156

There is a total of 4 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries<sup>1</sup>, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

**BIRDS** 

NAME STATUS

Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk Buteo platypterus brunnescens

Endangered

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5512">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5512</a>

Puerto Rican Parrot Amazona vittata

Endangered

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3067">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3067</a>

**REPTILES** 

NAME STATUS

Puerto Rican Boa *Chilabothrus inornatus* 

Endangered

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6628">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6628</a>

General project design guidelines:

 $\underline{https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/MEGGVKC6WFDC3BDJCVFEBMLGG4/project/MEGGVKC6WFDC3BDJCVFEBWC6/project/MEGGVKC6WFDC3BDJCVFEBWC6/project/MEGGVKC6WFDC3BDJCVFEBWC6/project/MEGGVKC6WFDC3BDJCVFEBWC6/project/MEGGVKC6WFDC3BDJCVFEBWC6/project/MEGGVKC6/proje$ 

documents/generated/7159.pdf

**INSECTS** 

NAME STATUS

Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly Atlantea tulita

Threatened

There is **final** critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat.

Species profile: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9005">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9005</a>

General project design guidelines:

documents/generated/7168.pdf

### **CRITICAL HABITATS**

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

YOU ARE STILL REQUIRED TO DETERMINE IF YOUR PROJECT(S) MAY HAVE EFFECTS ON ALL ABOVE LISTED SPECIES.

# USFWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE LANDS AND FISH HATCHERIES

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS OR FISH HATCHERIES WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA.

# **BALD & GOLDEN EAGLES**

Project code: 2024-0121156

Bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act<sup>1</sup> and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act<sup>2</sup>.

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to bald or golden eagles, or their habitats<sup>3</sup>, should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described in the links below. Specifically, please review the "Supplemental Information on Migratory Birds and Eagles".

- 1. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.
- 2. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

THERE ARE NO BALD AND GOLDEN EAGLES WITHIN THE VICINITY OF YOUR PROJECT AREA.

# **MIGRATORY BIRDS**

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act<sup>1</sup> and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act<sup>2</sup>.

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats<sup>3</sup> should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described in the links below. Specifically, please review the "Supplemental Information on Migratory Birds and Eagles".

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.
- 3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

THERE ARE NO FWS MIGRATORY BIRDS OF CONCERN WITHIN THE VICINITY OF YOUR PROJECT AREA.

# **WETLANDS**

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

Project code: 2024-0121156 07/24/2024 21:04:46 UTC

Please note that the NWI data being shown may be out of date. We are currently working to update our NWI data set. We recommend you verify these results with a site visit to determine the actual extent of wetlands on site.

### RIVERINE

R5UBH

Project code: 2024-0121156 07/24/2024 21:04:46 UTC

# **IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION**

Agency: SWCA Environmental Consultants

Name: Susan Fischer

Address: 10245 West Little York Road

Address Line 2: Suite 600
City: Houston
State: TX
Zip: 77040

Email susan.fischer@swca.com

Phone: 3463881157

# APPENDIX D USFWS Consistency Letter



# United States Department of the Interior



#### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office Post Office Box 491 Boqueron, PR 00622-0491

Phone: (939) 320-3135 Fax: (787) 851-7440 Email Address: <u>CARIBBEAN ES@FWS.GOV</u>

In Reply Refer To: 07/25/2024 22:14:49 UTC

Project code: 2024-0121156 Project Name: PR-RGRW-01547

Subject: Consistency letter for the project named 'PR-RGRW-01547' for specified threatened

and endangered species, that may occur in your proposed project location, pursuant to

the IPaC determination key titled Caribbean Determination Key (DKey).

### Dear Applicant:

Thank you for using the assisted evaluation keys in IPaC. This letter is provided pursuant to the Service's authority under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA) (87 Stat. 884; 16 U.S.C. 1531et seq.). On July 25, 2024, Susan Fischer used the Caribbean DKey; dated April 03, 2024, in the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's online <a href="IPaC application">IPaC application</a> to evaluate potential impacts to federally listed species, from a project named 'PR-RGRW-01547'. The project is located in Las Marías County, Puerto Rico (shown below).

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <a href="https://www.google.com/maps/@18.2054558,-66.93575621363237,14z">https://www.google.com/maps/@18.2054558,-66.93575621363237,14z</a>



The following description was provided for the project 'PR-RGRW-01547':

Construction of a new greenhouse and installation of a cistern. No vegetation or tree removal is required.

Based on your answers and the assistance of the Service's Caribbean DKey, you made the following effect determination(s) for the proposed Action:

Species	Listing Status	Determination
Puerto Rican Boa (Chilabothrus inornatus)	Endangered	May affect
Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk (Buteo platypterus	Endangered	May affect
brunnescens)		

<u>Consultation with the Service is not complete.</u> Further consultation with the Caribbean Ecological Services office is required for those species with a determination of "may affect" listed above. Please contact the Caribbean Ecological Services office to discuss methods to avoid or minimize potential adverse effects to those species.

We appreciate your interest in protecting endangered species and their habitats. It is the Service's mission to work with others to conserve, protect, and enhance fish, wildlife, and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of our people. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact our office at Caribbean\_es@fws.gov.

## **Action Description**

You provided to IPaC the following name and description for the subject Action.

#### 1. Name

PR-RGRW-01547

### 2. Description

The following description was provided for the project 'PR-RGRW-01547':

Construction of a new greenhouse and installation of a cistern. No vegetation or tree removal is required.

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <a href="https://www.google.com/maps/@18.2054558,-66.93575621363237,14z">https://www.google.com/maps/@18.2054558,-66.93575621363237,14z</a>



## **QUALIFICATION INTERVIEW**

1. Is the proposed project an EPA Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP) renewal for an existing project? (MSGP Fact Sheet)

IPaC Record Locator: 604-146987658

No

2. Is the proposed project within an urban developed area? (i.e., cities, downtowns, shopping malls etc.)

**Note:** Urban and developed areas has one or more of the following characteristics: Presence of existing buildings, residential areas, and commercial establishments. Well-established infrastructure including roads, utilities, and urban facilities. High population density. Established neighborhoods and urban amenities ("urbanizaciones"). Developed landscape with paved surfaces, parking lots, and industrial areas. Signs of human activity and urbanization, such as shopping centers and recreational facilities. Location within the boundaries of a city or town ("casco urbano"). High concentration of built-up structures and limited open spaces. Aerial imagery might be requested to the applicant.

No

3. Does the proposed project consist of rehabilitation or demolition of existing single-family homes and buildings?

No

4. Does the proposed project consist of improvements to existing facilities?

**Note:** Examples of facilities are occupied single family homes, and buildings; existing recreational facilities, including the installation of roofs to existing basketball courts, etc.

No

5. Does the proposed project consist of repavement or repair of existing roads and installing transit signage or guardrails?

No

6. Does the proposed project consist of the construction of gutters and/or sidewalks along existing roads, and developments?

No

7. Does the proposed project consist of replacement or repair of existing bridges which include cutting vegetation or earth movement?

No

8. Does the proposed project consist of activities within existing Right of Ways (ROWs) along roads which include cutting vegetation or earth movement?

No

9. Is the proposed project located within a rural area covered by grassland (pasture lands "pastos")?

No

Project code: 2024-0121156

10. Is the proposed project adjacent or within a forested area?

**Note:** Examples of immediately adjacent to forested areas are rock walls and haystack hills ("mogotes"), wet montane forest, lowland wet forest, remnant coastal, mangrove forest, damp and dry limestone karst forests, pastureland with patches of exotic trees.

Yes

11. Is the project area more than 1 acre?

No

12. Is the proposed project an existing facility or the expansion of an existing facility within the footprint of the already developed area?

No

13. Is the proposed project a new facility which would require earth moving, vegetation clearing, or debris removal using heavy machinery, the use of staging areas, construction of temporary access roads?

No

14. [Hidden Semantic] Does the proposed project intersect the Puerto Rican boa area of influence?

#### Automatically answered

Yes

- 15. Will the proposed project be conducted during the Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk or Puerto Rican Broad-winged hawk breeding season between December and July?

  Yes
- 16. Will daily surveys be conducted to detect breeding activites by qualified personnel?

**Note:** Examples of breeding activities are courtship and territoriality, re-occupancy of nesting sites, nest building, egg laying, incubation and hatching, and post-fledging.

Yes

17. Will qualified personnel conduct nest searches with the appropriate Puerto Rico Department of Natural Resources (DNER) permit?

**Note:** We might require you to submit a copy of the DNER permits by email.

Yes

18. Will the proposed project implement a strategy to avoid disturbing detected Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk and Puerto Rican Broad-winged hawk nesting and breeding activities?

Note: Examples of breeding activities are courtship and territoriality, re-occupancy of nesting sites, nest building, egg laying, incubation and hatching, and post-fledging.

Yes

Project code: 2024-0121156

19. Will the avoidance strategy include protocols to create a buffer zone of 200 meters around all detected nests?

**Note:** A buffer zone is an area around the detected nests where no actions or activities can take place. The buffer zone should be clearly marked or delineated in the field and in the project plans.

No

20. Does the proposed project intersect the Puerto Rican Broad-winged hawk area of influence?

Automatically answered

Yes

07/25/2024 22:14:49 UTC

# **IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION**

Agency: SWCA Environmental Consultants

Name: Susan Fischer

Address: 10245 West Little York Road

Address Line 2: Suite 600
City: Houston
State: TX
Zip: 77040

Project code: 2024-0121156

Email susan.fischer@swca.com

Phone: 3463881157

# LEAD AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

Lead Agency: Department of Housing and Urban Development

# APPENDIX E Species Conservation Measures

#### USFWS Conservation Measures for the Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk and Puerto Rican Parrot

- 1. All personnel will be advised that there are civil and criminal penalties for harming, harassing, or killing species protected under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. During breeding seasons (see below), nest surveys shall be conducted if a project occurs within the range of any of the species listed above and if habitat for those species will be impacted by the proposed actions. Nest searches must be conducted by qualified personnel with the appropriate permits from the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) prior to start of work. If nesting activity is detected, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 50-meter buffer around any nest(s) found within the project area. This avoidance strategy must be kept until fledglings successfully leave the nest(s) permanently.
  - Breeding Seasons:
    - o Puerto Rican parrot: February-June.
    - o Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk: December-June.
- 2. Outside the breeding season no nest surveys are required, but if a nest is encountered, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 50-meter buffer around that nest(s). This avoidance strategy must be kept until fledglings successfully leave the nest(s) permanently. Furthermore, if any of the species indicated above is observed (e.g., foraging, resting) within the project area, avoid any disturbance to the individual(s) and do not flush the bird until it leaves on its own.
- **3.** For all nest sightings, the Applicant must record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where it was found. All sightings and incidental lethal take reports should be sent to the USFWS Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office at Caribbean\_es@fws.gov. For questions, the Point of Contact (POC) is José Cruz-Burgos, Endangered Species Program Coordinator, and can be contacted at:

Mobile: 305-304-1386
Office phone: 786-244-0081
Office Direct Line: 939-320-3120
Email: jose cruz-burgos@fws.gov

# General Project Design Guidelines (2 Species)

Generated July 25, 2024 01:56 PM UTC, IPaC v6.112.0-rc2



IPaC - Information for Planning and Consultation (https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/): A project planning tool to help streamline the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service environmental review process.

## **Table of Contents**

Species Document Availability	1
Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly - Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office	2
Puerto Rican Boa - Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office	7

### Species Document Availability

#### Species with general design guidelines

Puerto Rican Boa Chilabothrus inornatus

Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly Atlantea tulita

#### Species without general design guidelines available

Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk Buteo platypterus brunnescens

Puerto Rican Parrot Amazona vittata

# General Project Design Guidelines - Puerto Rican Parrot and 3 more species

Published by Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office for the following species included in your project

Puerto Rican Parrot Amazona vittata

Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly Atlantea tulita

Puerto Rican Boa Chilabothrus inornatus

Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk Buteo platypterus brunnescens



#### U.S. FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE CARIBBEAN ECOLOGICAL SERVICES FIELD OFFICE

#### Conservation Measures for the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly (Atlantea tulita)

Section 7 (a)(1) of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) mandates Federal agencies to aid in the conservation of federally listed species. Section 7 (a)(2) requires the Federal agencies, through consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), to ensure their activities are not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of federally listed species or adversely modify designated critical habitats. Section 7 applies to the management of Federal lands as well as Federal actions that may affect listed species, such as approval of private activities through the issuance of Federal funding, permits, licenses, or any other actions. Any person that injures, captures, or kills a Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly, or destroy it eggs or any other of its life stage (caterpillars, chrysalis) is subject to penalties under the ESA. Thus, Federal Actions agencies must initiate consultation with the Service under Section 7 of the ESA for any action that could affect the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly. To initiate a consultation under the Section 7 of the ESA, the Federal Action agency must submit a project package to the Service with the established minimum requirements (see below). The conservation measures included below should be incorporated into the project plans to minimize possible impacts to the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly. Download the project evaluations fact sheet to learn more about the requirements or visit our project evaluations webpage.



The Puerto Rican (PR) harlequin butterfly (Atlantea tulita), is a threatened species endemic to Puerto Rico, whose currently known range is limited to the Northern Karst

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physiographic region and the West-central Volcanic-serpentine physiographic region of the Island. Through this range, we have identified six areas occupied by the PR harlequin butterfly that we refer to as a populations: (1) along the coastal cliff in the municipalities of Isabela, Quebradillas, and Camuy; (2) Guajataca in the municipality of Isabela; (3) Río Abajo Commonwealth Forest between the municipalities of Arecibo and Utuado; (4) Río Encantado area along the municipalities of Arecibo, Florida and Ciales; (5) Maricao Commonwealth Forest in the municipality of Maricao; and (6) Susúa Commonwealth Forest between the municipalities of Sabana Grande and Yauco. In addition, adult PR harlequin butterflies have been anecdotally reported in other areas of Puerto Rico, including the municipalities of Aguadilla, Barceloneta, Ciales, Florida, Luquillo, Ceiba, Guánica, San Germán, Las Marias and Lares.

The PR harlequin butterfly is a medium sized butterfly with a life cycle includes four distinct anatomical stages: imago (adult), egg, larva (caterpillar, with several size phases called instars), and chrysalis. The species has a wingspan of about 5.1 to 6 centimeters (cm) (2 to 2.5 inches (in)) wide and is characterized by its orange, brownish-black and beige coloration patterns. The caterpillar (larva) is dark orange with a brownish black to black, thin sub-lateral line, over a thin line of white intermittent dots crossing the body from the head to the anal plate, and has spines with hairs on each body segment. The caterpillar is less than .476 centimeters (cm) (0.19 in) in the first instar (growth stage between molts) and about 3.3 cm (1.29 in) in the fifth instar. Both eggs and caterpillars have been found almost exclusively on the host plant prickly bush (*Oplonia spinosa*). The chrysalis (pupa from which the butterfly (adult, or imago) emerges) of the PR harlequin butterfly is black, with orange and white dashes, and yellow pimples. The size of chrysalis is around 3 cm (1.2 in). In the wild, the chrysalis is more often found attached to branches of plants located close to the host plant, but it has been observed attached to dried twigs of the host plant.

The PR harlequin butterfly is difficult to detect, and the species is easily misidentified with other common butterflies such as the monarch butterfly (*Danaus plexippus portoricensis*), Antillean crescent (*Antillea pelops*), and Gulf fritillary (*Agraulis vanilla insularis*). The PR harlequin butterfly adults seem to be more active in the morning, from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm, when they are often observed flying searching for food or patrolling their territory for mating or laying eggs. The species flies slowly and is weak and fragile; thus, it is considered a poor disperser. There is information that this butterfly can disperse up to 1,026 meters (m) (3366.1 feet (ft)), approximately 1 kilometer (km) (0.6 mile (mi)) from one breeding site to another. The species seems to have specific ecological requirements for reproduction and its dispersion.

The PR harlequin butterfly was federally listed as threatened on January 3, 2023 (87 FR 73655), due to threats related to habitat modification and loss, its small populations size, and because of analyses of projected effects on the species resulting from relevant factors like increment of urban development rate and climate changes, which may negatively influence the continued existence of the species in the foreseeable future.

The Service has developed the following conservation measures with the purpose of assisting others to avoid or minimize adverse effects to the PR harlequin butterfly and its

February 2024

habitat. These recommendations may be incorporated into new project plans and under certain circumstances into existing projects. Depending on the project, additional recommendations can be made besides the ones presented in this document.

- 1. All project construction personnel must be informed about the potential presence of the PR harlequin butterfly or its occupied host plant, prickly bush (*Oplonia spinosa*), in the project areas and the need to avoid harming the species and its occupied host plant. All personnel will be advised that there are civil and criminal penalties for harming, harassing, or killing species protected under the Endangered Species Act. Educational material (e.g., posters, flyers, or signs with photos or illustrations of all the life stages of the PR harlequin butterfly (i.e., eggs, caterpillar, chrysalis, and adult) as well as its host plant, should be prepared and available to all personnel for reference.
- 2. Before starting any project activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movement, the boundaries of the work area in the field clearly delineate to avoid unnecessary habitat impacts. Once the project areas are clearly marked, and before any work activity, including site preparation, personnel with knowledge and ability to identify the PR harlequin butterfly (all life stages) and the prickly bush must survey the areas where the work will be performed for the presence of the species and its host plant. It is important to note that the PR harlequin butterfly can be observed year-round in all its life stages; thus, oviposition (egg-laying) may occur at any time during the year.
- 3. If the prickly bush is present on the project site, try to avoid cutting it off, even if no eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalis are present.
- 4. If there is no prickly bush within the project area, and the butterfly is observed flying within the project area, do not harass, harm, pursue, wound, kill, trap, capture, collect, or attempt to engage in any such conduct, the species.
- 5. Adult butterflies are often observed flying near the host plant as part of their mating behavior and laying eggs. Project-related activities must stop if the prickle bush is found in the project area and the PR harlequin butterfly is observed flying in that same area where the plan is located. A temporary 50-meter (164 feet) buffer zone of no activity or human disturbance should be established and clearly marked around that prickly bush until the butterfly moves out on its own.
- 6. Once the PR harlequin butterfly has moved away, within a period of 24 to 36 hours, a search of the prickly bush that has been buffered should be conducted to determine the presence of eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalids of the butterfly on the plant. The contractor or the Applicant should send a report of the observation and its findings to caribbean es@fws.gov after the 36-hour search is concluded.
- 7. If, after the initial search or after the 24 to 36-hour search, any life stage of the PR harlequin butterfly is found in the prickly bush, take the following actions:
  - o Clearly mark the host plant with flagging tape.

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- o Establish a 10-meter (32-foot) buffer zone around the bush to protect it.
- Eggs are typically found on the prickly bush's newly grown, tender branches. Once an egg hatches, the caterpillar moves and feeds throughout the plant. Therefore, avoid cutting off the prickly bush within the project site even if no eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalids are present.
- O Work within the 10-meter buffered area may resume when no signs of any live life stage of the butterfly are detected, which usually takes approximately 60 to 120 days.
- 8. For all PR harlequin butterfly sightings (all life stages), the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where the butterfly was found must be recorded. Data should also include a photo of the butterfly (if possible) and the habitat where it was observed, site GPS coordinates, and comments on how the butterfly was detected and its behavior. All PR harlequin butterfly sighting reports should be sent to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Caribbean Ecological Service Field Office at caribbean es@fws.gov.
- 9. For questions regarding the PR harlequin butterfly, the Point of Contact is:
  - José Cruz-Burgos, Threatened and Endangered Species Program Coordinator:

o Mobile: 305-304-1386

o Office phone: 786-244-0081

o Office Direct Line: 939-320-3120

o Email: jose cruz-burgos@fws.gov

# General Project Design Guidelines - Puerto Rican Parrot and 3 more species

Published by Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office for the following species included in your project

Puerto Rican Parrot Amazona vittata

Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly Atlantea tulita

Puerto Rican Boa Chilabothrus inornatus

Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk Buteo platypterus brunnescens

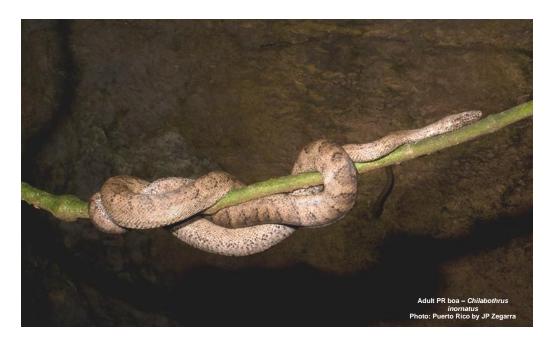


# U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE CARIBBEAN ECOLOGICAL SERVICES FIELD OFFICE

#### **Conservation Measures for the Puerto Rican boa** (*Chilabothrus inornatus*)

Section 7 (a)(1) of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) charges Federal agencies to aid in the conservation of listed species, and section 7 (a)(2) requires the agencies, through consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), to ensure their activities are not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of listed species or adversely modify designated critical habitats. Section 7 applies to the management of Federal lands as well as Federal actions that may affect federally listed species, such as Federal approval of private activities through the issuance of Federal funding, permits, licenses, or other actions. Any person that injures, captures, or kills a Puerto Rico boa is subject to penalties under the ESA. If Federal funds or permits are needed, the funding or permitting agency should initiate Section 7 consultation with the Service. To initiate a consultation under the Section 7 of the ESA, you must submit a project package with the established minimum requirements. These conservation measures should be incorporated into the project plans to minimize possible impacts to the species.

The endangered Puerto Rican (PR) boa (*Chilabothrus inornatus*, formerly *Epicrates inornatus*) is the largest endemic snake species that inhabits Puerto Rico. The PR boa is non-venomous and does not pose any life threatening danger to humans, but some individuals may try to bite if disturbed or during capture or handling. Its body color ranges from tan to dark brown with irregular diffuse marking on the dorsum, but some individuals lack marking and are uniformly dark. Juveniles may have a reddish color with more pronounced markings. In general, as they mature, their body color tends to darken.



The PR boa was federally listed in 1970. Currently, the species has an island-wide distribution and occurs in a wide variety of habitat types, ranging from wet montane to subtropical dry forest and can be found from mature forest to areas with different degrees of human disturbance such as roadsides or houses, especially if near their habitat in rural areas. The PR boa is considered mostly nocturnal, remaining less active, concealed or basking under the sun during the day.

The Service has developed the following conservation measures with the purpose of assisting others to avoid or minimize adverse effects to the PR boa and its habitat. These recommendations may be incorporated into new project plans and under certain circumstances into existing projects. Depending on the project, additional conservation measures can be implemented besides the ones presented in this document.

#### Conservation Measures:

- 1. Inform all project personnel about the potential presence of the PR boa in areas where the proposed work will be conducted. A pre-construction meeting should be conducted to inform all project personnel about the need to avoid harming the species as well as penalties for harassing or harming PR boas. An educational poster or sign with photo or illustration of the species should be displayed at the project site.
- 2. Prior to any construction activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movements, the boundaries of the project and areas to be excluded and protected should be clearly marked in the project plan and in the field in order to avoid further habitat degradation into forested and conservation areas.
- 3. Once areas are clearly marked, and prior to the use of heavy machinery and any construction activity (including removal of vegetation and earth movement), a biologist or project personnel with experience on this species should survey the areas to be cleared to verify the presence of any PR boa within the work area.
- 4. If a PR boa is found within any of the working or construction areas, activities should stop at that area and information recorded (see #5). **Do not capture the boa.** If boas need to be moved out of harm's way, designated personnel shall immediately contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (PRDNER phone #s: (787) 724-5700, (787) 230-5550, (787) 771-1124). **If immediate relocation is not an option, project-related activities at that area must stop until the boa moves out of harm's way on its own**. Activities at other work sites, where no boas have been found after surveying the area, may continue.
- 5. For all boa sightings (dead or alive), record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where it was found. PR boa data should also include a photo of the animal (dead or alive), site GPS coordinates, the time and date, and comments on how the animal was detected and its behavior.

- 6. If a PR boa is captured by PRDNER personnel, record the name of that person and information on where the PR boa will be taken. This information should be reported to the Service.
- 7. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize PR boa casualties by heavy machinery or motor vehicles being used on site. Any heavy machinery left on site (staging) or near potential PR boa habitat (within 50 meters of potential boa habitat), needs to be thoroughly inspected each morning before work starts to ensure that no boas have sheltered within engine compartments or other areas of the equipment. If PR boas are found within vehicles or equipment, do not capture the animal, and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (see #4). If not possible, the animal should be left alone until it leaves the vehicle on its own.
- 8. PR boas may seek shelter in debris piles. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize boa casualties associated with sheltering in debris piles as a result of project activities. Debris piles should be placed far away from forested areas. Prior to moving, disposing or shredding, debris piles should be carefully inspected for the presence of boas. If debris piles will be left on site, we recommend they be placed in areas that will not be disturbed in the future.
- 9. If a dead PR boa is found, immediately cease all work in that area and record the information accordingly (see #5). If the PR boa was accidentally killed as part of the project actions, please include information on what conservation measures had been implemented and what actions will be taken to avoid further killings. A dead boa report should be sent by email (see contacts below) to the Service within 48 hours of the event.
- 10. Projects must comply with all state laws and regulations. Please contact the PRDNER for further guidance.

If you have any questions regarding the above conservation measures, please contact the Service:

- José Cruz-Burgos, Endangered Species Program Coordinator
  - o Email: jose\_cruz-burgos@fws.gov
  - o Office phone (305) 304-1386
- Jan Zegarra, Fish and Wildlife Biologist
  - o Email: jan\_zegarra@fws.gov
  - o Office phone (786) 933-1451

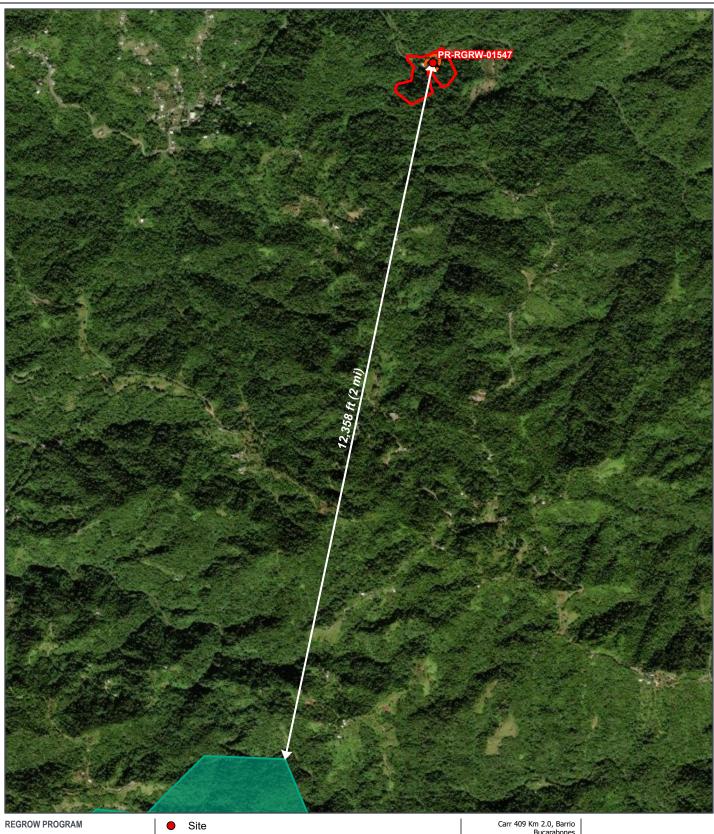


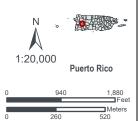
Figure B 7-1: Critical Habitat Map

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01547

SIMC 0°

Site
Site Parcel
Buffer (100-ft)
Critical Habitat - Final
National Wildlife Refuges

Carr 409 Km 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones
Las Marias, Puerto Rico 00670
Parcel ID: 237-000-001-19
237-000-001-18
237-000-005-15
Parcel Center:
66.939576°W 18.188533°N
Data Source: https://services.arcgis.com/QVENGdPb/d4LUKLV/arcgis/rest/services/USFWS Critical Habitat/
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed November 2023
Updated: 11/9/2023
Layout: Critical Habitat
Aprx: 72428\_ReGrowTier2Maps





#### United States Department of the Interior

#### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office Bayamón | Mayagüez | Maricao | Río Grande | St Croix P.O. Box 491 Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622



In Reply Refer to: FWS/R4/CESFO/72083-Gen

Submitted Via Electronic Mail: jcperez@vivienda.pr.gov

Juan Carlos Pérez-Bofill, PE, MEng. Director – Disaster Recovery CDBG-DR Program Puerto Rico Department of Housing P.O. Box 21365 San Juan, P.R 00928-1365

Re: CDBG-DR PR-RGRW-01547 Huerta Rica LLC, Las Marías, Puerto Rico

Dear Mr. Pérez-Bofill

Thank you for your letter dated August 02, 2024, requesting informal consultation on the above referenced project. As per your request, our comments are provided under the Endangered Species Act (Act) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 United States Code 1531 et seq.), and the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (48 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.).

The Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH) is proposing construction of a new greenhouse (16 feet (FT) x 25 FT) and the installation of a 1,000-gallon cistern. The project will be located on 11.87 acre property at State Road PR-409, Km 2.0, Bo. Bucarabones (18°12'18.2"N 66°56'09.7"W) in the municipality of Las Marías. Project activities will not require the removal of vegetation or tree clearing.

Using the Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system PRDOH has determined that the proposed project (Project code: 2024-0121156) lies within the range of Puerto Rican boa (*Chilabothrus inornatus*), Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly (*Atlantea tulita*), Puerto Rican broadwinged hawk (*Buteo platypterus brunnescens*) and Puerto Rican parrot (*Amazona vittata*).

Based on the nature of the project, scope of work, information available, and existing project habitat, which consists of an open, maintained lawn surrounded by trees and shrubs, PRDOH has determined that the proposed project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect (NLAA) the Puerto Rican boa, Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly, Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk and Puerto Rican parrot. Conservation measures for these species will be implemented in case an encounter occurs since forested areas surround the entire project site.

Mr. Pérez-Bofill

We have reviewed the information provided in your letter and our files, and concur with your determination that the proposed project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the above mentioned species with the implementation of the conservation measures.

In view of this, we believe that requirements of section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (Act) have been satisfied. However, obligations under section 7 of the Act must be reconsidered if: (1) new information reveals impacts of this identified action that may affect listed species or critical habitat in a manner that was not previously considered; (2) this action is subsequently modified in a manner not previously considered in this assessment; or, (3) a new species is listed, or critical habitat determined that may be affected by the identified action.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this project. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact us via email at <u>caribbean\_es@fws.gov</u> or by phone at (786) 244-0081.

Sincerely,

Lourdes Mena Field Supervisor

drr

cc: SWCA HUD DNER

# Attachment 8 Explosive and Flammable Hazards Partner Worksheet



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

#### Explosive and Flammable Hazards (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/explosive-and-flammable-facilities

1.	Does the proposed HUD-assisted project include a hazardous facility (a facility that mainly stores, handles or processes flammable or combustible chemicals such as bulk fuel storage facilities and refineries)?  ☑ No → Continue to Question 2.
	□ Yes
	Explain:
	Click here to enter text.
	→ Continue to Question 5.
2.	Does this project include any of the following activities: development, construction, rehabilitation that will increase residential densities, or conversion?  ⊠ No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.
	$\square$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to Question 3.
3.	Within 1 mile of the project site, are there any current <i>or planned</i> stationary aboveground storage containers:
	<ul> <li>Of more than 100-gallon capacity, containing common liquid industrial fuels OR</li> <li>Of any capacity, containing hazardous liquids or gases that are not common liquid industrial fuels?</li> </ul>
	$\square$ No $\Rightarrow$ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide all documents used to make your determination.
	$\square$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to Question 4.
•	4. Is the Separation Distance from the project acceptable based on standards in the Regulation? Please visit HUD's website for information on calculating Acceptable Separation Distance. □ Yes
	→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to any tanks and your separation distance calculations. If the map identifies more than one tank, please identify the tank you have chosen as the "assessed tank."

□ No

→ Continue to Question 6.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to any tanks and your separation distance calculations. If the map identifies more than one tank, please identify the tank you have chosen as the "assessed tank."

5. Is the hazardous facility located at an acceptable separation distance from residences and any other facility or area where people may congregate or be present?

Please visit HUD's website for information on calculating Acceptable Separation Distance.

☐ Yes

 $\rightarrow$  If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to residences and any other facility or area where people congregate or are present and your separation distance calculations.

□ No

→ Continue to Question 6.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to residences and any other facility or area where people congregate or are present and your separation distance calculations.

6. For the project to be brought into compliance with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Explain in detail the exact measures that must be implemented to make the Separation Distance acceptable, including the timeline for implementation. If negative effects cannot be mitigated, cancel the project at this location.

Note that only licensed professional engineers should design and implement blast barriers. If a barrier will be used or the project will be modified to compensate for an unacceptable separation distance, provide approval from a licensed professional engineer.

Click here to enter text.

#### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

#### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project includes the new construction and installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment. The project itself is not the development of a hazardous facility

nor will the project increase residential densities. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.

# Attachment 9 Farmlands Protection Partner Worksheet and Prime Farmland Map



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

#### Farmlands Protection (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/farmlands-protection

1.	-	<ul> <li>project include any activities, including new construction, acquisition of undeveloped</li> <li>nversion, that could convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use?</li> </ul>
	☐ Yes	Continue to Question 2.
	⊠ No	
	If the	RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section.
	-	nue to the Worksheet Summary below.
2.	or local im	portant farmland," including prime farmland, unique farmland, or farmland of statewide aportance regulated under the Farmland Protection Policy Act, occur on the project site?
	•	ise the links below to determine important farmland occurs on the project site:
		lize USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service's (NRCS) Web Soil Survey
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	p://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm
		eck with your city or county's planning department and ask them to document if the project
		on land regulated by the FPPA (zoning important farmland as non-agricultural does not
		empt it from FPPA requirements)
		ntact NRCS at the local USDA service center
		p://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs or your NRCS state soil scientist
	<u>htt</u>	p://soils.usda.gov/contact/state_offices/ for assistance
	□ No	If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this
		section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to
		make your determination.
	□ Yes	Continue to Question 3.
3.	Consider a	alternatives to completing the project on important farmland and means of avoiding

- Consider alternatives to completing the project on important farmland and means of avoiding impacts to important farmland.
  - Complete form <u>AD-1006</u>, "Farmland Conversion Impact Rating" and contact the state soil scientist before sending it to the local NRCS District Conservationist.
  - Work with NRCS to minimize the impact of the project on the protected farmland. When you have finished with your analysis, return a copy of form AD-1006 to the USDA-NRCS State Soil Scientist or his/her designee informing them of your determination.

#### Work with the RE/HUD to determine how the project will proceed. Document the conclusion:

□ Project will proceed with mitigation.

Explain in detail the proposed measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

Click here to enter text.

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide form AD-1006 and all other documents used to make your determination.

□ Project will proceed without mitigation.

#### Explain why mitigation will not be made here:

Click here to enter text.

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide form AD-1006 and all other documents used to make your determination.

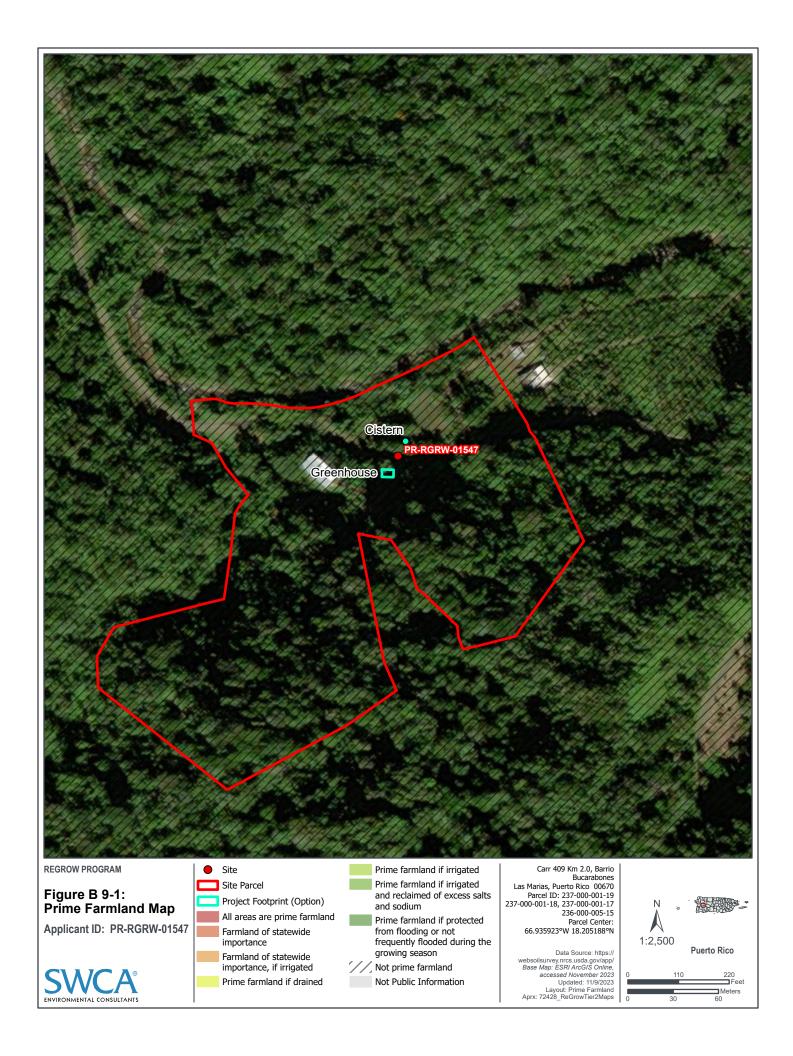
#### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

#### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

This project does not include any activities that could potentially convert agricultural land to non-agricultural use. The project area crosses one mapped soil series: CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes). No prime farmland or farmlands of statewide importance are within the project area. Although the project includes new construction, the project is exempt from review under the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FFPA) as the project is limited to construction of on-farm structures needed for farm operations. No further review is required. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act.



# Attachment 10 Floodplain Management Partner Worksheet and Advisory Base Flood Elevation Map



### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

#### Floodplain Management (CEST and EA)

The supram management (e.g., and e.g.,		
General Requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Executive Order 11988,	Executive Order 11988	24 CFR 55
Floodplain Management,	Executive Order 13690	
requires Federal activities to	42 USC <u>4001-4128</u>	
avoid impacts to floodplains and	42 USC 5154a	
to avoid direct and indirect		
support of floodplain		
development to the extent		
practicable.		
Reference		
https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/floodplain-management		

1.		regulation	et an exemption at 24 CFR 55.12 from compliance with HUD's floodplain ons in Part 55 or utilize the delayed compliance date for certain Office of
		olicable d	citation at 24 CFR 55.12 and provide supporting documentation for the
	determination		
	a) 🗆 HUD-as	sisted ac	ctivities described in 24 CFR 58.34 and 58.35(b)
	<b>b)</b> ☐ HUD-as 50.19	ssisted a	ctivities described in 24 CFR 50.19, except as otherwise indicated in §
	c) $\square$ The ap	proval of	f financial assistance for restoring and preserving the natural and
	beneficial	function	s and values of floodplains and wetlands, including through acquisition of
	such flood	lplain an	d wetland property, where a permanent covenant or comparable
		-	on the property's continued use for flood control, wetland projection, k land, but only if:
	•		operty is cleared of all existing buildings and walled structures; and
		-	operty is cleared of related improvements except those which:
	, ,	(i)	Are directly related to flood control, wetland protection, open space, or park land (including playgrounds and recreation areas);
		(ii)	Do not modify existing wetland areas or involve fill, paving, or other ground disturbance beyond minimal trails or paths; and
		(iii)	Are designed to be compatible with the beneficial floodplain or wetland function of the property.

d)	☐ An action involving a repossession, receivership, foreclosure, or similar acquisition of property to protect or enforce HUD's financial interests under previously approved loans, grants, mortgage insurance, or other HUD assistance
e)	☐ Policy-level actions described at 24 CFR 50.16 that do not involve site-based decisions
-	☐ A minor amendment to a previously approved action with no additional adverse impact on or from a floodplain or wetland;
g)	<ul> <li>☐ HUD's or the responsible entity's approval of a project site, an incidental portion of which is situated in the FFRMS floodplain (not including the floodway, LiMWA, or coastal high hazard area) but only if:         <ul> <li>(1) The proposed project site does not include any existing or proposed buildings or improvements that modify or occupy the FFRMS floodplain except de minimis improvements such as recreation areas and trails; and</li> <li>(2) the proposed project will not result in any new construction in or modifications of a wetland</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
•	☐ Issuance or use of Housing Vouchers or other forms of rental subsidy where HUD, the awarding community, or the public housing agency that administers the contract awards rental subsidies that are not project-based (i.e., do not involve site-specific subsidies) ☐ Special projects directed to the removal of material and architectural barriers that restrict the mobility of and accessibility to elderly and persons with disabilities.
	ons do not apply due to the project activities being the purchase of farming nt, the installation of a greenhouse and a water cistern.
Based on th Summary b	he response, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet pelow.
mu	Yes. Office of Housing programs utilizing the January 1, 2025 compliance date. These reviews ist comply with the 2013 version of the Part 55 regulations. Continue to Worksheet Summary 2013 version to upload supporting documentation.
$\boxtimes$	No. Continue to Question 2.
2. Do	es the project include a Critical Action?
hos	Yes. Describe the Critical Action. Examples of Critical Actions include projects involving spitals, fire and police stations, nursing homes, hazardous chemical storage, storage of valuable ords, and utility plants. Continue to Question 4.
No, the p	project is not a Critical Action as defined in 24 CFR 55.2(b)(3)
$\boxtimes$	No. Continue to Question 3.

### 3. Determine the extent of the FFRMS floodplain and provide mapping documentation in support of that determination.

The extent of the FFRMS floodplain can be determined using a Climate Informed Science Approach (CISA), 0.2 percent flood approach (0.2 PFA), or freeboard value approach (FVA). For projects in areas without available CISA data or without FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), Flood Insurance Studies (FISs) or Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFEs), use the best available information to determine flood elevation. Include documentation and an explanation of why this is the best available information for the site. Note that newly constructed and substantially improved structures must be elevated to the FFRMS floodplain regardless of the approach chosen to determine the floodplain.

#### Select one of the following three options:

☑ No. Review for floodplain management is complete.

apply, continue to question 7.

a.

$\square$ CISA for non-critical actions. If using a local tool, data, or resources, ensure that the FFRMS elevation is higher than would have been determined using the 0.2 PFA or the FVA.
$\boxtimes$ 0.2-PFA. Where FEMA has defined the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that FEMA has designated as within the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain.
□ FVA. If neither CISA nor 0.2-PFA is available, for non-critical actions, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that results from adding two feet to the base flood elevation as established by the effective FIRM or FIS or—if available —a FEMA-provided preliminary or pending FIRM or FIS or advisory base flood elevations, whether regulatory or informational in nature. However, an interim or preliminary FEMA map cannot be used if it is lower than the current FIRM or FIS.
Does your project occur in the FFRMS floodplain?  Yes, continue to part b.

### b. Is your project located in any of the floodplain categories below? Select all that apply. If none

□ Floodway: Continue to Question 5. Floodways.
 □ Coastal High Hazard Area (V Zone) or Limit of Moderate Wave Action (LiMWA): Continue to Question 6. Coastal High Hazard Areas and LiMWAs.

## 4. Determine the extent of the FFRMS floodplain and provide mapping documentation in support of that determination.

The extent of the FFRMS floodplain can be determined using a Climate Informed Science Approach (CISA), or the higher of the 0.2 percent flood approach (0.2 PFA), or freeboard value approach (FVA). For projects in areas without available CISA data or without FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), Flood Insurance Studies (FISs) or Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFEs), use the best available information to determine flood elevation. Note that newly constructed and substantially improved structures must be elevated to the FFRMS floodplain regardless of the approach chosen to determine the floodplain.

	Utilize CISA to determine the FFRMS floodplain for critical actions
	☐ CISA for Critical Actions. If using a local tool, ensure that the FFRMS elevation provided is higher than the 0.2 PFA or 3′ above the base flood elevation.
	OR;
	Choose the higher of 0.2 PFA or FVA elevations
	□ 0.2-PFA. Where FEMA has defined the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that FEMA has designated as within the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain.
	□ FVA. For critical actions, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that results from adding three feet to the base flood elevation as established by the effective FEMA FIRM or FIS or—if available —a FEMA-provided preliminary or pending FIRM or FIS or advisory base flood elevations, whether regulatory or informational in nature. However, an interim or preliminary FEMA map cannot be used if it is lower than the current FIRM or FIS.
a. I	Does your project occur in the FFRMS floodplain?  ☐Yes, continue to part b.
	□No. Review for floodplain management is complete.
b.	Is your project located in any of the floodplain categories below? Select all that apply. If none apply, continue to question 7.
	☐ Floodway: Continue to Question 5. Floodways.
	☐ Coastal High Hazard Area (V Zone) or LiMWA: Continue to Question 6. Coastal High Hazard Areas and LiMWAs.
5.	Floodways  Do the floodway exemptions at 55.8 or 55.21 apply?  ☐ Yes  The 8-Step Process is required. Document mitigation measures necessary to meet the requirements in 55.8 or 55.21. Provide a completed 8-Step Process, including the early public notice and the final notice.  Continue to Question 7. 8-Step Process.
	□ No  Federal assistance may not be used at this location. You must either choose an alternate site or cancel the project at this location.

6. Coastal High Hazard Area (V Zone) and LiMWAs Do the exemptions at <u>55.8</u> or <u>55.21</u> apply?

☐ Yes <u>The 8-Step Process is required.</u> Document mitigation measures necessary to mee the requirements in 55.8 or 55.21. Provide a completed 8-Step Process, including the early public notice and the final notice.  Continue to Question 7. 8-Step Process.
□ No
Federal assistance may not be used at this location. You must either choose an alternate site
or cancel the project at this location.
8-Step Process.
Does the 8-Step Process apply? Select one of the following options:
☐ 8-Step Process is inapplicable per 55.13.
Select the applicable citation:
□ (a) HUD's mortgage insurance actions and other financial assistance for the purchasing, mortgaging, or refinancing of existing one- to four-family properties in communities that are in the Regular Program of the NFIP and in good standing (i.e., not suspended from program eligibility or placed on probation under 44 CFR 59.24), where the action is not a critical action and the property is not located in a floodway, coastal high hazard area, or LiMWA;
□ (b) Financial assistance for minor repairs or improvements on one- to four-family properties that do not meet the thresholds for "substantial improvement" under § 55.2(b)(12);
☐ (c) HUD or a recipient's actions involving the disposition of individual HUD or recipient held, one- to four-family properties;
□ (d) HUD guarantees under the Loan Guarantee Recovery Fund Program (24 CFR part 573), where any new construction or rehabilitation financed by the existing loan or mortgage has been completed prior to the filing of an application under the program, and the refinancing will not allow further construction or rehabilitation, nor result in any physical impacts or changes except for routine maintenance;
☐ (e) The approval of financial assistance to lease units within an existing structure located within the floodplain, but only if;
(1) The structure is located outside the floodway or coastal high hazard area, and is in a community that is in the Regular Program of the NFIP and in good standing (i.e., not suspended from program eligibility or placed on probation under 44 CFR 59.24); and
(2) The project is not a critical action; and
(3) The entire structure is or will be fully insured or insured to the maximum extent available under the NFIP for at least the term of the lease.
☐ (f) Special projects for the purpose of improving efficiency of utilities or installing
renewable energy that involve the repair, rehabilitation, modernization,
weatherization, or improvement of existing structures or infrastructure, do not meet the thresholds for "substantial improvement" under § 55.2(b)(12), and do not include the installation of equipment below the FFRMS floodplain elevation.

7.

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

☐ 5-Step Process is applicable per 55.14.  Provide documentation of 5-Step Process.  Select the applicable citation:
<ul> <li>□ (a) HUD actions involving the disposition of HUD-acquired multifamily housing projects o "bulk sales" of HUD-acquired one- to four-family properties in communities that are in the Regular Program of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) and in good standing (i.e., not suspended from program eligibility or placed on probation under 4-CFR 59.24).</li> </ul>
□ (b)HUD's actions under the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1701) for the purchase o refinancing of existing multifamily housing projects, hospitals, nursing homes, assisted living facilities, board and care facilities, and intermediate care facilities, in communitie that are in good standing under the NFIP.
□ (c) HUD's or the recipient's actions under any HUD program involving the repair rehabilitation, modernization, weatherization, or improvement of existing multifamilitation, modernization, weatherization, or improvement of existing multifamilitation, modernization, weatherization, or improvement of existing multifamilitation, assisted living facilities, board and care facilities, intermediate care facilities, and one- to four-family properties, in communitie that are in the Regular Program of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) and are in good standing, provided that the number of units is not increased more than 20 percent, the action does not involve a conversion from nonresidential to residential land use, the action does not meet the thresholds for "substantial improvement" under \$55.2(b)(10), and the footprint of the structure and paved areas is not increased by more than 20 percent.
<ul> <li>□ (d) HUD's (or the recipient's) actions under any HUD program involving the repair rehabilitation, modernization, weatherization, or improvement of existing nonresidential buildings and structures, in communities that are in the Regular Program of the NFIP and are in good standing, provided that the action does not meet the thresholds for "substantial improvement" under § 55.2(b)(10) and that the footprint of the structure and paved areas is not increased by more than 20 percent</li> <li>□ (e) HUD's or the recipient's actions under any HUD program involving the repair rehabilitation, or replacement of existing nonstructural improvements including streets curbs and gutters, where any increase of the total impervious surface area of the facilities de minimis. This provision does not include critical actions, levee systems, chemical storage facilities (including any tanks), wastewater facilities, or sewer lagoons.</li> </ul>
Continue to Question 8. Mitigation.
☐ 8-Step Process applies.  Provide a completed 8-Step Process, including the early public notice and the final notice.
Continue to Question 8. Mitigation.

#### 8. Mitigation

For the project to comply with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Explain in detail the measures that must be implemented to mitigate the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation. Note: newly constructed and substantially improved structures within the FFRMS floodplain must be elevated to the FFRMS floodplain elevation or floodproofed, if applicable.

N/A	
	ollowing if any mitigation/minimization measures have been identified for this project in -Step Process? Select all that apply.
	Buyout and demolition or other supported clearance of floodplain structures Insurance purchased in excess of statutory requirement under the Flood Disaster stection Act of 1973 Permeable surfaces Natural landscape enhancements that maintain or restore natural hydrology Planting or restoring native plant species Bioswales Stormwater capture and reuse Green or vegetative roofs with drainage provisions Natural Resources Conservation Service conservation easements or similar easements Floodproofing of structures as allowable (e.g. non-residential floors) Elevating structures (including freeboard above the required base flood elevations) Levee or structural protection from flooding Channelizing or redefining the floodway or floodplain through a Letter of Map Revision

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

#### **Worksheet Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

Provide a clear description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- FIRM panel numbers
- CISA data or maps
- Information on other data or tools used or accessed
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD

See below.			

#### **Worksheet Summary for 2013 Version**

#### **Compliance Determination**

Attach 'Floodplain Management Partner Worksheet' (OMB No. 2506-0177), FIRM map indicating project location, and summary of 8-step or 5-step decision making process if applicable.

Provide a clear description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

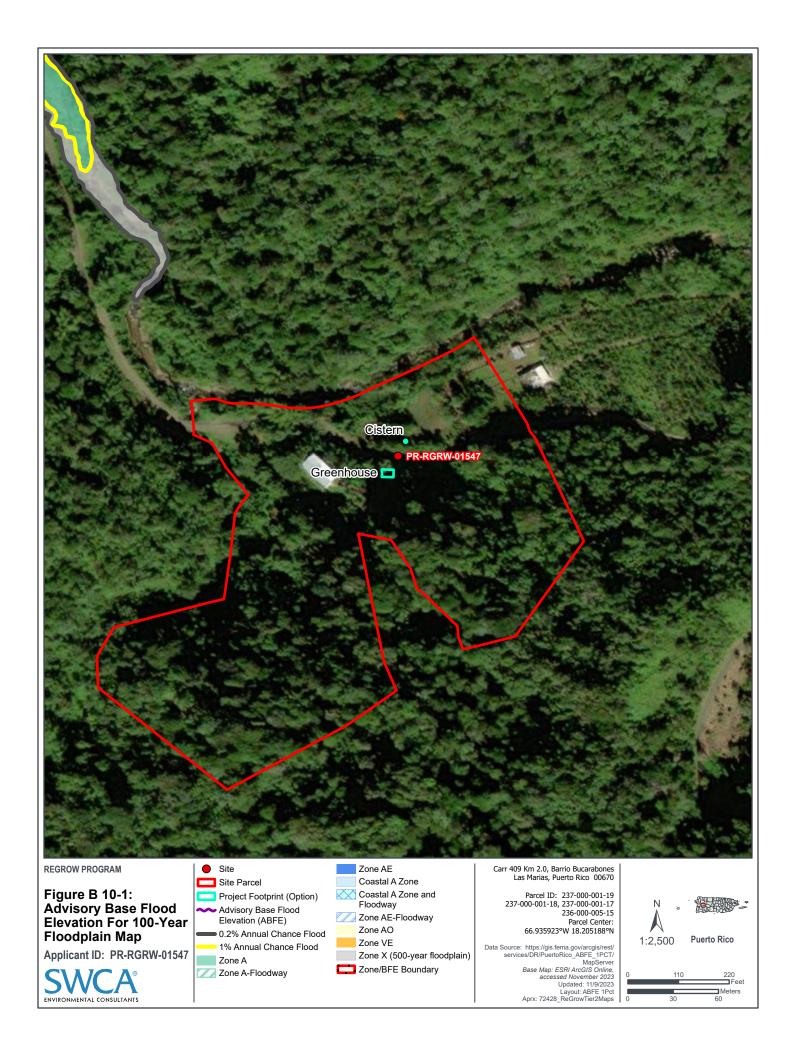
- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your region

#### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD

An Advisory Base Flood Elevation (ABFE) map was developed by FEMA for this FIRM, which shows the project sites are in Flood Zone X. The project is not located in the 100-year floodplain or ABFE special flood hazard area; therefore, no further action is required. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11988 and 13690.

PFIRMs in Puerto Rico were only developed for certain sections of the municipalities of Carolina, Canovanas, Loiza, San Juan and Trujillo Alto. The proposed project is located in the municipality of Las Marias; therefore, PFIRM information was not available for the area and therefore not considered in the review.

HUD implemented new floodplain regulations under 89 FR 30850 effective June 24, 2024 which created the Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (FFRMS). The current project comprises non-critical actions that lie outside the 0.2-percent-annual-chance (500-year flood elevation), which is the approach used for this project to comply with the FFRMS; therefore, mitigation is not required and the project is in compliance with 24 CFR Part 55.



# Attachment 11 Historic Preservation Partner Worksheet and SHPO Consultation



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

#### Historic Preservation (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/historic-preservation

#### **Threshold**

#### Is Section 106 review required for your project?

□ No, because a Programmatic Agreement states that all activities included in this project are exempt. (See the <u>PA Database</u> to find applicable PAs.)

Either provide the PA itself or a link to it here. Mark the applicable exemptions or include the text here:

Click here to enter text.

→ Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

□ No, because the project consists solely of activities included in a No Potential to Cause Effects memo or other determination [36 CFR 800.3(a)(1)].

Either provide the memo itself or a link to it here. Explain and justify the other determination here:

Click here to enter text.

→ Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

#### **The Section 106 Process**

After determining the need to do a Section 106 review, HUD or the RE will initiate consultation with regulatory and other interested parties, identify and evaluate historic properties, assess effects of the project on properties listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places, and resolve any adverse effects through project design modifications or mitigation.

Step 1: Initiate consultation

Step 2: Identify and evaluate historic properties

Step 3: Assess effects of the project on historic properties

Step 4: Resolve any adverse effects

Only RE or HUD staff may initiate the Section 106 consultation process. Partner entities may gather information, including from SHPO records, identify and evaluate historic properties, and make initial assessments of effects of the project on properties listed in or eligible for the National Register of Historic Place. Partners should then provide their RE or HUD with all of their analysis and documentation so that they may initiate consultation.

#### **Step 1 - Initiate Consultation**

The following parties are entitled to participate in Section 106 reviews: Advisory Council on Historic Preservation; State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPOs); federally recognized Indian tribes/Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPOs); Native Hawaiian Organizations (NHOs); local governments; and project grantees. The general public and individuals and organizations with a demonstrated interest in a project may participate as consulting parties at the discretion of the RE or HUD official. Participation varies with the nature and scope of a project. Refer to HUD's website for guidance on consultation, including the required timeframes for response. Consultation should begin early to enable full consideration of preservation options.

Use the When To Consult With Tribes checklist within Notice CPD-12-006: Process for Tribal Consultation to determine if the RE or HUD should invite tribes to consult on a particular project. Use the <u>Tribal Directory Assessment Tool (TDAT)</u> to identify tribes that may have an interest in the area where the project is located. Note that only HUD or the RE may initiate consultation with Tribes. Partner entities may prepare a draft letter for the RE or HUD to use to initiate consultation with tribes, but may not send the letter themselves.

List all organizations and individuals that you believe may have an interest in the project here: SHPO, PRDPH, applicant

See SHPO consultation package for more information.

 $\rightarrow$  Continue to Step 2.

#### **Step 2 - Identify and Evaluate Historic Properties**

Provide a preliminary definition of the Area of Potential Effect (APE), either by entering the address(es) or providing a map depicting the APE. Attach an additional page if necessary.

The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment. The proposed greenhouse is approximately 400 square feet (sq. ft) in size (16 feet [ft] by 25 ft) with a total height of approximately 15 ft and will be constructed with PVC pipes and a saran covering. The greenhouse is intended to serve as shade for crops and will not be permanently anchored to the ground. Instead, the applicant will secure the greenhouse with metal stakes extending 4 to 6 inches into the ground. No water or electrical connections will be required. The cistern will be placed on a wooden pallet (approximately 40 ft by 48 ft) and will be used exclusively as an emergency water supply during prolonged periods without precipitation. The applicant will connect a drip tape irrigation system to the cistern. The irrigation lines will be on the surface of the ground, not buried.

No vegetation or tree clearing is required for construction, and the project will have very minimal ground disturbance for the cultivation of the cacao trees. The applicant owns the property; therefore, no acquisition or is required.

As defined in 36 CFR §800.16(d), the area of potential effects (APE) is the geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause changes in the character or use of historic properties if any such properties exist. Based on this definition and the nature and scope of the Undertaking, the Program has determined that the direct APE for this project is the location of the greenhouse and cistern plus a 15-meter horizontal buffer to allow for some variation in final placement during construction and the visual APE is the viewshed of the proposed project.

Gather information about known historic properties in the APE. Historic buildings, districts and archeological sites may have been identified in local, state, and national surveys and registers, local historic districts, municipal plans, town and county histories, and local history websites. If not already listed on the National Register of Historic Places, identified properties are then evaluated to see if they are eligible for the National Register. Refer to HUD's website for guidance on identifying and evaluating historic properties.

#### In the space below, list historic properties identified and evaluated in the APE.

Every historic property that may be affected by the project should be listed. For each historic property or district, include the National Register status, whether the SHPO has concurred with the finding, and whether information on the site is sensitive. Attach an additional page if necessary.

Archaeology

Existing information on previously identified historic properties has been reviewed to determine if any such properties are located within the APE of this undertaking. The review of this existing information by a Program contracted archaeologist meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61) who searched the records at the SHPO and the Instituto de Cultura Puertorriqueña which shows that there are no reported archaeological materials or significant cultural properties within a half-mile (mi) radius of the project location. One Section 106 study has been conducted within the north-northwest portion of the 0.5 mi review radius and is discussed in the following section. The proposed project is located in a rural, mountainous area in the west portion of the island at an elevation of 290 ft (88 meters [m]) above mean sea level. Per the USGS/NRCS Web Soil Survey, the project area crosses one mapped soil series: CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes). The project area APE is in the southeast portion of Municipio Las Marías. The general project area is located on a steep, north-facing slope in a region of high topographic relief and dense, tropical forest vegetation. The closest freshwater source is the Río Bucarabones, which parallels the north property boundary and is located 0.04 mile (mi; 0.06 kilometer [km]) north of the project area. The nearest coast is located approximately 14.3 mi (23.1 km) west of the project area.

#### Architecture

Existing information on previously identified historic properties has been reviewed to determine if any such properties are located within the APE of this undertaking. The review of this existing information, by a Program contracted Historic Preservation Specialist meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61) shows that the project area is not within the boundaries of a National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)-eligible or listed Traditional Urban Center or Historic District. Section 106 surveys completed in the 0.50-mi review area are limited to one: Código SHPO 06-26-13-01, which included the survey of three houses. Only one house, Site A, is within the 0.5 mi search radius. The two other houses surveyed in this effort (B and C) are outside of the 0.50-mi review area. This survey was performed in 2013 for the rehabilitation of houses by HUD. A finding of No Historic Properties Affected was returned.

The project area is in a rural area of Las Marías, in Bucarabones Barrio. The area is mountainous and covered with dense vegetation and the Rio Bucarabones flows on the north side of the project site. There is one building, a shed, on the project site, but it is in ruins and no longer provides shelter. There are two other developed properties in the area, a camping/daycare site called Under the Stars

(Fishing/Camping/Adventure) that is open for children to promote outdoor activities. The site was empty in 1993 Google Earth aerials and has a single building onsite in 2004 aerials

(https://www.GoogleEarth.com) and a date of construction should be ca. 2000. The second house is to the southeast of the project site, and does appear on 1993 Google Earth aerials but is not visible on 1977 Earth Explorer aerials (EarthExplorer (usgs.gov)) and a date of construction should be ca. 1990. The project area is mountainous, and sits in a valley between two ridges, and none of the neighbors nor the Hacienda site will be able to view the project site. No historic properties will be affected by the proposed project activities.

Provide the documentation (survey forms, Register nominations, concurrence(s) and/or objection(s), notes, and photos) that justify your National Register Status determination.

#### Was a survey of historic buildings and/or archeological sites done as part of the project?

If the APE contains previously unsurveyed buildings or structures over 50 years old, or there is a likely presence of previously unsurveyed archeological sites, a survey may be necessary. For Archeological surveys, refer to HP Fact Sheet #6, <u>Guidance on Archeological Investigations in HUD Projects</u>.

□ Ye	es $ ightarrow$ Provide survey(s) and report(s) and continue to Step 3.
Α	Additional notes:
	Nal, base to establish

Click here to enter text.

 $\boxtimes$  No  $\rightarrow$  Continue to Step 3.

#### Step 3 - Assess Effects of the Project on Historic Properties

Only properties that are listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places receive further consideration under Section 106. Assess the effect(s) of the project by applying the Criteria of Adverse Effect. (36 CFR 800.5) Consider direct and indirect effects as applicable as per HUD guidance.

#### Choose one of the findings below to recommend to the RE or HUD.

Please note: this is a recommendation only. It is **not** the official finding, which will be made by the RE or HUD, but only your suggestion as a Partner entity.

#### ☑ No Historic Properties Affected

#### **Document reason for finding:**

- $\boxtimes$  No historic properties present.
- ☐ Historic properties present, but project will have no effect upon them.

#### ☐ No Adverse Effect

#### Document reason for finding and provide any comments below.

Comments may include recommendations for mitigation, monitoring, a plan for unanticipated discoveries, etc.

Click here to enter text.

#### ☐ Adverse Effect

#### **Document reason for finding:**

Copy and paste applicable Criteria into text box with summary and justification.

Criteria of Adverse Effect: 36 CFR 800.5]

Click here to enter text.

#### Provide any comments below:

Comments may include recommendations for avoidance, minimization, and/or mitigation. The project will involve the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment on an undeveloped property and significant ground disturbing activities of previously undisturbed soil. State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) consultation was performed.

No National Historic Landmark (NHL) are within or near the project area.

A site visit was conducted on September 1, 2023 by an SOI-qualified Archaeologist. Record reviews and research were conducted at the SHPO and the Instituto de Cultura Puertorriqueña (ICP) to determine if any archaeologically sensitive resources could be present within a 0.5-mile radius.

The results of the record search and the site inspection indicate that there are no historic properties or cultural resources within the 0.50-mile radius study area or within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE). Based on the results of the historic property identification efforts, the Program has determined that project actions will not affect historic properties that compose the APE.

The determination was submitted to SHPO by PRDOH for concurrence on December 1, 2023, and SHPO concurred with the No Historic Properties Affected determination on December 5, 2023. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the National Historic Preservation Act.

Remember to provide all documentation that justifies your National Register Status determination and recommendations along with this worksheet.



#### GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE

Executive Director I Carlos A. Rubio-Cancela I carubio@prshpo.pr.gov

December 05, 2023

#### Lauren Bair Poche

HORNE- Architectural Historian Manager 10000 Perkins Rowe, Suite 610 Bldg G Baton Rouge, LA 70810

SHPO: 12-01-23-04 PUERTO RICO DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR RE-GROW PR URBAN-RURAL AGRICULTURAL RE-GROW PROGRAM, PR-RGRW-01547, HUERTA RICA LLC, CARR. 409 KM 2.0, BO. BUCARABONES, LAS MARÍAS, PUERTO RICO

Dear Ms. Poche,

Our Office has received and reviewed the above referenced project in accordance with 54 USC 306108 (commonly known as Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended) and 36 CFR Part 800: Protection of Historic Properties from the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation. The State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) is to advise and assist federal agencies and other responsible entities when identifying historic properties, assessing effects upon them, and considering alternatives to avoid or reduce the project's effects.

Our records support your finding of no historic properties affected within the project's area of potential effects.

Please note that should the Agency discover other historic properties at any point during project implementation, you should notify the SHPO immediately. If you have any questions concerning our comments, do not hesitate to contact our Office.

Sincerely,

Carlos A. Rubio-Cancela

State Historic Preservation Officer

CARC/GMO/LGC



OFICINA ESTATAL DE CONSERVACIÓN HISTÓRICA OFICINA DEL GOBERNADOR STATE HISTORIC

PRESERVATION OFFICE
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR



December 1, 2023

Carlos A. Rubio Cancela State Historic Preservation Officer Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office Cuartel de Ballajá (Tercer Piso) San Juan, PR 00902-3935

Puerto Rico Disaster Recovery, CDBG-DR Re-Grow PR Urban-Rural Agricultural (Re-Grow PR) Program

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination Submittal: PR-RGRW-01547 – Huerta Rica LLC – Carretera 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones, Las Marías, Puerto Rico – *No Historic Properties Affected* 

Dear Architect Rubio Cancela,

In accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and its implementing regulations, 36 CFR Part 800, HORNE is providing information for your review and requesting your concurrence regarding the above-referenced projects on behalf of the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH). On February 9, 2018, an allocation of Community Development Block Grant - Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) funds was approved by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) under the Federal Register Volume 83, No. 28, 83 FR 5844, to assist the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico in meeting unmet needs in the wake of Hurricanes Irma and Maria. On August 14, 2018, an additional \$8.22 billion recovery allocation was allocated to Puerto Rico under the Federal Register Volume 83, No. 157, 83 FR 40314. With these funding allocations, the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (Housing) aims to lead a comprehensive and transparent recovery for the benefit of Puerto Rico residents.

On behalf of PRDOH and the subrecipient, the Puerto Rico Department of Agriculture, HORNE is submitting documentation for activities proposed by Huerta Rica LLC located at Carretera 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones, in the municipality of Las Marías. The undertaking for this project includes the purchase and installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment. The proposed greenhouse is approximately 400 square feet (sq. ft) in size (16 feet [ft] by 25 ft) with a total height of approximately 15 ft and will be constructed with PVC pipes and a saran covering. The greenhouse is intended to serve as shade for crops and will not be permanently anchored to the ground. Instead, the applicant will secure the greenhouse with metal stakes extending 4 to 6 inches (in) into the ground. No water or electrical connections will be required for the greenhouse. The cistern will be placed on a wooden pallet (approximately 40 in by 48 in) and will be used as an emergency water supply during prolonged periods without precipitation. The applicant will connect an above-



ground drip tape irrigation system to the cistern. Minimal vegetation clearing and possible surface leveling is anticipated for the preparation and installation of the wooden pallet to support the new cistern.

Based on the submitted documentation, the Program requests a concurrence that a finding of no historic properties affected is appropriate for this proposed project.

Please contact me by email at <a href="mailto:lauren.poche@horne.com">lauren.poche@horne.com</a> or phone at 225-405-7676 with any questions or concerns.

Kindest regards,

Lauren Bair Poche, M.A.

Architectural Historian, EHP Senior Manager

**Attachments** 

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM

**REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM** 

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination

Applicant: Huerta Rica LLC

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

Project Location: Carretera 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones, Las Marias, Puerto Rico 00670

Project Coordinates: (as provided by applicant during field visit)

Greenhouse: 18.205084, -66.935986 Cistern: 18.205275, -66.935875

TPID (Número de Catastro): 237-000-001-19, 237-000-001-18, 237-000-001-17, 236-000-005-15

Type of Undertakina:

☐ Substantial Repair/Improvements

☑ New Construction

Construction Date (AH est.):

Neighbor 1: ca. 1990 Neighbor 2: ca. 2000

Shed on Project site: ca. 1990

Property Size (acres): 11.87 acres total

GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO

Greenhouse: 0.009183 acre (400 sq. ft)

Cistern: 0.000646 acre (28 sq. ft)

**SOI-Qualified Architect/Architectural Historian**: Erin Edwards, MPS

Date Reviewed: November 9, 2023

**SOI-Qualified Archaeologist**: Heath Anderson, Ph.D.

Date Reviewed: November 9, 2023

In compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), the Program is responsible for identifying historic properties listed in the NRHP and any properties not listed that would be considered eligible for listing that are located within the geographic area of potential effects (APE) of the proposed project and assessing the potential effects of its undertakings on these historic properties.

#### Project Description (Undertaking)

The proposed project includes the installation of a new greenhouse and 1,000-gallon cistern and the purchase of farming equipment. The proposed greenhouse is approximately 400 square feet (sq. ft) in size (16 feet [ft] by 25 ft) with a total height of approximately 15 ft and will be constructed with PVC pipes and a saran covering. The greenhouse is intended to serve as shade for crops and will not be permanently anchored to the ground. Instead, the applicant will secure the greenhouse with metal stakes extending 4 to 6 inches (in) into the ground. No water or electrical connections will be required.

The cistern will be placed on a wooden pallet (approximately 40 in by 48 in) and will be used exclusively as an emergency water supply during prolonged periods without precipitation. The applicant will connect a drip tape irrigation system to the cistern. The irrigation lines will be on the surface of the ground, not buried. Minimal vegetation clearing and possible surface leveling is anticipated for the preparation and installation of the wooden pallet to support the new cistern.

No tree clearing is required for construction, and the project will have very minimal ground disturbance for the cultivation of the cacao trees. The applicant owns the property; therefore, no acquisition or is required.

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM					
REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM	GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO				
Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination					
Applicant: Huerta Rica LLC					
Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547	City: Las Marías				

#### **Area of Potential Effects**

As defined in 36 CFR §800.16(d), the area of potential effects (APE) is the geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause changes in the character or use of historic properties if any such properties exist. Based on this definition and the nature and scope of the Undertaking, the Program has determined that the direct APE for this project is the location of the greenhouse and cistern plus a 15-meter horizontal buffer to allow for some variation in final placement during construction and the visual APE is the viewshed of the proposed project.

#### Identification of Historic Properties - Archaeology

Existing information on previously identified historic properties has been reviewed to determine if any such properties are located within the APE of this undertaking. The review of this existing information by a Program contracted archaeologist meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61) who searched the records at the SHPO and the Instituto de Cultura Puertorriqueña which shows that there are no reported archaeological materials or significant cultural properties within a half-mile (mi) radius of the project location. One Section 106 study has been conducted within the northnorthwest portion of the 0.5 mi review radius and is discussed in the following section. The proposed project is located in a rural, mountainous area in the west portion of the island at an elevation of 290 ft (88 meters [m]) above mean sea level. Per the USGS/NRCS Web Soil Survey, the project area crosses one mapped soil series: CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes). The project area APE is in the southeast portion of Municipio Las Marías. The general project area is located on a steep, north-facing slope in a region of high topographic relief and dense, tropical forest vegetation. The closest freshwater source is the Río Bucarabones, which parallels the north property boundary and is located 0.04 mile (mi; 0.06 kilometer [km]) north of the project area. The nearest coast is located approximately 14.3 mi (23.1 km) west of the project area.

#### Identification of Historic Properties - Architecture

Existing information on previously identified historic properties has been reviewed to determine if any such properties are located within the APE of this undertaking. The review of this existing information, by a Program contracted Historic Preservation Specialist meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61) shows that the project area is not within the boundaries of a National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)-eligible or listed Traditional Urban Center or Historic District. Section 106 surveys

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM
REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM
Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination

Applicant: Huerta Rica LLC

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547

City: Las Marías

completed in the 0.50-mi review area are limited to one: Código SHPO 06-26-13-01, which included the survey of three houses. Only one house, Site A, is within the 0.5 mi search radius. The two other houses surveyed in this effort (B and C) are outside of the 0.50-mi review area. This survey was performed in 2013 for the rehabilitation of houses by HUD. A finding of No Historic Properties Affected was returned.

The project area is in a rural area of Las Marías, in Bucarabones Barrio. The area is mountainous and covered with dense vegetation and the Rio Bucarabones flows on the north side of the project site. There is one building, a shed, on the project site, but it is in ruins and no longer provides shelter. There are two other developed properties in the area, a camping/daycare site called Under the Stars (Fishing/Camping/Adventure) that is open for children to promote outdoor activities. The site was empty in 1993 Google Earth aerials and has a single building onsite in 2004 aerials (<a href="https://www.GoogleEarth.com">https://www.GoogleEarth.com</a>) and a date of construction should be ca. 2000. The second house is to the southeast of the project site, and does appear on 1993 Google Earth aerials but is not visible on 1977 Earth Explorer aerials (<a href="mailto:EarthExplorer">EarthExplorer (usgs.gov)</a>) and a date of construction should be ca. 1990. The project area is mountainous, and sits in a valley between two ridges, and none of the neighbors nor the Hacienda site will be able to view the project site. No historic properties will be affected by the proposed project activities.

#### **Determination**

The following historic properties have been identified within the APE:

- Direct Effect:
  - o None
- Indirect Effect:
  - o None

Based on the results of our historic property identification efforts, the Program has determined that project actions will not affect historic properties that compose the Area of Potential Effect. The project area is not within or adjacent to the boundaries of a National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)-eligible or listed historic district or Traditional Urban Center. There are no reported archaeological materials or significant cultural properties within a half-mile radius of the proposed project location. No known archaeological sites or NRHP listed/eligible historic properties are within or adjacent to the property or the parcel in which the Area of Potential Effect of case PR-RGRW-01547 is located. The closest freshwater body is approximately 0.04 mi (0.06 km) of the project area. The size of the proposed project activities are very small (0.009183 acre (400 sq. ft) and 0.000646 acre (28 sq. ft)) and

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination	GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING
Applicant: Huerta Rica LLC	'
Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547	City: Las Marías

construction of public roads/residential structures/agricultural infrastructure has impacted the surrounding terrain. Additionally, the topography of the area will not allow any neighboring properties from seeing the project site. No historic properties will be affected by the proposed project activities.

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination	GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING				
Applicant: Huerta Rica LLC					
Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547	City: Las Marías				

#### Recommendation (Please keep on same page as SHPO Staff Section)

The Puerto Rico Department of Housing requests that the Puerto Rico SHPO concur that the
following determination is appropriate for the undertaking (Choose One):

⋈ No Historic Properties Affected
□ No Adverse Effect
Condition (if applicable):
□ Adverse Effect
Proposed Resolution (if appliable

#### This Section is to be Completed by SHPO Staff Only

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- /		
The Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office has reviewed and:	d the above information		
□ <b>Concurs</b> with the information provided.			
□ <b>Does not concur</b> with the information provided.			
Comments:			
Carlos Rubio-Cancela State Historic Preservation Officer	Date:		



Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

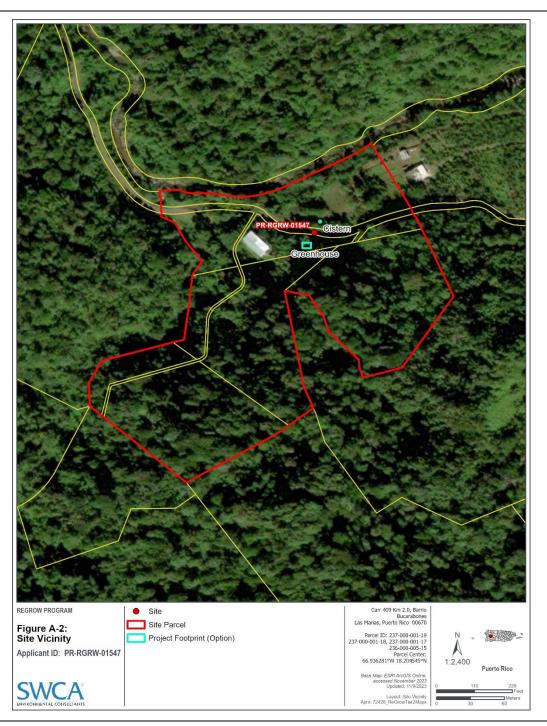
#### Project (Parcel) Location – Area of Potential Effect Map (Aerial)





Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

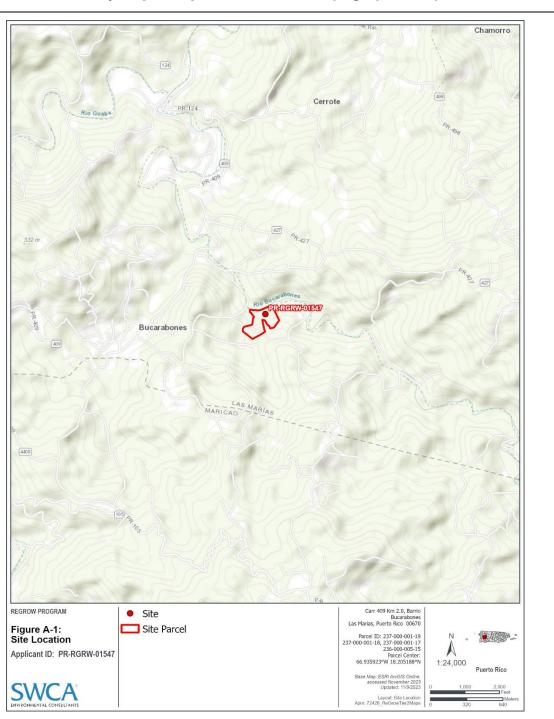
#### Project (Parcel) Location - Aerial Map





Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

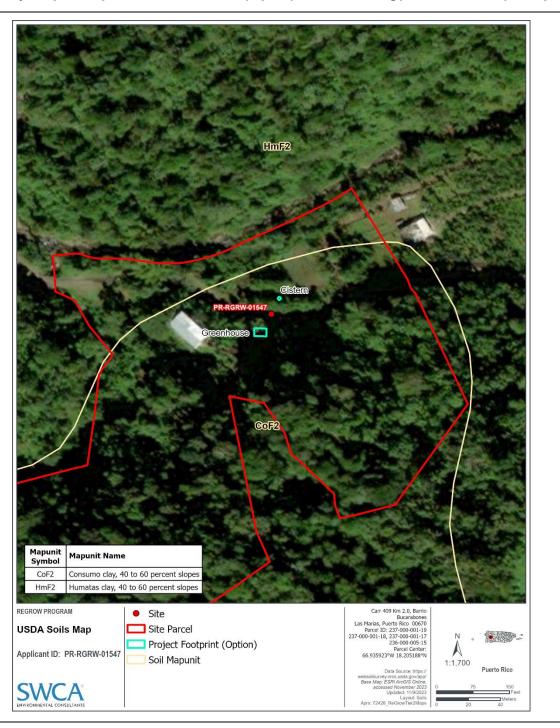
#### Project (Parcel) Location - USGS Topographic Map





Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

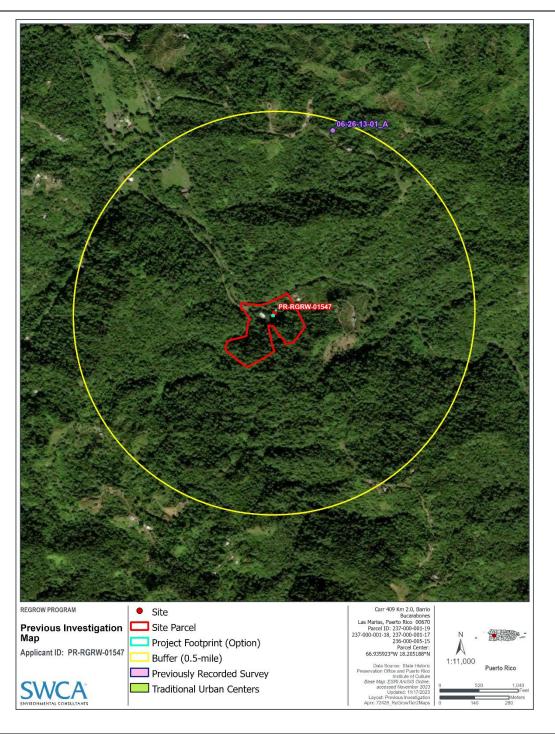
#### Project (Parcel) Location – Soils Map (Only if Archaeology Review is Required)





Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

#### Project (Parcel) Location with Previous Investigations - Aerial Map





Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

## Project (Parcel) Location with Previously Recorded Cultural Resources USGS Topographic Map



PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination



Applicant: Huerta Rica LLC

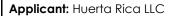
Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

#### Photograph Key



### PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM





Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

**Photo #:** 01

Date: 09/01/2023

**Photo Direction:** 

West

Description:

Proposed greenhouse

Northeast corner



GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING

**Photo #:** 02

Date: 09/01/2023

**Photo Direction:** 

East

Description:

Proposed greenhouse

– Southwest corner



PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM

REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM

**Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination** 

Applicant: Huerta Rica LLC

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

**Photo #:** 03

Date: 09/01/2023

**Photo Direction:** 

East

Description:

Proposed greenhouse

Northwest corner



GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO

**Photo #:** 04

Date: 09/01/2023

Photo Direction:

West

Description:

Proposed greenhouse

Southeast corner



PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination



Applicant: Huerta Rica LLC

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01547 City: Las Marías

**Photo #:** 05

Date: 09/01/2023

**Photo Direction:** 

East

Description:

Approximate location of above-ground water tanks/cisterns



**Photo #:** 06

Date: 09/01/2023

Photo Direction:

Southeast

Description:

Probable/approximate location of septic tank; applicant was not sure of precise location





October 20, 2022

#### Arch. Carlos A. Rubio Cancela

Executive Director State Historic Preservation Officer Cuartel de Ballajá Bldg. San Juan, Puerto Rico

Re: Authorization to Submit Documents

Dear Arch. Rubio Cancela:

The U.S. Department of Housing (HUD) approved the allocations of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG-DR) funds on February 9, 2018. It also approved the allocation of Community Development Block Grant Mitigation (CDBG-MIT) funds on January 27, 2020. The purpose of these allocations is to address unsatisfied needs as a result of Hurricanes Irma and Maria in September 2017; and to carry out strategic and high-impact activities to mitigate disaster risks and reduce future losses.

To comply with the environmental requirements established by HUD, the Department of Housing of Puerto Rico (PRDOH) contracted Horne Federal LLC to provide environmental registry review services, among others, that will support the objectives of the agenda for both CDBG-DR and CDBG -MIT Programs.

In line to expedite the processes, Horne Federal LLC, is authorized to submit to the State Historic Preservation Officer, documentation of projects related to both the CDBG-DR and CDBG-MIT on behalf of PRDOH.

Cordially,

Juan C Pérez Bofill, P.E. M.Eng Director of Disaster Recovery

CDBG DR-MIT

# Attachment 12 Wetlands Protection Partner Worksheet and Map



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

#### Wetlands (CEST and EA) - Partner

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/wetlands-protection

,,,,,,	,
1.	Does this project involve new construction as defined in Executive Order 11990, expansion of a building's footprint, or ground disturbance?
	The term "new construction" includes draining, dredging, channelizing, filling, diking, impounding, and related activities and construction of any any structures or facilities.
	$\square$ No $\Rightarrow$ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.
	$\boxtimes$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to Question 2.
2.	Will the new construction or other ground disturbance impact a wetland as defined in E.O. 11990?
	$\boxtimes$ No $\Rightarrow$ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map or any other relevant documentation to explain your determination.
	$\square$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Work with HUD or the RE to assist with the 8-Step Process. Continue to Question 3.
3.	Does Section 55.12 state that the 8-Step Process is not required?
	<ul> <li>□ No, the 8-Step Process applies.</li> <li>This project will require mitigation and may require elevating structure or structures. See the link to the HUD Exchange above for information on HUD's elevation requirements.</li> <li>→ Work with the RE/HUD to assist with the 8-Step Process. Continue to Worksheet Summary.</li> </ul>
	☐ 5-Step Process is applicable per 55.12(a).  Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(a) here.  Click here to enter text.
	→ Work with the RE/HUD to assist with the 5-Step Process. This project may require mitigation or alternations. Continue to Worksheet Summary.
	□ 8-Step Process is inapplicable per 55.12(b).  Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(b) here.  Click here to enter text.

- → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to Worksheet Summary.
- ☐ 8-Step Process is inapplicable per 55.12(c).

#### Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(c) here.

Click here to enter text.

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to Worksheet Summary.

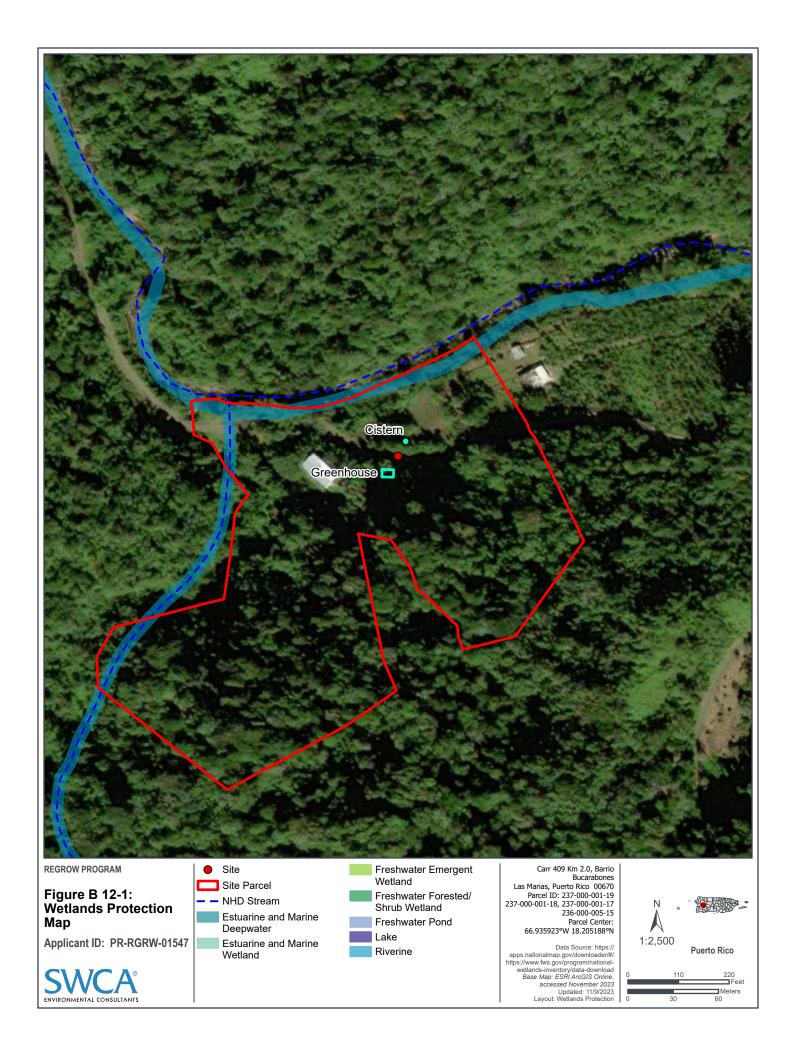
#### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

#### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site was reviewed for wetlands using the USFWS Wetland Inventory Mapper. A riverine wetland (shown as an NHD stream on Figure B 12-1) is located approximately 167 feet northwest of the greenhouse at its closest point and will not be affected by project activities if best management practices, such as silt fencing and erosion control, are implemented during any ground-disturbing activities. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11990. Note- the NWI online webmapper, accessed on November 9, 2023, shows this NHD stream is a riverine wetland.



# Attachment 13 Wild and Scenic Rivers Partner Worksheet and Wild and Scenic Rivers Map

#### Wild and Scenic Rivers (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation			
The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act	The Wild and Scenic Rivers	36 CFR Part 297			
provides federal protection for	Act (16 U.S.C. 1271-1287),				
certain free-flowing, wild, scenic	particularly section 7(b) and				
and recreational rivers	(c) (16 U.S.C. 1278(b) and (c))				
designated as components or					
potential components of the					
National Wild and Scenic Rivers					
System (NWSRS) from the effects					
of construction or development.					
References					
https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/wild-and-scenic-rivers					

### 1. Is your project within proximity of a NWSRS river as defined below?

**Wild & Scenic Rivers:** These rivers or river segments have been designated by Congress or by states (with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Interior) as wild, scenic, or recreational

<u>Study Rivers:</u> These rivers or river segments are being studied as a potential component of the Wild & Scenic River system.

<u>Nationwide Rivers Inventory (NRI):</u> The National Park Service has compiled and maintains the NRI, a register of river segments that potentially qualify as national wild, scenic, or recreational river areas

#### $\boxtimes$ No

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Provide documentation used to make your determination, such as a map identifying the project site and its surrounding area or a list of rivers in your region in the Screen Summary at the conclusion of this screen.

	Yes	s, the	proje	ct is	in	proximity	of a	Natio	nwide	Rivers	Inver	ntory	(NRI)	River
_														

→ Continue to Question 2.

#### 2. Could the project do any of the following?

- Have a direct and adverse effect within Wild and Scenic River Boundaries,
- Invade the area or unreasonably diminish the river outside Wild and Scenic River Boundaries, or
- Have an adverse effect on the natural, cultural, and/or recreational values of a NRI segment.

Consultation with the appropriate federal/state/local/tribal Managing Agency(s) is required, pursuant to Section 7 of the Act, to determine if the proposed project may have an adverse effect on a Wild & Scenic River or a Study River and, if so, to determine the appropriate avoidance or mitigation measures.

<u>Note</u>: Concurrence may be assumed if the Managing Agency does not respond within 30 days; however, you are still obligated to avoid or mitigate adverse effects on the rivers identified in the NWSRS

No, the Managing Agency has concurred that the proposed project will not alter, directly,
or indirectly, any of the characteristics that qualifies or potentially qualifies the river for
inclusion in the NWSRS.

- → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Provide documentation of the consultation (including the Managing Agency's concurrence) and any other documentation used to make your determination.
- ☐ Yes, the Managing Agency was consulted and the proposed project may alter, directly, or indirectly, any of the characteristics that qualifies or potentially qualifies the river for inclusion in the NWSRS.
- → The RE/HUD must work with the Managing Agency to identify mitigation measures to mitigate the impact or effect of the project on the river.

#### **Worksheet Summary**

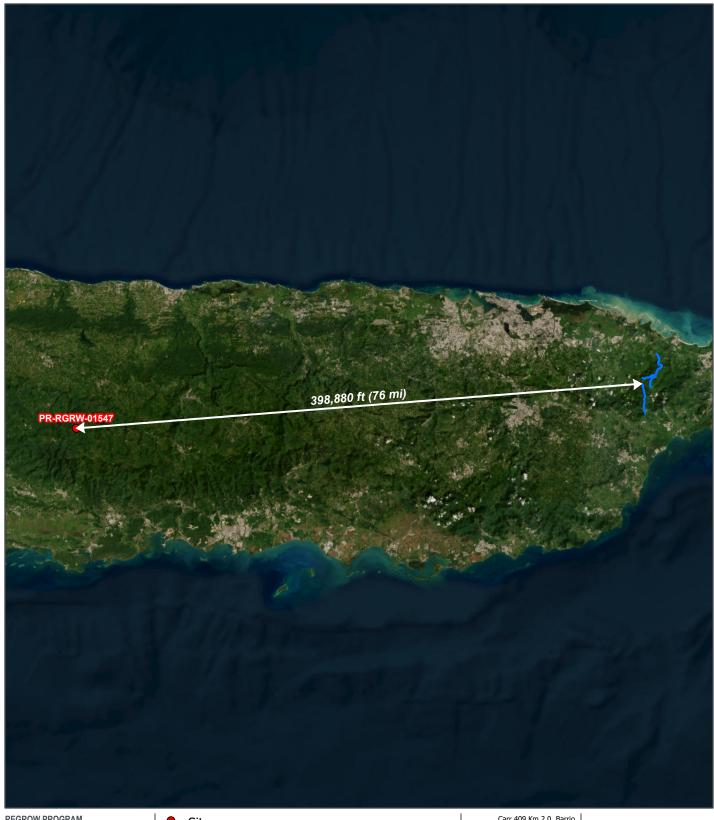
#### **Compliance Determination**

Provide a clear description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your region

A review of the USFWS National Wild and Scenic River mapper identified no Wild and Scenic Rivers or National Rivers Inventory (NRI) rivers present in Las Marías Municipio. The closest Wild and Scenic River segment is located 398,880 feet (76 miles) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation requi					
☐ Yes					
⊠ No					



REGROW PROGRAM

Figure B 13-1: National Wild and Scenic River Map

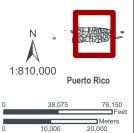
Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01547



National Wild and Scenic River

Carr 409 Km 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones Las Marias, Puerto Rico 00670 Parcel ID: 237-000-001-19 237-000-001-17 236-000-005-15 Parcel Center: 66.363019°W 18.249092°N

Data Source: https://apps.fs.usda.gov/ arcx/rest/services/EDW/ EDW\_WildScenicRiverSegments\_01/ mapserver Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed November 2023 Updated: 11/9/2023



# Attachment 14 Environmental Justice Partner Worksheet and EJScreen Report



#### **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

#### **Environmental Justice (CEST and EA) – PARTNER**

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/environmental-justice

HUD strongly encourages starting the Environmental Justice analysis only after all other laws and authorities, including Environmental Assessment factors if necessary, have been completed.

1.	Were any adverse environmental impacts identified in any other compliance review portion of this project's total environmental review?			
	□Yes	Continue to Question 2.		
	⊠No	If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.		
2	Moro	these adverse environmental impacts disprepartionately high for low income and/or		

2. Were these adverse environmental impacts disproportionately high for low-income and/or minority communities?

□Yes

#### **Explain:**

Click here to enter text.

The RE/HUD must work with the affected low-income or minority community to decide what mitigation actions, if any, will be taken. Provide any supporting documentation.

□No

#### **Explain:**

Click here to enter text.

If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

#### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The ReGrow Program intends to alleviate negative economic impacts to, and strengthen, the agricultural industry in Puerto Rico. The project's direct and indirect impacts are limited to a small area on multiple land parcels. The project will benefit the farm owner by improving agricultural use and production. The project would not facilitate development that would negatively affect human health or result in disproportionate adverse environmental impacts to low-income or minority populations. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898.

# **EJScreen Community Report**

This report provides environmental and socioeconomic information for user-defined areas, and combines that data into environmental justice and supplemental indexes.

### Las Marías Municipio, PR

A3 Landscape

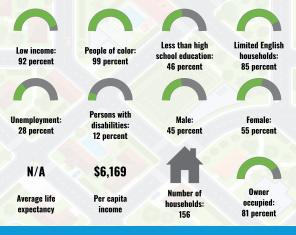


#### LANGUAGES SPOKEN AT HOME

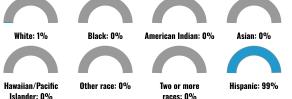
LANGUAGE	PERCENT			
No language data available.				

1 mile Ring around the Area Population: 478 Area in square miles: 3.76

#### COMMUNITY INFORMATION



#### **BREAKDOWN BY RACE**



#### **BREAKDOWN BY AGE**

From Ages 1 to 4	7%
From Ages 1 to 18	22%
From Ages 18 and up	78%
From Ages 65 and up	19%

#### LIMITED ENGLISH SPEAKING BREAKDOWN



Notes: Numbers may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of any race. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2017 -2021. Life expectancy data comes from the Centers for Disease Control.

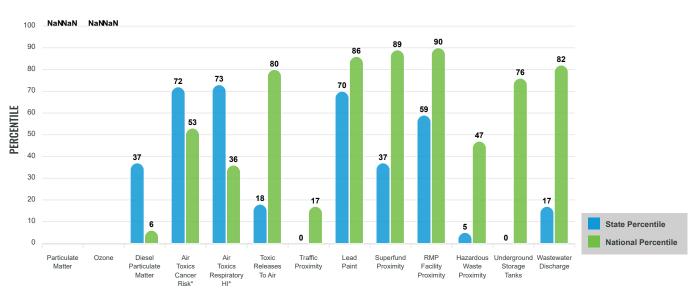
#### **Environmental Justice & Supplemental Indexes**

The environmental justice and supplemental indexes are a combination of environmental and socioeconomic information. There are thirteen EJ indexes and supplemental indexes in EJScreen reflecting the 13 environmental indicators. The indexes for a selected area are compared to those for all other locations in the state or nation. For more information and calculation details on the EJ and supplemental indexes, please visit the EJScreen website.

#### **EJ INDEXES**

The EJ indexes help users screen for potential EJ concerns. To do this, the EJ index combines data on low income and people of color populations with a single environmental indicator.

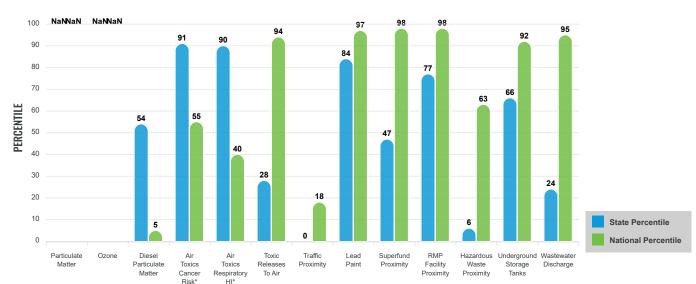
#### **EJ INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION**



#### SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES

The supplemental indexes offer a different perspective on community-level vulnerability. They combine data on percent low-income, percent linguistically isolated, percent less than high school education, percent unemployed, and low life expectancy with a single environmental indicator.





 $These \ percentiles \ provide \ perspective \ on \ how \ the \ selected \ block \ group \ or \ buffer \ area \ compares \ to \ the \ entire \ state \ or \ nation.$ 

Report for 1 mile Ring around the Area

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### **EJScreen Environmental and Socioeconomic Indicators Data**

SELECTED VARIABLES	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	PERCENTILE IN STATE	USA AVERAGE	PERCENTILE IN USA
POLLUTION AND SOURCES					
Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.08	N/A
Ozone (ppb)	N/A	N/A	N/A	61.6	N/A
Diesel Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	0.0251	0.0667	33	0.261	1
Air Toxics Cancer Risk* (lifetime risk per million)	20	20	0	25	1
Air Toxics Respiratory HI*	0.2	0.19	0	0.31	1
Toxic Releases to Air	200	4,300	16	4,600	32
Traffic Proximity (daily traffic count/distance to road)	0.81	180	0	210	3
Lead Paint (% Pre-1960 Housing)	0.15	0.16	64	0.3	42
Superfund Proximity (site count/km distance)	0.057	0.15	32	0.13	48
RMP Facility Proximity (facility count/km distance)	0.21	0.47	56	0.43	59
Hazardous Waste Proximity (facility count/km distance)	0.062	0.76	4	1.9	12
Underground Storage Tanks (count/km²)	0.23	1.7	60	3.9	33
Wastewater Discharge (toxicity-weighted concentration/m distance)	0.00021	2.3	16	22	36
SOCIOECONOMIC INDICATORS					
Demographic Index	96%	83%	86	35%	99
Supplemental Demographic Index	63%	43%	95	14%	99
People of Color	99%	96%	27	39%	96
Low Income	92%	70%	86	31%	99
Unemployment Rate	28%	15%	84	6%	98
Limited English Speaking Households	85%	67%	85	5%	99
Less Than High School Education	46%	21%	96	12%	97
Under Age 5	7%	4%	86	6%	70
Over Age 64	19%	22%	37	17%	62
Low Life Expectancy	N/A	N/A%	N/A	20%	N/A

\*Dissel particulate matter, air toxics cancer risk, and air toxics respiratory hazard index are from the EPA'S Air Toxics Data Undate, which is the Agency's orgoing, comprehensive evaluation of air toxics in the United States. This effort aims to prioritize air toxics, emission sources, and locations of interest for further study. It is important to remember that the air toxics data presented here provide broad estimates of health responsible to the provide to the state of the provide to the state of the provide to the state of the provided by the prov

#### Sites reporting to EPA within defined area:

Superfund	0
Hazardous Waste, Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities	0
Water Dischargers	0
Air Pollution	0
Brownfields	0
Toxic Release Inventory	0

#### Other community features within defined area:

Schools 0	
Hospitals	
Places of Worship	

#### Other environmental data:

Air Non-attainment	No
Impaired Waters	Yes

Selected location contains American Indian Reservation Lands*
Selected location contains a "Justice40 (CEJST)" disadvantaged community Yes
Selected location contains an EPA IRA disadvantaged community Yes

Report for 1 mile Ring around the Area

## **EJScreen Environmental and Socioeconomic Indicators Data**

	HEALTH INDICATORS				
INDICATOR	HEALTH VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE
Low Life Expectancy	N/A	N/A	N/A	20%	N/A
Heart Disease	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.1	N/A
Asthma	N/A	N/A	N/A	10	N/A
Cancer	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.1	N/A
Persons with Disabilities	11.3%	21.6%	8	13.4%	41

CLIMATE INDICATORS					
INDICATOR	HEALTH VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE
Flood Risk	N/A	N/A	N/A	12%	N/A
Wildfire Risk	N/A	N/A	N/A	14%	N/A

CRITICAL SERVICE GAPS					
INDICATOR	HEALTH VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE
Broadband Internet	72%	32%	97	14%	99
Lack of Health Insurance	2%	7%	8	9%	15
Housing Burden	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Transportation Access	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Food Desert	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Footnotes

Report for 1 mile Ring around the Area

# Attachment 15 Sole Source Aquifer Partner Worksheet and Map



#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

#### Sole Source Aquifers (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

3(	Die Source Aquirers (CEST and EA) - PARTNER
<u>ht</u>	tps://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/sole-source-aquifers
1.	Is the project located on a sole source aquifer (SSA)¹?  ⊠No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section.  Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination, such as a map of your project or jurisdiction in relation to the nearest SSA.
	$\square$ Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to Question 2.
2.	Does the project consist solely of acquisition, leasing, or rehabilitation of an existing building(s)? $\Box$ Yes $\Rightarrow$ The review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.
	$\square$ No $\rightarrow$ Continue to Question 3.
3.	Does your region have a memorandum of understanding (MOU) or other working agreement with EPA for HUD projects impacting a sole source aquifer?  Contact your Field or Regional Environmental Officer or visit the HUD webpage at the link above to determine if an MOU or agreement exists in your area.  □Yes → Continue to Question 4.
	$\square$ No $\rightarrow$ Continue to Question 5.
4.	Does your MOU or working agreement exclude your project from further review?  □Yes → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section.  Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination and document where your project fits within the MOU or agreement.
	$\square$ No $\rightarrow$ Continue to Question 5.
5.	Will the proposed project contaminate the aquifer and create a significant hazard to public health?

Consult with your Regional EPA Office. Your consultation request should include detailed information about your proposed project and its relationship to the aquifer and associated streamflow source area.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A sole source aquifer is defined as an aquifer that supplies at least 50 percent of the drinking water consumed in the area overlying the aquifer. This includes streamflow source areas, which are upstream areas of losing streams that flow into the recharge area.

EPA will also want to know about water, storm water and waste water at the proposed project. Follow your MOU or working agreement or contact your Regional EPA office for specific information you may need to provide. EPA may request additional information if impacts to the aquifer are questionable after this information is submitted for review.

- $\square$ No  $\Rightarrow$  If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide your correspondence with the EPA and all documents used to make your determination.
- ☐Yes → The RE/HUD will work with EPA to develop mitigation measures. If mitigation measures are approved, attach correspondence with EPA and include the mitigation measures in your environmental review documents and project contracts. If EPA determines that the project continues to pose a significant risk to the aquifer, federal financial assistance must be denied. Continue to Question 6.

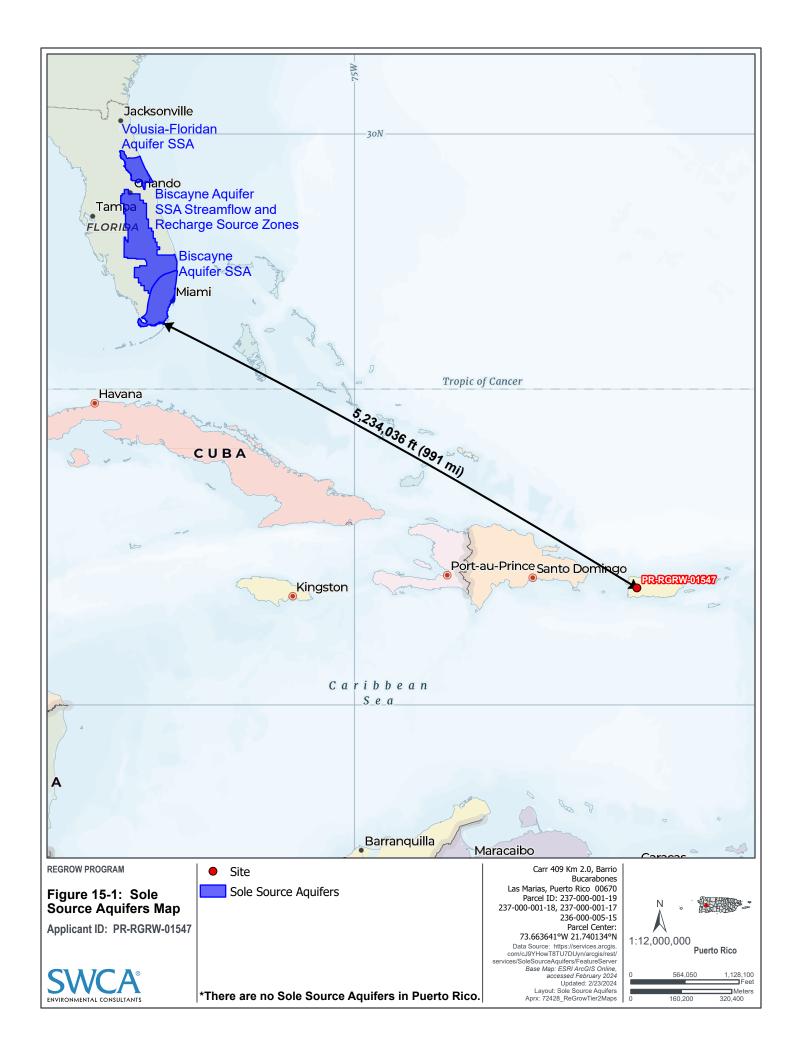
#### **Worksheet Summary**

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

#### Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

According to the USEPA's Source Water Protection, Sole Source Aquifer Protection Program, there are no sole source aquifers in Puerto Rico.



## Appendix C Environmental Site Inspection Report



# ENVIRONMENTAL FIELD ASSESSMENT FORM ReGrow



Applicant Name: Karina Claudio Betancourt	Program ID: PR-RGRW-01547
Project Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938	Parcel ID:
Parcel Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones	Municipio: Las Marias
Zip Code 00670	

nspector Name: Heath Anderson	Inspection Date: September 1, 2023
-------------------------------	------------------------------------

#### **General Site Conditions**

Was property accessible by vehicle?	Yes	Comment:
Access issues?	No	Comment: None
Are water wells present?	No	Comment:
Are creeks or ponds present?	Yes	Comment: Río Bucarabones runs along north and outside of property boundary, ca. 60 meters from project locations
Are any potential wetlands on- site or visible on adjacent parcel?	No	Comment:

#### **Parcel Conditions**

#### Note – for Any Yes answers specify type, contents and location

Do any of the proposed project work areas show evidence of site preparation?	No	Comment: If yes, ask applicant when the preparation work was completed.
Are commercial or industrial hazardous facilities at parcel or within visual sight?	No	Comment:
Are there signs of underground storage tanks?	Yes	Comment: Applicant reported knowledge of a septic tank on the property, but precise location of tank is unknown
Are above-ground tanks >10 gallons present? If Yes, also state condition.	No	Comment:
Are 55-gallon drums present? If Yes, also state condition.	No	Comment:



## ENVIRONMENTAL FIELD ASSESSMENT FORM ReGrow



Are abandoned vehicles or electrical equipment present?	No	Comment:	
Is other potential environmentally hazardous debris on the parcel?	No	Comment:	
Is there non-environmentally hazardous debris on the parcel?	Yes	Comment: Metal mesh tables associated with greenhouses and small amount of miscellaneous debris near proposed greenhouse location	
Are any leaks, soil stains, or stressed vegetation present associated with any of the above or separately?	No	Comment:	
Are there any pungent, foul or noxious odors?	No	Comment:	
Are there any potentially hazardous trees that could fall?	No	Comment:	
Are any bird nests visible?	No	Comment:	
Are there any animal burrows visible?	No	Comment:	
Are there any buildings in direct visual sight of the project locations?	No	Comment: House is located on the property but obscured from view by thick vegetation and undulating topography.	

#### **Additional Needs Analysis**

Based on the above findings, does additional information need to be obtained from the applicant to determine whether an environmental hazard is present?	No	Comment:
--	----	----------

☑ I verify that I have physically visited this property and that the findings outlined above are accurate.

Inspector Signature Heath Anderson September 1, 2023 Project #: PR-RGRW-01547 Photographer: Heath Anderson
Location Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio
Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670

Photographer: Heath Anderson
Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938

**Photo #:** 01

Date: 09/01/2 023

Photo Direction:

West **Description:** 

Proposed greenhouse – Northeast corner



Photo #: 02

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

East

Description:

Proposed greenhouse – Southwest corner



Project #: PR-RGRW-01547 Photogr

Location Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670

Photographer: Heath Anderson Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938

**Photo #:** 03

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

East

Description:

Proposed greenhouse – Northwest corner



**Photo #:** 04

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

West

**Description:** 

Proposed greenhouse – Southeast corner



Project #: PR-RGRW-01547 Photographer: Heath Anderson

Location Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938 Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670

**Photo #:** 05

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

South

Description:

Approximate location of above-ground water tanks/cisterns



**Photo #:** 06

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

East

Description:

Approximate location of above-ground water tanks/cisterns



Project #: PR-RGRW-01547 Photographer: Heath Anderson

Location Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670

Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938

**Photo #:** 07

Date: 09/01/2 023

**Photo Direction:** 

West

Description:

Approximate location of above-ground water tanks/cisterns



**Photo #:** 08

Date:

**Photo Direction:** 

North

**Description:** 

Approximate location of above-ground water tanks/cisterns



Project #: PR-RGRW-01547 Photographer: Heath Anderson
Location Address: Carr 409 KM 2.0, Barrio
Bucarabones, Las Marias, PR 00670
Coordinates: 18.205, -66.938

**Photo #:** 09

Date: 09/01/2 023

Photo Direction: Southeast

Probable/approxim ate location of septic tank; applicant was not sure of precise location

