

Environmental Assessment

Determinations and Compliance Findings for HUD-assisted Projects

24 CFR Part 58

Project Information

Project ID: PR-RGRW-01722

Project Name: Santiago Garcia Romero

Responsible Entity: Puerto Rico Department of Housing

Grant Recipient (if different than Responsible Entity): same as above

State/Local Identifier: Puerto Rico / Municipio of Lares

Preparer: Heath Anderson, Deputy Program Manager

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Consultant (if applicable): SWCA Environmental Consultants

Direct Comments to: PR Department of Housing, environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov

Project Location:

The proposed project, which includes a fence and two water cistern replacements, is located on a 12-acre parcel (Cadastral Number 238-000-003-71-000 & 238-000-003-70-000) at SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO BARTOLO, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669 (see **Appendix A, Figure 1-** Site Location and **Figure 2-** Site Vicinity). This property is in a rural area in the SE

portion of Lares Municipio. Access to the project areas is provided via an existing paved road that runs along the southern boundary of the property.

The applicant has identified one location for project activities related for the Intended Use of Grant Funds that are being evaluated under this Environmental Assessment (EA), also shown on Figures 1 and 2:

- Fence is along the SE portion of the parcel.
- Cistern 1 (18.203396,-66.843874) is in the E portion of the parcel.
- Cistern 2 (18.203394,-66.84386) is in the E portion of the parcel.

Description of the Proposed Project [24 CFR 58.32; 40 CFR 1508.25]:

The proposed project includes the purchase and installation of a fence replacement and two 1,000-gallon replacement water cisterns. This Environmental Assessment (EA) also encompasses the CENST review requirements for the equipment.

The two new 1,000-gallon water cisterns will be in-kind replacements of existing, defunct water cisterns. The cisterns will be installed atop existing 5-foot (ft) by 5-ft platforms that were used for the previous cisterns. The cisterns will service an existing germination area and the applicant's residence. The cistern will receive water via rainfall and an existing municipal water connection associated with the residence. The water will reach the germination area via an existing water pump and a new 105-ft-long aboveground water line that will be purchased with the applicant's personal funds. The water line will not be anchored to the ground.

The fence replacement will be constructed of wood posts, chicken wire, and barbed wire along the southern border of the property used to prevent theft and illegal dumping. The fence will be approximately 600 ft to 900 ft long. It is expected that the fence will require 100 to 150 wood posts that are placed approximately 6 ft apart, though this may vary due to ground conditions. The posts will be a maximum of 2 ft wide and inserted to a depth of 2 ft below ground surface.

No vegetation removal is required for construction. No tree clearing or ground drilling is required for construction and the project will have no ground disturbance apart from incidental disturbance necessary to replace fence posts. The applicant owns the property and currently uses it for agricultural and residential use; therefore, no acquisition or conversion is required.

Statement of Purpose and Need for the Proposal [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

In September of 2017, Hurricanes Irma and María produced sustained winds and intense rainfall that decimated agricultural production across the island of Puerto Rico. These hurricanes caused the loss of eighty percent of crop value island wide, exacerbating challenges to food security and agricultural business development. The Puerto Rico

Department of Agriculture (PRDA) estimated seven hundred and eighty million dollars (\$780 million) worth of damages from the hurricanes to the agricultural sector of the economy.

Many properties were damaged in Hurricane Maria, resulting in struggling businesses. The Re-Grow Puerto Rico Urban-Rural Agriculture Program (Re-Grow Program) will develop greater agricultural capacity and address the needs created by Hurricanes Irma and María with a substantial investment of Community Development Block Grant – Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) funds for a wide variety of viable and sustainable agricultural activities.

Agricultural capacity and strong food systems are fundamental to resiliency of economies and, as Puerto Rico's entire agriculture sector was devastated by the Hurricanes, this Program is designed to revitalize this industry. The Re-Grow Program is an integral part of the long-term expansion of jobs in the sector, food security and contributing to overall economic recovery of disaster impacted populations.

The applicant does not have the resources to purchase and install replacement cisterns and a fence for their agricultural operation nor has the applicant received any other outside source of funding for the project. The cisterns will assist the applicant with transferring water to an existing germination area. The fence will deter illegal dumping and theft. The project as a whole will support continued local agricultural production during future disasters.

Agencies consulted for the proposed project are provided in the *List of Sources, Agencies and Persons Consulted* section of this Environmental Assessment (EA). Further discussion of the environmental impacts of the proposed action and alternatives is provided in the *Cumulative Impact Analysis, Alternatives/No Action Alternative*, and *Summary of Findings and Conclusions* sections of this EA.

Existing Conditions and Trends

This property is an established farm. The project area is located near the applicant's residence. The area surrounding the applicant's property is rural and used primarily for residential and agricultural purposes. The land use is classified as Agricultural Development Zone Two (ZDA-2) and Agricultural Development Zone One (ZDA-1). In the absence of this project, the surrounding area would not be able to be self-sufficient in agriculture as intended by the ReGrow program. There is no proposed change in land use.

Funding Information

Grant Number	HUD Program	Funding Amount
B-17-DM-72-0001 B-18-DP-72-0001 B-19-DP-78-0002 B-18-DE-72-0001	Community Development Block Grant – Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR)	\$11,938,162,230

Estimated Total HUD Funded Amount: \$4,566.37

Estimated Total Project Cost (HUD and non-HUD funds) [24 CFR 58.32(d)]: \$4,566.37

Compliance with 24 CFR 58.5 and 58.6 Laws and Authorities

Record below the compliance or conformance determinations for each statute, executive order, or regulation. Provide credible, traceable, and supportive source documentation for each authority. Where applicable, complete the necessary reviews or consultations and obtain or note applicable permits or approvals. Clearly note citations, dates/names/titles of contacts, and page references. Attach additional documentation as appropriate.

Compliance Factors: Statutes, Executive Orders, and Regulations listed at 24 CFR §58.5 and §58.6	Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?	Compliance Determinations
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORDERS, AND REGULATIONS LISTED AT 24 CFR 58.6		
Airport Hazards 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D	Yes No <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p>The project site is not within 2,500 ft of a civil primary or commercial service airport or within 15,000 ft of a military airport. The nearest civil primary or commercial service airport, Eugenio Maria De Hostos, is located 105,546 ft (20 miles [mi]) from the project site. The nearest military airport, Luis Munoz Marin International Airport, is located 299,183 ft (57 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with airport hazards requirements.</p> <p>The Airport Hazards Partner Worksheet and Airport Hazards Map (Figure B 1-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 1.</p>
Coastal Barrier Resources Coastal Barrier Resources Act, as amended by the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act of 1990 [16 USC 3501]	Yes No <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p>The project site is not located in a Coastal Barrier Resource Systems Unit (CBRS) or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA). There are no CBRS units in Lares. The closest CBRS unit, Bahia de Tallaboa, is located 85,397 ft (16 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act.</p> <p>The Coastal Barrier Resources Act Partner Worksheet and Coastal Barrier</p>

		Resources Map (Figure B 2-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 2.
<p>Flood Insurance</p> <p>Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 and National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 [42 USC 4001-4128 and 42 USC 5154a]</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>A review of the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), Community Panel 72000C1055H (effective date 04/19/2005), shows the project site is in Flood Zone X, which is not in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). Flood insurance is not required. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Flood Disaster Protection Act and National Flood Insurance Reform Act.</p> <p>The Flood Insurance Partner Worksheet and FIRM (Figure B 3-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 3.</p>
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORDERS, AND REGULATIONS LISTED AT 24 CFR 58.5		
<p>Clean Air</p> <p>Clean Air Act, as amended, particularly section 176(c) & (d); 40 CFR Parts 6, 51, 93</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The project site is in Lares Municipio, which is within a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) designated attainment area. Municipios in Nonattainment or Maintenance areas include Arecibo, Bayamon, Catano, Guaynabo, Salinas, San Juan and Toa Baja. Project activities include new construction of a fence and two water cistern replacements. The project is not anticipated to have a negative impact on air quality. Emissions associated with the proposed actions are temporary and limited to the use of small construction equipment and will be well below the Federal General Conformity Rule de minimis thresholds. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act.</p> <p>The Air Quality Partner Worksheet, List of Non-Attainment/Maintenance Status Counties in Puerto Rico, and Clean Air Map (Figure B 4-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 4.</p>
<p>Coastal Zone Management</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The project site is not located within the Puerto Rico Coastal Management Zone. The closest coastal zone area is located</p>

<p>Coastal Zone Management Act, sections 307(c) & (d)</p>		<p>71,700 ft (14 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act.</p> <p>The Coastal Zone Management Partner Worksheet and Coastal Zone Map (Figure B 5-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 5.</p>
<p>Contamination and Toxic Substances</p> <p>24 CFR Part 58.5(i)(2)</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The project site was evaluated for potential contamination by conducting a field site inspection on June 24, 2024 to identify any onsite hazards including, but not limited to, soil staining, above ground storage tanks, signs of underground storage tanks, odors, hazardous debris etc.</p> <p>The site inspection identified onsite hazards; however, they are able to be resolved with mitigation (see Appendix C- Environmental Site Inspection Report). Onsite hazards that were identified include:</p> <p>Illegal dumping, though this is not expected to be an issue once construction of the fence commences. None of the trash appears to be hazardous in nature.</p> <p>The project does not involve any occupied structures, and therefore, is exempt from considering radon as part of the site contamination analysis as per HUD Notice CDP- 23-103.</p> <p>In addition, a desktop review of USEPA databases, NEPAassist, and other sources was conducted to determine if the project site was located near dump sites, junk yards, landfills, hazardous waste sites, or industrial sites, including USEPA National Priorities List Sites (Superfund sites), CERCLA or state-equivalent sites, RCRA Corrective Action sites with release(s) or suspected release(s) requiring clean-up action and/or further investigation. The parcel has been used for agricultural purposes</p>

		<p>and there has been no change in land use in the last 20 years. The project is located in a rural area of Lares Municipio and will continue to be used for agricultural purpose.</p> <p>The desktop review did not find any of the above-listed toxic, hazardous or radioactive substances in or within 3,000 feet of the project area. The project is in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements.</p> <p>The Contamination and Toxics Substances Partner Worksheet, and Contamination and Toxic Substances Map (Figure B 6-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 6, the Site Inspection Report is provided in Appendix C.</p>
<p>Endangered Species</p> <p>Endangered Species Act of 1973, particularly section 7; 50 CFR Part 402</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The project involves activities that have the potential to affect protected species or habitats including but not limited to activities such as ground disturbance.</p> <p>Threatened, endangered, and migratory bird species were identified by reviewing data from the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Information and Planning Consultation (IPaC) Tool. In addition, critical species habitat was reviewed through the USFWS IPaC and Critical Habitat Portal.</p> <p>The review identified five federally listed species (Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk [<i>Buteo platypterus brunnescens</i>], Puerto Rican parrot [<i>Amazona vittata</i>], Puerto Rican boa [<i>Chilobothrus inornatus</i>], Puerto Rican Sharp Shinned Hawk (<i>Accipiter striatus venator</i>), and the Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly (<i>Atlantea tulita</i>) with the potential to occur within the project area. There is no designated or proposed critical habitat within the project area; the closest final designated critical habitat is located 35,574 ft (7 mi) away.</p>

		<p>The project activities will result in ground disturbing activities, including replacing fence posts and installation of two cisterns and a fence. A qualified biologist reviewed the proposed activity location(s) and determined that the project area is adjacent to forested areas; therefore, the applicant will employ conservation measures for all five species, as outlined in Appendix E of the attached USACE informal consultation letter, including but not limited to issuing a stop work if a Puerto Rican boa were to occur within the project area, and contacting the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources for safe capture and relocation of the individual if such action is required. As such, it is anticipated that the project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk, Puerto Rican parrot, Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk, Puerto Rican boa, and the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly. See the attached USFWS informal consultation request and subsequent concurrence, dated September 20, 2024.</p> <p>If a Puerto Rican Boa is found in the project action site, work shall cease until the Boa moves off on its own. If the Boa does not move off, the Construction Manager shall contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources and ask for them to relocate the Boa.</p> <p>The Endangered Species Act Partner Worksheet, Threatened and Endangered Species Technical Memorandum with IPaC, Critical Habitat Map (Figure B 7-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 7.</p>
<p>Explosive and Flammable Hazards</p>	<p>Yes No <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The project includes the new construction of a fence and the installation of two replacement cisterns</p>

24 CFR Part 51 Subpart C		<p>as well as an above ground waterline. The project itself is not the development of a hazardous facility nor will the project increase residential densities. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.</p> <p>The Explosive and Flammable Hazards Partner Worksheet is provided in Appendix B, Attachment 8.</p>
<p>Farmlands Protection</p> <p>Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981, particularly sections 1504(b) and 1541; 7 CFR Part 658</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>This project does not include any activities that could potentially convert agricultural land to non-agricultural use. Per the USGS/NRCS Web Soil Survey, the project area crosses three_(3) mapped soil series: AoF2 (Anones clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes, eroded); CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes); and MwF2 (Morado clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes). No prime farmland or farmlands of statewide importance are within the project area. Although the project includes new construction, the project is exempt from review under the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FFPA) as the project is limited to construction of on-farm structures needed for farm operations. No further review is required. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act.</p> <p>The Farmlands Protection Partner Worksheet and Prime Farmland Map (Figure B 9-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 9.</p>
<p>Floodplain Management</p> <p>Executive Order 11988, particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>An Advisory Base Flood Elevation (ABFE) map was developed by FEMA, which shows the project sites are in Flood Zone X. The project is not located in the 100-year floodplain or ABFE special flood hazard area; therefore, no further action is required. The extent of the FFRMS floodplain was determined using the 0.2 percent flood approach. The project is in compliance with Executive</p>

		<p>Order 11988, as amended by Executive Order 13690 particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55. PFIRMs in Puerto Rico were only developed for certain sections of the municipalities of Carolina, Canovanas, Loiza, San Juan and Trujillo Alto. The proposed project is located in the municipality of Lares; However, the proposed project is not within an area where a PFIRM was developed. Therefore, PFIRM was not considered in the review.</p> <p>HUD implemented new floodplain regulations under 89 FR 30850 effective June 24, 2024 which created the Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (FFRMS). The current project comprises non-critical actions that lie outside the 0.2-percent-annual-chance (500-year flood elevation), which is the approach used for this project to comply with the FFRMS; therefore, mitigation is not required and the project is in compliance with 24 CFR Part 55.</p> <p>The Floodplain Management Partner Worksheet and ABFE Floodplain Map (Figure B 10-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 10.</p>
<p>Historic Preservation</p> <p>National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The project will involve new construction of two water cisterns and a fence on a developed property and significant ground disturbing activities of previously undisturbed soil. State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) consultation was performed.</p> <p>Record reviews and research were conducted at the SHPO and the Instituto de Cultura Puertorriqueña (ICP) to determine if any archaeologically sensitive resources could be present within a 0.5-mile radius.</p> <p>The results of the record search and the site inspection indicate that there are no historic properties or cultural</p>

		<p>resources within the 0.50-mile radius study area or within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE). Based on the results of the historic property identification efforts, the Program has determined that project actions will not affect historic properties that compose the APE.</p> <p>The determination was submitted to SHPO by PRDOH for concurrence on September 5, 2024 and SHPO concurred with the No Historic Properties Affected determination on September 24, 2024. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the National Historic Preservation Act.</p> <p>The Historic Preservation Partner Worksheet, Previously Recorded Cultural Resources Map (Figure B 11-1), and SHPO consultation are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 11.</p>
<p>Noise Abatement and Control</p> <p>Noise Control Act of 1972, as amended by the Quiet Communities Act of 1978; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart B</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The project activities are limited to two cistern replacements and construction of a fence and do not involve residential new construction or rehabilitation. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with HUD's noise regulation.</p>
<p>Sole Source Aquifers</p> <p>Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended, particularly section 1424(e); 40 CFR Part 149</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>According to the USEPA's Source Water Protection, Sole Source Aquifer Protection Program, there are no sole source aquifers in Puerto Rico. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act.</p> <p>The Sole Source Aquifer Partner Worksheet and Sole Source Aquifer Map (Figure B 12-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 12.</p>
<p>Wetlands Protection</p> <p>Executive Order 11990, particularly sections 2 and 5</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The project site was reviewed for wetlands using the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Wetland Inventory Mapper and a visual confirmation during the field site inspection. No</p>

		<p>wetlands were determined to be present on site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11990.</p> <p>The Wetlands Protection Partner Worksheet and Wetland Map (Figure B 13-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 13.</p>
<p>Wild and Scenic Rivers</p> <p>Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968, particularly section 7(b) and (c)</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>A review of the USFWS National Wild and Scenic River mapper identified no Wild and Scenic Rivers or National Rivers Inventory (NRI) rivers present in Lares Municipio. The closest Wild and Scenic River segment is located 366,691 ft (69 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.</p> <p>The Wild and Scenic Rivers Partner Worksheet and Wild and Scenic Rivers Map (Figure B 14-1) are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 14.</p>
ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE		
<p>Environmental Justice</p> <p>Executive Order 12898</p>	<p>Yes No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The ReGrow Program intends to alleviate negative economic impacts to, and strengthen, the agricultural industry in Puerto Rico. The project's direct and indirect impacts are limited to a small area on a single land parcel. The project will benefit the farm owner by improving agricultural use and production. The project would not facilitate development that would negatively affect human health or result in disproportionate adverse environmental impacts to low-income or minority populations. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898.</p> <p>The Environmental Justice Partner Worksheet and EJScreen Report are provided in Appendix B, Attachment 15.</p>

Environmental Assessment Factors [24 CFR 58.40; Ref. 40 CFR 1508.8 & 1508.27] Recorded below is the qualitative and quantitative significance of the effects of the proposal on the character, features and resources of the project area. Each factor has been evaluated and documented, as appropriate and in proportion to its relevance to the proposed action. Verifiable source documentation has been provided and described in support of each determination, as appropriate. Credible, traceable and supportive source documentation for each authority has been provided. Where applicable, the necessary reviews or consultations have been completed and applicable permits of approvals have been obtained or noted. Citations, dates/names/titles of contacts, and page references are clear. Additional documentation is attached, as appropriate. **All conditions, attenuation or mitigation measures have been clearly identified.**

Impact Codes: Use an impact code from the following list to make the determination of impact for each factor.

- (1) Minor beneficial impact
- (2) No impact anticipated
- (3) Minor Adverse Impact – May require mitigation
- (4) Significant or potentially significant impact requiring avoidance or modification which may require an Environmental Impact Statement

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation
LAND DEVELOPMENT		
Conformance with Plans / Compatible Land Use and Zoning / Scale and Urban Design	2	<p>The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns. The project site location(s) is classified as Agricultural Development Zone Two (ZDA-2) and Agricultural Development Zone One (ZDA-1) land use. The proposed action is continued agricultural use of property, which is compatible with zoning and existing land use.</p> <p>Construction actions include new construction which increase the current function of the existing land use. There is no change in land use since the land will continue to be used for agriculture purposes. The project site is in a rural area of Lares Municipio, and project activities will not contribute to urban sprawl.</p>

		The applicant and/or construction manager is required to obtain any necessary local and territorial building and environmental permits prior to construction activities commencing.
Soil Suitability/ Slope/ Erosion/ Drainage/ Storm Water Runoff	2	<p>The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns. Soil suitability will be assessed prior to construction and will be addressed during local permitting processes. Per the USGS/NRCS Web Soil Survey, the project area crosses three_(3) mapped soil series: AoF2 (Anones clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes, eroded); CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes); and Mwf2 (Morado clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes).. Contractors will be required to use best management practices during construction to control erosion and prevent runoff. The soil is currently being used for agriculture purposes.</p> <p>Landslide data from the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) indicates less than 25 landslides per square kilometer for the project area (see Appendix A, Figure 3- USGS Landslide Map). Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (DNER) authorization is required for any extraction, removal, excavation, and dredging of the components of the earth's crust.</p>
Hazards and Nuisances including Site Safety and Noise	2	<p>The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns.</p> <p>Contractors will be required to provide health and safety plans and monitoring during construction. Noise levels will temporarily increase during construction which may impact surrounding neighbors; however, program activities are limited to the existing farm property and will not elevate ambient noise levels long-term. Contractors will be required to comply with the applicable local noise ordinances. Noise impacts will be mitigated by restricting construction activities to daylight hours and to the hours established in the Regulation for Noise Control and Pollution in Puerto Rico.</p>

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation
SOCIOECONOMIC		

Employment and Income Patterns	2	<p>The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns.</p> <p>The project is not anticipated to have a significant impact on employment and income patterns; however, the project may help restore employment opportunities and income patterns by increasing the amount of produce being grown and sold at market.</p>
Demographic Character Changes, Displacement	2	<p>The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns.</p> <p>The project is a rural area in Lares Municipio and will not alter the demographics or character of the surrounding community. Project activities will not result in any direct or indirect displacement of individuals or families.</p>
Environmental Justice	2	<p>The proposed project includes the purchase construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns.</p> <p>The project's direct and indirect impacts are limited to a small area on a single land parcel. The project will benefit the farm owner by providing access to water for agricultural use and production and to protect the farm from theft and illegal dumping. The project will not facilitate development that would negatively affect human health or result in disproportionate adverse environmental impacts to low-income or minority populations (see EJ Screen Report in Attachment 15).</p>

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation
COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES		
Educational and Cultural Facilities	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns on private land and will not contribute to any change in educational or cultural facilities or affect access to or capacity of educational or cultural facilities.
Commercial Facilities	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two

		water cisterns. The proposed project will increase agricultural production, resulting in a net positive impact to the applicant's farm commercial output and a positive benefit to surrounding commercial enterprises who purchase and sell the produce; however, the project will not put undue pressure on commercial facilities.
Health Care and Social Services	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns on private land and will not affect access to or capacity of health care and social services.
Solid Waste Disposal / Recycling	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns. The proposed project may cause an increase in short-term generation of solid waste during construction. All construction debris will be disposed of at the proper facilities for the debris type (i.e., construction waste). The project will not contribute to long-term needs or changes to solid waste disposal and recycling.
Wastewater / Sanitary Sewers	2	The purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns is not expected to result in significant changes in wastewater or sanitary sewer generation. Sewage will not be generated from the project. No new wastewater or sanitary sewer connections are required for this project.
Water Supply	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns. The proposed project activities are not expected to result in significant changes to water supply. The cisterns are in-kind replacements of water cisterns that are being used to water a germination are by collecting rainwater and using municipal water. The applicant should obtain authorization from PRASA or AAA prior to expanding the connections.
Public Safety - Police, Fire and Emergency Medical	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns on private land and will not affect public safety concerns such as police, fire, and emergency medical services.

Parks, Open Space and Recreation	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns on private land and will not result in any changes to access or use of parks, open space, and recreation areas.
Transportation and Accessibility	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns on private land and will have no relation to transportation services. The proposed activities will not result in any changes in transportation and accessibility.

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation
NATURAL FEATURES		
Unique Natural Features, Water Resources	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns. The project is not located in proximity to unique natural features or water resources; therefore, construction activities will not affect quality or access to these resources.
Vegetation, Wildlife	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns. The project area has already been previously disturbed for farm operations; therefore, the project is not anticipated to result in any new impacts to trees, vegetation, wildlife or native plant communities. No tree clearing or pruning is anticipated prior to cistern and fence construction.

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation
CLIMATE AND ENERGY		
Climate Change Impacts	2	The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns. The proposed ReGrow program project aims to increase resiliency in the agricultural industry to

		<p>prepare for future climate related disasters, including drought. The Climate Mapping for Resilience and Adaptation Assessment tool (https://resilience.climate.gov/#assessment-tool) provides historical and future climate data for five common climate-related hazards (extreme heat, drought, wildfires, flooding, and coastal inundation). The data model for the census tract that includes application location does not indicate a significant increase in hazard risks from climate change for drought, wildfire, or flooding, when comparing historical data (1976-2005) to future projections. The model projects a greater number of days where temperatures will exceed 90 degrees Fahrenheit after 2015, which is a systemic trend in the model across the Island.</p> <p>The specific activities proposed for this economic development project are limited in scale and land impacts. The proposed fence and water cistern construction activities are for individual farm use and will not result in a significant increase in electricity or water draw. The water cistern system used will allow the applicant to control the water to the crops and will reduce the amount needed compared to open air farming which often results in higher evapotranspiration. The equipment that will be used during construction and operation will also be limited to occasional use at this specific land parcel, and therefore will not generate a significant amount of greenhouse gas.</p>
Energy Efficiency	2	<p>The proposed project includes the purchase and construction of a fence and the installation of two water cisterns.</p> <p>The project will not result in significant additional energy consumption as it involves only the installation of two replacement cisterns, the construction of a fence, and an above-ground water line using self-powered construction equipment on an existing farm and will not require any expansion to existing power facilities.</p>

Additional Studies Performed:

No additional studies were performed.

Field Inspection (Date and completed by):

Field inspection completed on June 24, 2024, by Delise Torres-Ortiz, SWCA Environmental Consultants.

List of Sources, Agencies and Persons Consulted [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (DNER). 2023. Puerto Rico DNER Species Ranges – under construction. Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: <https://arcg.is/1S9aju0>.

Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). 2022. National Plan for Integrated Airport Systems 2023-2027. Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS) 2023-2027, Appendix B: National and State Maps (faa.gov).

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). 2023. FEMA Flood Map Service Center - Map Panel 72000C1055H (effective 4/19/2005). Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: <https://msc.fema.gov/portal/home>.

Institute of Puerto Rican Culture (ICP). 2023. San Juan, Puerto Rico. Data collection conducted on June 25, 2024.

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Office for Coastal Management. 2023. Puerto Rico Coastal Zone Boundary. Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: Puerto Rico Coastal Vulnerability Viewer (arcgis.com).

State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). 2023. San Juan, Puerto Rico. Data collection conducted on June 20, 2024.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2022a. Envirofacts Mapper. Air pollution data (ICIS-AIR), Brownfields, Hazardous Waste (RCRAInfo), Superfund National Priorities List (NPL), Toxic Releases Inventory (TRI), and National Pollutants Discharge Elimination Systems (NPDES). Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: <https://geopub.epa.gov/arcgis/rest/services/EMEF/efpoints/MapServer>.

USEPA. 2022b. Sole Source Aquifer Map. Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: <https://epa.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=9ebb047ba3ec41ada1877155fe31356b>.

USEPA. 2023a. Puerto Rico Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants. USEPA Green Book. Accessed February 26, 2024. Available at: https://www3.epa.gov/airquality/greenbook/anayo_pr.html.

USEPA. 2023b. EJScreen: Environmental Justice Screening and Mapping Tool. Accessed June 20, 2024. Available at: <https://www.epa.gov/ejscreen/download-ejscreen-data>.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). 2019. Coastal Barrier Resources System. Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: <https://www.fws.gov/CBRA/Maps/Mapper.html>.

USFWS. 2023a. Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC). Accessed July 10, 2024. Available at: <https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/location/index>.

USFWS. 2023b. Critical Habitat for Threatened & Endangered Species. Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: <https://fws.maps.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html?webmap=9d8de5e265ad4fe09893cf75b8dbfb77>.

USFWS. 2023c. National Wetlands Inventory Surface Waters and Wetlands Mapper. Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: <https://fwsprimary.wim.usgs.gov/wetlands/apps/wetlands-mapper/>.

U.S. Forest Service. 2022. National Wild and Scenic River Segments. Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: <https://www.rivers.gov/mapping-gis.php>; Wild & Scenic Rivers | US Forest Service ([usda.gov](https://www.usda.gov)).

U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). 2022. Concentration of Landslides caused by Hurricane Maria, Puerto Rico. Accessed June 26, 2024. Available at: U.S. Landslide Inventory (arcgis.com).

List of Permits Obtained:

No permits have been obtained.

Public Outreach [24 CFR 58.43]:

Puerto Rico Department of Agriculture has worked closely with the agricultural community. In compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) regulations for HUD, the public will be notified of the project through publication of the combined Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) – Notice of Intent to Request Release of Funds (NOI-RROF) notice with a 15-day public comment period.

Cumulative Impact Analysis [24 CFR 58.32]:

The installation of two replacement water cisterns and a fence at the project site is not anticipated to have a negative impact on environmental resources. The connection of municipal water is not anticipated to have a negative environmental impact as all permits will be acquired prior to construction. Overall, the project will have a net positive impact by helping a small business increase their capacity for agricultural production. No other planned or ongoing projects were identified in the project vicinity that could contribute to cumulative impacts of environmental resources.

Alternatives [24 CFR 58.40(e); 40 CFR 1508.9]

Within the boundaries of the property, other locations could be considered for the new cisterns and fence. However, other locations may require greater environmental impacts such as additional ground disturbance, grading for slopes that are not suitable for installation or additional tree clearing and would result in higher costs to the applicant. Locating the fence in a different location would not allow the fence to serve its intended purpose.

No Action Alternative [24 CFR 58.40(e)]:

If the proposed project did not take place, the farm may have to rely on outside sources of water rather than have access to two new cisterns. In the absence of cisterns, the business may have difficulty continuing agricultural production during future disasters. In the absence of a fence, the applicant may continue to face illegal dumping and theft. Given the degree of need for greater agricultural capacity in Puerto Rico following Hurricanes Irma and María, the costs of foregoing the Project would exceed the benefits.

Summary of Findings and Conclusions:

The proposed project would not result in any adverse impacts to the surrounding natural, historical, and water resources; generate significant air or noise pollution; or promote environmental or socioeconomic injustices. The proposed project is not located within a coastal zone or near a major water resource.

Mitigation Measures and Conditions [40 CFR 1505.2(c)]

Summarize below all mitigation measures adopted by the Responsible Entity to reduce, avoid, or eliminate adverse environmental impacts and to avoid non-compliance or non-conformance with the above-listed authorities and factors. These measures/conditions must be incorporated into project contracts, development agreements, and other relevant documents. The staff responsible for implementing and monitoring mitigation measures should be clearly identified in the mitigation plan.

Law, Authority, or Factor	Mitigation Measure
<p>Endangered Species Endangered Species Act of 1973, particularly section 7; 50 CFR Part 402</p>	<p>The current project activities do not involve the removal of trees. If any tree clearing is to be proposed, the project will need to be re-evaluated for impacts to threatened and endangered species.</p> <p>If a Puerto Rican Boa (Boa) is found in the project activity site, work shall cease until the Boa moves off site on its own. If the Boa does not move off site, the construction manager shall contact the Puerto Rico DNER to relocate the Boa. General Condition:</p>

The current project activities do not involve the removal of trees. If any tree clearing is to be proposed, the project will need to be re-evaluated for impacts to threatened and endangered species.

If a Puerto Rican Boa (Boa) is found in the project activity site, work shall cease until the Boa moves off site on its own. If the Boa does not move off site, the construction manager shall contact the Puerto Rico DNER to relocate the Boa. The USFWS has developed the following conservation measures for the Boa:

1. Inform all project personnel about the potential presence of the PR boa in areas where the proposed work will be conducted. A pre-construction meeting should be conducted to inform all project personnel about the need to avoid harming the species as well as penalties for harassing or harming PR boas. An educational poster or sign with photo or illustration of the species should be displayed at the project site.

2. Prior to any construction activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movements, the boundaries of the project and areas to be excluded and protected should be clearly marked in the project plan and in the field in order to avoid further habitat degradation into forested and conservation areas.

3. Once areas are clearly marked, and prior to the use of heavy machinery and any construction activity (including removal of vegetation and earth movement), a biologist or project personnel with experience on this species should survey the areas to be cleared to verify the presence of any PR boa within the work area.

4. If a PR boa is found within any of the working or construction areas, activities should stop at that area and information recorded (see #5). Do not capture the boa. If boas need to be moved out of harm's way, designated personnel shall immediately contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (PRDNER phone #s: (787) 724-5700, (787) 230-5550, (787) 771-1124). If immediate relocation is not an option, project-related activities at that area

must stop until the boa moves out of harm's way on its own. Activities at other work sites, where no boas have been found after surveying the area, may continue.

5. For all boa sightings (dead or alive), record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where it was found. PR boa data should also include a photo of the animal (dead or alive), site GPS coordinates, the time and date, and comments on how the animal was detected and its behavior. Last Revised: January 2024

6. If a PR boa is captured by PRDNER personnel, record the name of that person and information on where the PR boa will be taken. This information should be reported to the Service.

7. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize PR boa casualties by heavy machinery or motor vehicles being used on site. Any heavy machinery left on site (staging) or near potential PR boa habitat (within 50 meters of potential boa habitat), needs to be thoroughly inspected each morning before work starts to ensure that no boas have sheltered within engine compartments or other areas of the equipment. If PR boas are found within vehicles or equipment, do not capture the animal, and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (see #4). If not possible, the animal should be left alone until it leaves the vehicle on its own.

8. PR boas may seek shelter in debris piles. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize boa casualties associated with sheltering in debris piles as a result of project activities. Debris piles should be placed far away from forested areas. Prior to moving, disposing or shredding, debris piles should be carefully inspected for the presence of boas. If debris piles will be left on site, we recommend they be placed in areas that will not be disturbed in the future.

9. If a dead PR boa is found, immediately cease all work in that area and record the information accordingly (see #5). If the PR boa was accidentally killed as part of the project actions, please include information on what conservation measures had been implemented and what actions will be taken to avoid further killings. A

dead boa report should be sent by email (see contacts below) to the Service within 48 hours of the event.

10. Projects must comply with all state laws and regulations. Please contact the PRDNER for further guidance.

The USFWS has developed the following conservation measures for bird species in case an encounter occurs:

1. All personnel will be advised that there are civil and criminal penalties for harming, harassing, or killing species protected under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. During breeding seasons (see below), nest surveys shall be conducted if a project occurs within the range of any of the species listed above and if habitat for those species will be impacted by the proposed actions. Nest searches must be conducted by qualified personnel with the appropriate permits from the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) prior to start of work. If nesting activity is detected, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 50-meter buffer around any nest(s) found within the project area. This avoidance strategy must be kept until fledglings successfully leave the nest(s) permanently.

- Breeding Seasons:
- Puerto Rican parrot: February-June.
- Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk: December-June.

2. Outside the breeding season no nest surveys are required, but if a nest is encountered, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 50-meter buffer around that nest(s). This avoidance strategy must be kept until fledglings successfully leave the nest(s) permanently. Furthermore, if any of the species indicated above is observed (e.g., foraging, resting) within the project area, avoid any disturbance to the individual(s) and do not flush the bird until it leaves on its own.

3. For all nest sightings, the Applicant must record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where it was found. All sightings and

incidental lethal take reports should be sent to the USFWS Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office at Caribbean_es@fws.gov. For questions, the Point of Contact (POC) is José Cruz-Burgos, Endangered Species Program Coordinator, and can be contacted at:

- Mobile: 305-304-1386
- Office phone: 786-244-0081
- Office Direct Line: 939-320-3120
- Email: jose_cruz-burgos@fws.gov

The USFWS has developed the following conservation measures for the

Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly species in case an encounter occurs:

1. All project construction personnel must be informed about the potential presence of the PR harlequin butterfly or its occupied host plant, prickly bush (*Oplonia spinosa*), in the project areas and the need to avoid harming the species and its occupied host plant. All personnel will be advised that there are civil and criminal penalties for harming, harassing, or killing species protected under the Endangered Species Act. Educational material (e.g., posters, flyers, or signs with photos or illustrations of all the life stages of the PR harlequin butterfly (i.e., eggs, caterpillar, chrysalis, and adult) as well as its host plant, should be prepared and available to all personnel for reference.

2. Before starting any project activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movement, the boundaries of the work area in the field clearly delineate to avoid unnecessary habitat impacts. Once the project areas are clearly marked, and before any work activity, including site preparation, personnel with knowledge and ability to identify the PR harlequin butterfly (all life stages) and the prickly bush must survey the areas where the work will be performed for the presence of the species and its host plant. It is important to note that the PR harlequin butterfly can be observed year-round in all its life stages; thus, oviposition (egg-laying) may occur at any time during the year.

3. If the prickly bush is present on the project site, try to avoid cutting it off, even if no eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalis are present.

4. If there is no prickly bush within the project area, and the butterfly is observed flying within the project area, do not harass, harm, pursue, wound, kill, trap, capture, collect, or attempt to engage in any such conduct, the species.

5. Adult butterflies are often observed flying near the host plant as part of their mating behavior and laying eggs. Project-related activities must stop if the prickly bush is found in the project area and the PR harlequin butterfly is observed flying in that same area where the plant is located. A temporary 50-meter (164 feet) buffer zone of no activity or human disturbance should be established and clearly marked around that prickly bush until the butterfly moves out on its own.

6. Once the PR harlequin butterfly has moved away, within a period of 24 to 36 hours, a search of the prickly bush that has been buffered should be conducted to determine the presence of eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalids of the butterfly on the plant. The contractor or the Applicant should send a report of the observation and its findings to caribbean_es@fws.gov after the 36-hour search is concluded.

7. If, after the initial search or after the 24 to 36-hour search, any life stage of the PR harlequin butterfly is found in the prickly bush, take the following actions:

- o Clearly mark the host plant with flagging tape.
- February 2024 o Establish a 10-meter (32-foot) buffer zone around the bush to protect it.
- o Eggs are typically found on the prickly bush's newly grown, tender branches. Once an egg hatches, the caterpillar moves and feeds throughout the plant. Therefore, avoid cutting off the prickly bush within the project site even if no eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalids are present.
- o Work within the 10-meter buffered area may resume when no signs of any live life stage of the butterfly are detected, which usually takes approximately 60 to 120 days.

8. For all PR harlequin butterfly sightings (all life stages), the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where the butterfly was found must be recorded. Data should also include a

	<p>photo of the butterfly (if possible) and the habitat where it was observed, site GPS coordinates, and comments on how the butterfly was detected and its behavior. All PR harlequin butterfly sighting reports should be sent to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Caribbean Ecological Service Field Office at caribbean_es@fws.gov.</p> <p>9. For questions regarding the PR harlequin butterfly, the Point of Contact is: • José Cruz-Burgos, Threatened and Endangered Species Program Coordinator:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Mobile: 305-304-1386 o Office phone: 786-244-0081 o Office Direct Line: 939-320-3120 o Email: jose_cruz-burgos@fws.gov
<p>Historic Preservation National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800</p>	<p>If historic properties are discovered, unanticipated effects on historic properties are found, or cultural materials are encountered, work should cease in the immediate area; work can continue where no historic properties or cultural materials are present. Please contact PRDOH to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect historic properties or cultural materials.</p>
<p>Conformance with Plans / Compatible Land Use and Zoning / Scale and Urban Design</p>	<p>The proposed action is continued agricultural use of property, which is compatible with the existing land use.</p> <p>The applicant and/or construction manager is required to obtain any necessary local and territorial building and environmental permits prior to construction activities commencing.</p>
<p>Soil Suitability/ Slope/ Erosion/ Drainage/ Storm Water Runoff</p>	<p>Soil suitability will be assessed prior to construction. Contractors will be required to use best management practices during construction.</p> <p>DNER authorization is required for any extraction, removal, excavation, and dredging of the components of the earth's crust.</p>
<p>Hazards and Nuisances including Site Safety and Noise</p>	<p>Contractors will be required to provide health and safety plans and monitoring during construction. Contractors will be required to comply with the applicable local noise ordinances.</p> <p>Noise impacts will be mitigated by restricting construction activities to daylight hours and to the</p>

	hours established in the Regulation for Noise Control and Pollution in Puerto Rico.
Solid Waste Disposal / Recycling	All construction debris will be disposed of at the proper facilities for the debris type (i.e. construction waste).
<u>Water Supply</u>	The applicant is required to obtain authorization or permits from Prasa and/or AAA prior to expanding water connections.

Determination:

Finding of No Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(1); 40 CFR 1508.27]

The project will not result in a significant impact on the quality of the human environment.

Finding of Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(2); 40 CFR 1508.27]

The project may significantly affect the quality of the human environment.

Preparer Signature:  Date: 17 October 2024

Name/Title/Organization: Heath Anderson, Ph.D., Deputy Program Manager

SWCA Environmental Consultants

Certifying Officer Signature:  Date: 10/24/2024

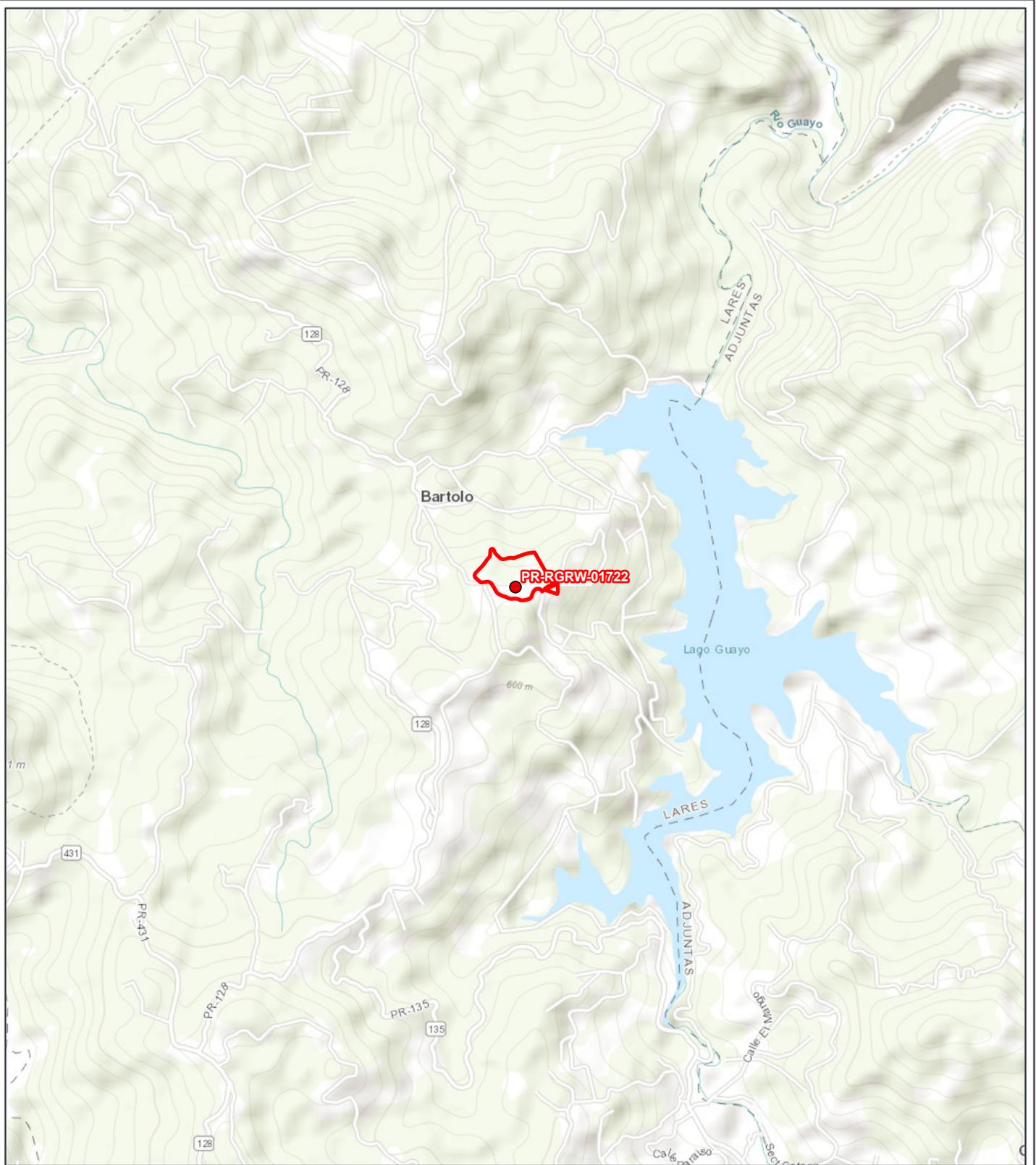
Name/Title: Abdul X. Feliciano Plaza, Permits and Environmental Specialist

This original, signed document and related supporting material must be retained on file by the Responsible Entity in an Environmental Review Record (ERR) for the activity/project (ref: 24 CFR Part 58.38) and in accordance with recordkeeping requirements for the HUD program(s).

Appendix A

Project Overview Figures

Figure 1
Site Location Map



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure A-1:
Site Location**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Site Parcel

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669

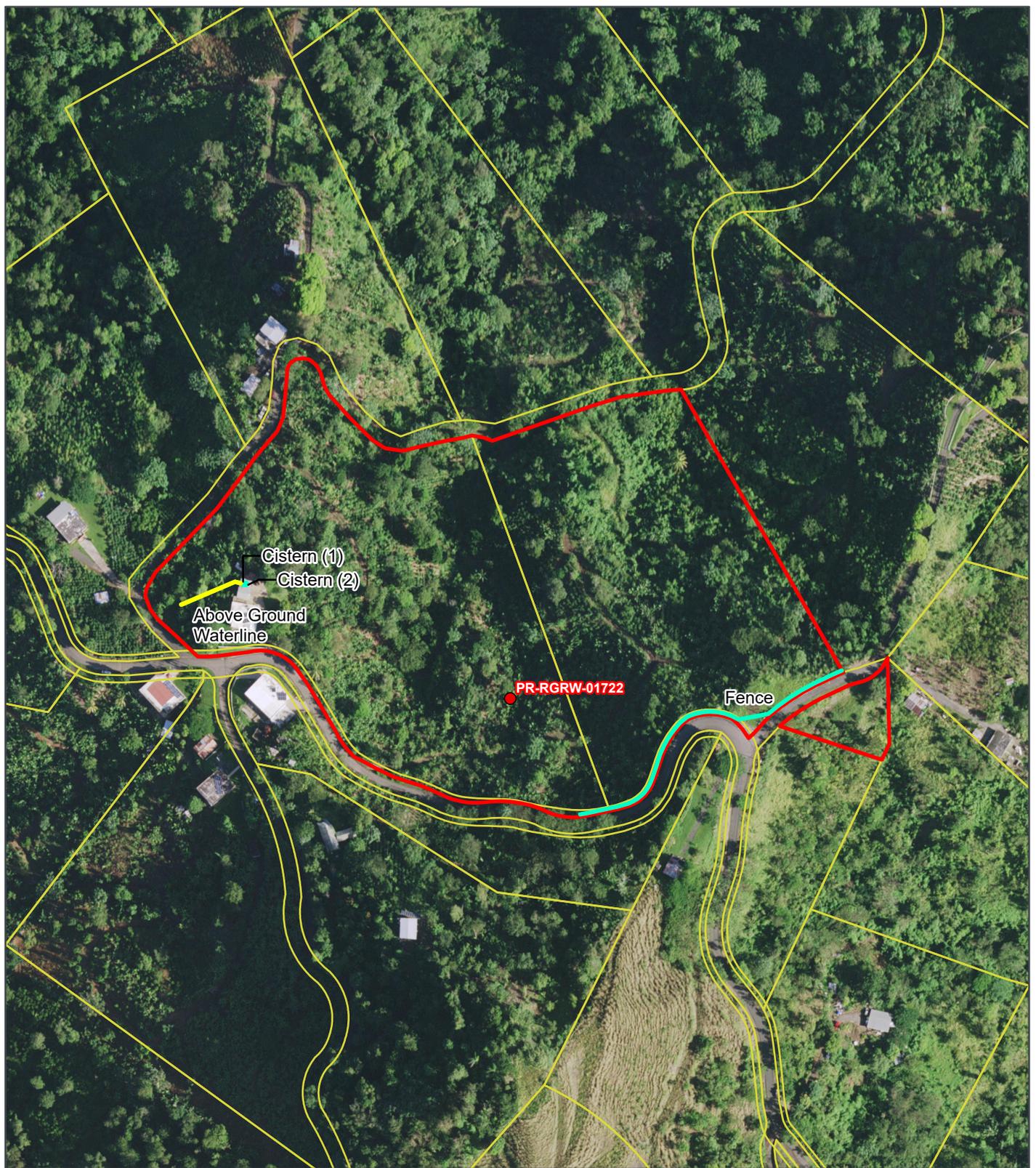
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online,
accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024

Layout: Site Location
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Figure 2
Site Vicinity Map



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure A-2:
Site Vicinity**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Site Parcel
- Project Footprint (Option)
- Above Ground Utilities Location

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669

Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842591°W 18.203379°N

Base Map: USA NAIIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Site Vicinity
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps

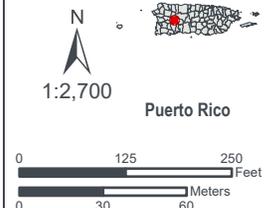
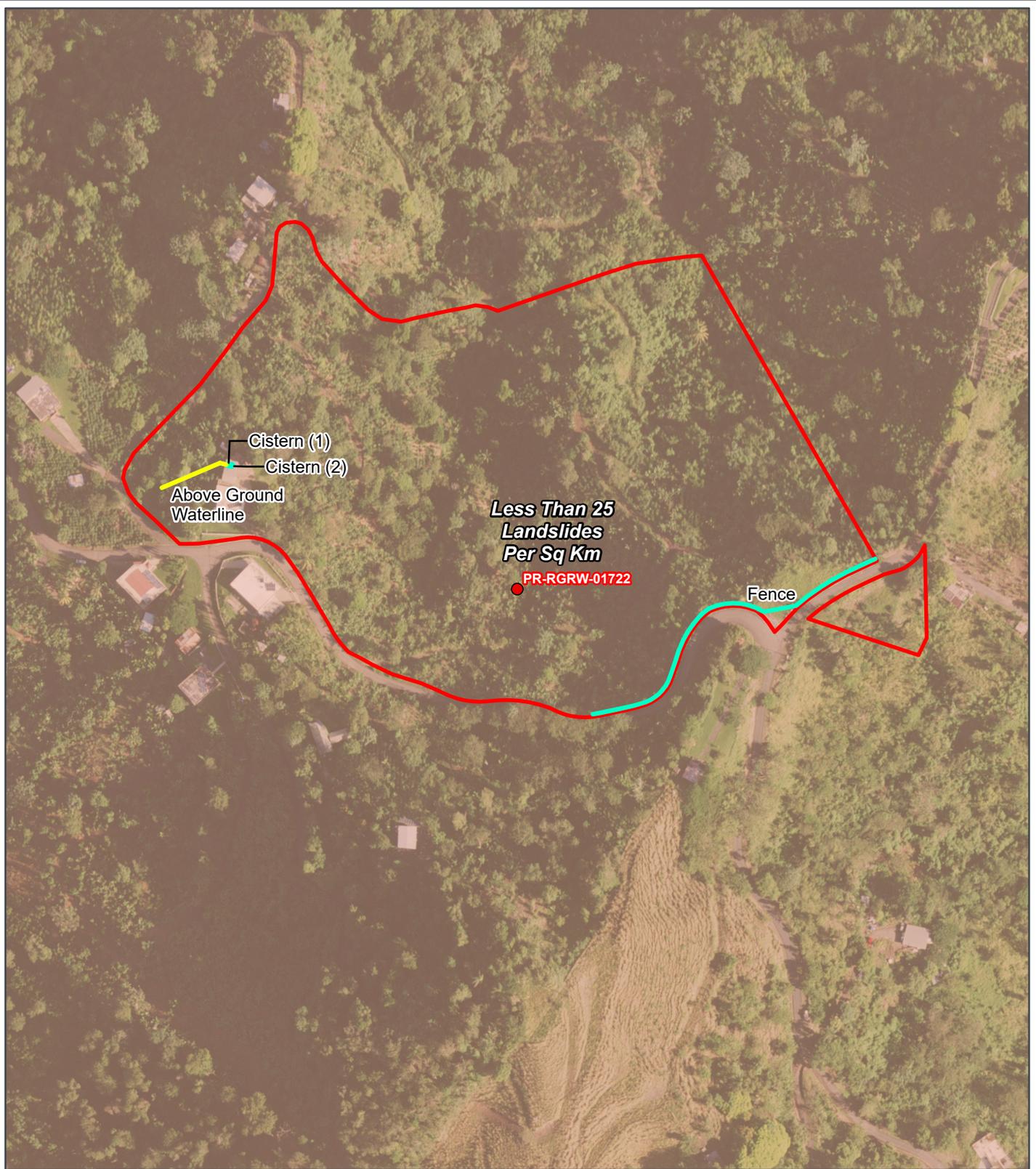


Figure 3
USGS Landslide Map



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure A-3:
USGS Landslide Map**

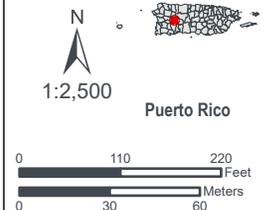
Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- ▭ Site Parcel
- ▭ Project Footprint (Option)
- ▭ Above Ground Utilities Location
- ▭ Greater than 25 Landslides per sq km
- ▭ Less than 25 Landslides per sq km
- ▭ No Landslides
- ▭ Not Examined

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: https://arcgis.cuahsi.org/arcgis/rest/services/MariaRAPID/Hurricane_Maria_Landslides/MapServer
Base Map: USA NAIIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Landslide



Appendix B
Attachments and Supporting
Documentation

Attachment 1

Airport Hazards Partner Worksheet and

Airport Hazards Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those “Partners” (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Airport Hazards (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/airport-hazards>

1. To ensure compatible land use development, you must determine your site’s proximity to civil and military airports. Is your project within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian airport?

No *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within the applicable distances to a military or civilian airport.*

Yes *Continue to Question 2.*

2. Is your project located within a Runway Potential Zone/Clear Zone (RPZ/CZ) or Accident Potential Zone (APZ)?

Yes, project is in an APZ à *Continue to Question 3.*

Yes, project is an RPZ/CZ à *Project cannot proceed at this location.*

No, project is not within an APZ or RPZ/CZ

à If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within either zone.

3. Is the project in conformance with DOD guidelines for APZ?

Yes, project is consistent with DOD guidelines without further action.

à If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documentation supporting this determination.

No, the project cannot be brought into conformance with DOD guidelines and has not been approved. *à Project cannot proceed at this location.*

If mitigation measures have been or will be taken, explain in detail the proposed measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

Click here to enter text.

à Work with the RE/HUD to develop mitigation measures. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documentation supporting this determination.

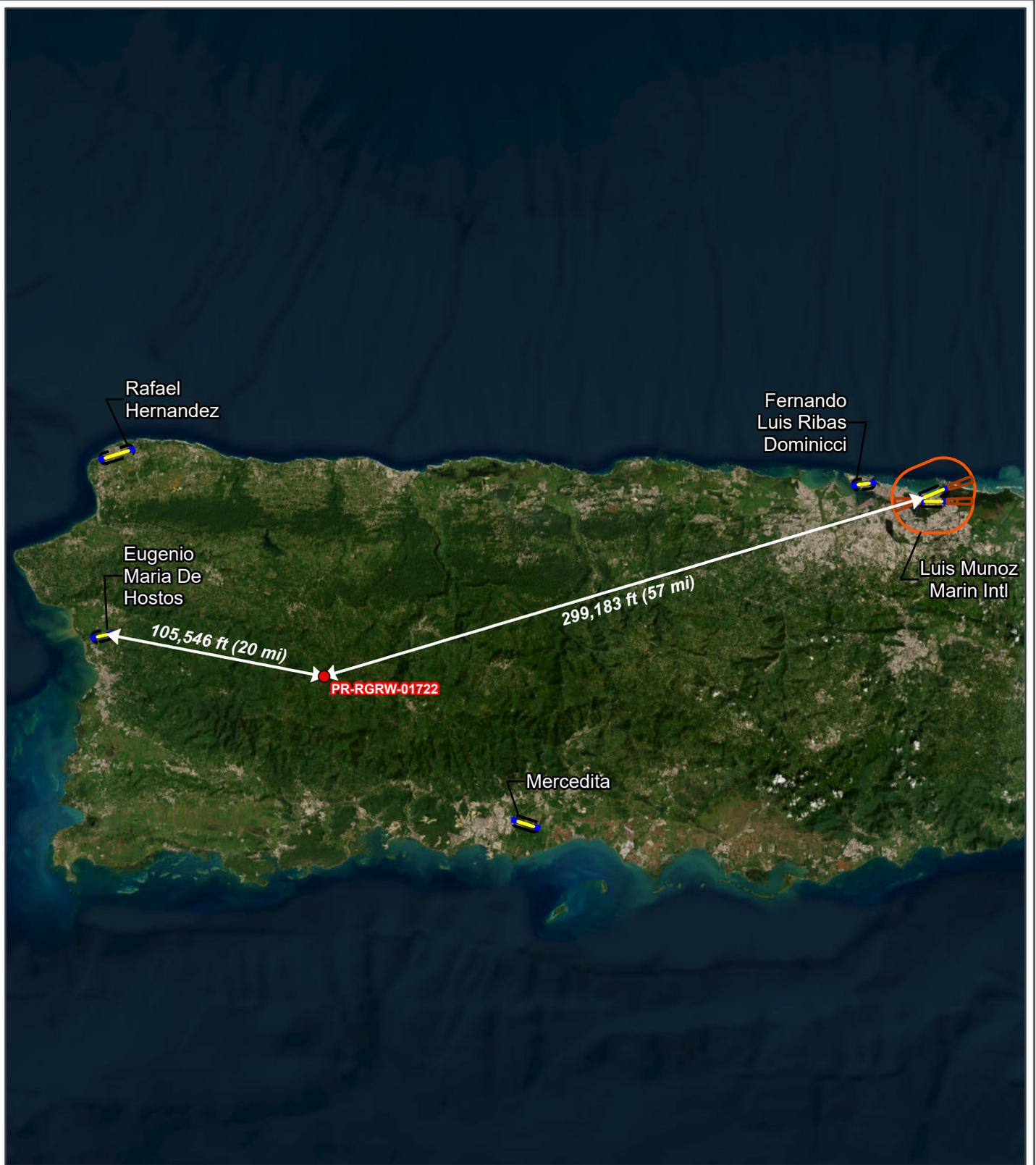
Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site is not within 2,500 ft of a civil primary or commercial service airport or within 15,000 ft of a military airport. The nearest civil primary or commercial service airport, Eugenio Maria De Hostos, is located 105,546 ft (20 miles [mi]) from the project site. The nearest military airport, Luis Munoz Marin International Airport, is located 299,183 ft (57 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with airport hazards requirements.



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure B 1-1:
Airport Hazards Map**

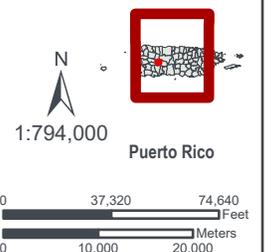
Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- ▭ Airport Runway
- ▭ Accident Potential Zones (APZ)
- ▭ Runway Protection Zones (RPZ)
- ▭ 2,500-FT Civil Airport Buffer
- ▭ 15,000-FT Military Airport Buffer

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
66.842591°W 18.203379°N

Data Source: <https://geodata.bts.gov/>
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online,
accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Airport Hazards
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Attachment 2

Coastal Barrier Resources Act Partner Worksheet and Coastal Barrier Resources Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those “Partners” (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Coastal Barrier Resources (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/coastal-barrier-resources>

Projects located in the following states must complete this form.

Alabama	Georgia	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Puerto Rico	Virgin Islands
Connecticut	Louisiana	Michigan	New York	Rhode Island	Virginia
Delaware	Maine	Minnesota	North Carolina	South Carolina	Wisconsin
Florida	Maryland	Mississippi	Ohio	Texas	

1. Is the project located in a CBRS Unit?

- No à *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within a CBRS Unit.*
- Yes à *Continue to 2.*

Federal assistance for most activities may not be used at this location. You must either choose an alternate site or cancel the project. In very rare cases, federal monies can be spent within CBRS units for certain exempted activities (e.g., a nature trail), after consultation with the Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) (see [16 USC 3505](#) for exceptions to limitations on expenditures).

2. Indicate your recommended course of action for the RE/HUD

- Consultation with the FWS
- Cancel the project

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site is not located in a Coastal Barrier Resource Systems Unit (CBRS) or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA). There are no CBRS units in Lares. The closest CBRS unit, Bahia de Tallaboa, is located 85,397



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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ft (16 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act.



REGROW PROGRAM

Figure B 2-1: Coastal Barrier Resources Map

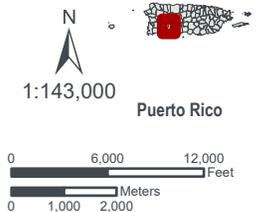
Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Otherwise Protected Area
- System Unit

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.798073°W 18.093284°N

Data Source: <https://cbrsgis.wim.usgs.gov/arcgis/rest/services/CoastalBarrierResourcesSystem/MapServer>
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Coastal Barrier Resources System



Attachment 3

Flood Insurance Partner Worksheet and Flood Insurance Rate Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Flood Insurance (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/flood-insurance>

1. Does this project involve mortgage insurance, refinance, acquisition, repairs, rehabilitation, or construction of a structure, mobile home, or insurable personal property?

No. This project does not require flood insurance or is excepted from flood insurance.
à *Continue to the Worksheet Summary.*

Yes à *Continue to Question 2.*

2. Provide a FEMA/FIRM map showing the site.

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates floodplains. The [FEMA Map Service Center](#) provides this information in the form of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs).

Is the structure, part of the structure, or insurable property located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area?

No à *Continue to the Worksheet Summary.*

Yes à *Continue to Question 3.*

3. Is the community participating in the National Flood Insurance Program or has less than one year passed since FEMA notification of Special Flood Hazards?

Yes, the community is participating in the National Flood Insurance Program.
Flood insurance is required. Provide a copy of the flood insurance policy declaration or a paid receipt for the current annual flood insurance premium and a copy of the application for flood insurance.
à *Continue to the Worksheet Summary.*

Yes, less than one year has passed since FEMA notification of Special Flood Hazards.
If less than one year has passed since notification of Special Flood Hazards, no flood insurance is required.
à *Continue to the Worksheet Summary.*

No. The community is not participating, or its participation has been suspended.
Federal assistance may not be used at this location. Cancel the project at this location.

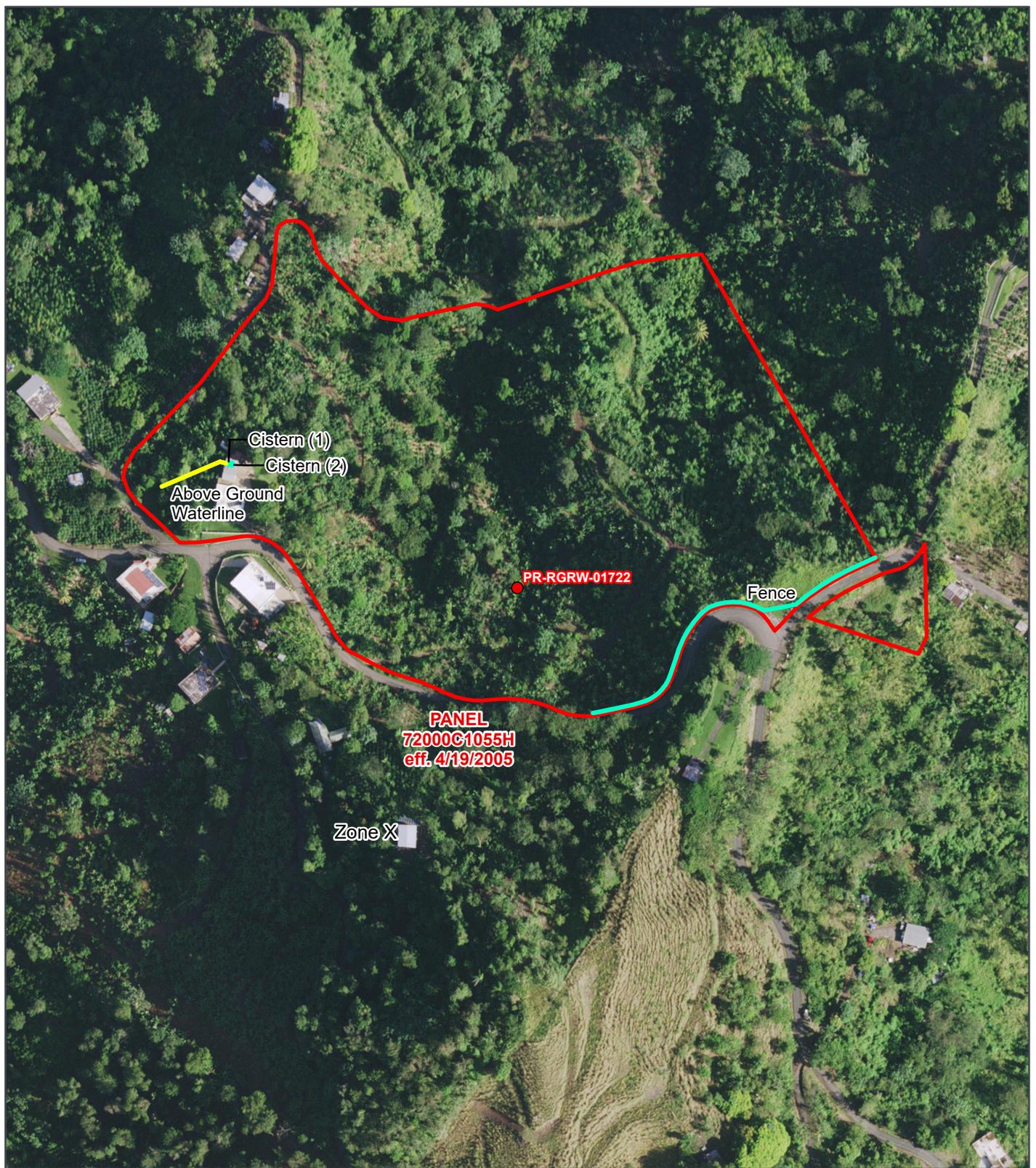
Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

A review of the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), Community Panel 72000C1055H (effective date 04/19/2005), shows the project site is in Flood Zone X, which is not in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). Flood insurance is not required. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Flood Disaster Protection Act and National Flood Insurance Reform Act.



REGROW PROGRAM

Figure B 3-1: Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Site Parcel
- Project Footprint (Option)
- Above Ground Utilities Location
- Base Flood Elevations
- Zone A
- Zone AE
- Zone AH
- Zone AO
- Zone VE
- Floodway
- Zone X - Shaded (500-year floodplain)
- Zone X - Unshaded
- Area Not Included
- Open Water

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: <https://hazards.fema.gov/gis/nfhl/rest/services/public/NFHL/MapServer>
Base Map: USA NAIIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Effective Floodplain
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps

N

1:2,500

Puerto Rico

0 110 220 Feet
0 30 60 Meters

Attachment 4

Air Quality Partner Worksheet, List of Non-Attainment/Maintenance Status Counties in Puerto Rico, and Clean Air Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Air Quality (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/air-quality>

- 1. Does your project include new construction or conversion of land use facilitating the development of public, commercial, or industrial facilities OR five or more dwelling units?**

Yes → Continue to Question 2.

No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Provide any documents used to make your determination.

- 2. Is your project’s air quality management district or county in non-attainment or maintenance status for any criteria pollutants?**

Follow the link below to determine compliance status of project county or air quality management district:

<http://www.epa.gov/oaqps001/greenbk/>

No, project’s county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.

Yes, project’s management district or county is in non-attainment or maintenance status for one or more criteria pollutants. → Continue to Question 3.

- 3. Determine the estimated emissions levels of your project for each of those criteria pollutants that are in non-attainment or maintenance status on your project area. Will your project exceed any of the *de minimis* or *threshold* emissions levels of non-attainment and maintenance level pollutants or exceed the screening levels established by the state or air quality management district?**

No, the project will not exceed *de minimis* or threshold emissions levels or screening levels

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Explain how you determined that the project would not exceed *de minimis* or threshold emissions.

Yes, the project exceeds *de minimis* emissions levels or screening levels.

→ *Continue to Question 4. Explain how you determined that the project would not exceed de minimis or threshold emissions in the Worksheet Summary.*

4. For the project to be brought into compliance with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Explain in detail the exact measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site is in Lares Municipio, which is within a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) designated attainment area. Municipios in Nonattainment or Maintenance areas include Arecibo, Bayamon, Catano, Guaynabo, Salinas, San Juan and Toa Baja. Project activities include new construction of a fence and two water cistern replacements. The project is not anticipated to have a negative impact on air quality. Emissions associated with the proposed actions are temporary and limited to the use of small construction equipment and will be well below the Federal General Conformity Rule *de minimis* thresholds. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act.



You are here: EPA Home > Green Book > >National Area and County-Level Multi-Pollutant Information >Puerto Rico Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants

Puerto Rico Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants

Data is current as of January 31, 2024

Listed by County, NAAQS, Area. The 8-hour Ozone (1997) standard was revoked on April 6, 2015 and the 1-hour Ozone (1979) standard was revoked on June 15, 2005.

* The 1997 Primary Annual PM-2.5 NAAQS (level of 15 µg/m³) is revoked in attainment and maintenance areas for that NAAQS. For additional information see the PM-2.5 NAAQS SIP Requirements Final Rule, effective October 24, 2016. (81 FR 58009)

Change the State:

Important Notes

Download National Dataset: [dbf](#) | [xls](#) | [Data dictionary \(PDF\)](#)

County	NAAQS	Area Name	Nonattainment in Year	Redesignation to Maintenance	Classification	Whole or/Part County	Population (2010)	State/County FIPS Codes
PUERTO RICO								
Arecibo Municipio	Lead (2008)	Arecibo, PR	1112131415161718192021222324	//		Part	32,185	72/013
Bayamon Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	//		Part	22,921	72/021
Catano Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	//		Whole	28,140	72/033
Guaynabo Municipio	PM-10 (1987)	Mun. of Guaynabo, PR	929394959697989900010203040506070809	02/11/2010	Moderate	Part	90,470	72/061
Guaynabo Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	//		Part	23,802	72/061
Salinas Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	Guayama-Salinas, PR	18192021222324	//		Part	23,401	72/123
San Juan Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	//		Part	147,963	72/127
Toa Baja Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	//		Part	52,441	72/137

Important Notes

Discover.

Connect.

Ask.

Follow.

2024-01-31



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure B 4-1:
Clean Air Map**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



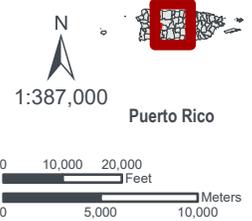
- Site
- 8-Hour Ozone (2015 Standard)*
- Lead (2008 Standard)
- PM-2.5 (2012 Standard)*
- Sulfur Dioxide (2010 Standard)

*No Data in Puerto Rico

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000

66.842591°W 18.203379°N

Data Source: https://geopub.epa.gov/arcgis/rest/services/NEPAAssist/NEPAVELayersPublic_fgdb/MapServer
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Clean Air
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Attachment 5

Coastal Zone Management Partner Worksheet and Coastal Zone Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Coastal Zone Management Act (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

<https://www.onecpd.info/environmental-review/coastal-zone-management>

Projects located in the following states must complete this form.

Alabama	Florida	Louisiana	Mississippi	Ohio	Texas
Alaska	Georgia	Maine	New Hampshire	Oregon	Virgin Islands
American Samona	Guam	Maryland	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Virginia
California	Hawaii	Massachusetts	New York	Puerto Rico	Washington
Connecticut	Illinois	Michigan	North Carolina	Rhode Island	Wisconsin
Delaware	Indiana	Minnesota	Northern Mariana Islands	South Carolina	

1. Is the project located in, or does it affect, a Coastal Zone as defined in your state Coastal Management Plan?

Yes → Continue to Question 2.

No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within a Coastal Zone.

2. Does this project include activities that are subject to state review?

Yes → Continue to Question 3.

No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination.

3. Has this project been determined to be consistent with the State Coastal Management Program?

Yes, with mitigation. → The RE/HUD must work with the State Coastal Management Program to develop mitigation measures to mitigate the impact or effect of the project.

Yes, without mitigation. → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination.

No → Project cannot proceed at this location.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site is not located within the Puerto Rico Coastal Management Zone. The closest coastal zone area is located 71,700 ft (14 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act.



REGROW PROGRAM

Figure B 5-1: Coastal Zone Management Map

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



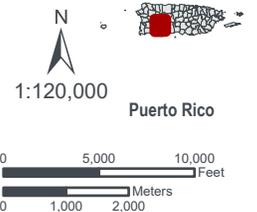
- Site
- Coastal Management Zone

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000

66.842591°W 18.203379°N

Data Source: <https://coast.noaa.gov/arcgis/rest/services/Hosted/CoastalZoneManagementAct/BaseMap>: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024

Layout: Coastal Zone Management
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Attachment 6

Contamination and Toxics Substances Partner Worksheet, Desktop Review Summary and Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Contamination and Toxic Substances (Multifamily and Non-Residential Properties) – PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/environmental-review/site-contamination>

1. How was site contamination evaluated? ¹ Select all that apply.

- ASTM Phase I ESA
- ASTM Phase II ESA
- Remediation or clean-up plan
- ASTM Vapor Encroachment Screening
- None of the above

à Provide documentation and reports and include an explanation of how site contamination was evaluated in the Worksheet Summary.

Continue to Question 2.

2. Were any on-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances found that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property? (Were any recognized environmental conditions or RECs identified in a Phase I ESA and confirmed in a Phase II ESA?)

- No **à Explain below.**

The Environmental Site Inspection and Desktop Review did not reveal any potential contamination or hazards.

à If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

- Yes *à Describe the findings, including any recognized environmental conditions (RECs), in Worksheet Summary below. Continue to Question 3.*

3. Can adverse environmental impacts be mitigated?

¹ HUD regulations at 24 CFR § 58.5(i)(2)(ii) require that the environmental review for multifamily housing with five or more dwelling units or non-residential property include the evaluation of previous uses of the site or other evidence of contamination on or near the site. For acquisition and new construction of multifamily and nonresidential properties HUD strongly advises the review include an ASTM Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) to meet real estate transaction standards of due diligence and to help ensure compliance with HUD’s toxic policy at 24 CFR §58.5(i) and 24 CFR §50.3(i). Also note that some HUD programs require an ASTM Phase I ESA.

Adverse environmental impacts cannot feasibly be mitigated → HUD assistance may not be used for the project at this site. Project cannot proceed at this location.

Yes, adverse environmental impacts can be eliminated through mitigation.
à *Provide all mitigation requirements² and documents. Continue to Question 4.*

4. Describe how compliance was achieved. Include any of the following that apply: State Voluntary Clean-up Program, a No Further Action letter, use of engineering controls³, or use of institutional controls⁴.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

If a remediation plan or clean-up program was necessary, which standard does it follow?

- Complete removal
 Risk-based corrective action (RBCA)

à *Continue to the Worksheet Summary.*

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site was evaluated for potential contamination by conducting a field site inspection on June 24, 2024 to identify any onsite hazards including, but not limited to, soil staining, above ground storage tanks, signs of underground storage tanks, odors, hazardous debris etc.

- The site inspection identified onsite hazards; however, they are able to be resolved with mitigation (see Appendix C- Environmental Site Inspection Report). Onsite hazards that were identified include:
 - Illegal dumping, though this is not expected to be an issue once construction of the fence commences.

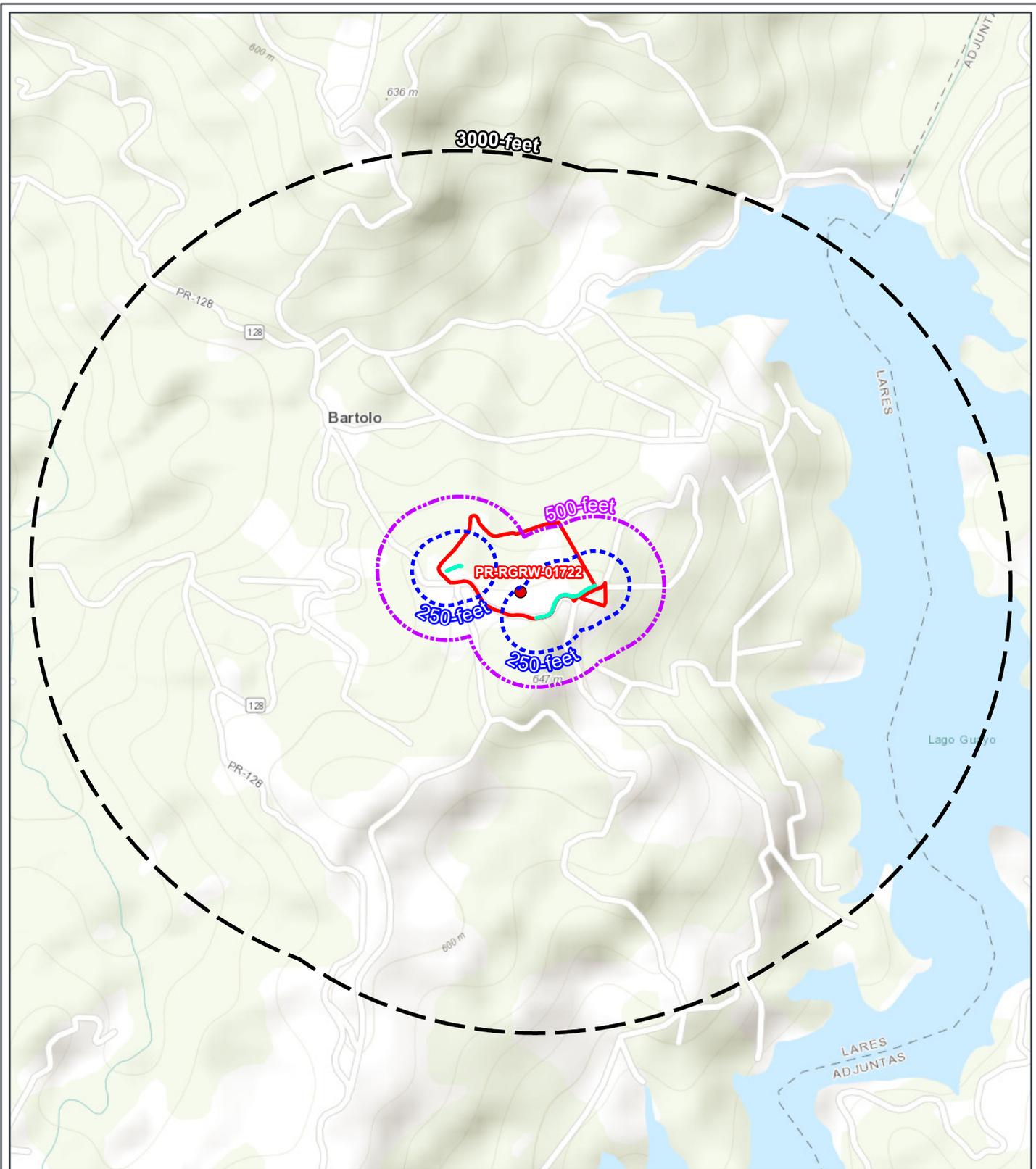
² Mitigation requirements include all clean-up actions required by applicable federal, state, tribal, or local law. Additionally, provide, as applicable, the long-term operations and maintenance plan, Remedial Action Work Plan, and other equivalent documents.

³ Engineering controls are any physical mechanism used to contain or stabilize contamination or ensure the effectiveness of a remedial action. Engineering controls may include, without limitation, caps, covers, dikes, trenches, leachate collection systems, signs, fences, physical access controls, ground water monitoring systems and ground water containment systems including, without limitation, slurry walls and ground water pumping systems.

⁴ Institutional controls are mechanisms used to limit human activities at or near a contaminated site, or to ensure the effectiveness of the remedial action over time, when contaminants remain at a site at levels above the applicable remediation standard which would allow for unrestricted use of the property. Institutional controls may include structure, land, and natural resource use restrictions, well restriction areas, classification exception areas, deed notices, and declarations of environmental restrictions.

In addition, a desktop review of USEPA databases, NEPAAssist, and other sources was conducted to determine if the project site was located near dump sites, junk yards, landfills, hazardous waste sites, or industrial sites, including USEPA National Priorities List Sites (Superfund sites), CERCLA or state-equivalent sites, RCRA Corrective Action sites with release(s) or suspected release(s) requiring clean-up action and/or further investigation.

- The desktop review did not find any of the above-listed toxic, hazardous or radioactive substances in or within 3,000 feet of the project area. The project is in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements.



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure B 6-1:
Contamination and
Toxic Substances Map**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722

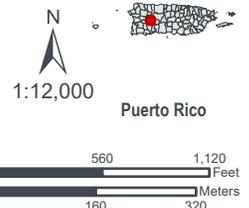


- Site
- ▭ Site Parcel
- ▭ Project Footprint (Option)
- ▭ Buffer (250-feet)
- ▭ Buffer (500-feet)
- ▭ Buffer (3000-feet)
- ▭ Water dischargers

- ▭ Toxic Substances Control Act
- ▭ Toxic releases
- ▭ Superfund
- ▭ Hazardous waste
- ▭ Brownfields
- ▭ Air pollution

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR. 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: <https://geopub.epa.gov/arcgis/rest/services/EMEF/MapServer>
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Contamination and Toxic Substances



Attachment 7

**Endangered Species Act Partner
Worksheet, Threatened and Endangered
Species Technical Memorandum,
USFWS IPaC Species List and Critical
Habitat Map**



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Endangered Species Act (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/endangered-species>

1. Does the project involve any activities that have the potential to affect species or habitats?

No, the project will have No Effect due to the nature of the activities involved in the project.

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.

No, the project will have No Effect based on a letter of understanding, memorandum of agreement, programmatic agreement, or checklist provided by local HUD office.

Explain your determination:

[Click here to enter text.](#)

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.

Yes, the activities involved in the project have the potential to affect species and/or habitats. → Continue to Question 2.

2. Are federally listed species or designated critical habitats present in the action area?

Obtain a list of protected species from the Services. This information is available on the [FWS Website](#).

No, the project will have No Effect due to the absence of federally listed species and designated critical habitat.

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination. Documentation may include letters from the Services, species lists from the Services’ websites, surveys or other documents and analysis showing that there are no species in the action area.

Yes, there are federally listed species or designated critical habitats present in the action area. → Continue to Question 3.

3. Recommend one of the following effects that the project will have on federally listed species or designated critical habitat:

No Effect: Based on the specifics of both the project and any federally listed species in the action area, you have determined that the project will have absolutely no effect on listed species or critical habitat.

→ *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination. Documentation should include a species list and explanation of your conclusion, and may require maps, photographs, and surveys as appropriate.*

May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect: Any effects that the project may have on federally listed species or critical habitats would be beneficial, discountable, or insignificant.

→ Partner entities should not contact the Services directly. *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, they will have to complete Informal Consultation. Provide the RE/HUD with a biological evaluation or equivalent document. They may request additional information, including surveys and professional analysis, to complete their consultation.*

Likely to Adversely Affect: The project may have negative effects on one or more listed species or critical habitat.

→ Partner entities should not contact the Services directly. *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, they will have to complete Formal Consultation. Provide the RE/HUD with a biological evaluation or equivalent document. They may request additional information, including surveys and professional analysis, to complete their consultation.*

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

Threatened, endangered, and migratory bird species were identified by reviewing data from the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Information and Planning Consultation (IPaC) Tool. In addition, critical species habitat was reviewed through the USFWS IPaC and Critical Habitat Portal databases. The review identified five federally listed species (Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk [*Buteo platypterus brunnescens*], Puerto Rican parrot [*Amazona vittata*], Puerto Rican boa [*Chilobothrus inornatus*], Puerto Rican Sharp Shinned Hawk (*Accipiter striatus venator*), and the Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly (*Atlantea tulita*) with the potential to occur within the project area. There is no designated or proposed critical habitat within the project area; the closest final designated critical habitat is located 35,574 ft (7 mi) away.

The project area is adjacent to forested areas; therefore, the applicant will employ conservation measures for all five species, as outlined in Appendix E of the attached USACE informal consultation

letter. As such, it is anticipated that the project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk, Puerto Rican parrot, Puerto Rican boa, Puerto Rican Sharp Shinned Hawk, and Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly. The project will have no effect on designated critical habitat. See the attached USFWS informal consultation request and subsequent concurrence, dated September 20, 2024.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office
Bayamón | Mayagüez | Maricao | Río Grande | St Croix
P.O. Box 491
Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622



In Reply Refer to:
FWS/R4/CESFO/72081-Gen

Submitted Via Electronic Mail: jcperez@vivienda.pr.gov

Juan Carlos Pérez-Bofill, PE, MEng.
Director – Disaster Recovery CDBG-DR Program
Puerto Rico Department of Housing
P.O. Box 21365
San Juan, P.R 00928-1365

Re: CDBG-DR PR-RGRW-01722 Santiago
García Romero, Lares, Puerto Rico

Dear Mr. Pérez-Bofill

Thank you for your letter dated August 26, 2024, requesting informal consultation on the above referenced project. As per your request, our comments are provided under the Endangered Species Act (Act) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 United States Code 1531 et seq.), and the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (48 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.).

The Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH) is proposing the purchase and installation of a fence and two 1000-gallon water cistern replacements on a 11.9-acre property located on State Road PR-128, Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo. Bartolo (18°12'10.2"N 66°50'29.8"W) in the municipality of Lares. Minimal ground disturbance will occur and no tree clearing will be required.

Using the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (Service) Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system, the PRDOH has determined that the proposed project site is located within the range of Puerto Rican boa (*Chilabothrus inornatus*), Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk (*Buteo platypterus brunnescens*), Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk (*Accipiter striatus venator*), Puerto Rican parrot (*Amazona vittata*) and Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly (*Atlantea tulita*).

PRDOH used the Caribbean Determination Key (DKey) in the IPaC application to evaluate the potential impacts of the proposed project on federally listed species (Project code: 2024-0113886). Based on the answers provided, a consistency letter was obtained for the Puerto Rican boa, which determined that the proposed actions for this project may affect, but is likely to adversely affect (MLAA) this species. As for the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk and Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk a may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect (NLAA) determination was obtained. Conservation measures for these species will be implemented.

Based on the nature of the project, scope of work, information available, and analysis of the existing habitat (cleared land adjacent to forested areas), PRDOH has determined that the proposed project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect (NLAA) the Puerto Rican boa instead of the MLAA obtained by using the DKey. As for the Puerto Rican parrot and Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly, PRDOH has determined that the proposed actions will NLAA these species. Conservation measures will be implemented in case an encounter with these species occur.

We have reviewed the information provided and in our files, and concur with PRDOH's determination that the proposed project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the Puerto Rican boa, Puerto Rican parrot and Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly with the implementation of the conservation measures. Also, the Service acknowledges receipt of the NLAA consistency letter for the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk and Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk.

In view of this, we believe that requirements of section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (Act) have been satisfied. However, obligations under section 7 of the Act must be reconsidered if: (1) new information reveals impact of this identified action that may affect listed species or critical habitat in a manner that was not previously considered; (2) this action is subsequently modified in a manner not previously considered in this assessment; or, (3) a new species is listed, or critical habitat determined that may be affected by the identified action.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this project. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact us via email at caribbean_es@fws.gov or by phone at (786) 244-0081.

Sincerely,

LOURDES
MENA

Digitally signed by
LOURDES MENA
Date: 2024.09.20
15:17:24 -04'00'

Lourdes Mena
Field Supervisor

drr

cc:
SWCA
HUD



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Tel 281.617.3217 Fax 281.617.3227
www.swca.com

August 12, 2024

Lourdes Mena
Field Supervisor
Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Office Park I, Suite 303
State Road #2 Km 156.5
Mayagüez, Puerto Rico 00680
Email: Caribbean_es@fws.gov; Lourdes_Mena@fws.gov

Re: Federally Listed Threatened and Endangered Species Evaluation for the Puerto Rico Department of Housing ReGrow PR-RGRW-01722 Project/ SWCA Project No. 72428

Dear Ms. Mena:

SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA), on behalf of the Puerto Rico Department of Housing, is requesting informal consultation under Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 United States Code 1531 *et seq.*), and in accordance with the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (47 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661 *et seq.*) for the proposed ReGrow PR-RGRW-01722 Project (project). The Project is located on 11.9 acres at SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO BARTOLO, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669 (18.20282667, -66.84162333).

The proposed Project involves the purchase and installation of a fence and two 1000-gallon water cistern replacements. No tree clearing or ground drilling is required for construction, and the project will have minimal ground disturbance.

Using the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system, we have determined that the proposed project lies within the range of the following federally listed species:

Species	Listing Status
Puerto Rican Boa (<i>Chilabothrus inornatus</i>)	Endangered
Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk (<i>Buteo platypterus brunnescens</i>)	Endangered
Puerto Rican Parrot (<i>Amazona vittata</i>)	Endangered
Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk (<i>Accipiter striatus venator</i>)	Endangered
Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly (<i>Atlantea tulita</i>)	Threatened

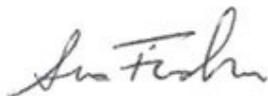
No designated or proposed critical habitat for any listed species was identified within the project area. Based on the nature of the project, scope of work, information available, and a careful analysis of the existing habitat, we have made the following effects determinations:

Species	Effect Determination	Conservation Measures to be Implemented
Puerto Rican Boa (<i>Chilabothrus inornatus</i>)	Not likely to adversely affect (NLAA)	Puerto Rican Boa General Project Design Guidelines
Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk (<i>Buteo platypterus brunnescens</i>)	Not likely to adversely affect (NLAA)	Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk Conservation Measures
Puerto Rican Parrot (<i>Amazona vittata</i>)	Not likely to adversely affect (NLAA)	Puerto Rican Parrot Conservation Measures
Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk (<i>Accipiter striatus venator</i>)	Not likely to adversely affect (NLAA)	Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk Conservation Measures
Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly (<i>Atlantea tulita</i>)	Not likely to adversely affect (NLAA)	Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly General Project Design Guidelines

In accordance with the 2024 Puerto Rican Boa General Project Design Guidelines, if a Puerto Rican Boa (PR Boa) is found in the project action site, work shall cease until the individual moves off on its own. If the PR Boa does not move off, the construction manager shall contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources and ask for them to relocate the PR Boa.

In order to complete the informal consultation process, we are requesting your concurrence for the NLAA determinations included in this letter. Attached to this letter, we are including the documents used to reach our effect determinations for the listed species. If you have any questions or require any additional information, please contact me at (346) 388-1157 or susan.fischer@swca.com.

Sincerely,



Susan Fischer
Wildlife Ecologist
SWCA Environmental Consultants

Attachments: Threatened and Endangered Species Technical Memorandum



ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

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Houston, Texas 77040
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www.swca.com

TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

To: Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
P.O. Box 491
Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622

From: Susan Fischer, Project Biologist on behalf of the Puerto Rico Department of Housing

Date: August 12, 2024

Re: **Threatened and Endangered Species Evaluation for the Puerto Rico Department of Housing ReGrow PR-RGRW-01722 Project/ SWCA Project No. 72428**

Project Description

Santiago Garcia Romero, the applicant, is proposing the purchase and installation of a fence and two 1000-gallon water cistern replacements on a 11.9-acre property in the Municipio of Lares, Puerto Rico (project) (Appendix A, Figure 1). The project is located at Carr. 560 Int. KM 1.9, Villalba, Puerto Rico 00669, in a rural area. The cisterns will be installed atop existing 5-foot (ft) by 5-ft platforms that were used for the previous cisterns. The fence replacement will be constructed of wood posts, chicken wire, and barbed wire along the southern border of the property and will be approximately 600 ft to 900 ft long. It is expected that the fence will require 100 to 150 wood posts that are placed approximately 6 ft apart, though this may vary due to ground conditions. The posts will be a maximum of 2 ft wide and inserted to a depth of 2 ft below ground surface (Appendix A, Figure 2).

Existing conditions

The existing habitat conditions at the proposed fence and cistern location consist of cleared land adjacent to forested areas. There are no wetlands or waterbodies mapped within or adjacent to the project area (Appendix A, Figure 3). No tree clearing or ground drilling is required for installation, and the project will have minimal ground disturbance. Representative photographs of the proposed locations are provided in Appendix B.

Federally Protected Species

SWCA obtained a federal threatened and endangered species list from the USFWS (2024a) Information for Planning and Consultation (“IPaC”) website for a 100-foot buffer around the fence and cistern locations (review area) (Appendix C). The IPaC automatically generates a list of species and other resources of concern, such as critical habitat, that are known or expected to be in the specified area and could potentially be directly or indirectly affected. According to the IPaC query for the project, five federally listed endangered species has the potential to occur in the review area; the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk (*Buteo platypterus brunnescens*), Puerto Rican Parrot (*Amazona vittata*), Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk

(*Accipiter striatus venator*), Puerto Rican boa (*Chilabothrus inornatus*), and the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly (*Atlantea tulita*). SWCA also evaluated the review area for potential habitat for bald eagles (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*) and golden eagles (*Aquila chrysaetos*) as they are protected by the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940 (“BGEPA”).

The bald and golden eagle’s range do not extend into Puerto Rico (Cornell Lab of Ornithology 2024); therefore, these species were eliminated from further analysis for this project. Table 1 identifies the species carried forward for further evaluation and summarizes each species’ habitat requirements, potential for occurrence in the project area, and determination of effects.

Table 1. Federally Listed Species Range and/or Habitat Requirements

Common Name (Scientific Name)	Status*	Range or Habitat Requirements	Potential for Occurrence in Project Area	Determination of Effects/Impacts
Birds				
Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk (<i>Buteo platypterus brunnescens</i>)	FE	The Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk occurs in elfin woodland, sierra palm, caimitillo-granadillo, and tabonuco forest types of the Río Abajo Commonwealth Forest, Carite Commonwealth Forest, and El Yunque National Forest as well as within hardwood plantations, shade coffee plantations, and mature secondary forests (USFWS 2019).	<i>Unlikely to occur.</i> Although there are forested areas located on the periphery of the review area, there are no forested areas present within the project area.	<i>May affect, but not likely to adversely affect.</i> See discussion below.
Puerto Rican Parrot (<i>Amazona vittata</i>)	FE	The Puerto Rican parrot is a frugivorous cavity nester. It depends on mature forests with large cavity forming trees. (USFWS 2009). It is currently confined to the Maricao Forest, El Yunque National Forest, and the Río Abajo Forest (USDA Forest Service 2024).	<i>Unlikely to occur.</i> The project area is not located within the Maricao Forest, El Yunque National Forest, or the Río Abajo Forest. Additionally, the review area does not fall within the PRDNER known range for this species (PRDNER 2023).	<i>May affect, but not likely to adversely affect.</i> See discussion below.
Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk (<i>Accipiter striatus venator</i>)	FE	The Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk occurs primarily in high elevation mature closed canopy forests (USFWS 2019a).	<i>Unlikely to occur.</i> Although there are forested areas located on the periphery of the project area, there are no forested areas present within the project area itself.	<i>May affect, but not likely to adversely affect.</i> See discussion below.
Reptiles				
Puerto Rican Boa (<i>Chilabothrus inornatus</i>)	FE	Considered to be a habitat generalist, the Puerto Rican boa tolerates a wide variety of terrestrial and arboreal habitats, including rocky areas, haystack hill, trees and branches, rotting stumps, caves, plantations, various types of forested	<i>May occur.</i> The project area is located adjacent to forested areas.	<i>May affect, but not likely to adversely affect.</i> See discussion below.

Common Name (Scientific Name)	Status*	Range or Habitat Requirements	Potential for Occurrence in Project Area	Determination of Effects/Impacts
		areas such as karst and mangrove forests, forested urban and rural areas, and along streams and road edges (USFWS 2011).		
Insects				
Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly (<i>Atlantea tulita</i>)	FT	This species inhabits areas with moderately dense to dense canopy cover and dense vegetation and a source of water within a kilometer. Eggs and larvae are found only on the prickly bush (<i>Oplonia spinosa</i>), while adult butterflies feed on the nectar of several tree species and drink water (USFWS 2019b).	<i>Unlikely to occur.</i> There are no prickly bush plants or forested areas within the project area.	<i>May affect, but not likely to adversely affect.</i> See discussion below.

*Status Definitions:
FE = Federally listed endangered

Based on a site visit and habitat evaluations, the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk, Puerto Rican parrot, Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk, and Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly are considered unlikely to occur due to lack of suitable habitat within the project areas. Due to the generalist nature of the Puerto Rican boa and forested habitat surrounding the project areas, the Puerto Rican boa may occur within the project area. The Caribbean Determination Key (DKey) was completed for the project, which generated a *may affect* determination for the Puerto Rican boa and a *may affect, not likely to adversely affect* determination for the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk and Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk (Appendix D).

The project area is adjacent to forested areas; therefore, the applicant will employ conservation measures for all five species, as outlined in Appendix E, including but not limited to issuing a stop work if a Puerto Rican boa were to occur within the project area, and contacting the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources for safe capture and relocation of the individual if such action is required. As such, it is anticipated that the project *may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect* the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk, Puerto Rican parrot, Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk, Puerto Rican boa, and the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly.

Critical Habitat and National Wildlife Refuges

Potential effects to habitat(s) within the project area critical to endangered species must be analyzed along with the endangered species themselves, while any activity proposed on National Wildlife Refuge lands must undergo a compatibility determination conducted by the Refuge. No designated critical habitats are present within 100-feet of any of the proposed project location options (Appendix A, Figure 4) (USFWS 2024b).

LITERATURE CITED

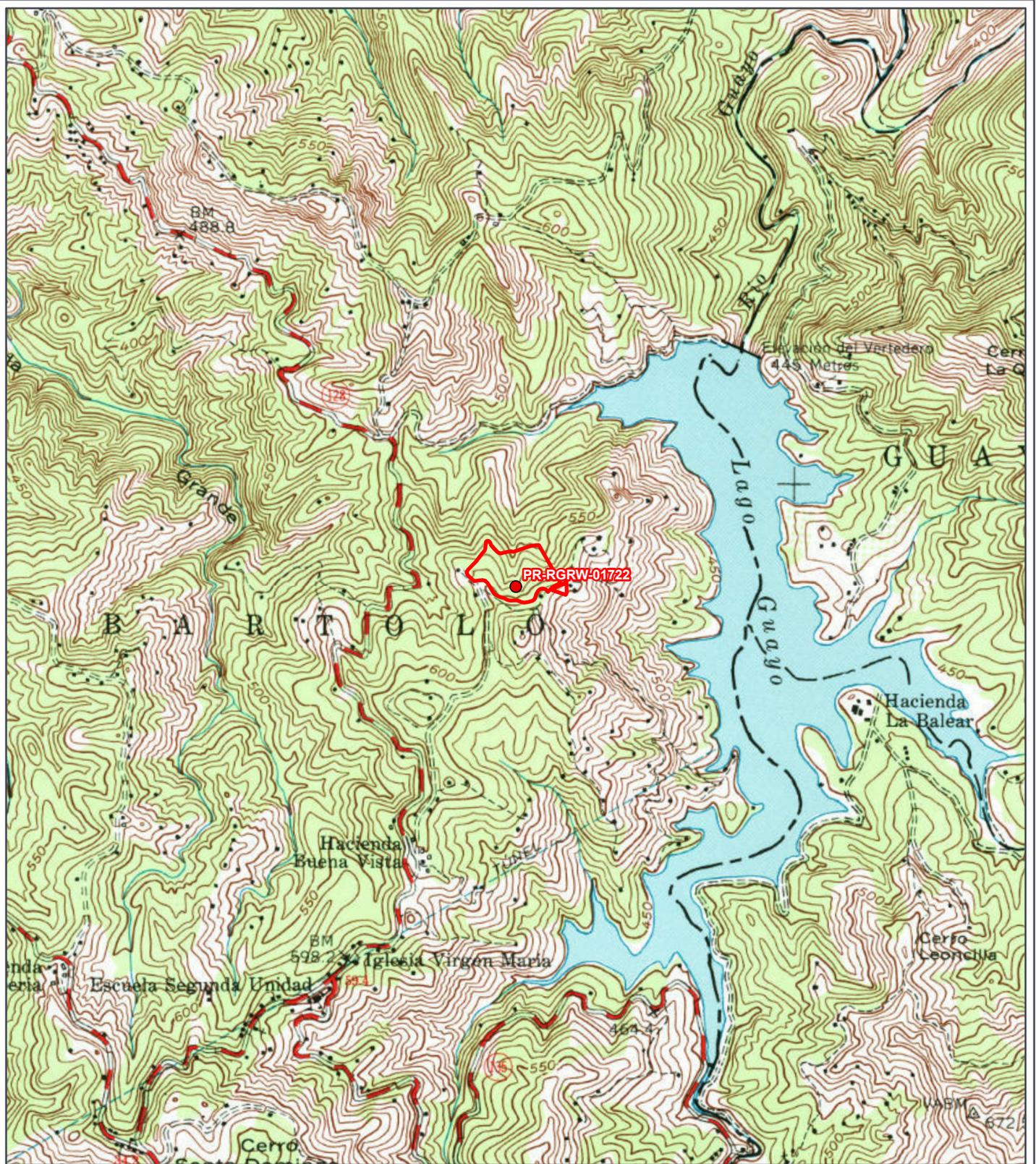
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- . 2024b. Critical Habitat for Threatened & Endangered Species [USFWS]. Available at: <https://fws.maps.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html?webmap=9d8de5e265ad4fe09893cf75b8dbfb77>. Accessed June 2024.

APPENDIX A

Maps

Figure 1

USGS Topographic Map



REGROW PROGRAM
USGS Topographic Map
 Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Site Parcel

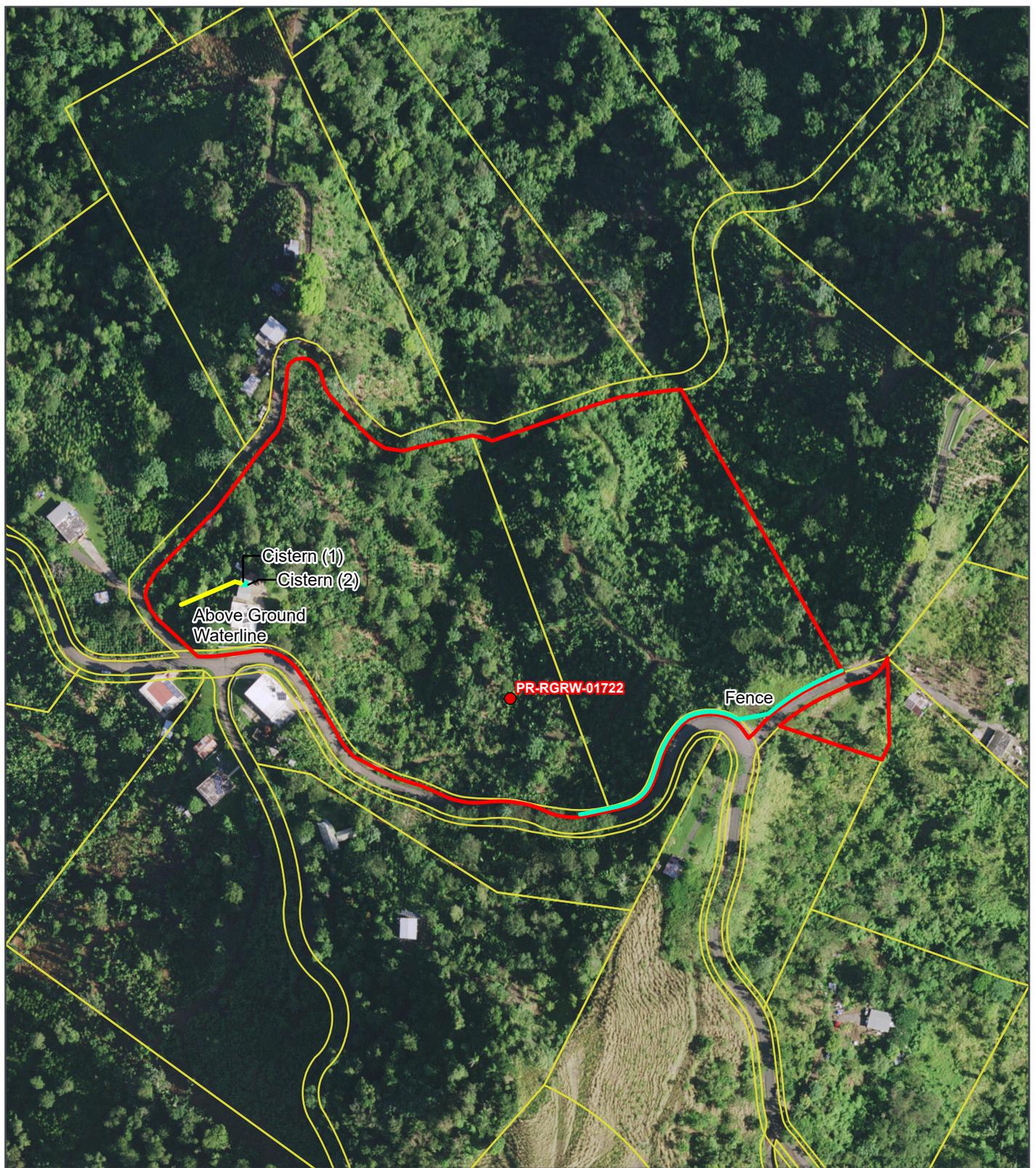
Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
 Carr. 128
 Lares, PR 00669
 Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
 238-000-003-70-000
 Center of Map:
 66.842623°W 18.202885°N



Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online,
 accessed June 2024
 Updated: 6/26/2024
 Layout: USGS Topographic Map
 Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Figure 2
Site Vicinity Map



REGROW PROGRAM

Site Vicinity

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Site Parcel
- Project Footprint (Option)
- Above Ground Utilities Location

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669

Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842591°W 18.203379°N

Base Map: USA NADIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024

Layout: Site Vicinity
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps

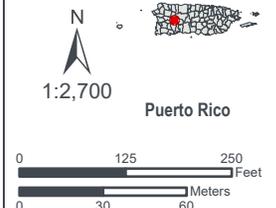
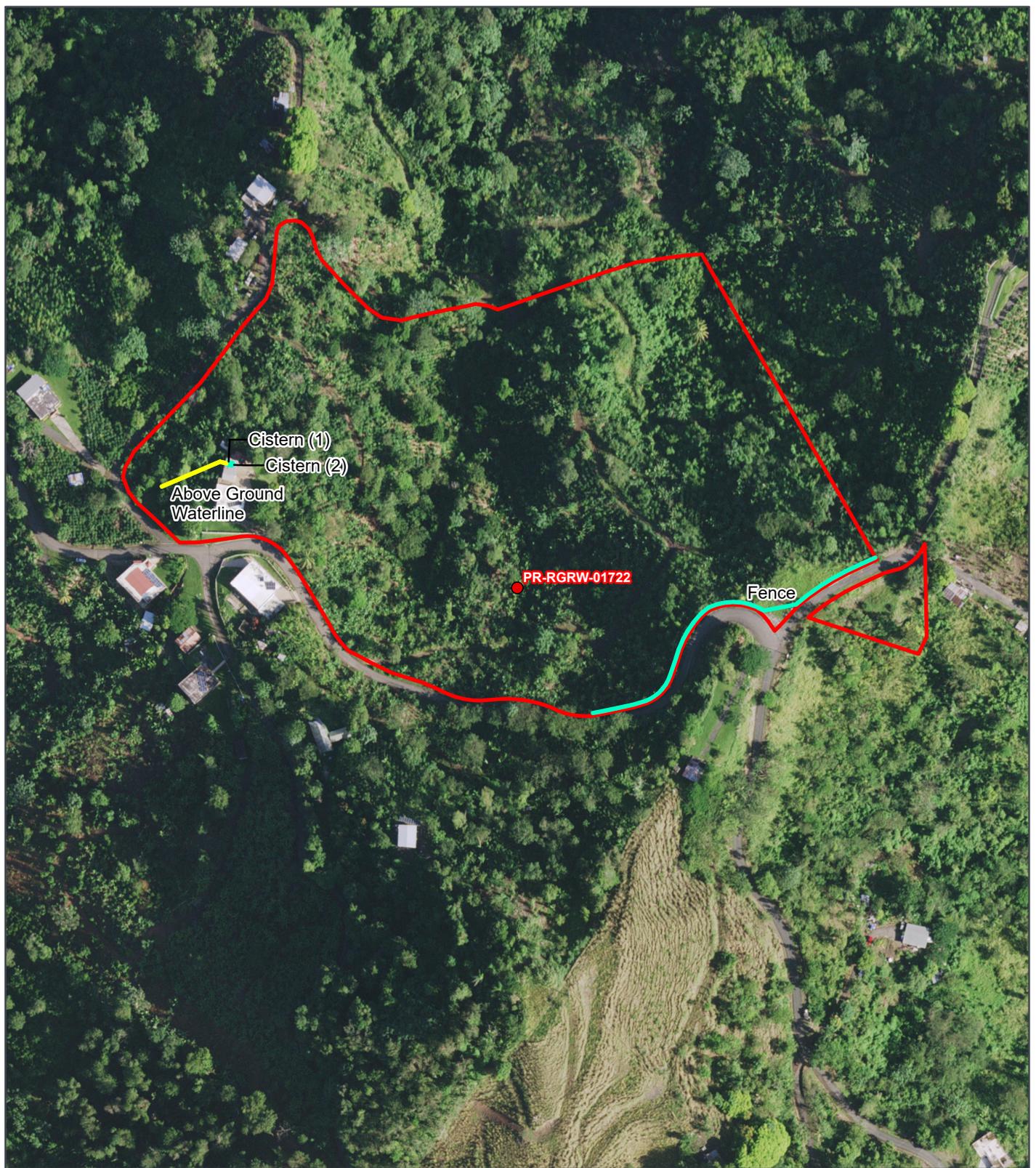


Figure 3
Wetlands Map



REGROW PROGRAM

Wetlands Protection Map

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Site Parcel
- Project Footprint (Option)
- Above Ground Utilities Location
- NHD Stream
- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

- Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- Freshwater Pond
- Lake
- Riverine

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: <https://apps.nationalmap.gov/downloader/#/>
<https://www.fws.gov/program/national-wetlands-inventory/data-download>
Base Map: USA NAIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Wetlands Protection

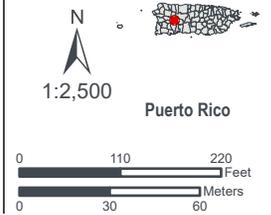


Figure 4
Critical Habitat Map



REGROW PROGRAM

Critical Habitat Map

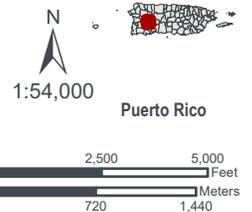
Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Site Parcel
- Buffer (100-ft)
- Critical Habitat - Final
- National Wildlife Refuges

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR. 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.882659°W 18.174568°N

Data Source: https://services.arcgis.com/QVENGdaPbd4LUkLV/arcgis/rest/services/USFWS_Critical_Habitat/
Base Map: ESRI/ArcGIS Online,
accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Critical Habitat
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



APPENDIX B

Photographic Log

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 01	Date: 6/24/2024	
Photo Direction: North		
Description: Overview of the starting point for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed 3 to 5 ft from the Camino Vecinal (tertiary road).		

Photo #: 02	Date: 6/24/2024	
Photo Direction: West		
Description: Overview of the starting point for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed 3 to 5 ft from the Camino Vecinal (tertiary road), partially shown in this picture.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 03	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northeast		
Description: This picture shows the project location for a fence replacement located 3 to 5 ft from the tertiary road. This location has experienced illegal dumping before, which is why the applicant needs the fence.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:39:51
65° NE

Photo #: 04	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: East		
Description: Overview of the project location for a fence replacement that will be located on the left side of the telecommunication pole (Claro-not working; back) and the electrical pole (front). This area is experiencing illegal dumping.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:48:55
97° E
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 05	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northeast		
Description: Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:55:18
 55° NE
 Camino Hoyo Santo
 Hato Arriba
 San Sebastián

Photo #: 06	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: West		
Description: Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:55:21
 290° W
 Camino Hoyo Santo
 Hato Arriba
 San Sebastián

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 07	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: East		
Description: Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.		

Photo #: 08	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northwest		
Description: Overview of the project location approximate end for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 09	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: North		
Description: Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other.		

Photo #: 10	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: East		
Description: Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 11	Date: 6/24/ 2024	 <p data-bbox="1144 779 1442 957"> Jun 24, 2024 10:13:59 355° N 4428 Castaner Bartolo Lares </p>
Photo Direction: North, close-up		
Description: Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other. Both cisterns will be working with an existing electrical water pump.		

Photo #: 12	Date: 6/24/ 2024	 <p data-bbox="1144 1604 1442 1780"> Jun 24, 2024 10:15:01 247° SW 4428 Castaner Bartolo Lares </p>
Photo Direction: Southwest		
Description: This picture shows the approximate location for an aboveground water line that will connect the two (2) cisterns to a faucet at the germination area of the property.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 13	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: East		
Description: This picture shows the approximate location for an aboveground water line that will connect the two (2) cisterns to a faucet at the germination area of the property (shown in the image).		

Photo #: 14	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northeast		
Description: Overview of the applicant's residence built in 1978, also showing the potable water line from AAA/PRASA.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 15	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: North		
Description: Overview of an old watering area for the animals. The applicant mentioned the area was part of a Hacienda and is no longer in used.		

Photo #: 16	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northwest		
Description: Overview of the foundation of an old business demolished approximately 20 years ago. The foundation was built using a portion of the applicant's property.		

APPENDIX C

USFWS Information for Planning and Consultation



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office
Post Office Box 491
Boqueron, PR 00622-0491
Phone: (939) 320-3135 Fax: (787) 851-7440
Email Address: CARIBBEAN_ES@FWS.GOV

In Reply Refer To:

07/10/2024 14:40:51 UTC

Project Code: 2024-0113886

Project Name: PR-RGRW-01722 ETO-032

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

THE FOLLOWING SPECIES LIST IS NOT A SECTION 7 CONSULTATION. PLEASE CONTACT OUR OFFICE TO COMPLETE THE CONSULTATION PROCESS

The purpose of the Endangered Species Act (Act) is to provide a means whereby threatened, and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect those species and/or their designated critical habitat.

Federal agencies are required to "request of the Secretary of Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action". The enclosed species list provides information to assist with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) consultation process under section 7 of the Act. However, **the enclosed species list does not complete the required consultation process**. The species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and designated critical habitats, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. A discussion between the Federal agency and the Service should include what types of listed species may occur in the proposed action area and what effect the proposed action may have on those species. This process initiates informal consultation.

Once a species list is obtained for the proposed project, an effect determination for endangered and threatened species should be made. The applicant could make an effect determination by using available keys on IPaC for specific species. For species with no determination keys, the applicant should request concurrence from the Service by sending a project package

to caribbean_es@fws.gov. To obtain guidance for completing this process and the minimum requirements for project packages, please visit:

<https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/consultation-under-section-7-of-the-endangered-species-act-with-the-caribbean-ecological%20Services-field-office-template-letter.pdf>

When a federal agency, after discussions with the Service, determines that the proposed action is not likely to adversely affect any listed species, or adversely modify any designated critical habitat, and the Service concurs, the informal consultation is complete, and the proposed project moves ahead. If the proposed action is suspected to affect a listed species or modify designated critical habitat, the Federal agency may then prepare a Biological Assessment (B.A.) to assist in its determination of the project's effects on species and their habitat. However, a B.A. is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a B.A. where the agency provides the Service with an evaluation on the likely effects of the action to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a B.A. are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a federal agency determines, based on its B.A. or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to further consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species, and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation process. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

<https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/endangered-species-consultation-handbook.pdf>

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species.

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action". Please use this list to determine whether your project requires consultation and to make your effects determination. For more guidance, use the Guideline for Consultation under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act with the Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office by clicking [here](#).

This species list is provided by:

Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office

caribbean_es@fws.gov

Post Office Box 491

Boqueron, PR 00622-0491

(786) 244-0081

Attachment(s):

- Official Species List
- USFWS National Wildlife Refuges and Fish Hatcheries
- Bald & Golden Eagles
- Migratory Birds
- Wetlands

OFFICIAL SPECIES LIST

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office

Post Office Box 491

Boqueron, PR 00622-0491

(939) 320-3135

PROJECT SUMMARY

Project Code: 2024-0113886

Project Name: PR-RGRW-01722 ETO-032

Project Type: Disaster-related Grants

Project Description: The proposed project includes the purchase and installation of a fence and two 1000-gallon water cistern replacements.

Project Location:

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <https://www.google.com/maps/@18.203073449999998,-66.84234108780237,14z>



Counties: Lares County, Puerto Rico

ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT SPECIES

There is a total of 5 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

-
1. [NOAA Fisheries](#), also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

BIRDS

NAME	STATUS
Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk <i>Buteo platypterus brunnescens</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5512	Endangered
Puerto Rican Parrot <i>Amazona vittata</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3067	Endangered
Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk <i>Accipiter striatus venator</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/604	Endangered

REPTILES

NAME	STATUS
Puerto Rican Boa <i>Chilabothrus inornatus</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6628 General project design guidelines: https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/CJI62P73BFC2NDFK5NSIKP7GUM/documents/generated/7159.pdf	Endangered

INSECTS

NAME	STATUS
Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly <i>Atlantea tulita</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9005 General project design guidelines: https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/CJI62P73BFC2NDFK5NSIKP7GUM/documents/generated/7168.pdf	Threatened

CRITICAL HABITATS

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

YOU ARE STILL REQUIRED TO DETERMINE IF YOUR PROJECT(S) MAY HAVE EFFECTS ON ALL ABOVE LISTED SPECIES.

USFWS NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE LANDS AND FISH HATCHERIES

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the [National Wildlife Refuge](#) system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS OR FISH HATCHERIES WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA.

BALD & GOLDEN EAGLES

Bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act¹ and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act².

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to bald or golden eagles, or their habitats³, should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described in the links below. Specifically, please review the "[Supplemental Information on Migratory Birds and Eagles](#)".

-
1. The [Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act](#) of 1940.
 2. The [Migratory Birds Treaty Act](#) of 1918.
 3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

THERE ARE NO BALD AND GOLDEN EAGLES WITHIN THE VICINITY OF YOUR PROJECT AREA.

MIGRATORY BIRDS

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act¹ and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act².

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats³ should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described in the links below. Specifically, please review the "[Supplemental Information on Migratory Birds and Eagles](#)".

-
1. The [Migratory Birds Treaty Act](#) of 1918.
 2. The [Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act](#) of 1940.
 3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

THERE ARE NO FWS MIGRATORY BIRDS OF CONCERN WITHIN THE VICINITY OF YOUR PROJECT AREA.

WETLANDS

Impacts to [NWI wetlands](#) and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local [U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District](#).

Please note that the NWI data being shown may be out of date. We are currently working to update our NWI data set. We recommend you verify these results with a site visit to determine the actual extent of wetlands on site.

THERE ARE NO WETLANDS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA.

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency: SWCA

Name: Rachel Howsmon

Address: 13 Palafox Pl

City: Pensacola

State: FL

Zip: 32502

Email: rachel.howsmon@swca.com

Phone: 8504948710

APPENDIX D

USFWS Consistency Letter



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office
Post Office Box 491
Boqueron, PR 00622-0491
Phone: (939) 320-3135 Fax: (787) 851-7440
Email Address: CARIBBEAN_ES@FWS.GOV

In Reply Refer To:

07/10/2024 14:42:54 UTC

Project code: 2024-0113886

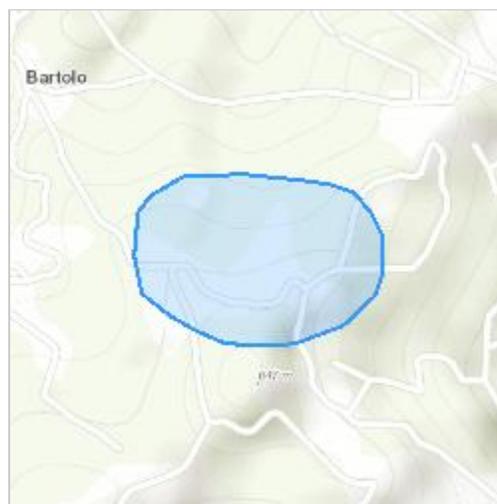
Project Name: PR-RGRW-01722 ETO-032

Subject: Consistency letter for the project named 'PR-RGRW-01722 ETO-032' for specified threatened and endangered species, that may occur in your proposed project location, pursuant to the IPaC determination key titled Caribbean Determination Key (DKey).

Dear Applicant:

Thank you for using the assisted evaluation keys in IPaC. This letter is provided pursuant to the Service's authority under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA) (87 Stat. 884; 16 U.S.C. 1531et seq.). On July 10, 2024, Rachel Howsmon used the Caribbean DKey; dated April 03, 2024, in the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's online [IPaC application](#) to evaluate potential impacts to federally listed species, from a project named 'PR-RGRW-01722 ETO-032'. The project is located in Lares County, Puerto Rico (shown below).

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <https://www.google.com/maps/@18.203073449999998,-66.84234108780237,14z>



The following description was provided for the project 'PR-RGRW-01722 ETO-032':

The proposed project includes the purchase and installation of a fence and two 1000-gallon water cistern replacements.

Based on your answers and the assistance of the Service's Caribbean DKey, you made the following effect determination(s) for the proposed Action:

Species	Listing Status	Determination
Puerto Rican Boa (<i>Chilabothrus inornatus</i>)	Endangered	May affect
Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk (<i>Buteo platypterus brunnescens</i>)	Endangered	NLAA
Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk (<i>Accipiter striatus venator</i>)	Endangered	NLAA

Consultation with the Service is not complete. Further consultation with the Caribbean Ecological Services office is required for those species with a determination of "may affect" listed above. Please contact the Caribbean Ecological Services office to discuss methods to avoid or minimize potential adverse effects to those species.

We appreciate your interest in protecting endangered species and their habitats. It is the Service's mission to work with others to conserve, protect, and enhance fish, wildlife, and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of our people. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact our office at Caribbean_es@fws.gov.

Action Description

You provided to IPaC the following name and description for the subject Action.

1. Name

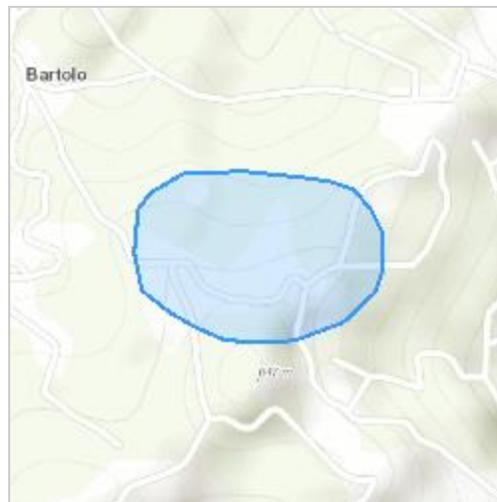
PR-RGRW-01722 ETO-032

2. Description

The following description was provided for the project 'PR-RGRW-01722 ETO-032':

The proposed project includes the purchase and installation of a fence and two 1000-gallon water cistern replacements.

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <https://www.google.com/maps/@18.203073449999998,-66.84234108780237,14z>



QUALIFICATION INTERVIEW

1. Is the proposed project an EPA Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP) renewal for an existing project? ([MSGP Fact Sheet](#))

No

2. Is the proposed project within an urban developed area? (i.e., cities, downtowns, shopping malls etc.)

Note: Urban and developed areas has one or more of the following characteristics: Presence of existing buildings, residential areas, and commercial establishments. Well-established infrastructure including roads, utilities, and urban facilities. High population density. Established neighborhoods and urban amenities ("urbanizaciones"). Developed landscape with paved surfaces, parking lots, and industrial areas. Signs of human activity and urbanization, such as shopping centers and recreational facilities. Location within the boundaries of a city or town ("casco urbano"). High concentration of built-up structures and limited open spaces. Aerial imagery might be requested to the applicant. .

No

3. Does the proposed project consist of rehabilitation or demolition of existing single-family homes and buildings?

No

4. Does the proposed project consist of improvements to existing facilities?

Note: Examples of facilities are occupied single family homes, and buildings; existing recreational facilities, including the installation of roofs to existing basketball courts, etc.

No

5. Does the proposed project consist of repavement or repair of existing roads and installing transit signage or guardrails?

No

6. Does the proposed project consist of the construction of gutters and/or sidewalks along existing roads, and developments?

No

7. Does the proposed project consist of replacement or repair of existing bridges which include cutting vegetation or earth movement?

No

8. Does the proposed project consist of activities within existing Right of Ways (ROWs) along roads which include cutting vegetation or earth movement?

No

9. Is the proposed project located within a rural area covered by grassland (pasture lands "pastos")?

No

10. Is the proposed project adjacent or within a forested area?

Note: Examples of immediately adjacent to forested areas are rock walls and haystack hills (“mogotes”), wet montane forest, lowland wet forest, remnant coastal, mangrove forest, damp and dry limestone karst forests, pastureland with patches of exotic trees.

Yes

11. Is the project area more than 1 acre?

No

12. Is the proposed project an existing facility or the expansion of an existing facility within the footprint of the already developed area?

No

13. Is the proposed project a new facility which would require earth moving, vegetation clearing, or debris removal using heavy machinery, the use of staging areas, construction of temporary access roads?

No

14. [Hidden Semantic] Does the proposed project intersect the Puerto Rican boa area of influence?

Automatically answered

Yes

15. Will the proposed project be conducted during the Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk or Puerto Rican Broad-winged hawk breeding season between December and July?

No

16. If nests are detected within the project area, will the proposed project avoid any disturbance until fledging leaves the nest permanently?

Yes

17. Outside of the breeding season, in the event of a Sharp-shinned hawk nest encounter, would a buffer zone be implemented?

Note: The species or nests might be found out of the breeding season. A buffer zone is an area around the detected nests where no actions or activities can take place. The buffer zone should be clearly marked or delineated in the field and in the project plans.

Yes

18. Will the Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department of Natural Resources be notified immediately if a nest is detected?

Yes

19. Does the proposed project intersect the Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk area of influence?

Automatically answered

Yes

20. Does the proposed project intersect the Puerto Rican Broad-winged hawk area of influence?

Automatically answered

Yes

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency: SWCA

Name: Rachel Howsmon

Address: 13 Palafox Pl

City: Pensacola

State: FL

Zip: 32502

Email: rachel.howsmon@swca.com

Phone: 8504948710

LEAD AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

Lead Agency: Department of Housing and Urban Development

APPENDIX E

Project Design Guidelines

**USFWS Conservation Measures for the Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk,
Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk, and Puerto Rican Parrot**

1. All personnel will be advised that there are civil and criminal penalties for harming, harassing, or killing species protected under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. During breeding seasons (see below), nest surveys shall be conducted if a project occurs within the range of any of the species listed above and if habitat for those species will be impacted by the proposed actions. Nest searches must be conducted by qualified personnel with the appropriate permits from the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) prior to start of work. If nesting activity is detected, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 50-meter buffer around any nest(s) found within the project area. This avoidance strategy must be kept until fledglings successfully leave the nest(s) permanently.

- Breeding Seasons:
 - Puerto Rican parrot: February-June.
 - Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk and Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk: December-July.

2. Outside the breeding season no nest surveys are required, but if a nest is encountered, all construction activities or human disturbance must be avoided within a 50-meter buffer around that nest(s). This avoidance strategy must be kept until fledglings successfully leave the nest(s) permanently. Furthermore, if any of the species indicated above is observed (e.g., foraging, resting) within the project area, avoid any disturbance to the individual(s) and do not flush the bird until it leaves on its own.

3. For all nest sightings, the Applicant must record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where it was found. All sightings and incidental lethal take reports should be sent to the USFWS Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office at Caribbean_es@fws.gov. For questions, the Point of Contact (POC) is José Cruz-Burgos, Endangered Species Program Coordinator, and can be contacted at:

- Mobile: 305-304-1386
- Office phone: 786-244-0081
- Office Direct Line: 939-320-3120
- Email: jose_cruz-burgos@fws.gov

General Project Design Guidelines (2 Species)

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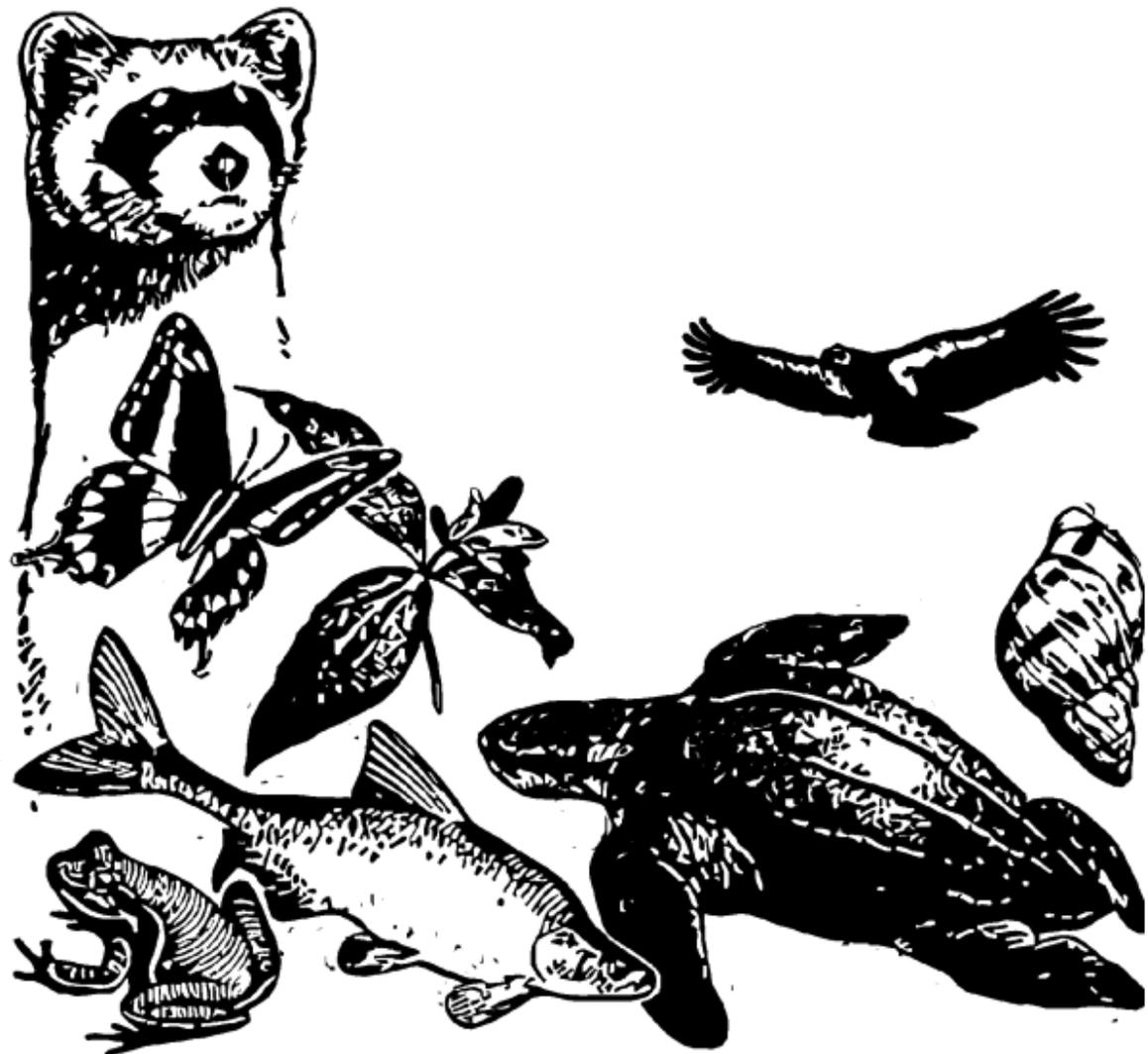


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Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly - Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office	2
Puerto Rican Boa - Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office	7

Species Document Availability

Species with general design guidelines

Puerto Rican Boa *Chilabothrus inornatus*

Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly *Atlantea tulita*

Species without general design guidelines available

Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk *Buteo platypterus brunnescens*

Puerto Rican Parrot *Amazona vittata*

Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk *Accipiter striatus venator*

General Project Design Guidelines - Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk and 4 more species

Published by Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office for the following species included in your project

Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk *Accipiter striatus venator*

Puerto Rican Parrot *Amazona vittata*

Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly *Atlantea tulita*

Puerto Rican Boa *Chilabothrus inornatus*

Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk *Buteo platypterus brunnescens*



U.S. FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE CARIBBEAN ECOLOGICAL SERVICES FIELD OFFICE

Conservation Measures for the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly (*Atlantea tulita*)

Section 7 (a)(1) of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) mandates Federal agencies to aid in the conservation of federally listed species. Section 7 (a)(2) requires the Federal agencies, through consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), to ensure their activities are not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of federally listed species or adversely modify designated critical habitats. Section 7 applies to the management of Federal lands as well as Federal actions that may affect listed species, such as approval of private activities through the issuance of Federal funding, permits, licenses, or any other actions. Any person that injures, captures, or kills a Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly, or destroy its eggs or any other of its life stage (caterpillars, chrysalis) is subject to penalties under the ESA. Thus, Federal Actions agencies must initiate consultation with the Service under Section 7 of the ESA for any action that could affect the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly. To initiate a consultation under the Section 7 of the ESA, the Federal Action agency must submit a project package to the Service with the established minimum requirements (see below). The conservation measures included below should be incorporated into the project plans to minimize possible impacts to the Puerto Rican harlequin butterfly. Download the [project evaluations fact sheet](#) to learn more about the requirements or visit our [project evaluations webpage](#).



The Puerto Rican (PR) harlequin butterfly (*Atlantea tulita*), is a threatened species endemic to Puerto Rico, whose currently known range is limited to the Northern Karst

February 2024

physiographic region and the West-central Volcanic-serpentine physiographic region of the Island. Through this range, we have identified six areas occupied by the PR harlequin butterfly that we refer to as a populations: (1) along the coastal cliff in the municipalities of Isabela, Quebradillas, and Camuy; (2) Guajataca in the municipality of Isabela; (3) Río Abajo Commonwealth Forest between the municipalities of Arecibo and Utuado; (4) Río Encantado area along the municipalities of Arecibo, Florida and Ciales; (5) Maricao Commonwealth Forest in the municipality of Maricao; and (6) Susúa Commonwealth Forest between the municipalities of Sabana Grande and Yauco. In addition, adult PR harlequin butterflies have been anecdotally reported in other areas of Puerto Rico, including the municipalities of Aguadilla, Barceloneta, Ciales, Florida, Luquillo, Ceiba, Guánica, San Germán, Las Marias and Lares.

The PR harlequin butterfly is a medium sized butterfly with a life cycle includes four distinct anatomical stages: imago (adult), egg, larva (caterpillar, with several size phases called instars), and chrysalis. The species has a wingspan of about 5.1 to 6 centimeters (cm) (2 to 2.5 inches (in)) wide and is characterized by its orange, brownish-black and beige coloration patterns. The caterpillar (larva) is dark orange with a brownish black to black, thin sub-lateral line, over a thin line of white intermittent dots crossing the body from the head to the anal plate, and has spines with hairs on each body segment. The caterpillar is less than .476 centimeters (cm) (0.19 in) in the first instar (growth stage between molts) and about 3.3 cm (1.29 in) in the fifth instar. Both eggs and caterpillars have been found almost exclusively on the host plant prickly bush (*Oplonia spinosa*). The chrysalis (pupa from which the butterfly (adult, or imago) emerges) of the PR harlequin butterfly is black, with orange and white dashes, and yellow pimples. The size of chrysalis is around 3 cm (1.2 in). In the wild, the chrysalis is more often found attached to branches of plants located close to the host plant, but it has been observed attached to dried twigs of the host plant.

The PR harlequin butterfly is difficult to detect, and the species is easily misidentified with other common butterflies such as the monarch butterfly (*Danaus plexippus portoricensis*), Antillean crescent (*Antillea pelops*), and Gulf fritillary (*Agraulis vanilla insularis*). The PR harlequin butterfly adults seem to be more active in the morning, from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm, when they are often observed flying searching for food or patrolling their territory for mating or laying eggs. The species flies slowly and is weak and fragile; thus, it is considered a poor disperser. There is information that this butterfly can disperse up to 1,026 meters (m) (3366.1 feet (ft)), approximately 1 kilometer (km) (0.6 mile (mi)) from one breeding site to another. The species seems to have specific ecological requirements for reproduction and its dispersion.

The PR harlequin butterfly was federally listed as threatened on January 3, 2023 (87 FR 73655), due to threats related to habitat modification and loss, its small populations size, and because of analyses of projected effects on the species resulting from relevant factors like increment of urban development rate and climate changes, which may negatively influence the continued existence of the species in the foreseeable future.

The Service has developed the following conservation measures with the purpose of assisting others to avoid or minimize adverse effects to the PR harlequin butterfly and its

habitat. These recommendations may be incorporated into new project plans and under certain circumstances into existing projects. Depending on the project, additional recommendations can be made besides the ones presented in this document.

1. All project construction personnel must be informed about the potential presence of the PR harlequin butterfly or its occupied host plant, prickly bush (*Oplonia spinosa*), in the project areas and the need to avoid harming the species and its occupied host plant. All personnel will be advised that there are civil and criminal penalties for harming, harassing, or killing species protected under the Endangered Species Act. Educational material (e.g., posters, flyers, or signs with photos or illustrations of all the life stages of the PR harlequin butterfly (i.e., eggs, caterpillar, chrysalis, and adult) as well as its host plant, should be prepared and available to all personnel for reference.
2. Before starting any project activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movement, the boundaries of the work area in the field clearly delineate to avoid unnecessary habitat impacts. Once the project areas are clearly marked, and before any work activity, including site preparation, personnel with knowledge and ability to identify the PR harlequin butterfly (all life stages) and the prickly bush must survey the areas where the work will be performed for the presence of the species and its host plant. It is important to note that the PR harlequin butterfly can be observed year-round in all its life stages; thus, oviposition (egg-laying) may occur at any time during the year.
3. If the prickly bush is present on the project site, try to avoid cutting it off, even if no eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalis are present.
4. If there is no prickly bush within the project area, and the butterfly is observed flying within the project area, do not harass, harm, pursue, wound, kill, trap, capture, collect, or attempt to engage in any such conduct, the species.
5. Adult butterflies are often observed flying near the host plant as part of their mating behavior and laying eggs. Project-related activities must stop if the prickly bush is found in the project area and the PR harlequin butterfly is observed flying in that same area where the plant is located. A temporary 50-meter (164 feet) buffer zone of no activity or human disturbance should be established and clearly marked around that prickly bush until the butterfly moves out on its own.
6. Once the PR harlequin butterfly has moved away, within a period of 24 to 36 hours, a search of the prickly bush that has been buffered should be conducted to determine the presence of eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalids of the butterfly on the plant. The contractor or the Applicant should send a report of the observation and its findings to caribbean_es@fws.gov after the 36-hour search is concluded.
7. If, after the initial search or after the 24 to 36-hour search, any life stage of the PR harlequin butterfly is found in the prickly bush, take the following actions:
 - Clearly mark the host plant with flagging tape.

- Establish a 10-meter (32-foot) buffer zone around the bush to protect it.
- Eggs are typically found on the prickly bush's newly grown, tender branches. Once an egg hatches, the caterpillar moves and feeds throughout the plant. Therefore, avoid cutting off the prickly bush within the project site even if no eggs, caterpillars, or chrysalids are present.
- Work within the 10-meter buffered area may resume when no signs of any live life stage of the butterfly are detected, which usually takes approximately 60 to 120 days.

8. For all PR harlequin butterfly sightings (all life stages), the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where the butterfly was found must be recorded. Data should also include a photo of the butterfly (if possible) and the habitat where it was observed, site GPS coordinates, and comments on how the butterfly was detected and its behavior. All PR harlequin butterfly sighting reports should be sent to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Caribbean Ecological Service Field Office at caribbean_es@fws.gov.

9. For questions regarding the PR harlequin butterfly, the Point of Contact is:

- José Cruz-Burgos, Threatened and Endangered Species Program Coordinator:
 - Mobile: 305-304-1386
 - Office phone: 786-244-0081
 - Office Direct Line: 939-320-3120
 - Email: jose_cruz-burgos@fws.gov

General Project Design Guidelines - Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk and 4 more species

Published by Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office for the following species included in your project

Puerto Rican Sharp-shinned Hawk *Accipiter striatus venator*

Puerto Rican Parrot *Amazona vittata*

Puerto Rican Harlequin Butterfly *Atlantea tulita*

Puerto Rican Boa *Chilabothrus inornatus*

Puerto Rican Broad-winged Hawk *Buteo platypterus brunnescens*

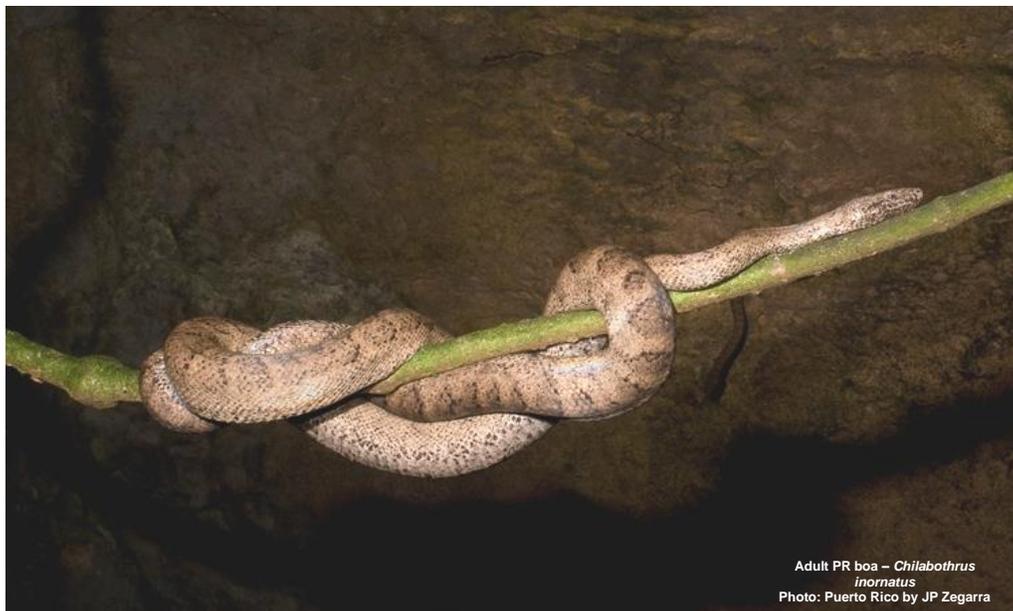


U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE CARIBBEAN ECOLOGICAL SERVICES FIELD OFFICE

Conservation Measures for the Puerto Rican boa (*Chilabothrus inornatus*)

Section 7 (a)(1) of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) charges Federal agencies to aid in the conservation of listed species, and section 7 (a)(2) requires the agencies, through consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), to ensure their activities are not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of listed species or adversely modify designated critical habitats. Section 7 applies to the management of Federal lands as well as Federal actions that may affect federally listed species, such as Federal approval of private activities through the issuance of Federal funding, permits, licenses, or other actions. Any person that injures, captures, or kills a Puerto Rico boa is subject to penalties under the ESA. If Federal funds or permits are needed, the funding or permitting agency should initiate Section 7 consultation with the Service. To initiate a consultation under the Section 7 of the ESA, you must submit a project package with the established minimum requirements. These conservation measures should be incorporated into the project plans to minimize possible impacts to the species.

The endangered Puerto Rican (PR) boa (*Chilabothrus inornatus*, formerly *Epicrates inornatus*) is the largest endemic snake species that inhabits Puerto Rico. The PR boa is non-venomous and does not pose any life threatening danger to humans, but some individuals may try to bite if disturbed or during capture or handling. Its body color ranges from tan to dark brown with irregular diffuse marking on the dorsum, but some individuals lack marking and are uniformly dark. Juveniles may have a reddish color with more pronounced markings. In general, as they mature, their body color tends to darken.



The PR boa was federally listed in 1970. Currently, the species has an island-wide distribution and occurs in a wide variety of habitat types, ranging from wet montane to subtropical dry forest and can be found from mature forest to areas with different degrees of human disturbance such as roadsides or houses, especially if near their habitat in rural areas. The PR boa is considered mostly nocturnal, remaining less active, concealed or basking under the sun during the day.

The Service has developed the following conservation measures with the purpose of assisting others to avoid or minimize adverse effects to the PR boa and its habitat. These recommendations may be incorporated into new project plans and under certain circumstances into existing projects. Depending on the project, additional conservation measures can be implemented besides the ones presented in this document.

Conservation Measures:

1. Inform all project personnel about the potential presence of the PR boa in areas where the proposed work will be conducted. A pre-construction meeting should be conducted to inform all project personnel about the need to avoid harming the species as well as penalties for harassing or harming PR boas. An educational poster or sign with photo or illustration of the species should be displayed at the project site.
2. Prior to any construction activity, including removal of vegetation and earth movements, the boundaries of the project and areas to be excluded and protected should be clearly marked in the project plan and in the field in order to avoid further habitat degradation into forested and conservation areas.
3. Once areas are clearly marked, and prior to the use of heavy machinery and any construction activity (including removal of vegetation and earth movement), a biologist or project personnel with experience on this species should survey the areas to be cleared to verify the presence of any PR boa within the work area.
4. If a PR boa is found within any of the working or construction areas, activities should stop at that area and information recorded (see #5). **Do not capture the boa.** If boas need to be moved out of harm's way, designated personnel shall immediately contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources (PRDNER) Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (PRDNER phone #: (787) 724-5700, (787) 230-5550, (787) 771-1124). **If immediate relocation is not an option, project-related activities at that area must stop until the boa moves out of harm's way on its own.** Activities at other work sites, where no boas have been found after surveying the area, may continue.
5. For all boa sightings (dead or alive), record the time and date of the sighting and the specific location where it was found. PR boa data should also include a photo of the animal (dead or alive), site GPS coordinates, the time and date, and comments on how the animal was detected and its behavior.

6. If a PR boa is captured by PRDNER personnel, record the name of that person and information on where the PR boa will be taken. This information should be reported to the Service.
7. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize PR boa casualties by heavy machinery or motor vehicles being used on site. Any heavy machinery left on site (staging) or near potential PR boa habitat (within 50 meters of potential boa habitat), needs to be thoroughly inspected each morning before work starts to ensure that no boas have sheltered within engine compartments or other areas of the equipment. If PR boas are found within vehicles or equipment, do not capture the animal, and let it move on its own or call PRDNER Rangers for safe capture and relocation of the animal (see #4). If not possible, the animal should be left alone until it leaves the vehicle on its own.
8. PR boas may seek shelter in debris piles. Measures should be taken to avoid and minimize boa casualties associated with sheltering in debris piles as a result of project activities. Debris piles should be placed far away from forested areas. Prior to moving, disposing or shredding, debris piles should be carefully inspected for the presence of boas. If debris piles will be left on site, we recommend they be placed in areas that will not be disturbed in the future.
9. If a dead PR boa is found, immediately cease all work in that area and record the information accordingly (see #5). If the PR boa was accidentally killed as part of the project actions, please include information on what conservation measures had been implemented and what actions will be taken to avoid further killings. A dead boa report should be sent by email (see contacts below) to the Service within 48 hours of the event.
10. Projects must comply with all state laws and regulations. Please contact the PRDNER for further guidance.

If you have any questions regarding the above conservation measures, please contact the Service:

- José Cruz-Burgos, Endangered Species Program Coordinator
 - Email: jose_cruz-burgos@fws.gov
 - Office phone (305) 304-1386
- Jan Zegarra, Fish and Wildlife Biologist
 - Email: jan_zegarra@fws.gov
 - Office phone (786) 933-1451



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure B 7-1:
Critical Habitat Map**

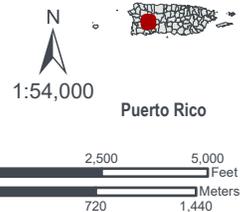
Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Site Parcel
- Buffer (100-ft)
- Critical Habitat - Final
- National Wildlife Refuges

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR. 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.882659°W 18.174568°N

Data Source: https://services.arcgis.com/QVENGdaPbd4LUkLV/arcgis/rest/services/USFWS_Critical_Habitat/
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Critical Habitat
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Attachment 8
Explosive and Flammable Hazards Partner
Worksheet



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those “Partners” (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Explosive and Flammable Hazards (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/explosive-and-flammable-facilities>

- 1. Does the proposed HUD-assisted project include a hazardous facility (a facility that mainly stores, handles or processes flammable or combustible chemicals such as bulk fuel storage facilities and refineries)?**

No

→ Continue to Question 2.

Yes

Explain:

Click here to enter text.

→ Continue to Question 5.

- 2. Does this project include any of the following activities: development, construction, rehabilitation that will increase residential densities, or conversion?**

No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Yes → Continue to Question 3.

- 3. Within 1 mile of the project site, are there any current *or planned* stationary aboveground storage containers:**

- Of more than 100-gallon capacity, containing common liquid industrial fuels OR
- Of any capacity, containing hazardous liquids or gases that are not common liquid industrial fuels?

No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide all documents used to make your determination.

Yes → Continue to Question 4.

- 4. Is the Separation Distance from the project acceptable based on standards in the Regulation?**

Please visit HUD’s website for information on calculating Acceptable Separation Distance.

Yes

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to any tanks and your separation distance calculations. If the map identifies more than one tank, please identify the tank you have chosen as the “assessed tank.”

No

→ Continue to Question 6.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to any tanks and your separation distance calculations. If the map identifies more than one tank, please identify the tank you have chosen as the “assessed tank.”

5. Is the hazardous facility located at an acceptable separation distance from residences and any other facility or area where people may congregate or be present?

Please visit HUD’s website for information on calculating Acceptable Separation Distance.

Yes

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to residences and any other facility or area where people congregate or are present and your separation distance calculations.

No

→ Continue to Question 6.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to residences and any other facility or area where people congregate or are present and your separation distance calculations.

6. For the project to be brought into compliance with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Explain in detail the exact measures that must be implemented to make the Separation Distance acceptable, including the timeline for implementation. If negative effects cannot be mitigated, cancel the project at this location.

Note that only licensed professional engineers should design and implement blast barriers. If a barrier will be used or the project will be modified to compensate for an unacceptable separation distance, provide approval from a licensed professional engineer.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project includes the new construction of a fence and the installation of two replacement cisterns as well as an above ground waterline. The project itself is not the development of a hazardous facility nor

will the project increase residential densities. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.

Attachment 9
Farmlands Protection Partner Worksheet
and Prime Farmland Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Farmlands Protection (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/farmlands-protection>

1. Does your project include any activities, including new construction, acquisition of undeveloped land or conversion, that could convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use?

Yes → Continue to Question 2.

No

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

2. Does “important farmland,” including prime farmland, unique farmland, or farmland of statewide or local importance regulated under the Farmland Protection Policy Act, occur on the project site?

You may use the links below to determine important farmland occurs on the project site:

- Utilize USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service’s (NRCS) Web Soil Survey <http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm>
- Check with your city or county’s planning department and ask them to document if the project is on land regulated by the FPPA (zoning important farmland as non-agricultural does not exempt it from FPPA requirements)
- Contact NRCS at the local USDA service center <http://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs> or your NRCS state soil scientist http://soils.usda.gov/contact/state_offices/ for assistance

No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.

Yes → Continue to Question 3.

3. Consider alternatives to completing the project on important farmland and means of avoiding impacts to important farmland.

- Complete form [AD-1006, “Farmland Conversion Impact Rating”](#) and contact the state soil scientist before sending it to the local NRCS District Conservationist.
- Work with NRCS to minimize the impact of the project on the protected farmland. When you have finished with your analysis, return a copy of form AD-1006 to the USDA-NRCS State Soil Scientist or his/her designee informing them of your determination.

Work with the RE/HUD to determine how the project will proceed. Document the conclusion:

Project will proceed with mitigation.

Explain in detail the proposed measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

→ *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide form AD-1006 and all other documents used to make your determination.*

Project will proceed without mitigation.

Explain why mitigation will not be made here:

[Click here to enter text.](#)

→ *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide form AD-1006 and all other documents used to make your determination.*

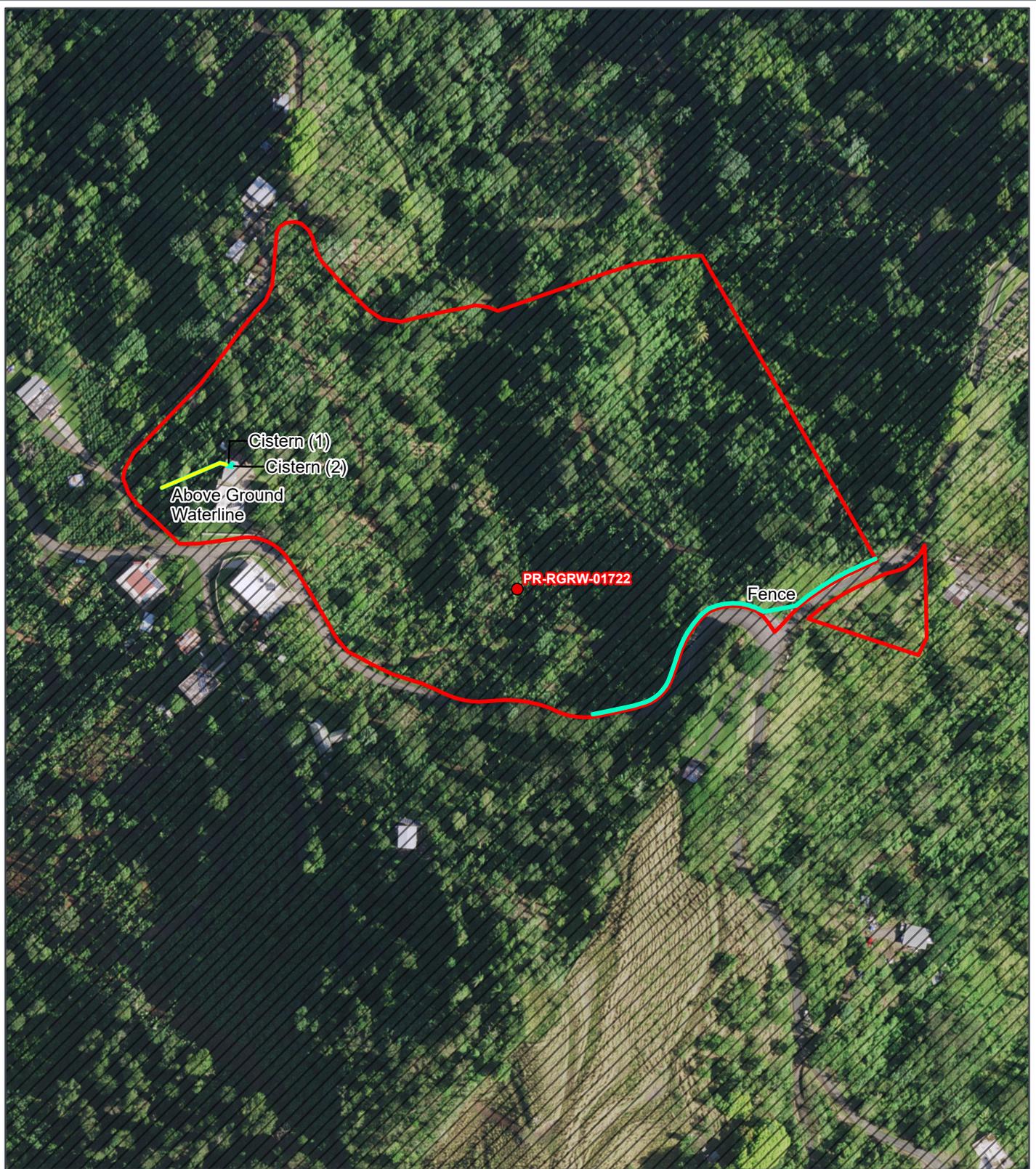
Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

This project does not include any activities that could potentially convert agricultural land to non-agricultural use. Per the USGS/NRCS Web Soil Survey, the project area crosses three (3) mapped soil series: AoF2 (Anones clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes, eroded); CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes); and MwF2 (Morado clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes). The project area crosses one mapped soil series: GeC (Guerrero sand, 2 to 12 percent slopes). No prime farmland or farmlands of statewide importance are within the project area. Although the project includes new construction, the project is exempt from review under the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FFPA) as the project is limited to construction of on-farm structures needed for farm operations. No further review is required. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act.



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure B 9-1:
Prime Farmland Map**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722

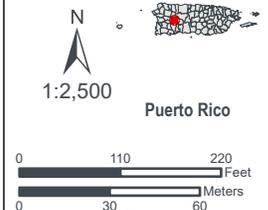


- Site
- Site Parcel
- Project Footprint (Option)
- Above Ground Utilities Location
- All areas are prime farmland
- Farmland of statewide importance
- Farmland of statewide importance, if irrigated

- Prime farmland if drained
- Prime farmland if irrigated
- Prime farmland if irrigated and reclaimed of excess salts and sodium
- Prime farmland if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
- Not prime farmland
- Not Public Information

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: <https://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/>
Base Map: USA NAIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Prime Farmland
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Attachment 10

Floodplain Management Partner Worksheet and Advisory Base Flood Elevation Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Floodplain Management (CEST and EA)

General Requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Executive Order 11988, Floodplain Management, requires Federal activities to avoid impacts to floodplains and to avoid direct and indirect support of floodplain development to the extent practicable.	Executive Order 11988 Executive Order 13690 42 USC <u>4001-4128</u> 42 USC 5154a	24 CFR 55
Reference		
https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/floodplain-management		

1. Does this project meet an exemption at [24 CFR 55.12](#) from compliance with HUD’s floodplain management regulations in Part 55 or utilize the delayed compliance date for certain Office of Housing programs?

Yes

Select the applicable citation at [24 CFR 55.12](#) and provide supporting documentation for the determination if applicable.

- a) HUD-assisted activities described in 24 CFR 58.34 and 58.35(b)
- b) HUD-assisted activities described in 24 CFR 50.19, except as otherwise indicated in § 50.19
- c) The approval of financial assistance for restoring and preserving the natural and beneficial functions and values of floodplains and wetlands, including through acquisition of such floodplain and wetland property, where a permanent covenant or comparable restriction is place on the property’s continued use for flood control, wetland protection, open space, or park land, but only if:
 - (1) The property is cleared of all existing buildings and walled structures; and
 - (2) The property is cleared of related improvements except those which:
 - (i) Are directly related to flood control, wetland protection, open space, or park land (including playgrounds and recreation areas);
 - (ii) Do not modify existing wetland areas or involve fill, paving, or other ground disturbance beyond minimal trails or paths; and
 - (iii) Are designed to be compatible with the beneficial floodplain or wetland function of the property.

- d) An action involving a repossession, receivership, foreclosure, or similar acquisition of property to protect or enforce HUD's financial interests under previously approved loans, grants, mortgage insurance, or other HUD assistance
- e) Policy-level actions described at 24 CFR 50.16 that do not involve site-based decisions
- f) A minor amendment to a previously approved action with no additional adverse impact on or from a floodplain or wetland;
- g) HUD's or the responsible entity's approval of a project site, an incidental portion of which is situated in the FFRMS floodplain (not including the floodway, LiMWA, or coastal high hazard area) but only if:
 - (1) The proposed project site does not include any existing or proposed buildings or improvements that modify or occupy the FFRMS floodplain except de minimis improvements such as recreation areas and trails; and
 - (2) the proposed project will not result in any new construction in or modifications of a wetland
- h) Issuance or use of Housing Vouchers or other forms of rental subsidy where HUD, the awarding community, or the public housing agency that administers the contract awards rental subsidies that are not project-based (i.e., do not involve site-specific subsidies)
- i) Special projects directed to the removal of material and architectural barriers that restrict the mobility of and accessibility to elderly and persons with disabilities.

Exemptions do not apply due to the project activities being a fence and the installation of two replacement cisterns.

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Yes. Office of Housing programs utilizing the January 1, 2025 compliance date. These reviews must comply with the 2013 version of the Part 55 regulations. Continue to Worksheet Summary for 2013 version to upload supporting documentation.

No. *Continue to Question 2.*

2. Does the project include a Critical Action?

Yes. Describe the Critical Action. Examples of Critical Actions include projects involving hospitals, fire and police stations, nursing homes, hazardous chemical storage, storage of valuable records, and utility plants. Continue to Question 4.

No, the project is not a Critical Action as defined in 24 CFR 55.2(b)(3)

No. Continue to Question 3.

3. Determine the extent of the FFRMS floodplain and provide mapping documentation in support of that determination.

The extent of the FFRMS floodplain can be determined using a Climate Informed Science Approach (CISA), 0.2 percent flood approach (0.2 PFA), or freeboard value approach (FVA). For projects in areas without available CISA data or without FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), Flood Insurance Studies (FISs) or Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFEs), use the best available information to determine flood elevation. Include documentation and an explanation of why this is the best available information for the site. Note that newly constructed and substantially improved structures must be elevated to the FFRMS floodplain regardless of the approach chosen to determine the floodplain.

Select one of the following three options:

CISA for non-critical actions. If using a local tool, data, or resources, ensure that the FFRMS elevation is higher than would have been determined using the 0.2 PFA or the FVA.

0.2-PFA. Where FEMA has defined the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that FEMA has designated as within the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain.

FVA. If neither CISA nor 0.2-PFA is available, for non-critical actions, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that results from adding two feet to the base flood elevation as established by the effective FIRM or FIS or—if available—a FEMA-provided preliminary or pending FIRM or FIS or advisory base flood elevations, whether regulatory or informational in nature. However, an interim or preliminary FEMA map cannot be used if it is lower than the current FIRM or FIS.

a. Does your project occur in the FFRMS floodplain?

Yes, continue to part b.

No. Review for floodplain management is complete.

b. Is your project located in any of the floodplain categories below? Select all that apply. If none apply, continue to question 7.

Floodway: *Continue to Question 5. Floodways.*

Coastal High Hazard Area (V Zone) or Limit of Moderate Wave Action (LiMWA): *Continue to Question 6. Coastal High Hazard Areas and LiMWAs.*

4. Determine the extent of the FFRMS floodplain and provide mapping documentation in support of that determination.

The extent of the FFRMS floodplain can be determined using a Climate Informed Science Approach (CISA), or the higher of the 0.2 percent flood approach (0.2 PFA), or freeboard value approach (FVA). For projects in areas without available CISA data or without FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), Flood Insurance Studies (FISs) or Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFEs), use the best available information to determine flood elevation. Note that newly constructed and substantially improved structures must be elevated to the FFRMS floodplain regardless of the approach chosen to determine the floodplain.

Utilize CISA to determine the FFRMS floodplain for critical actions

CISA for Critical Actions. If using a local tool, ensure that the FFRMS elevation provided is higher than the 0.2 PFA or 3' above the base flood elevation.

OR;

Choose the higher of 0.2 PFA or FVA elevations

0.2-PFA. Where FEMA has defined the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that FEMA has designated as within the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain.

FVA. For critical actions, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that results from adding three feet to the base flood elevation as established by the effective FEMA FIRM or FIS or—if available—a FEMA-provided preliminary or pending FIRM or FIS or advisory base flood elevations, whether regulatory or informational in nature. However, an interim or preliminary FEMA map cannot be used if it is lower than the current FIRM or FIS.

a. Does your project occur in the FFRMS floodplain?

Yes, continue to part b.

No. Review for floodplain management is complete.

b. Is your project located in any of the floodplain categories below? Select all that apply. If none apply, continue to question 7.

Floodway: *Continue to Question 5. Floodways.*

Coastal High Hazard Area (V Zone) or LiMWA: *Continue to Question 6. Coastal High Hazard Areas and LiMWAs.*

5. Floodways

Do the floodway exemptions at [55.8](#) or [55.21](#) apply?

Yes

The 8-Step Process is required. Document mitigation measures necessary to meet the requirements in 55.8 or 55.21. Provide a completed 8-Step Process, including the early public notice and the final notice.

Continue to Question 7. 8-Step Process.

No

Federal assistance may not be used at this location. You must either choose an alternate site or cancel the project at this location.

6. Coastal High Hazard Area (V Zone) and LiMWAs

Do the exemptions at [55.8](#) or [55.21](#) apply?

Yes

The 8-Step Process is required. Document mitigation measures necessary to meet the requirements in 55.8 or 55.21. Provide a completed 8-Step Process, including the early public notice and the final notice.

Continue to Question 7. 8-Step Process.

No

Federal assistance may not be used at this location. You must either choose an alternate site or cancel the project at this location.

7. 8-Step Process.

Does the 8-Step Process apply? Select one of the following options:

8-Step Process is inapplicable per 55.13.

Select the applicable citation:

- (a) HUD's mortgage insurance actions and other financial assistance for the purchasing, mortgaging, or refinancing of existing one- to four-family properties in communities that are in the Regular Program of the NFIP and in good standing (i.e., not suspended from program eligibility or placed on probation under 44 CFR 59.24), where the action is not a critical action and the property is not located in a floodway, coastal high hazard area, or LiMWA;
- (b) Financial assistance for minor repairs or improvements on one- to four-family properties that do not meet the thresholds for "substantial improvement" under § 55.2(b)(12);
- (c) HUD or a recipient's actions involving the disposition of individual HUD or recipient held, one- to four-family properties;
- (d) HUD guarantees under the Loan Guarantee Recovery Fund Program (24 CFR part 573), where any new construction or rehabilitation financed by the existing loan or mortgage has been completed prior to the filing of an application under the program, and the refinancing will not allow further construction or rehabilitation, nor result in any physical impacts or changes except for routine maintenance;
- (e) The approval of financial assistance to lease units within an existing structure located within the floodplain, but only if;
 - (1) The structure is located outside the floodway or coastal high hazard area, and is in a community that is in the Regular Program of the NFIP and in good standing (i.e., not suspended from program eligibility or placed on probation under 44 CFR 59.24); and
 - (2) The project is not a critical action; and
 - (3) The entire structure is or will be fully insured or insured to the maximum extent available under the NFIP for at least the term of the lease.
- (f) Special projects for the purpose of improving efficiency of utilities or installing renewable energy that involve the repair, rehabilitation, modernization, weatherization, or improvement of existing structures or infrastructure, do not meet the thresholds for "substantial improvement" under § 55.2(b)(12), and do not include the installation of equipment below the FFRMS floodplain elevation.

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

5-Step Process is applicable per 55.14.

Provide documentation of 5-Step Process.

Select the applicable citation:

- (a) HUD actions involving the disposition of HUD-acquired multifamily housing projects or “bulk sales” of HUD-acquired one- to four-family properties in communities that are in the Regular Program of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) and in good standing (i.e., not suspended from program eligibility or placed on probation under 44 CFR 59.24).
- (b) HUD's actions under the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1701) for the purchase or refinancing of existing multifamily housing projects, hospitals, nursing homes, assisted living facilities, board and care facilities, and intermediate care facilities, in communities that are in good standing under the NFIP.
- (c) HUD's or the recipient's actions under any HUD program involving the repair, rehabilitation, modernization, weatherization, or improvement of existing multifamily housing projects, hospitals, nursing homes, assisted living facilities, board and care facilities, intermediate care facilities, and one- to four-family properties, in communities that are in the Regular Program of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) and are in good standing, provided that the number of units is not increased more than 20 percent, the action does not involve a conversion from nonresidential to residential land use, the action does not meet the thresholds for “substantial improvement” under § 55.2(b)(10), and the footprint of the structure and paved areas is not increased by more than 20 percent.
- (d) HUD's (or the recipient's) actions under any HUD program involving the repair, rehabilitation, modernization, weatherization, or improvement of existing nonresidential buildings and structures, in communities that are in the Regular Program of the NFIP and are in good standing, provided that the action does not meet the thresholds for “substantial improvement” under § 55.2(b)(10) and that the footprint of the structure and paved areas is not increased by more than 20 percent
- (e) HUD's or the recipient's actions under any HUD program involving the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of existing nonstructural improvements including streets, curbs and gutters, where any increase of the total impervious surface area of the facility is de minimis. This provision does not include critical actions, levee systems, chemical storage facilities (including any tanks), wastewater facilities, or sewer lagoons.

Continue to Question 8. Mitigation.

8-Step Process applies.

Provide a completed 8-Step Process, including the early public notice and the final notice.

Continue to Question 8. Mitigation.

8. Mitigation

For the project to comply with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Explain in detail the measures that must be implemented to mitigate the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation. Note: newly constructed and substantially improved structures within the FFRMS floodplain must be elevated to the FFRMS floodplain elevation or floodproofed, if applicable.

N/A

Which of the following if any mitigation/minimization measures have been identified for this project in the 8-Step or 5-Step Process? Select all that apply.

- Buyout and demolition or other supported clearance of floodplain structures
- Insurance purchased in excess of statutory requirement under the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973
- Permeable surfaces
- Natural landscape enhancements that maintain or restore natural hydrology
- Planting or restoring native plant species
- Bioswales
- Stormwater capture and reuse
- Green or vegetative roofs with drainage provisions
- Natural Resources Conservation Service conservation easements or similar easements
- Floodproofing of structures as allowable (e.g. non-residential floors)
- Elevating structures (including freeboard above the required base flood elevations)
- Levee or structural protection from flooding
- Channelizing or redefining the floodway or floodplain through a Letter of Map Revision (LOMR)

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Worksheet Summary

Compliance Determination

Provide a clear description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- FIRM panel numbers
- CISA data or maps
- Information on other data or tools used or accessed
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD

See below.

Worksheet Summary for 2013 Version
Compliance Determination

Attach 'Floodplain Management Partner Worksheet' (OMB No. 2506-0177), FIRM map indicating project location, and summary of 8-step or 5-step decision making process if applicable.

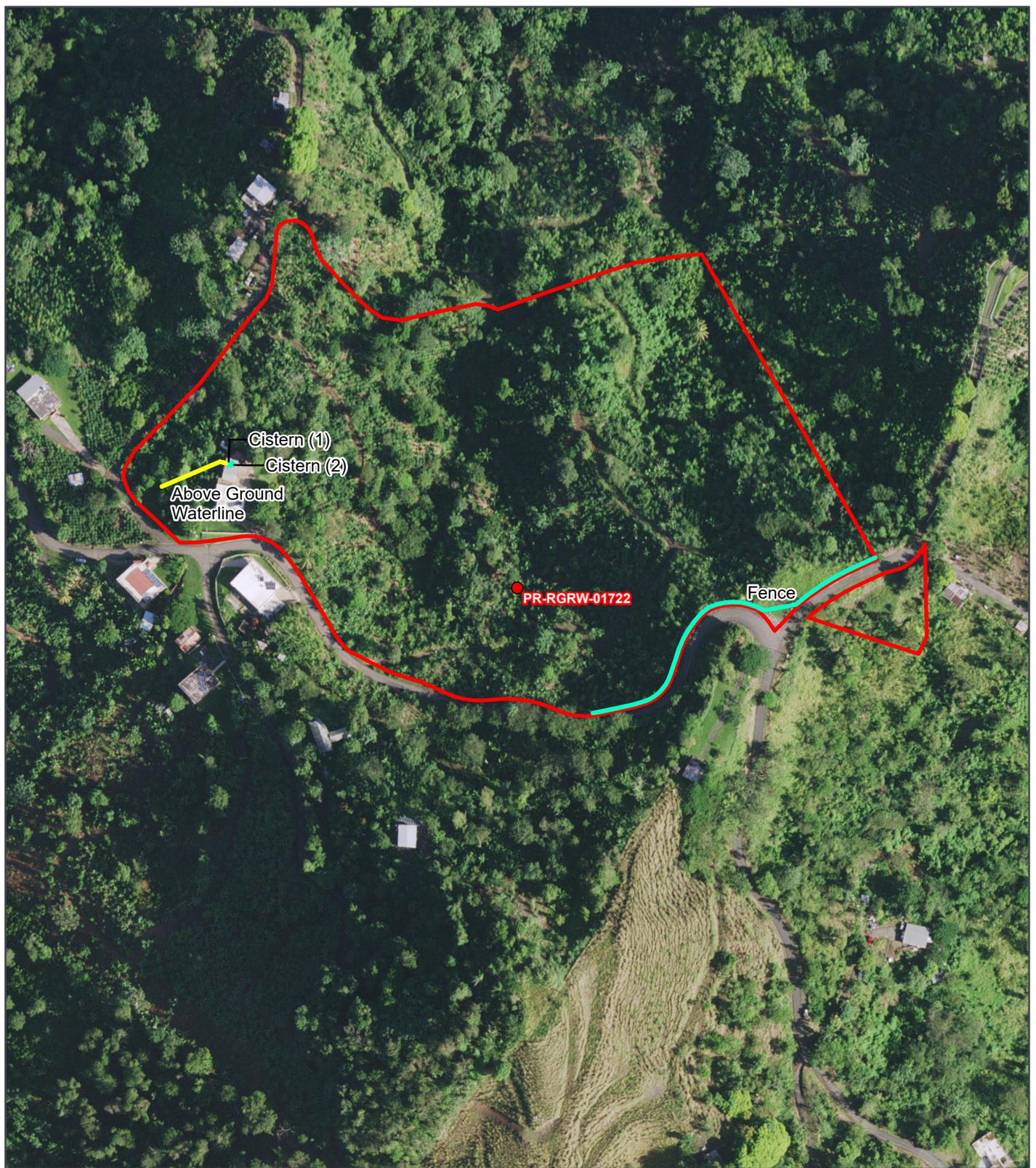
Provide a clear description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD

An Advisory Base Flood Elevation (ABFE) map was developed by FEMA, which shows the project sites are in Flood Zone X. The project is not located in the 100-year floodplain or ABFE special flood hazard area; therefore, no further action is required. The extent of the FFRMS floodplain was determined using the 0.2 percent flood approach. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11988, as amended by Executive Order 13690 particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55. PFIRMs in Puerto Rico were only developed for certain sections of the municipalities of Carolina, Canovanas, Loiza, San Juan and Trujillo Alto. The proposed project is located in the municipality of Lares; However, the proposed project is not within an area where a PFIRM was developed. Therefore, PFIRM was not considered in the review.

HUD implemented new floodplain regulations under 89 FR 30850 effective June 24, 2024 which created the Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (FFRMS). The current project comprises non-critical actions that lie outside the 0.2-percent-annual-chance (500-year flood elevation), which is the approach used for this project to comply with the FFRMS; therefore, mitigation is not required and the project is in compliance with 24 CFR Part 55.



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure B 10-1:
Advisory Base Flood
Elevation For 100-Year
Floodplain Map**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



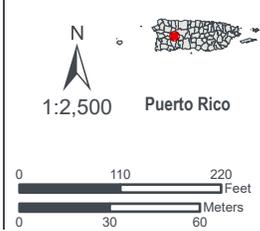
- Site
- Site Parcel
- Project Footprint (Option)
- Above Ground Utilities Location
- Advisory Base Flood Elevation (ABFE)
- 0.2% Annual Chance Flood
- 1% Annual Chance Flood
- Zone A
- Zone AE-Floodway
- Zone AE
- Coastal A Zone
- Coastal A Zone and Floodway
- Zone AE-Floodway
- Zone AO
- Zone VE
- Zone X (500-year floodplain)
- Zone/BFE Boundary

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo, Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669

Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: https://gis.fema.gov/arcgis/rest/services/DR/PuertoRico_ABFE_1PCT/MapServer

Base Map: USA NAIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: ABFE 1Pct
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Attachment 11
Historic Preservation Partner Worksheet
and SHPO Consultation



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those “Partners” (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Historic Preservation (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/historic-preservation>

Threshold

Is Section 106 review required for your project?

- No, because a Programmatic Agreement states that all activities included in this project are exempt. (See the [PA Database](#) to find applicable PAs.)

Either provide the PA itself or a link to it here. Mark the applicable exemptions or include the text here:

Click here to enter text.

→ *Continue to the Worksheet Summary.*

- No, because the project consists solely of activities included in a No Potential to Cause Effects memo or other determination [36 CFR 800.3(a)(1)].

Either provide the memo itself or a link to it here. Explain and justify the other determination here:

Click here to enter text.

→ *Continue to the Worksheet Summary.*

- Yes, because the project includes activities with potential to cause effects (direct or indirect). → *Continue to Step 1.*

The Section 106 Process

After determining the need to do a Section 106 review, HUD or the RE will initiate consultation with regulatory and other interested parties, identify and evaluate historic properties, assess effects of the project on properties listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places, and resolve any adverse effects through project design modifications or mitigation.

Step 1: Initiate consultation

Step 2: Identify and evaluate historic properties

Step 3: Assess effects of the project on historic properties

Step 4: Resolve any adverse effects

Only RE or HUD staff may initiate the Section 106 consultation process. Partner entities may gather information, including from SHPO records, identify and evaluate historic properties, and make initial assessments of effects of the project on properties listed in or eligible for the National Register of Historic Place. Partners should then provide their RE or HUD with all of their analysis and documentation so that they may initiate consultation.

Step 1 - Initiate Consultation

The following parties are entitled to participate in Section 106 reviews: Advisory Council on Historic Preservation; State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPOs); federally recognized Indian tribes/Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPOs); Native Hawaiian Organizations (NHOs); local governments; and project grantees. The general public and individuals and organizations with a demonstrated interest in a project may participate as consulting parties at the discretion of the RE or HUD official. Participation varies with the nature and scope of a project. Refer to HUD's website for guidance on consultation, including the required timeframes for response. Consultation should begin early to enable full consideration of preservation options.

Use the [When To Consult With Tribes checklist](#) within [Notice CPD-12-006: Process for Tribal Consultation](#) to determine if the RE or HUD should invite tribes to consult on a particular project. Use the [Tribal Directory Assessment Tool \(TDAT\)](#) to identify tribes that may have an interest in the area where the project is located. Note that only HUD or the RE may initiate consultation with Tribes. Partner entities may prepare a draft letter for the RE or HUD to use to initiate consultation with tribes, but may not send the letter themselves.

List all organizations and individuals that you believe may have an interest in the project here:
SHPO, PRDOH, Applicant

→ *Continue to Step 2.*

Step 2 - Identify and Evaluate Historic Properties

Provide a preliminary definition of the Area of Potential Effect (APE), either by entering the address(es) or providing a map depicting the APE. Attach an additional page if necessary.

As defined in 36 CFR §800.16(d), the area of potential effects (APE) is the geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause changes in the character or use of historic properties if any such properties exist. Based on this definition and the nature and scope of the Undertaking, the Program has determined that the direct APE for this project is the location of two water cisterns, a fence and water line plus a 15-meter horizontal buffer to allow for some variation in final placement during construction and the visual APE is the viewshed of the proposed project.

Gather information about known historic properties in the APE. Historic buildings, districts and archeological sites may have been identified in local, state, and national surveys and registers, local historic districts, municipal plans, town and county histories, and local history websites. If not already listed on the National Register of Historic Places, identified properties are then evaluated to see if they are eligible for the National Register. Refer to HUD's website for guidance on identifying and evaluating historic properties.

In the space below, list historic properties identified and evaluated in the APE.

Every historic property that may be affected by the project should be listed. For each historic property or district, include the National Register status, whether the SHPO has concurred with the finding, and whether information on the site is sensitive. Attach an additional page if necessary.

Existing information on previously identified historic properties has been reviewed to determine if any such properties are located within the APE of this undertaking. The review

of this existing information by a Program contracted archaeologist meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61) who searched the records at the SHPO and the Instituto de Cultura Puertorriqueña which shows that there are no previously recorded archaeological sites and no archaeological evaluations within a half-mile (mi) radius of the project location. Three (3) Section 106 studies have been conducted within the 0.5-mi review radius with no cultural resources found.

Section 106 SHPO#10-29-12-02 is located within the property and immediately adjacent to the northeast of project activities. The study was conducted in 2012 to repave roads and ditches around the municipality. There is no information on the relevant agency and no cultural resources were recorded. SHPO#01-30-13-03, at 0.08 mi south of the project area, was conducted in support of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) for the Telecommunication Tower Lago Guayo Site in 2013 with no cultural resources. Lastly, located 0.31 mi west of the project area, SHPO#03-02-12-13 was conducted to support the HOME Program by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the constructing and remodeling low-cost houses. There were no cultural resources found.

The proposed project is located in a rural, mountainous area in the central-west portion of the island at an elevation of 1,908 ft (582 meters [m]) above mean sea level. Per the USGS/NRCS Web Soil Survey, the project area crosses three (3) mapped soil series: AoF2 (Anones clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes, eroded); CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes); and MwF2 (Morado clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes). The project area APE is in the southeast portion of the municipality of Lares. The general project area is located on summits and side slopes with pasturelands north, east, and southeast, side slopes with uplands to the southwest and west, with dense vegetation north, south, and west, and sparse vegetation east towards Lago Guayo. These lands are mainly used for agricultural purposes. The closest freshwater source is a tributary of Río Guayo, located 0.28 mi (0.45 kilometers [km]) northwest of the project area. The north coast is approximately 20 mi (32 km) from the project area.

Existing information on previously identified historic properties has been reviewed to determine if any such properties are located within the APE of this undertaking. The review of this existing information, by a Program contracted Historic Preservation Specialist meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61) shows that the project area is not within the boundaries of a National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)-eligible or listed Traditional Urban Center or Historic District.

Three (3) Section 106 surveys have been conducted within 0.5 mi of the project area. In 2012, SHPO#10-29-12-02 was conducted within the property and directly northeast of the project area to repave roads and ditches in the municipality. No funding agency was identified. In 2013, SHPO# 01-30-13-03 was conducted 0.08 mi south of the project area, funded by the FCC for the construction of a telecommunications tower. In 2012, SHPO#03-02-12-13 was conducted 0.31 mi west of the project area. The survey was funded by HUD to construct and remodel low-cost homes. For each of these surveys, it was determined that no cultural resources were found.

The surrounding area is rural and mountainous in nature. Google Earth Pro imagery from 1993 shows the main residence on the property, along with a larger residence immediately adjacent to the parcel. Google Earth Pro imagery shows the addition of other neighboring properties through the 2000s and 2010s.

Historic Aerials imagery (<https://www.historicaerials.com/viewer>) from 1959 shows the presence of a structure to the northwest of the project parcel, but no structures present on

the project parcel. Earth Explorer imagery (<https://earthexplorer.usgs.gov/>) from 1977 shows the presence of the same neighboring residence to the northwest, although it is no longer extant in the 1993 imagery. This suggests that this neighboring residence was removed between 1977 and 1993. As for the structure directly on the project parcel and the structure immediately adjacent to it, aerial imagery shows that they were built between 1977 and 1993. This concurs with the information provided by the landowner. Therefore, no properties of historic age will be affected by the proposed project.

Provide the documentation (survey forms, Register nominations, concurrence(s) and/or objection(s), notes, and photos) that justify your National Register Status determination.

Was a survey of historic buildings and/or archeological sites done as part of the project?

If the APE contains previously unsurveyed buildings or structures over 50 years old, or there is a likely presence of previously unsurveyed archeological sites, a survey may be necessary. For Archeological surveys, refer to HP Fact Sheet #6, [Guidance on Archeological Investigations in HUD Projects](#).

Yes → Provide survey(s) and report(s) and continue to Step 3.

Additional notes:

[Click here to enter text.](#)

No → Continue to Step 3.

Step 3 - Assess Effects of the Project on Historic Properties

Only properties that are listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places receive further consideration under Section 106. Assess the effect(s) of the project by applying the Criteria of Adverse Effect. ([36 CFR 800.5](#)) Consider direct and indirect effects as applicable as per HUD guidance.

Choose one of the findings below to recommend to the RE or HUD.

Please note: this is a recommendation only. It is **not the official finding, which will be made by the RE or HUD, but only your suggestion as a Partner entity.**

No Historic Properties Affected

Document reason for finding:

No historic properties present.

Historic properties present, but project will have no effect upon them.

No Adverse Effect

Document reason for finding and provide any comments below.

Comments may include recommendations for mitigation, monitoring, a plan for unanticipated discoveries, etc.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

Adverse Effect

Document reason for finding:

Copy and paste applicable Criteria into text box with summary and justification.

Criteria of Adverse Effect: [36 CFR 800.5](#)]

[Click here to enter text.](#)

Provide any comments below:

Comments may include recommendations for avoidance, minimization, and/or mitigation.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

Remember to provide all documentation that justifies your National Register Status determination and recommendations along with this worksheet.



GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE

Executive Director | Carlos A. Rubio Cancela | carubio@prshpo.pr.gov

Tuesday, September 24, 2024

Lauren B Poche

269 Avenida Ponce de León, San Juan, PR, 00917

SHPO-CF-09-05-24-13 PR-RGRW-01722 (Lares), Santiago Garcia Romero

Dear Ms. Poche,

Our Office has received and reviewed the above referenced project in accordance with 54 U.S.C. 306108 (commonly known as Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act) and 36 CFR Part 800: Protection of Historic Properties.

Our records support your finding of no historic properties affected for this undertaking.

Please note that should you discover other historic properties at any point during project implementation, you should notify the SHPO immediately. If you have any questions regarding our comments, please do not hesitate to contact our Office.

Sincerely,

Carlos A. Rubio Cancela

State Historic Preservation Officer

CARC/GMO/MB



Cuartel de Ballajá (Tercer Piso), Calle Norzagaray, Esq. Beneficencia, Viejo San Juan, PR 00901 | PO Box 9023935, San Juan, PR 00902-3935

9/5/2024

Carlos A. Rubio Cancela
State Historic Preservation Officer
Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office
Cuartel de Ballajá (Tercer Piso)
San Juan, PR 00902-3935

Puerto Rico Disaster Recovery, CDBG-DR Re-Grow PR Urban-Rural Agricultural (Re-Grow PR) Program

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination Submittal: PR-RGRW-01722 – Santiago Garcia Romero – Carretera 128 Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo. Bartolo, Lares, Puerto Rico, 00669 – *No Historic Properties Affected*

Dear Architect Rubio Cancela,

In accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and its implementing regulations, 36 CFR Part 800, HORNE is providing information for your review and requesting your concurrence regarding the above-referenced projects on behalf of the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH). On February 9, 2018, an allocation of Community Development Block Grant - Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) funds were approved by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) under the Federal Register Volume 83, No. 28, 83 FR 5844, to assist the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico in meeting unmet needs in the wake of Hurricanes Irma and Maria. On August 14, 2018, an additional \$8.22 billion recovery allocation was allocated to Puerto Rico under the Federal Register Volume 83, No. 157, 83 FR 40314. With these funding allocations, the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (Housing) aims to lead a comprehensive and transparent recovery for the benefit of Puerto Rico residents.

On behalf of PRDOH and the subrecipient, the Puerto Rico Department of Agriculture, HORNE is submitting documentation for activities proposed by Santiago Garcia Romero located at Carretera 128 Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo. Bartolo, in the municipality of Lares. The undertaking for this project includes the purchase and installation of a fence replacement and two 1,000-gallon replacement water cisterns.

The two new 1,000-gallon water cisterns will be in-kind replacements of existing, defunct water cisterns. The cisterns will be installed atop an existing 5-foot (ft) by 5-ft platform that were used for the previous cisterns. The cisterns will service an existing germination area at the applicant's residence. The cistern will receive water via rainfall and a municipal water connection associated with the residence. The water will reach the germination area via an existing water pump and a 105-ft-long aboveground water line.

The fence replacement will be constructed of wood posts, chicken wire, and barbed wire along the southern border of the property used to prevent theft and illegal dumping. The fence will be approximately 600 ft to 900 ft long. It is expected that the fence will require 100 to 150 wood posts that are placed approximately 6 ft apart, though this may vary due to ground conditions. The posts will be a maximum of 2 ft wide and inserted to a depth of 2 ft below ground surface. No tree clearing or ground drilling is required for construction and the project will have limited ground disturbance for the replacement fence posts. The applicant owns the property and currently uses it for agricultural and residential use.

Based on the submitted documentation, the Program requests a concurrence that a finding of no historic properties affected is appropriate for this proposed project.

Please contact me by email at lauren.poche@horne.com or phone at 225-405-7676 with any questions or concerns.

Kindest regards,



Lauren Bair Poche, M.A.

Architectural Historian, EHP Senior Manager
LBP/JLE

Attachments

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination		
Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero		
Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722		City: Lares

Project Location: Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	
Project Coordinates: (as provided by applicant during field visit)	
Fence: 18.202829, -66.841685	
Cistern (1): 18.203396, -66.843874	
Cistern (2): 18.203394, -66.84386	
Above Ground Waterline: 18.203357, -66.844022	
TPID (Número de Catastro): 238-000-003-71-000 and 238-000-003-70-000	
Type of Undertaking: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Substantial Repair/Improvements <input type="checkbox"/> New Construction	
Construction Date (AH est.): ca. 1980	Property Size (acres): 11.88 acres total Fence: 0.012181 acre (531 sq. ft.) Cistern (1): 0.0004 acre (20 sq. ft.) Cistern (2): 0.0004 acre (20 sq. ft.) Above Ground Waterline: 0.0024 acre (105 sq. ft.)

SOI-Qualified Architect/Architectural Historian: Julia Russ, M.U.R.P., Ella McIntire, M.A.
Date Reviewed: July 25, 2024
SOI-Qualified Archaeologist: Delise Torres-Ortiz, M.A.
Date Reviewed: June 28, 2024.

In compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), the Program is responsible for identifying historic properties listed in the NRHP and any properties not listed that would be considered eligible for listing that are located within the geographic area of potential effects (APE) of the proposed project and assessing the potential effects of its undertakings on these historic properties.

Project Description (Undertaking)

The proposed project includes the purchase and installation of a fence replacement and two 1,000-gallon replacement water cisterns. This Environmental Assessment (EA) also encompasses the CENST review requirements for the equipment.

The two new 1,000-gallon water cisterns will be in-kind replacements of existing, defunct water cisterns. The cisterns will be installed atop existing 5-foot (ft) by 5-ft platforms that were used for the previous cisterns. The cisterns will service an existing germination area and the applicant's residence. The cistern will receive water via rainfall and a municipal water connection associated with the residence. The water will reach the germination area via an existing water pump and a 105-ft-long aboveground water line that will be purchased with the applicant's personal funds.

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination	 <small>GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING</small>
Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero	
Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722	City: Lares

The fence replacement will be constructed of wood posts, chicken wire, and barbed wire along the southern border of the property used to prevent theft and illegal dumping. The fence will be approximately 600 ft to 900 ft long. It is expected that the fence will require 100 to 150 wood posts that are placed approximately 6 ft apart, though this may vary due to ground conditions. The posts will be a maximum of 2 ft wide and inserted to a depth of 2 ft below ground surface.

No tree clearing or ground drilling is required for construction and the project will have no ground disturbance apart from incidental disturbance necessary to replace fence posts. The applicant owns the property and currently uses it for agricultural and residential use; therefore, no acquisition or conversion is required.

Area of Potential Effects

As defined in 36 CFR §800.16(d), the area of potential effects (APE) is the geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause changes in the character or use of historic properties if any such properties exist. Based on this definition and the nature and scope of the Undertaking, the Program has determined that the direct APE for this project is the location of two water cisterns, a fence and water line plus a 15-meter horizontal buffer to allow for some variation in final placement during construction and the visual APE is the viewshed of the proposed project.

Identification of Historic Properties - Archaeology

Existing information on previously identified historic properties has been reviewed to determine if any such properties are located within the APE of this undertaking. The review of this existing information by a Program contracted archaeologist meeting the Secretary of the Interior’s Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61) who searched the records at the SHPO and the Instituto de Cultura Puertorriqueña which shows that there are no previously recorded archaeological sites and no archaeological evaluations within a half-mile (mi) radius of the project location. Three (3) Section 106 studies have been conducted within the 0.5-mi review radius with no cultural resources found.

Section 106 SHPO#10-29-12-02 is located within the property and immediately adjacent to the northeast of project activities. The study was conducted in 2012 to repave roads and ditches around the municipality. There is no information on the relevant agency and no cultural resources were recorded. SHPO#01-30-13-03, at 0.08 mi south of the project area, was conducted in support of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) for the Telecommunication Tower Lago Guayo Site in 2013 with no cultural resources. Lastly, located 0.31 mi west of the project area, SHPO#03-02-12-13 was conducted to support the

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination	 <small>GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING</small>
Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero	
Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722	City: Lares

HOME Program by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the constructing and remodeling low-cost houses. There were no cultural resources found.

The proposed project is located in a rural, mountainous area in the central-west portion of the island at an elevation of 1,908 ft (582 meters [m]) above mean sea level. Per the USGS/NRCS Web Soil Survey, the project area crosses three_(3) mapped soil series: AoF2 (Anones clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes, eroded); CoF2 (Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes); and MwF2 (Morado clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes). The project area APE is in the southeast portion of the municipality of Lares. The general project area is located on summits and side slopes with pasturelands north, east, and southeast, side slopes with uplands to the southwest and west, with dense vegetation north, south, and west, and spare vegetation east towards Lago Guayo. These lands are mainly used for agricultural purposes. The closest freshwater source is a tributary of Río Guayo, located 0.28 mi (0.45 kilometers [km]) northwest of the project area. The north coast is approximately 20 mi (32 km) from the project area.

Identification of Historic Properties - Architecture

Existing information on previously identified historic properties has been reviewed to determine if any such properties are located within the APE of this undertaking. The review of this existing information, by a Program contracted Historic Preservation Specialist meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61) shows that the project area is not within the boundaries of a National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)-eligible or listed Traditional Urban Center or Historic District.

Three (3) Section 106 surveys have been conducted within 0.5 mi of the project area. In 2012, SHPO#10-29-12-02 was conducted within the property and directly northeast of the project area to repave roads and ditches in the municipality. No funding agency was identified. In 2013, SHPO# 01-30-13-03 was conducted 0.08 mi south of the project area, funded by the FCC for the construction of a telecommunications tower. In 2012, SHPO#03-02-12-13 was conducted 0.31 mi west of the project area. The survey was funded by HUD to construct and remodel low-cost homes. For each of these surveys, it was determined that no cultural resources were found.

The surrounding area is rural and mountainous in nature. Google Earth Pro imagery from 1993 shows the main residence on the property, along with a larger residence immediately adjacent to the parcel. Google Earth Pro imagery shows the addition of other neighboring properties through the 2000s and 2010s.

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM RE-grow PUERTO RICO PROGRAM Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination	 GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING
Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero	
Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722	City: Lares

Historic Aerials imagery (<https://www.historicaerials.com/viewer>) from 1959 shows the presence of a structure to the northwest of the project parcel, but no structures present on the project parcel. Earth Explorer imagery (<https://earthexplorer.usgs.gov/>) from 1977 shows the presence of the same neighboring residence to the northwest, although it is no longer extant in the 1993 imagery. This suggests that this neighboring residence was removed between 1977 and 1993. As for the structure directly on the project parcel and the structure immediately adjacent to it, aerial imagery shows that they were built between 1977 and 1993. This concurs with the information provided by the landowner. Therefore, no properties of historic age will be affected by the proposed project.

Determination

- Direct Effect:
 - None
- Indirect Effect:
 - None

Based on the results of our historic property identification efforts, the Program has determined that project actions will not affect historic properties that compose the Area of Potential Effect. The project area is not within or adjacent to the boundaries of a National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)-eligible or listed historic district or Traditional Urban Center. There are no reported archaeological materials or significant cultural properties within a half-mile radius of the proposed project location. No known archaeological sites or NRHP listed/eligible historic properties are within or adjacent to the property or the parcel in which the Area of Potential Effect of case PR-RGRW-01722 is located. The closest freshwater body is approximately 0.28 mi (0.45 km) northwest of the project area. The size of the proposed project activities is very small (0.0155 acre or 676 sq. ft.) and construction of public roads, residential structures, and agricultural infrastructure and practices have impacted the surrounding terrain. Therefore, no historic properties will be affected by the proposed project activities.

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM REGROW PUERTO RICO PROGRAM Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination		
Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero		
Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722		City: Lares

Recommendation (Please keep on same page as SHPO Staff Section)

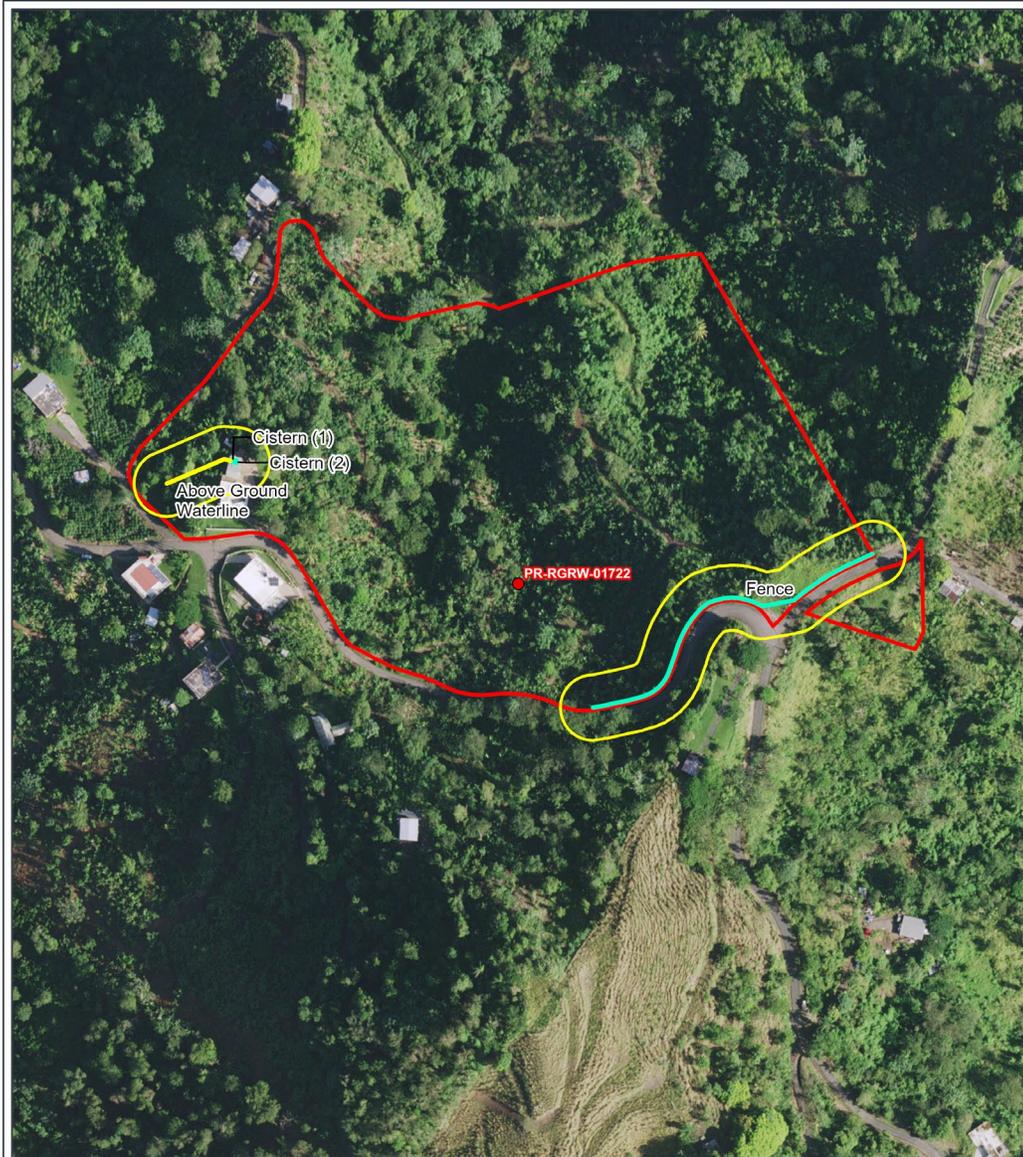
The Puerto Rico Department of Housing requests that the Puerto Rico SHPO concur that the following determination is appropriate for the undertaking (Choose One):

- No Historic Properties Affected
- No Adverse Effect
Condition (if applicable):
- Adverse Effect
Proposed Resolution (if applicable)

This Section is to be Completed by SHPO Staff Only

The Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office has reviewed the above information and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Concurs with the information provided. <input type="checkbox"/> Does not concur with the information provided. 	
Comments:	
Carlos Rubio-Cancela State Historic Preservation Officer	Date:

Project (Parcel) Location – Area of Potential Effect Map (Aerial)



REGROW PROGRAM

Project Location Area of Potential Effects (APE) Map

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- ▭ Site Parcel
- ▭ Project Footprint (Option)
- ▭ Above Ground Utilities Location
- ▭ APE (Buffer (15-meters))

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669

Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

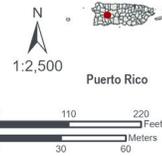
Base Map: USA NAIIP Imagery

Imagery Year: 2022

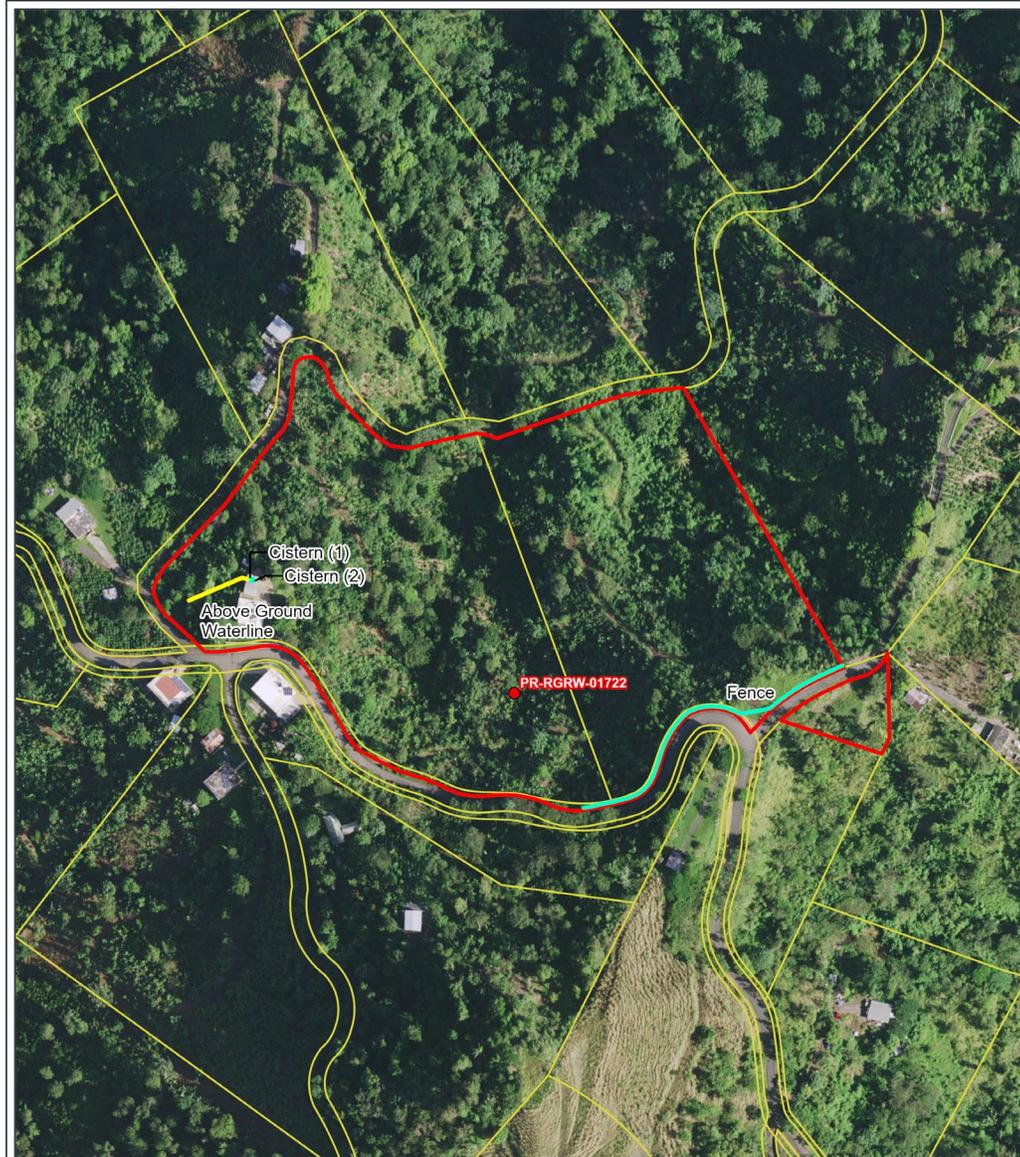
Updated: 6/26/2024

Layout: APE

Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Project (Parcel) Location - Aerial Map



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure A-2:
Site Vicinity**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



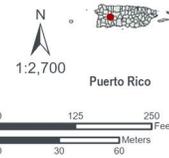
- Site
- ▭ Site Parcel
- ▭ Project Footprint (Option)
- ▭ Above Ground Utilities Location

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669

Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842591°W 18.203379°N

Base Map: USA NAIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024

Layout: Site Vicinity
Aprx: 72426_ReGrowTier2Maps

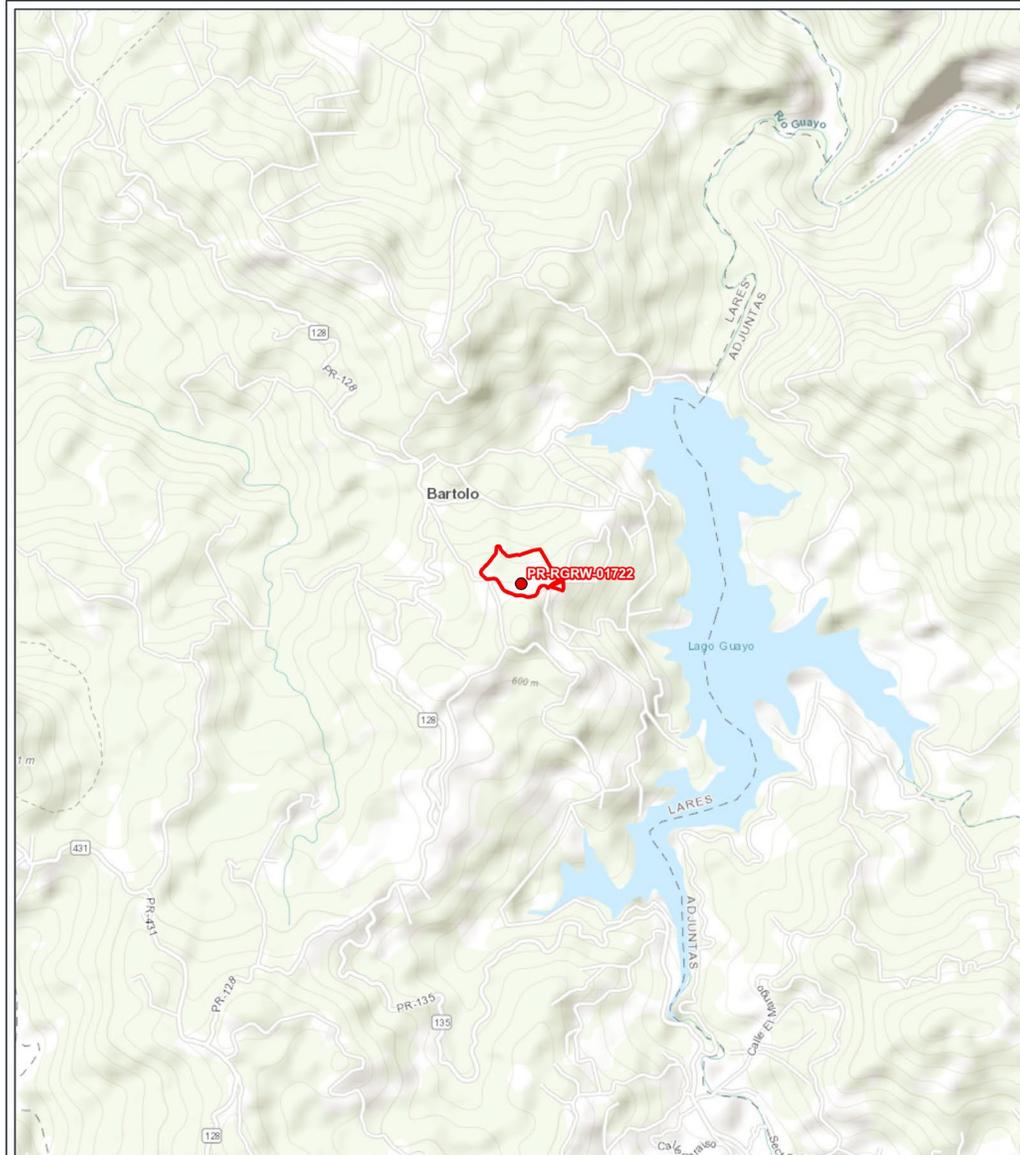


Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Project (Parcel) Location - USGS Topographic Map



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure A-1:
Site Location**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



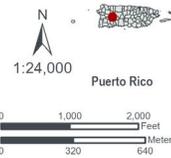
- Site
- ▭ Site Parcel

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669

Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online,
accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024

Layout: Site Location
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps

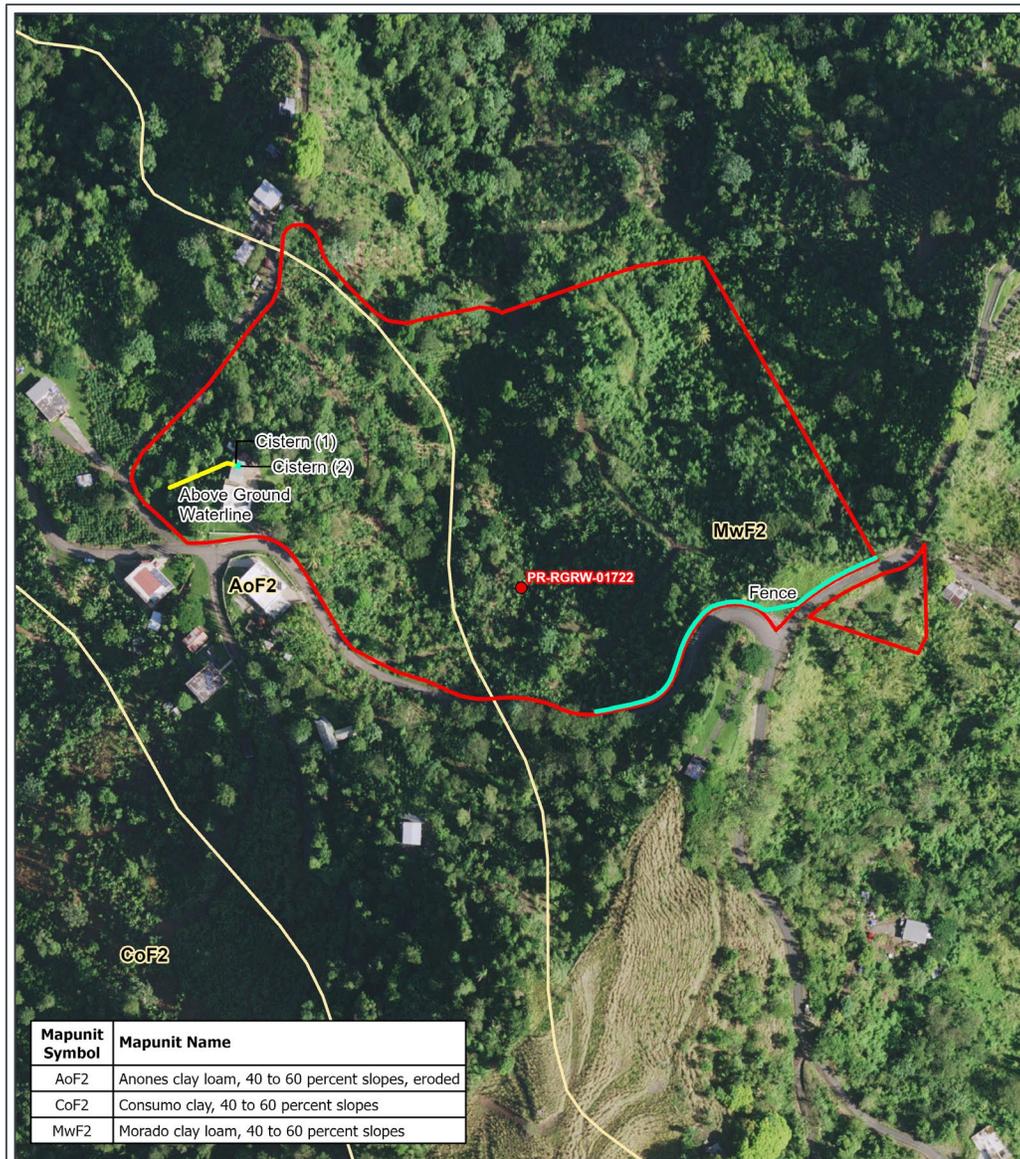


Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Project (Parcel) Location – Soils Map (Only if Archaeology Review is Required)



Mapunit Symbol	Mapunit Name
AoF2	Anones clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes, eroded
CoF2	Consumo clay, 40 to 60 percent slopes
MwF2	Morado clay loam, 40 to 60 percent slopes

REGROW PROGRAM

USDA Soils Map

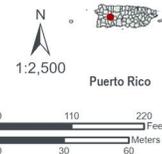
Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



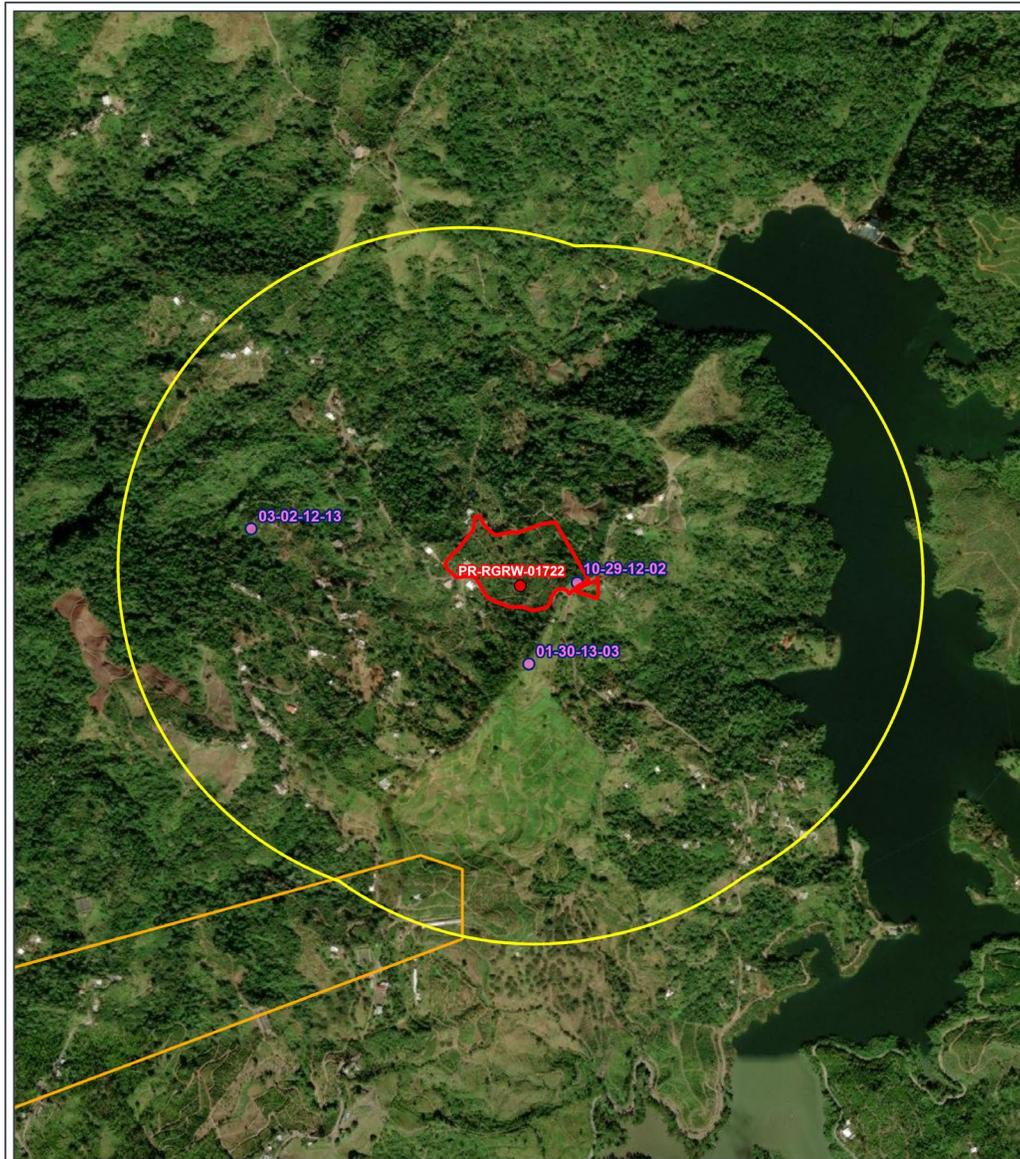
- Site
- ▭ Site Parcel
- ▭ Project Footprint (Option)
- ▭ Above Ground Utilities Location
- ▭ Soil Mapunit

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo, Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 & 238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map: 66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: <https://websitesurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/>
Base Map: USA NAIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Soils
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Project (Parcel) Location with Previous Investigations - Aerial Map



REGROW PROGRAM

Previous Investigation Map

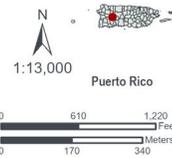
Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



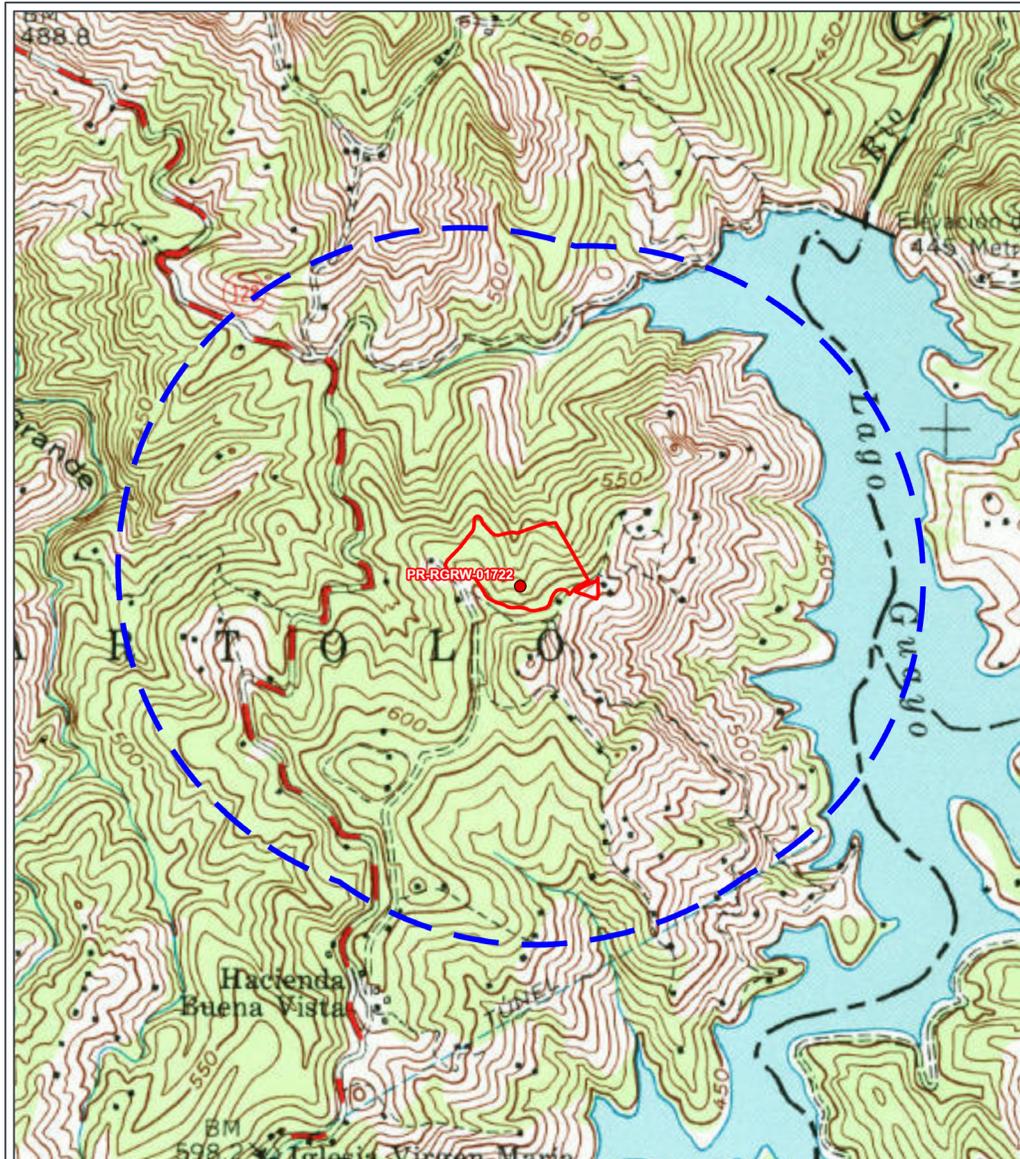
- Site
- Site Parcel
- Project Footprint (Option)
- Buffer (0.5-mile)
- Previously Recorded Survey
- MIPR Arqueologia
- Traditional Urban Centers

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: State Historic
Preservation Office and Puerto Rico
Institute of Culture
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online,
accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Previous Investigation
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



**Project (Parcel) Location with Previously Recorded Cultural Resources
USGS Topographic Map**



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure B 11-1:
Previously Recorded
Cultural Resources
Map**

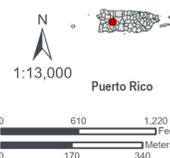
Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- | | | |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ● Site | ● National Historic Landmark | ■ Manati Historic Zone |
| ■ Site Parcel | ■ National Register of Historic Places | ■ Miramar Historic Zone |
| ■ Buffer (0.5-mile) | ■ Historical Place | ■ Ponce Historic Zone |
| ▲ Archaeological Site | ■ Historic Community | ■ San German Historic Zone |
| ■ Historical Place | ■ Historic District | ■ San Juan Historic Zone |
| ★ Historic Area Point | ■ Arroyo Historic Zone | ■ San Juan Historic Zone |
| ★ JP Historical Sites | ■ Caguas Historic Zone | ■ Vega Baja Historic Zone |
| ● National Register of Historic Places | ■ Coamo Historic Zone | ■ Vega Baja Historic Zone |
| | ■ Guayama Historic Zone | ■ Traditional Urban Centers |

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo, Carr. 128 Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 & 238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map: 66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: State Historic Preservation Office and Puerto Rico Institute of Culture
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Cultural Resources
Aprx: 72428_RegrowTier2Maps

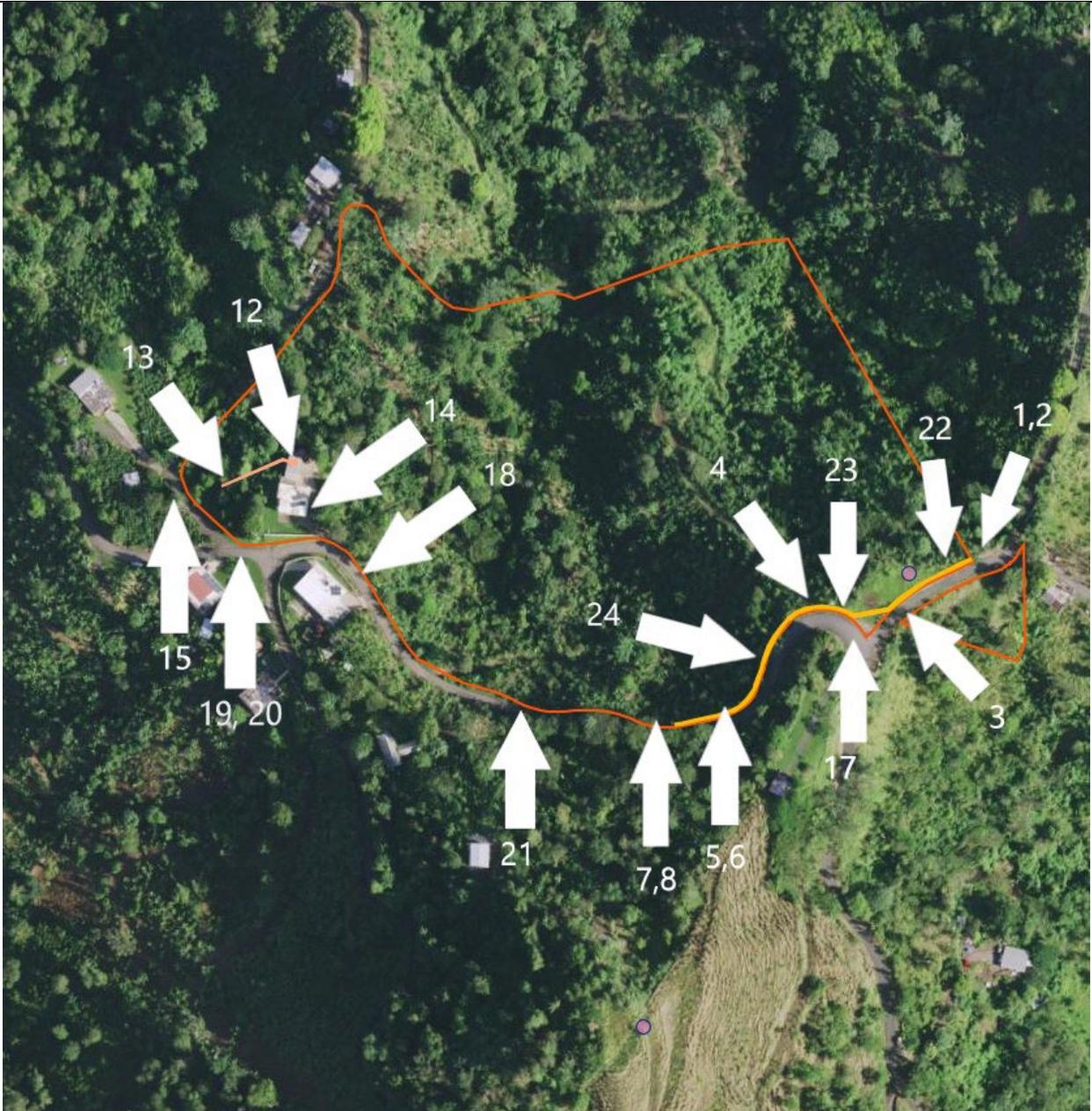


Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photograph Key



Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #:
01

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
North

Description:
Overview of the starting point for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed 3 to 5 ft from the Camino Vecinal (tertiary road).



Photo #:
02

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
West

Description:
Overview of the starting point for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed 3 to 5 ft from the Camino Vecinal (tertiary road), partially shown in this picture.



Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #: 03	Date: 6/24/24	 
Photo Direction: Northeast		
Description: The picture shows the project location for a fence replacement located 3 to 5 ft from the tertiary road. This location has experienced illegal dumping before, which is why the applicant needs the fence.		

Photo #: 04	Date: 6/24/24	 
Photo Direction: East		
Description: Overview of the project location for a fence replacement that will be located on the left side of the telecommunication pole (Claro- not working; back) and the electrical pole (front). This area is experiencing illegal dumping.		

Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #:
05

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
Northeast

Description:
Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.



Photo #:
06

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
West

Description:
Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.



Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #:
07

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
East

Description:
Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.

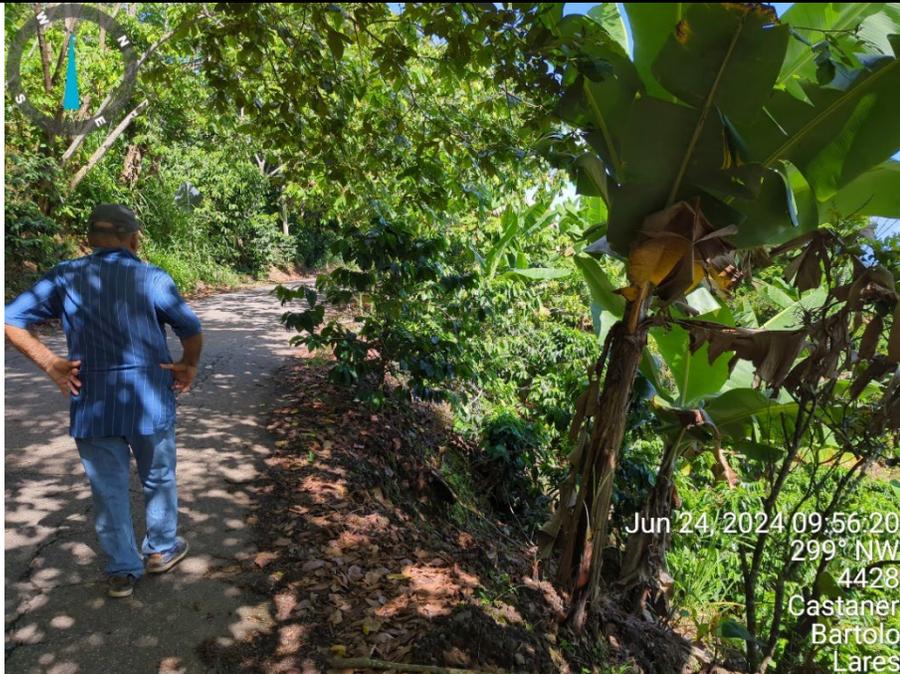


Photo #:
08

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
West

Description:
Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.



Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #:
09

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
North

Description:
Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones places on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other.



Photo #:
10

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
East

Description:
Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.



Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #: 11	Date: 6/24/24	
Photo Direction: North (close-up)		
Description: Project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other.		

Photo #: 12	Date: 6/24/24	
Photo Direction: Southwest		
Description: The picture shows the approximate location for an aboveground water line that will connect the two (2) cisterns to a faucet at the germination area of the property.		

Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #:
13

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
East

Description:
This picture shows the approximate location for an aboveground water line that will connect the two (2) cisterns to a faucet at the germination area of the property (shown in the image).



Photo #:
14

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
Northeast

Description:
Overview of the applicant's residence built in 1978, also showing the potable water line from AAA/PRASA.



Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #:
15

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
North

Description:
Overview of an old water area for the animals located along the western edge of the parcel outside of the APE. The applicant mentioned the area was part of a Hacienda and is no longer in use.



Photo #:
16

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
Northwest

Description:
Overview of the foundation of an old business demolished approximately 20 years ago. The foundation was built using a portion of the applicant's property.



Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #:
17

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
Southwest

Description:
Overview of the residence of the old owner of the demolished business in ruins. The structure was built more than 20 years ago.



Jun 24, 2024 10:44:03
208° SW
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Photo #:
18

Date:
6/24/24

Photo Direction:
South

Description:
Overview of the neighbor's residence in front of the applicant's house south, built in the 1980s.



Jun 24, 2024 10:08:03
179° S
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #: 19	Date: 6/24/24	
Photo Direction: South		
Description: Overview of the residences around the applicant's house; unknown built dates.		
		<p>Jun 24, 2024 10:32:38 161° S 4428 Castaner Bartolo Lares</p>

Photo #: 20	Date: 6/24/24	
Photo Direction: Southwest		
Description: Overview of a neighbor's residence built around the 1980s with some remodeling.		
		<p>Jun 24, 2024 10:28:16 229° SW 4428 Castaner Bartolo Lares</p>

Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #: 21	Date: 6/24/24	
Photo Direction: Southeast		
Description: This picture shoes a landslide that left the water line from AAA/PRASA partially exposed. The applicant reported the incident to the municipality, but they haven't repaired it.		

Jun 24, 2024 10:02:21
115° SE
Unnamed Road
Mirasol
Lares

Photo #: 22	Date: 6/24/24	
Photo Direction: Northwest		
Description: The picture shows some of the areas where illegal dumping is occurring in the applicant's property; the purpose of the fence is to minimize and hopefully eliminate the littering problem.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:35:53
337° NW
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Applicant: Santiago Garcia Romero

Case ID: PR-RGRW-01722

City: Lares

Photo #: 23	Date: 6/24/24	
Photo Direction: North		
Description: This picture shows some of the areas where illegal dumping is occurring in the applicant's property; the purpose of the fence is to minimize and hopefully eliminate the littering problem.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:44:50
350° N
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Photo #: 24	Date: 6/24/24	
Photo Direction: West		
Description: This picture shows some of the areas where illegal dumping is occurring in the applicant's property; the purpose of the fence is to minimize and hopefully eliminate the littering problem.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:52:37
260° W
Buenos Aires
Lares



GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING

April 30, 2024

Arch. Carlos A. Rubio Cancela

Executive Director
Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office
Cuartel de Ballajá, Third Floor
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00901

Re: Authorization to Submit Documents for Consultation

Dear Arch. Rubio Cancela,

The U.S. Department of Housing (HUD) approved the allocations of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG-DR) funds on February 9, 2018. It also approved the allocation of Community Development Block Grant Mitigation (CDBG-MIT) funds on January 27, 2020. The purpose of these allocations is to address unsatisfied needs as a result of Hurricanes Irma and Maria in September 2017; and to carry out strategic and high-impact activities to mitigate disaster risks and reduce future losses.

To comply with the environmental requirements established by HUD, the Department of Housing of Puerto Rico (PRDOH) contracted Horne Federal LLC to provide environmental review services, among others, that will support the objectives of the agenda for both CDBG-DR and CDBG -MIT Programs.

To expedite the processes, Horne Federal LLC, is authorized to submit to the State Historic Preservation Officer, documentation of projects related to both the CDBG-DR and CDBG-MIT on behalf of PRDOH.

Cordially,

Aldo A. Rivera Vázquez, PE

Director
Division of Environmental Permitting and Compliance
Office of Disaster Recovery

Attachment 12
Sole Source Aquifer Worksheet and
Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those “Partners” (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Sole Source Aquifers (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/sole-source-aquifers>

1. Is the project located on a sole source aquifer (SSA)¹?

No → *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination, such as a map of your project or jurisdiction in relation to the nearest SSA.*

Yes → *Continue to Question 2.*

2. Does the project consist solely of acquisition, leasing, or rehabilitation of an existing building(s)?

Yes → *The review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.*

No → *Continue to Question 3.*

3. Does your region have a memorandum of understanding (MOU) or other working agreement with EPA for HUD projects impacting a sole source aquifer?

Contact your Field or Regional Environmental Officer or visit the HUD webpage at the link above to determine if an MOU or agreement exists in your area.

Yes → *Continue to Question 4.*

No → *Continue to Question 5.*

4. Does your MOU or working agreement exclude your project from further review?

Yes → *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination and document where your project fits within the MOU or agreement.*

No → *Continue to Question 5.*

5. Will the proposed project contaminate the aquifer and create a significant hazard to public health?

Consult with your Regional EPA Office. Your consultation request should include detailed information about your proposed project and its relationship to the aquifer and associated streamflow source area.

¹ A sole source aquifer is defined as an aquifer that supplies at least 50 percent of the drinking water consumed in the area overlying the aquifer. This includes streamflow source areas, which are upstream areas of losing streams that flow into the recharge area.

EPA will also want to know about water, storm water and waste water at the proposed project. Follow your MOU or working agreement or contact your Regional EPA office for specific information you may need to provide. EPA may request additional information if impacts to the aquifer are questionable after this information is submitted for review.

No → *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide your correspondence with the EPA and all documents used to make your determination.*

Yes → *The RE/HUD will work with EPA to develop mitigation measures. If mitigation measures are approved, attach correspondence with EPA and include the mitigation measures in your environmental review documents and project contracts. If EPA determines that the project continues to pose a significant risk to the aquifer, federal financial assistance must be denied. Continue to Question 6.*

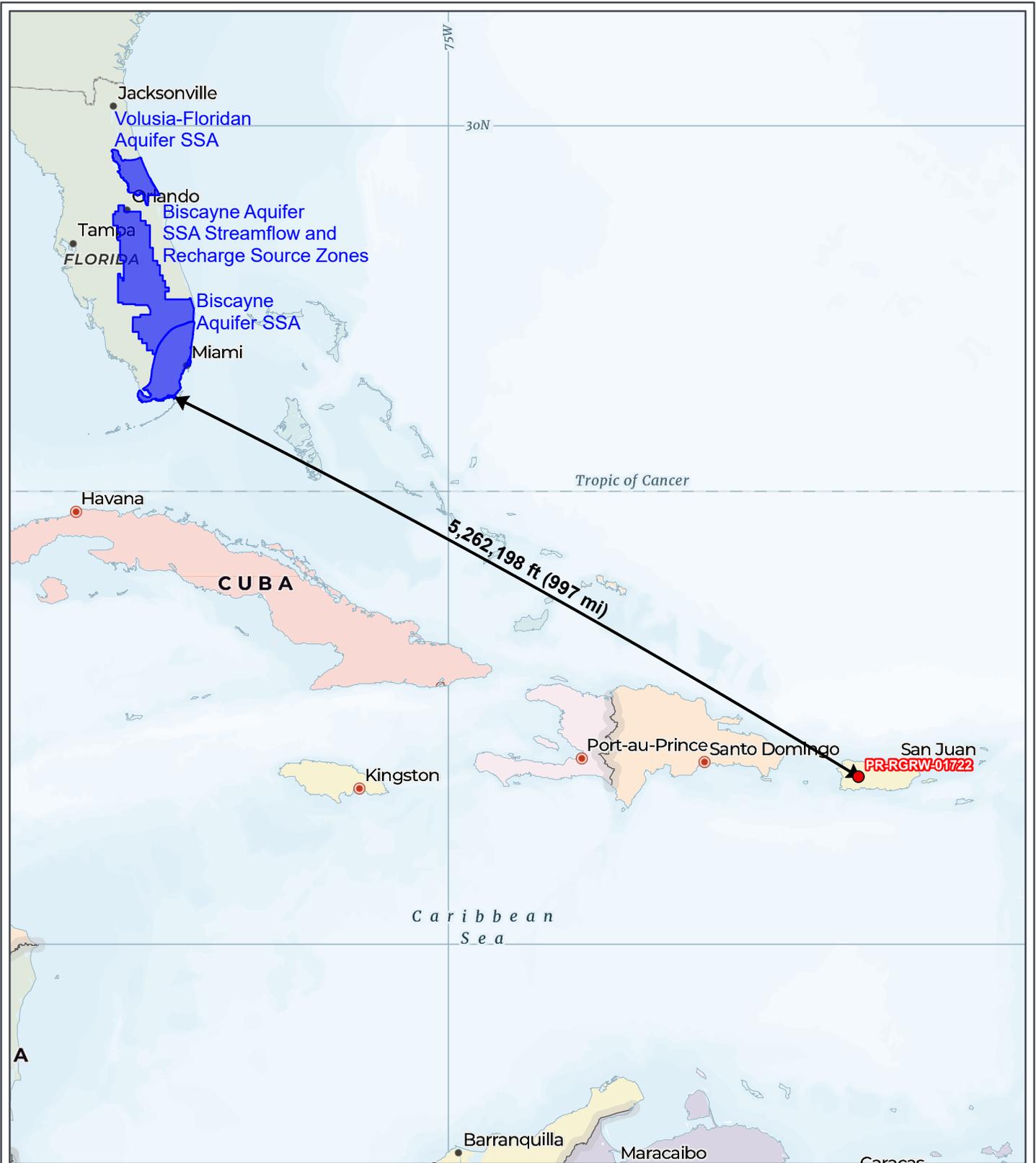
Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

According to the USEPA's Source Water Protection, Sole Source Aquifer Protection Program, there are no sole source aquifers in Puerto Rico. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act.



REGROW PROGRAM

Figure 12-1: Sole Source Aquifers Map

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722



- Site
- Sole Source Aquifers

***There are no Sole Source Aquifers in Puerto Rico.**

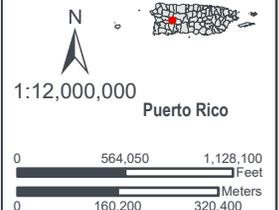
Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000

66.842591°W 18.203379°N

Data Source: <https://services.arcgis.com/cJ9YHowT8TU7DUyn/arcgis/rest/services/SoleSourceAquifers/FeatureServer>

Base Map: *ESRI ArcGIS Online*,
accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024

Layout: Sole Source Aquifers
Aprx: 72428_ReGrowTier2Maps



Attachment 13
Wetlands Protection Partner Worksheet
and Map



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those “Partners” (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Wetlands (CEST and EA) – Partner

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/wetlands-protection>

1. Does this project involve new construction as defined in Executive Order 11990, expansion of a building’s footprint, or ground disturbance?

The term "new construction" includes draining, dredging, channelizing, filling, diking, impounding, and related activities and construction of any any structures or facilities.

No → *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.*

Yes → *Continue to Question 2.*

2. Will the new construction or other ground disturbance impact a wetland as defined in E.O. 11990?

No → *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map or any other relevant documentation to explain your determination.*

Yes → *Work with HUD or the RE to assist with the 8-Step Process.* *Continue to Question 3.*

3. Does Section 55.12 state that the 8-Step Process is not required?

No, the 8-Step Process applies.

This project will require mitigation and may require elevating structure or structures. See the link to the HUD Exchange above for information on HUD’s elevation requirements.

→ *Work with the RE/HUD to assist with the 8-Step Process. Continue to Worksheet Summary.*

5-Step Process is applicable per 55.12(a).

Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(a) here.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

→ *Work with the RE/HUD to assist with the 5-Step Process. This project may require mitigation or alternations. Continue to Worksheet Summary.*

8-Step Process is inapplicable per 55.12(b).

Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(b) here.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to Worksheet Summary.

8-Step Process is inapplicable per 55.12(c).

Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(c) here.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to Worksheet Summary.

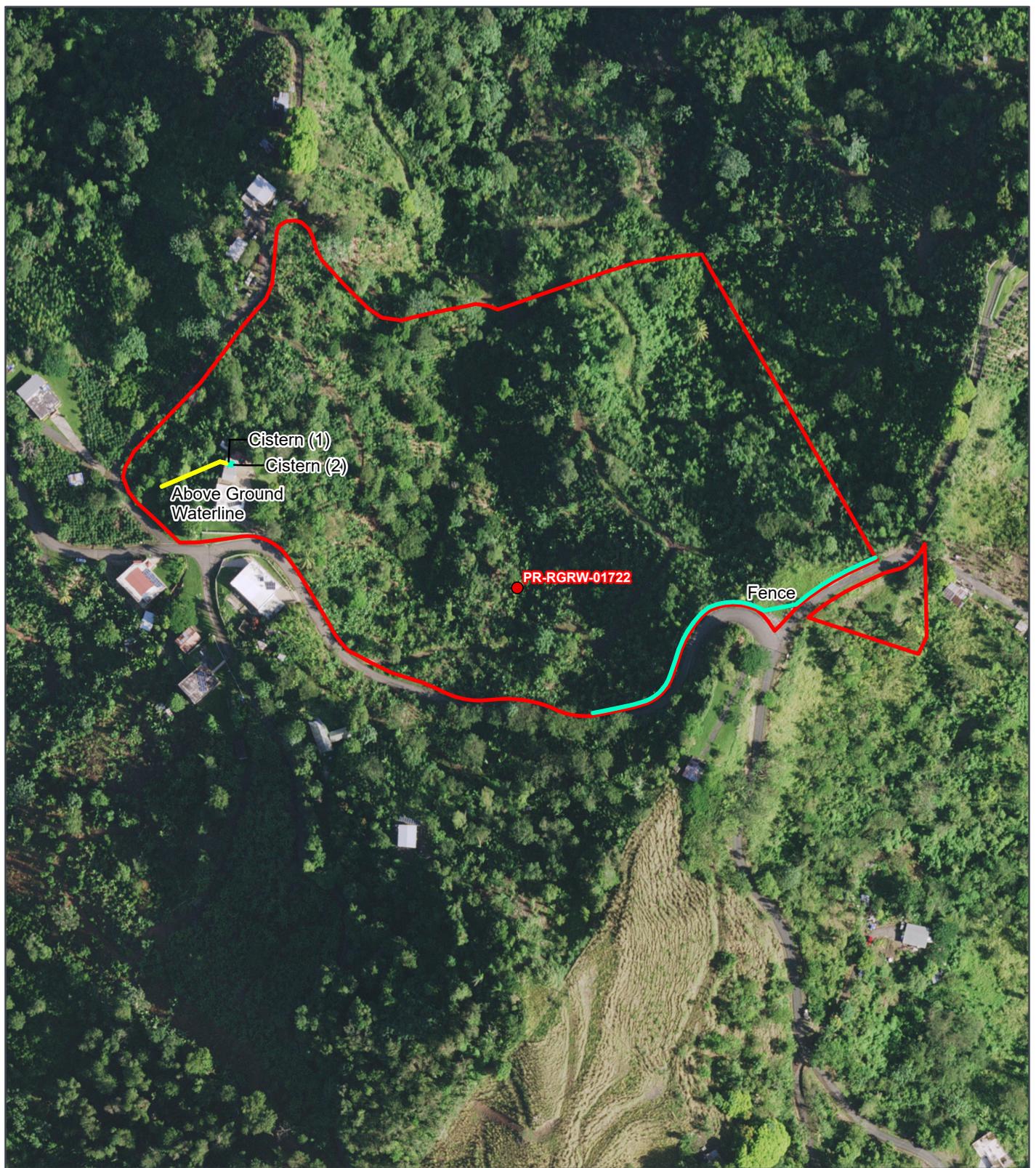
Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project site was reviewed for wetlands using the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Wetland Inventory Mapper and a visual confirmation during the field site inspection. No wetlands were determined to be present on site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11990.



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure B 13-1:
Wetlands Protection
Map**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722

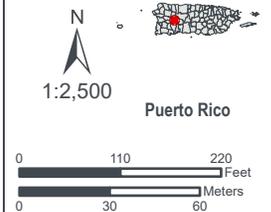


- Site
- Site Parcel
- Project Footprint (Option)
- Above Ground Utilities Location
- NHD Stream
- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

- Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- Freshwater Pond
- Lake
- Riverine

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000
Center of Map:
66.842623°W 18.202885°N

Data Source: <https://apps.nationalmap.gov/downloader/#/>
<https://www.fws.gov/program/national-wetlands-inventory/data-download>
Base Map: USA NAIP Imagery
Imagery Year: 2022
Updated: 6/26/2024
Layout: Wetlands Protection



Attachment 14

Wild and Scenic Rivers Partner Worksheet and Wild and Scenic Rivers Map

Wild and Scenic Rivers (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those “Partners” (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act provides federal protection for certain free-flowing, wild, scenic and recreational rivers designated as components or potential components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System (NWSRS) from the effects of construction or development.	The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271-1287), particularly section 7(b) and (c) (16 U.S.C. 1278(b) and (c))	36 CFR Part 297
References		
https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/wild-and-scenic-rivers		

1. Is your project within proximity of a NWSRS river as defined below?

Wild & Scenic Rivers: These rivers or river segments have been designated by Congress or by states (with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Interior) as wild, scenic, or recreational

Study Rivers: These rivers or river segments are being studied as a potential component of the Wild & Scenic River system.

Nationwide Rivers Inventory (NRI): The National Park Service has compiled and maintains the NRI, a register of river segments that potentially qualify as national wild, scenic, or recreational river areas

No

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Provide documentation used to make your determination, such as a map identifying the project site and its surrounding area or a list of rivers in your region in the Screen Summary at the conclusion of this screen.

Yes, the project is in proximity of a Nationwide Rivers Inventory (NRI) River.

→ Continue to Question 2.

2. Could the project do *any* of the following?

- Have a direct and adverse effect within Wild and Scenic River Boundaries,
- Invade the area or unreasonably diminish the river outside Wild and Scenic River Boundaries, or
- Have an adverse effect on the natural, cultural, and/or recreational values of a NRI segment.

Consultation with the appropriate federal/state/local/tribal Managing Agency(s) is required, pursuant to Section 7 of the Act, to determine if the proposed project may have an adverse effect on a Wild & Scenic River or a Study River and, if so, to determine the appropriate avoidance or mitigation measures.

Note: Concurrence may be assumed if the Managing Agency does not respond within 30 days; however, you are still obligated to avoid or mitigate adverse effects on the rivers identified in the NWSRS

- No, the Managing Agency has concurred that the proposed project will not alter, directly, or indirectly, any of the characteristics that qualifies or potentially qualifies the river for inclusion in the NWSRS.

→ *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Provide documentation of the consultation (including the Managing Agency's concurrence) and any other documentation used to make your determination.*

- Yes, the Managing Agency was consulted and the proposed project may alter, directly, or indirectly, any of the characteristics that qualifies or potentially qualifies the river for inclusion in the NWSRS.

→ *The RE/HUD must work with the Managing Agency to identify mitigation measures to mitigate the impact or effect of the project on the river.*

Worksheet Summary

Compliance Determination

Provide a clear description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

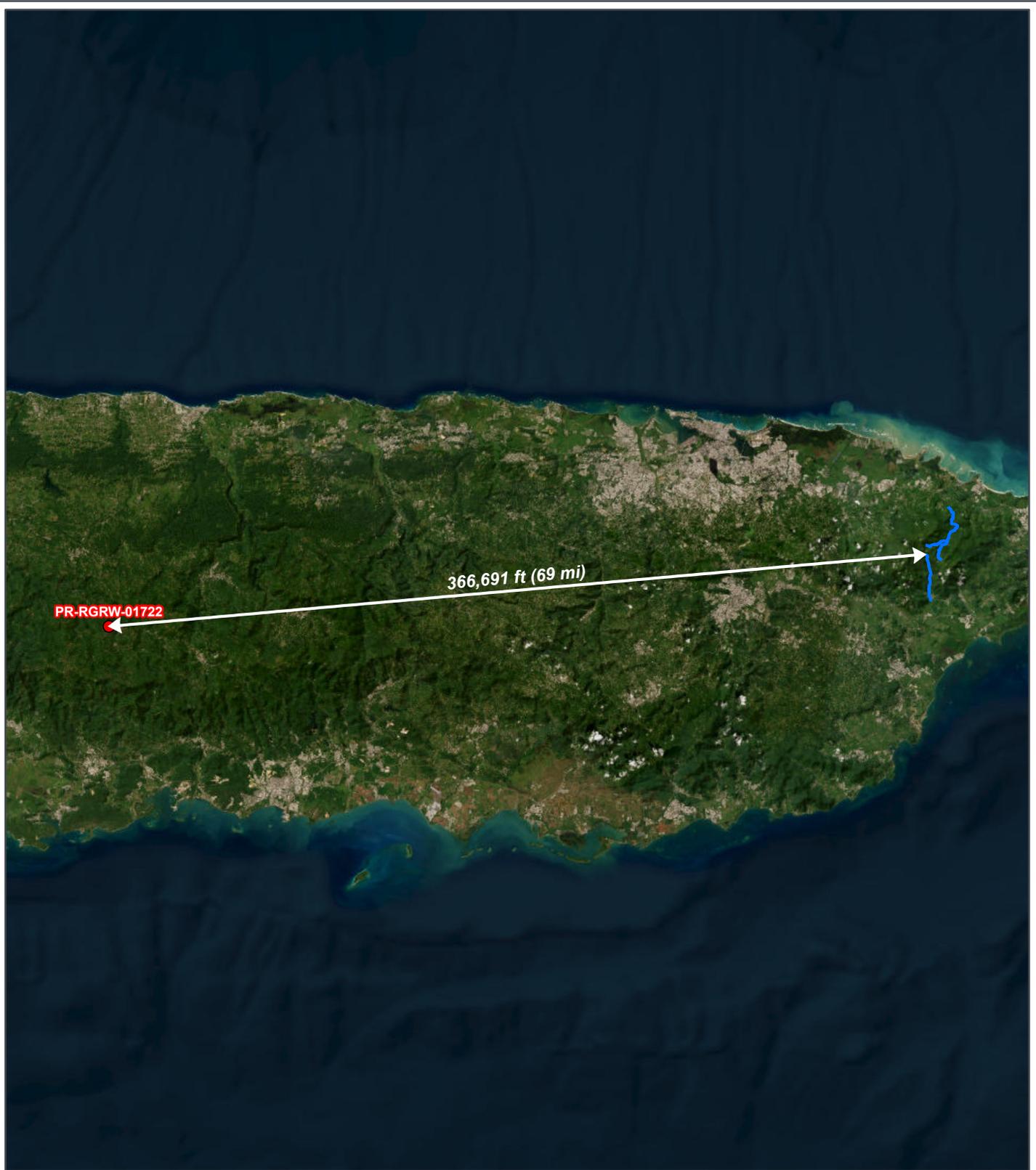
- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your region

A review of the USFWS National Wild and Scenic River mapper identified no Wild and Scenic Rivers or National Rivers Inventory (NRI) rivers present in Lares Municipio. The closest Wild and Scenic River segment is located 366,691 ft (69 mi) from the project site. No further evaluation is required. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

No



REGROW PROGRAM

**Figure B 14-1:
National Wild and
Scenic River Map**

Applicant ID: PR-RGRW-01722

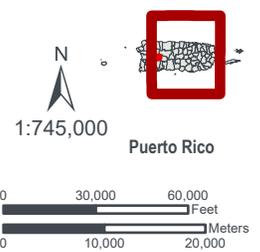


- Site
- National Wild and Scenic River

Solar D-12 and D-13, Bo Bartolo,
Carr. 128
Lares, PR 00669
Parcel ID: 238-000-003-71-000 &
238-000-003-70-000

66.842591°W 18.203379°N

Data Source: https://apps.fs.usda.gov/arcx/rest/services/EDW/EDW_WildScenicRiverSegments_01/mapserver
Base Map: ESRI ArcGIS Online, accessed June 2024
Updated: 6/26/2024



Attachment 15
Environmental Justice Partner Worksheet
and EJScreen Report



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those “Partners” (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Environmental Justice (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

<https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/environmental-justice>

HUD strongly encourages starting the Environmental Justice analysis only after all other laws and authorities, including Environmental Assessment factors if necessary, have been completed.

1. **Were any adverse environmental impacts identified in any other compliance review portion of this project’s total environmental review?**

Yes à *Continue to Question 2.*

No à *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.*

2. **Were these adverse environmental impacts disproportionately high for low-income and/or minority communities?**

Yes

Explain:

Click here to enter text.

à *The RE/HUD must work with the affected low-income or minority community to decide what mitigation actions, if any, will be taken. Provide any supporting documentation.*

No

Explain:

Click here to enter text.

à *If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.*

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The ReGrow Program intends to alleviate negative economic impacts to, and strengthen, the agricultural industry in Puerto Rico. The project's direct and indirect impacts are limited to a small area on a single land parcel. The project will benefit the farm owner by improving agricultural use and production. The project would not facilitate development that would negatively affect human health or result in disproportionate adverse environmental impacts to low-income or minority populations. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898.

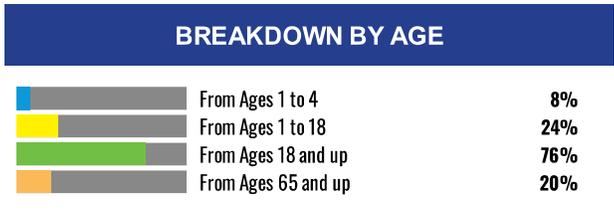
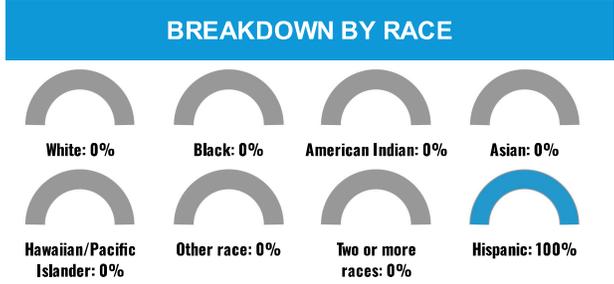
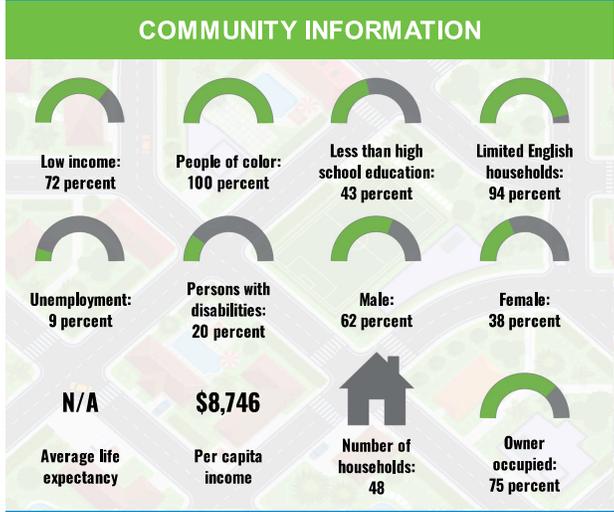


EJScreen Community Report

This report provides environmental and socioeconomic information for user-defined areas, and combines that data into environmental justice and supplemental indexes.

Lares Municipio, PR

1 mile Ring Centered at 18.222789,-66.860704
 Population: 120
 Area in square miles: 3.14



Notes: Numbers may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of any race. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2017-2021. Life expectancy data comes from the Centers for Disease Control.

LANGUAGES SPOKEN AT HOME

LANGUAGE	PERCENT
No language data available.	

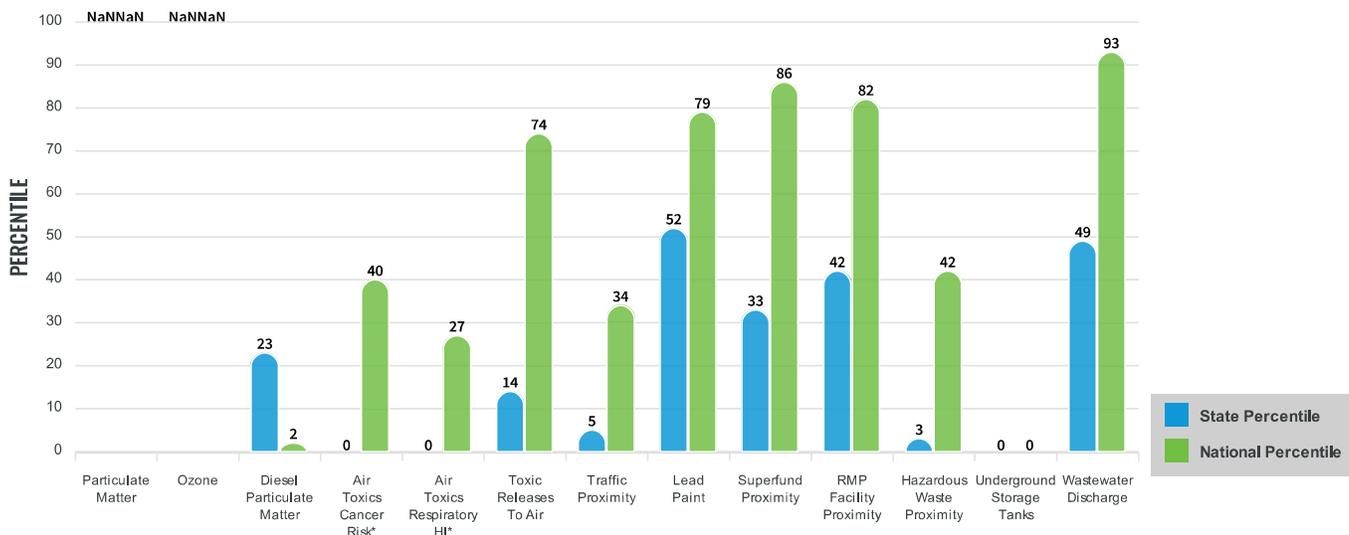
Environmental Justice & Supplemental Indexes

The environmental justice and supplemental indexes are a combination of environmental and socioeconomic information. There are thirteen EJ indexes and supplemental indexes in EJScreen reflecting the 13 environmental indicators. The indexes for a selected area are compared to those for all other locations in the state or nation. For more information and calculation details on the EJ and supplemental indexes, please visit the [EJScreen website](#).

EJ INDEXES

The EJ indexes help users screen for potential EJ concerns. To do this, the EJ index combines data on low income and people of color populations with a single environmental indicator.

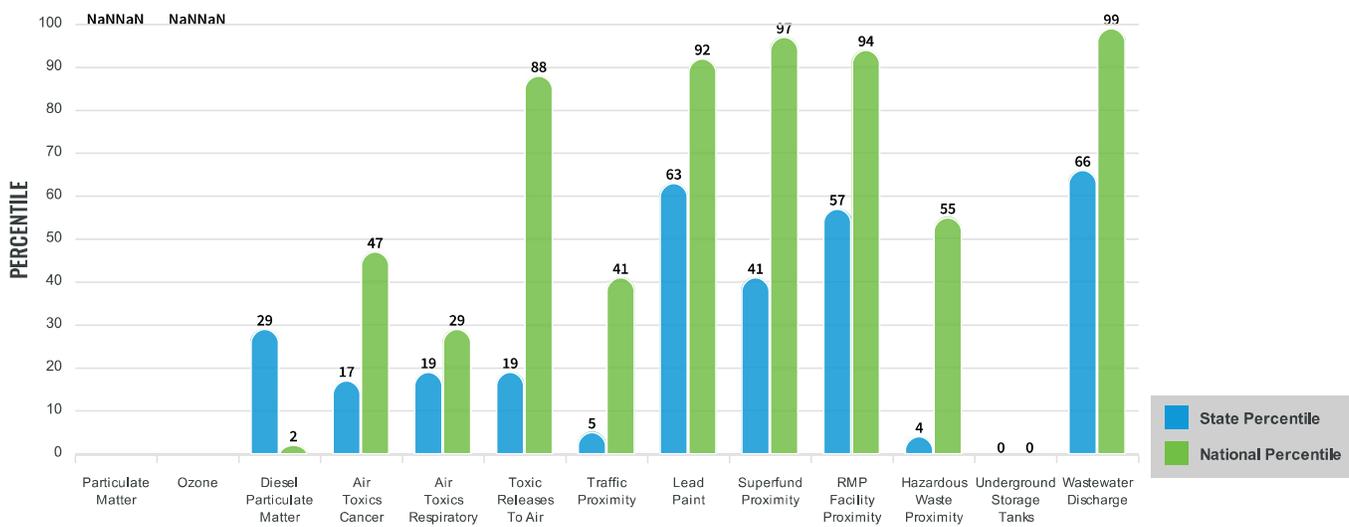
EJ INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION



SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES

The supplemental indexes offer a different perspective on community-level vulnerability. They combine data on percent low-income, percent linguistically isolated, percent less than high school education, percent unemployed, and low life expectancy with a single environmental indicator.

SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION



These percentiles provide perspective on how the selected block group or buffer area compares to the entire state or nation.

Report for 1 mile Ring Centered at 18.222789,-66.860704

EJScreen Environmental and Socioeconomic Indicators Data

SELECTED VARIABLES	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	PERCENTILE IN STATE	USA AVERAGE	PERCENTILE IN USA
POLLUTION AND SOURCES					
Particulate Matter (µg/m ³)	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.08	N/A
Ozone (ppb)	N/A	N/A	N/A	61.6	N/A
Diesel Particulate Matter (µg/m ³)	0.0201	0.0667	25	0.261	0
Air Toxics Cancer Risk* (lifetime risk per million)	14	20	0	25	1
Air Toxics Respiratory HI*	0.14	0.19	0	0.31	1
Toxic Releases to Air	150	4,300	14	4,600	28
Traffic Proximity (daily traffic count/distance to road)	4.1	180	5	210	10
Lead Paint (% Pre-1960 Housing)	0.1	0.16	52	0.3	35
Superfund Proximity (site count/km distance)	0.056	0.15	30	0.13	47
RMP Facility Proximity (facility count/km distance)	0.14	0.47	42	0.43	43
Hazardous Waste Proximity (facility count/km distance)	0.059	0.76	3	1.9	11
Underground Storage Tanks (count/km ²)	0	1.7	0	3.9	0
Wastewater Discharge (toxicity-weighted concentration/m distance)	0.0094	2.3	58	22	67
SOCIOECONOMIC INDICATORS					
Demographic Index	86%	83%	44	35%	97
Supplemental Demographic Index	54%	43%	79	14%	99
People of Color	100%	96%	31	39%	98
Low Income	72%	70%	42	31%	94
Unemployment Rate	9%	15%	39	6%	77
Limited English Speaking Households	93%	67%	97	5%	99
Less Than High School Education	43%	21%	93	12%	97
Under Age 5	8%	4%	88	6%	75
Over Age 64	20%	22%	43	17%	67
Low Life Expectancy	N/A	N/A%	N/A	20%	N/A

*Diesel particulate matter, air toxics cancer risk, and air toxics respiratory hazard index are from the EPA's Air Toxics Data Update, which is the Agency's ongoing, comprehensive evaluation of air toxics in the United States. This effort aims to prioritize air toxics, emission sources, and locations of interest for further study. It is important to remember that the air toxics data presented here provide broad estimates of health risks over geographic areas of the country, not definitive risks to specific individuals or locations. Cancer risks and hazard indices from the Air Toxics Data Update are reported to one significant figure and any additional significant figures here are due to rounding. More information on the Air Toxics Data Update can be found at: <https://www.epa.gov/haps/air-toxics-data-update>.

Sites reporting to EPA within defined area:

Superfund	0
Hazardous Waste, Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities	0
Water Dischargers	0
Air Pollution	0
Brownfields	0
Toxic Release Inventory	0

Other community features within defined area:

Schools	0
Hospitals	0
Places of Worship	0

Other environmental data:

Air Non-attainment	No
Impaired Waters	Yes

Selected location contains American Indian Reservation Lands*	No
Selected location contains a "Justice40 (CEJST)" disadvantaged community	Yes
Selected location contains an EPA IRA disadvantaged community	Yes

Report for 1 mile Ring Centered at 18.222789,-66.860704

EJScreen Environmental and Socioeconomic Indicators Data

HEALTH INDICATORS

INDICATOR	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE
Low Life Expectancy	N/A	N/A	N/A	20%	N/A
Heart Disease	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.1	N/A
Asthma	N/A	N/A	N/A	10	N/A
Cancer	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.1	N/A
Persons with Disabilities	15.7%	21.6%	20	13.4%	69

CLIMATE INDICATORS

INDICATOR	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE
Flood Risk	N/A	N/A	N/A	12%	N/A
Wildfire Risk	N/A	N/A	N/A	14%	N/A

CRITICAL SERVICE GAPS

INDICATOR	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE
Broadband Internet	59%	32%	89	14%	99
Lack of Health Insurance	6%	7%	47	9%	44
Housing Burden	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Transportation Access	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Food Desert	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Report for 1 mile Ring Centered at 18.222789,-66.860704

Appendix C
Environmental Site Inspection Report



Applicant Name:	SANTIAGO GARCIA ROMERO		
App ID:	PR-RGRW-01722	RFA	32
Project Name:	Santiago Garcia Romero	Municipio:	Lares
Address:	SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO BARTOLO, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Zip Code:	00669
Parcel ID(s):	238-000-003-71-000 & 238-000-003-70-000	Lat:	18.203427
Project Budget:	\$4,566.37	Long:	-66.843791

*****Pay attention to the color coding – this will indicate what you are responsible for filling in*****

Task:	Name:	Date Completed:	Notes:
➤ Pre-Site Inspector	Delise Torres-Ortiz	6/12/2024	
❖ Site-Inspector	Delise Torres-Ortiz	6/24/2024	Scheduled for 6/24/2024
Communication Log: (this is used by anyone who wants to record contact with the applicant)	Staff who called or emailed	Date & Time	Form of communication (email, phone, etc.) and which email /number/etc.used)
	Delise	06/12/2024 - 11:56 a.m.	email No answer to the email, but the applicant gave me a call.

Canopy Document Notes/Summary:

▪ EA Preparer	Hannah Danek		
Scope of Work from IUGE:	Cistern and Fence (spikes and wire)		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ What will the cistern be used for? ○ Will the cistern be located on a platform? If so, what will it be constructed out of? (ground disturbance?) ○ Will the cistern require water/electrical connections? If so where will they be located? ○ What will the fence be used for? ○ What kind of fence will this be? 			
▪ GIS review Wetlands?	Within parcel	N	next to parcel N
❖ Were any onsite wetlands identified?	N		
❖ Will project activities occur within any wetlands?	N		



▪ GIS review Floodplain?	Floodway on/near parcel	N	100-year on/near parcel	N	500-year on/near parcel	N
❖ Will project activities occur within a Floodway?	N					
❖ Will project activities occur within a 100-year Floodplain?	N					



❖ **Site-Visit Form**

❖ General Site Conditions and Field Notes:			
Does the address match the parcel location?	Yes	Does the lat/long match the parcel location?	Yes
Comments on location:			
<u>Question</u>	<u>Yes /No</u>	<u>Comments:</u>	
Was property accessible by vehicle?	Y		
Were there any access issues? Examples of access issues: Dogs, Locked gate, Traffic hazards, Uncooperative residents, Confrontational Neighbors, *If no access issues please indicate with "None"	Y	Gate	
Are water wells present? *please include lat/long of water well so it can be denoted on the sitemap	N		
Are creeks or ponds present? *please include lat/long of water well so it can be denoted on the sitemap	N		
Are any potential wetlands on-site or visible on adjacent parcel? *please include lat/long of water well so it can be denoted on the sitemap	N		
❖ Parcel Conditions			
<p>Note – for Any Yes answers specify type, contents, and location (get photo points) (These questions are mostly concerned with contamination – all HUD activities must be “free and clear of contamination” and while it’s important to be able to show there is no site-contamination we also have to keep in mind what the HUD funded project is and the regulatory requirements of the activity)</p>			
Are commercial or industrial hazardous facilities at parcel or within visual sight?	N		



<p>Are there signs of underground storage tanks?</p>	<p>N</p>	
<p>Are any above-ground tanks (relevant to the activities in the IUGF *unless they are a source of contamination) >10 gallons present? If yes, what are the contents and conditions of each tank?</p>	<p>N</p>	
<p>Are 55-gallon drums present? If yes, what are the content and conditions of each tank?</p>	<p>Y</p>	<p>Used to collect rainwater; in good conditions.</p>
<p>Are abandoned vehicles or electrical equipment present?</p>	<p>N</p>	
<p>Are there any signs of illegal dumping within or next to the applicant parcel?</p>	<p>Y</p>	<p>The applicant mentioned this is his primary concern, and that's why the farm needs a fence; the people did not litter when the fence was in place and did not steal from the crops.</p>
<p>Is other potential environmentally hazardous debris on the parcel?</p>	<p>N</p>	
<p>Is there non-environmentally hazardous debris on the parcel?</p>	<p>N</p>	
<p>Are any leaks, soil stains, or stressed vegetation present? If yes, what is the source of the staining/stress?</p>	<p>N</p>	



Are there any pungent, foul or noxious odors?	N	
Other Components Related to Project (e.g., gas tanks, cisterns, water tanks, abandoned vehicles, etc.)		
Type	Details	
Gas Tanks	Cooking (100-pound propane gas tank) and one for the dryer (30 approx. -pounds propane gas tank)	
Cisterns	Two cistern are to be replaced.	
Are there any potentially hazardous trees that could fall?	N	
Are any bird nests visible?	N	
Are there any animal burrows visible?	N	
Are there any signs of potential/preferred T&E habitat in the area?	N	
Natural Resources (e.g., endemic plants, endangered species, water bodies, wetlands, etc.) {include the ones inside the property and in direct sight view of the site location}		
Type or Species	Description	
Are there any buildings in direct visual sight of the project locations? Take photo and ask applicant when the structure was built)	Y	



Structures (e.g., residences, commercial buildings, etc.) {include the ones inside the property and in direct sight view of the site location}		
Built Date	Type of Construction	
1978	Applicant's house	
1980s	South, neighbor	
1970s to 1980's	Southwest, neighbor	
More than 20 years ago	Ruins, residence	
Around 20 years ago	Foundation of Business, ruins	

❖ Additional Environmental Hazards Analysis		
Based on the above findings, does additional information need to be obtained from the applicant to determine whether an environmental hazard is present?	N	

I verify that I have physically visited this property and that the findings outlined above are accurate.

Delise Torres Ortiz
{Delise Torres-Ortiz}
{June 24, 2024}

Following pages are used for:
Location Map with parcel boundaries and building point (Aerial base with streets labelled)
Photos taken during inspection, with Date / Type / Direction associated with the photo



Site-Visit Tips:

Tips before going to the field:

1. Confirm with the applicant the appointment the same week, the day prior, or the same day hours before leaving for the site inspection.
2. Check the vehicle, and equipment (e.g. did you download the field map)
3. Don't leave the field without the contact information of the applicant, you may need directions along the way.
4. Make sure you read the Pre-Site Environmental Questionnaire.
 - a. It is good practice to ask the EA writer and the Project Manager (PM) if they want us to pay attention or to ask something in particular.
5. The RFA document might give you what the funds were requested for, this is important because sometimes the applicants will keep talking about the projects, but not mention who's going to pay what.
6. Sign the JHA; make sure the PM has the time to prepare the document.

For the following always take pictures:

1. If there is a sign of site preparation, please ask when it happened and what they did (e.g. grading, filling, etc.)
2. Tree clearing – ask them about permits, and what type of tree it is.
3. When an applicant is not sure about the exact location of the project, make sure you take several overview pictures or a central point with N, E, S, and W views.
 1. Please be prepared to let the applicant know where wetlands are located within their parcel boundaries. This will help ensure they do not try and plan to locate any activities within wetlands (and/or ensure we know which permits will be required).
4. Ask about any organic debris (grasses, dirt, etc.) and other materials such as construction materials, buckets, tarps, etc., and what they plan to do to them.
5. Structures with a direct view of the project (ask when it was built).
6. Natural resources – water bodies, burrows, birds or nests, wetlands, erosion, landslides, etc.

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Frame #	View	Description
01	N	Overview of the starting point for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed 3 to 5 ft from the Camino Vecinal (tertiary road).
02	W	Overview of the starting point for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed 3 to 5 ft from the Camino Vecinal (tertiary road), partially shown in this picture.
03	NE	This picture shows the project location for a fence replacement located 3 to 5 ft from the tertiary road. This location has experienced illegal dumping before, which is why the applicant needs the fence.
04	E	Overview of the project location for a fence replacement that will be located on the left side of the telecommunication pole (Claro-not working; back) and the electrical pole (front). This area is experiencing illegal dumping.
05	NE	Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.
06	W	Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.
07	E	Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.
08	NW	Overview of the project location approximate end for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.
09	N	Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other.
10	E	Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other.
11	N, CLOSE- UP	Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other. Both cisterns will be working with an existing electrical water pump.

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

12	SW	This picture shows the approximate location for an aboveground water line that will connect the two (2) cisterns to a faucet at the germination area of the property.
13	E	This picture shows the approximate location for an aboveground water line that will connect the two (2) cisterns to a faucet at the germination area of the property (shown in the image).
14	NE	Overview of the applicant's residence built in 1978, also showing the potable water line from AAA/PRASA.
15	N	Overview of an old watering area for the animals. The applicant mentioned the area was part of a Hacienda and is no longer in used.
16	NW	Overview of the foundation of an old business demolished approximately 20 years ago. The foundation was built using a portion of the applicant's property
17	SW	Overview of the residence of the old owner of the demolished business in ruins. The structure was built more than 20 years.
18	S	Overview of the neighbor' residence in front of the applicant's house south, built in the 1980s.
19	S	Overview of the residences around the applicant's house; unknown built dates.
20	SW	Overview of a neighbor's residence built around the 1980s with remodelations.
21	SE	This picture shows a landslide that left the water line from AAA/PRASA partially exposed. The applicant reported the incident to the municipality, but they haven't repaired it.
22	NW	The picture shows some of the areas where illegal dumping is occurring in the applicant's property; the purpose of the fence is to minimize and hopefully eliminate the littering problem.
23	N	The picture shows some of the areas where illegal dumping is occurring in the applicant's property; the purpose of the fence is to minimize and hopefully eliminate the littering problem.
24	W	The picture shows some of the areas where illegal dumping is occurring in the applicant's property; the purpose of the fence is to minimize and hopefully eliminate the littering problem.

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 01	Date: 6/242024	
Photo Direction: North		
Description: Overview of the starting point for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed 3 to 5 ft from the Camino Vecinal (tertiary road).		

Photo #: 02	Date: 6/242024	
Photo Direction: West		
Description: Overview of the starting point for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed 3 to 5 ft from the Camino Vecinal (tertiary road), partially shown in this picture.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

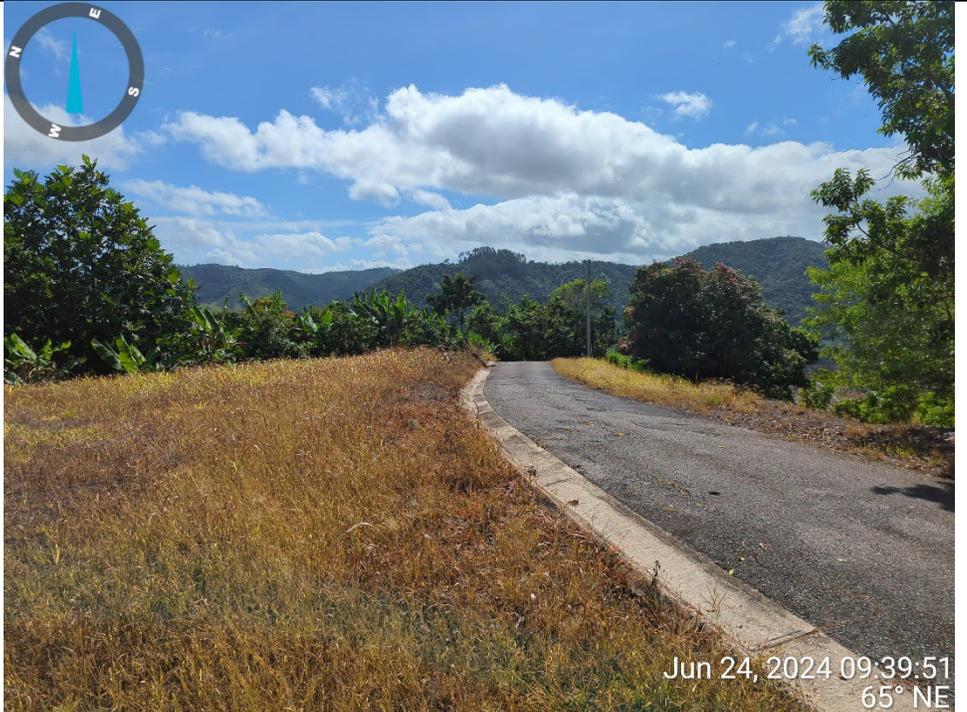
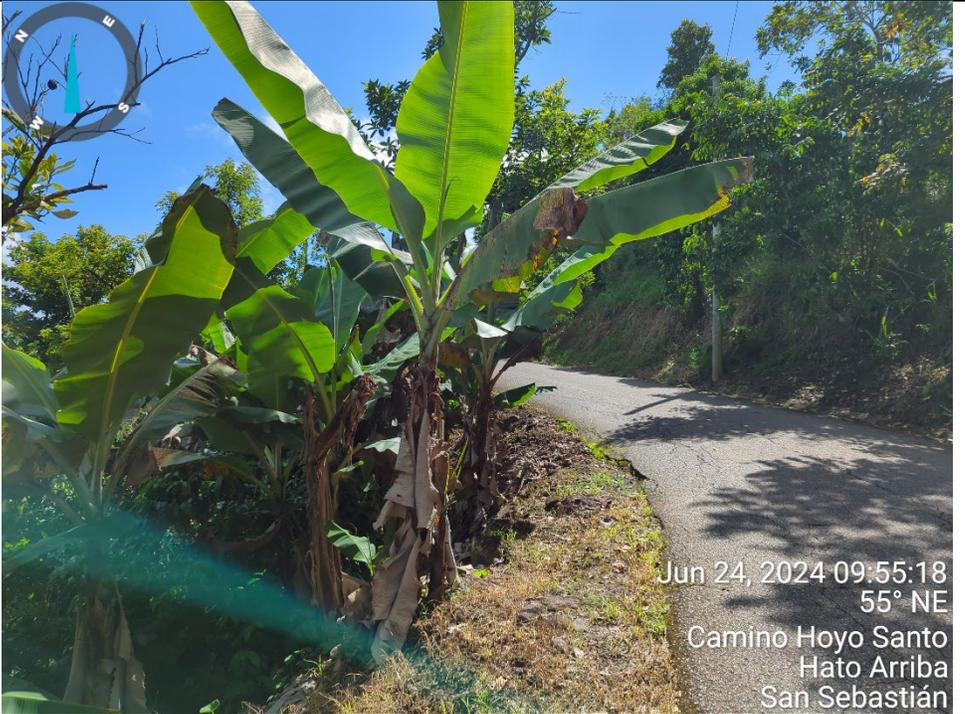
Photo #: 03	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northeast		
Description: This picture shows the project location for a fence replacement located 3 to 5 ft from the tertiary road. This location has experienced illegal dumping before, which is why the applicant needs the fence.		

Photo #: 04	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: East		
Description: Overview of the project location for a fence replacement that will be located on the left side of the telecommunication pole (Claro-not working; back) and the electrical pole (front). This area is experiencing illegal dumping.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 05	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northeast		
Description: Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:55:18
 55° NE
 Camino Hoyo Santo
 Hato Arriba
 San Sebastián

Photo #: 06	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: West		
Description: Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:55:21
 290° W
 Camino Hoyo Santo
 Hato Arriba
 San Sebastián

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 07	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: East		
Description: Overview of the project location for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.		

Photo #: 08	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northwest		
Description: Overview of the project location approximate end for a fence replacement. The fence will be installed closer to the banana trees to prevent people from littering and stealing; the project is adjacent to Carretera 4428.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 09	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: North		
Description: Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other.		

Photo #: 10	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: East		
Description: Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 11	Date: 6/24/ 2024	 <p data-bbox="1144 777 1455 961"> Jun 24, 2024 10:13:59 355° N 4428 Castaner Bartolo Lares </p>
Photo Direction: North, close-up		
Description: Overview of the project location for the replacement of two (2) 600-gallon cisterns for two (2) 1000-gallon ones placed on a concrete slab and the second one on cinder blocks tacked together on top of each other. Both cisterns will be working with an existing electrical water pump.		

Photo #: 12	Date: 6/24/ 2024	 <p data-bbox="1144 1606 1455 1780"> Jun 24, 2024 10:15:01 247° SW 4428 Castaner Bartolo Lares </p>
Photo Direction: Southwest		
Description: This picture shows the approximate location for an aboveground water line that will connect the two (2) cisterns to a faucet at the germination area of the property.		

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 13	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: East		
Description: This picture shows the approximate location for an aboveground water line that will connect the two (2) cisterns to a faucet at the germination area of the property (shown in the image).		

Jun 24, 2024 10:22:38
88° E
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Photo #: 14	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northeast		
Description: Overview of the applicant's residence built in 1978, also showing the potable water line from AAA/PRASA.		

Jun 24, 2024 10:32:26
62° NE
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

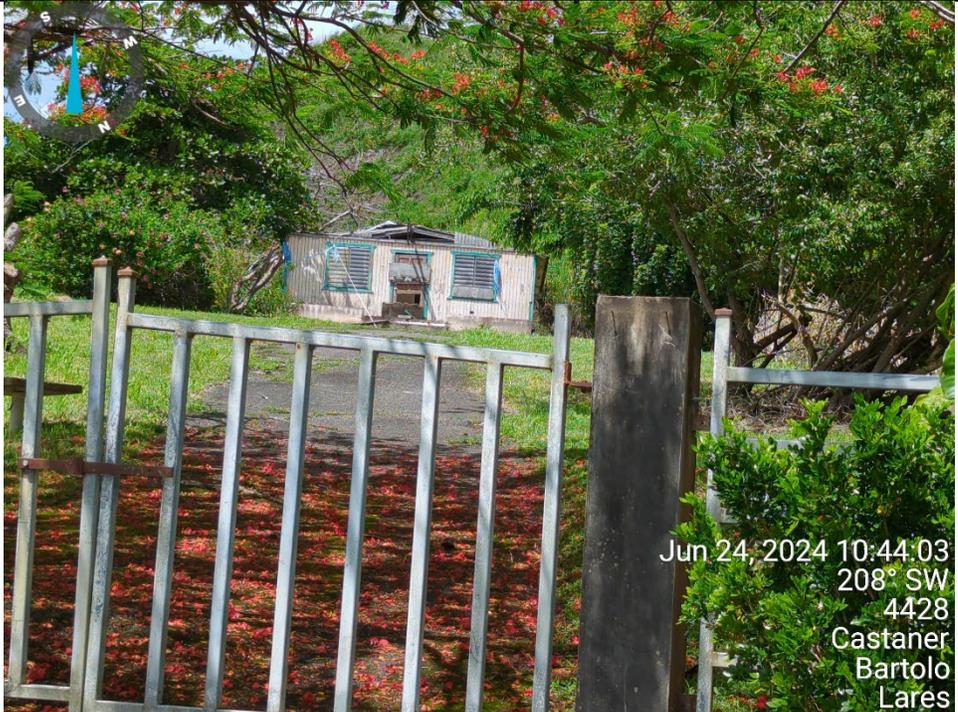
Photo #: 15	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: North		
Description: Overview of an old watering area for the animals. The applicant mentioned the area was part of a Hacienda and is no longer in used.		

Jun 24, 2024 10:27:21
20° N
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Photo #: 16	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northwest		
Description: Overview of the foundation of an old business demolished approximately 20 years ago. The foundation was built using a portion of the applicant's property.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:42:53
318° NW
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 17	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Southwest		
Description: Overview of the residence of the old owner of the demolished business in ruins. The structure was built more than 20 years.		

Jun 24, 2024 10:44:03
208° SW
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Photo #: 18	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: South		
Description: Overview of the neighbor's residence in front of the applicant's house south, built in the 1980s.		

Jun 24, 2024 10:08:03
179° S
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 19	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: South		
Description: Overview of the residences around the applicant's house; unknown built dates.		
		<p>Jun 24, 2024 10:32:38 161° S 4428 Castaner Bartolo Lares</p>

Photo #: 20	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Southwest		
Description: Overview of a neighbor's residence built around the 1980s with remodulations.		
		<p>Jun 24, 2024 10:28:16 229° SW 4428 Castaner Bartolo Lares</p>

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 21	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Southeast		
Description: This picture shows a landslide that left the water line from AAA/PRASA partially exposed. The applicant reported the incident to the municipality, but they haven't repaired it.		

Jun 24, 2024 10:02:21
115° SE
Unnamed Road
Mirasol
Lares

Photo #: 22	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: Northwest		
Description: The picture shows some of the areas where illegal dumping is occurring in the applicant's property; the purpose of the fence is to minimize and hopefully eliminate the littering problem.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:35:53
337° NW
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Project #: PR-RGRW-01722	Photographer: Delise Torres-Ortiz
Location Address: SOLAR D-12 and D-13, BO Bartolo, Carr. 128, Lares, PR 00669	Coordinates: 18.203427, -66.843791

Photo #: 23	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: North		
Description: The picture shows some of the areas where illegal dumping is occurring in the applicant's property; the purpose of the fence is to minimize and hopefully eliminate the littering problem.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:44:50
350° N
4428
Castaner
Bartolo
Lares

Photo #: 24	Date: 6/24/ 2024	
Photo Direction: West		
Description: The picture shows some of the areas where illegal dumping is occurring in the applicant's property; the purpose of the fence is to minimize and hopefully eliminate the littering problem.		

Jun 24, 2024 09:52:37
260° W
Buenos Aires
Lares