ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR ACTIVITY/PROJECT THAT IS CATEGORICALLY EXCLUDED SUBJECT TO SECTION 58.5 PURSUANT TO 24 CFR 58.35(A)

Project Information

Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla

Project ID: PR-CRP-000993

Responsible Entity: Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH)

Grant Recipient: Municipality of Toa Baja

State/Local Identifier: Puerto Rico/Municipality of Toa Baja

Preparer: Eng. Armando González, Engineer in Training

Metric Engineering of Puerto Rico, PSC Armando.Gonzalez@metricpr.com

(443) 759-2008

Certifying Officer Name and Title:

Juan Carlos Perez-Bofill - Director, Disaster Recovery CDBG-DR

Sally Z. Acevedo-Cosme - Permits and Environmental Compliance Specialist
Pedro de León Rodriguez - Permits and Environmental Compliance Specialist
Maria T. Torres-Bregón - Permits and Environmental Compliance Manager

Angel G. López Guzmán - Deputy Director, Permits and Environmental Compliance

Ivelisse Lorenzo Torres
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Limary Vélez Marrero
Mónica Machuca Rios
Abdul Feliciano Plaza
Javier Mercado Barrera
Permits and Environmental Compliance Specialist

Consultant: Metric Engineering of Puerto Rico, PSC

Direct Comments to: PR Department of Housing,

environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov

Project Location: PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna,

Toa Baja, Puerto Rico

Coordinates center of roundabout: 18.422301°, -66.231912°

Staging area coordinates: 18.425291°, -66.229143°

Cadaster Numbers: no cadaster exists for this road, staging

area 060-000-009-86-000



Figure 1: Aerial image for PR-CRP-000993 project and staging areas locations

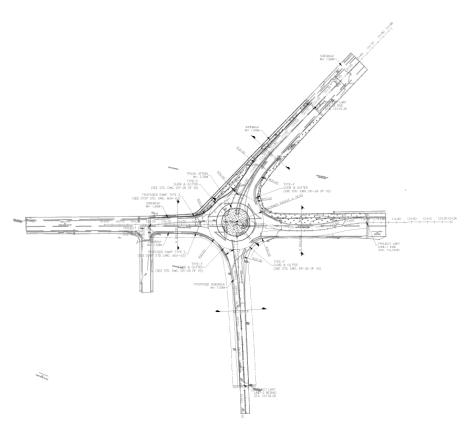


Figure 2: Proposed project conceptual design PR-CRP-000993

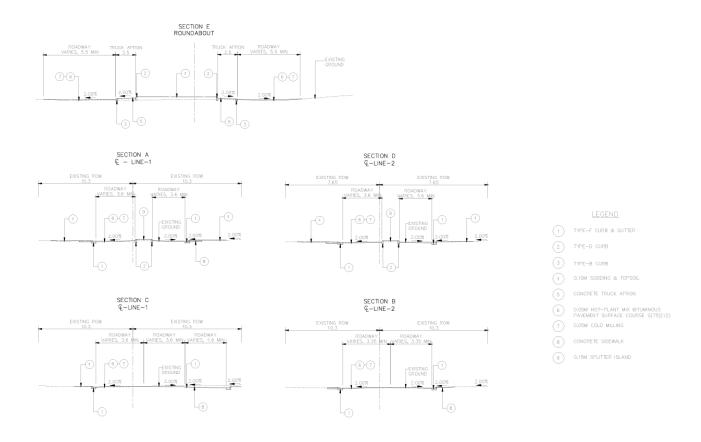


Figure 3: Proposed Cross Section PR-CRP-000993 (from drawing GR-5)



Figure 4: Conceptual image for roundabout

Description of the Proposed Project [24 CFR 50.12 & 58.32; 40 CFR 1508.25]:

The Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH) is proposing the reconstruction of the unsignalized intersection on PR-865 at Campanilla Avenue and replacing it with a single lane roundabout. The primary goal of the road improvements is to improve mobility along the road, reduce vehicular point of conflict due to the entrance-exist of the residential developments provide safe, convenient, and attractive crossing for pedestrians and bicyclists, and improve connectivity and circulation between PR-865 and Campanilla Avenue area.

The project footprint will cover 5,217 square meters (approx. 1.3 acres) (Appendix A.1a). The project will be limited to existing roadways and right of way; therefore, ground disturbance as a result of construction activities will be minimal. The staging area will be limited to the machinery yard of the Public Works Department of the municipality of Toa Baja, located 0.19 miles northeast of the roundabout and measuring approximately 21,616 square meters (approx. 5.34 acres) (see image in Figure 1 and Appendix A.1b).

Roundabout Benefits:

- Saves lives:
 - o Reduction in fatalities,
 - Reduction in injury crashes,
 - o Reduction in pedestrian crashes,
 - Reduction in conflict points.
- Slower vehicle speed,
- Efficient traffic flow,

- Reduction in pollution and fuel use,
- Potential money saved,
- Improve Aesthetic landscaping.

Improvements will consist of:

- 1. Pavement preservation and/or reconstruction
 - a. Asphalt pavement rehabilitation by means of cold milling and resurfacing of existing asphalt pavement
 - b. 80 square meters of new pavement construction including excavation at a maximum of 3 feet in depth in undisturbed areas, and filling fil sub-base, base, and asphalt surface
- 2. Roundabout construction, measuring approximately 24.55 meters in diameter and a maximum subsurface depth of 20 centimeters
- 3. Sidewalk preservation and/or construction
 - a. Reconstructed sidewalk or construct them when it is required. New sidewalks will measure approximately 1.55 meters wide and 10 centimeters deep
 - b. Project will comply with ADA1
- 4. Maintenance of Traffic (MOT)
- 5. Improvements to storm runoff system, repairing drains & sewer system
- 6. Replacement of pavement markings and use of retroreflective devices (raised pavement markers
- 7. Speed reduction at pedestrian crossings
- 8. Solar lighting poles system, installed to a maximum subsurface depth of 40 centimeters and a maximum diameter of 25 centimeters
- 9. Installation of traffic signs
- 10. Urban landscape improvements
- 11. Evaluation of asphalt surfaces, crosswalks, and handicapped ramps, and electrical design improvements that comply with current codes and regulations

Funding Information

Grant Numbers	HUD Program	Funding Amount
B-17-DM-72-0001	Community Development Block Grant - Disaster	\$11,938,162,230
B-18-DP-72-0001	Recovery (CDBG-DR)	
B-19-DP-78-0002		
B-18-DE-72-001		

Estimated Total HUD Funded Amount: \$713,453.50

Estimated Total Project Cost (HUD and non-HUD funds) [24 CFR 58.32(d)]: \$713,453.50 (only HUD funds will be used for the project development)

¹ ADA - Americans with Disabilities Act.

Compliance with 24 CFR 50.4, 58.5, and 58.6 Laws and Authorities

Record below the compliance or conformance determinations for each statute, executive order, or regulation. Provide credible, traceable, and supportive source documentation for each authority. Where applicable, complete the necessary reviews or consultations and obtain or note applicable permits of approvals. Clearly note citations, dates/names/titles of contacts, and page references. Attach additional documentation as appropriate.

Compliance Factors: Statutes, Executive Orders, and Regulations listed at 24 CFR §58.5 and §58.6	Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?	Compliance determinations
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE OR	DERS, AND REG	ULATIONS LISTED AT 24 CFR 50.4 & 58.6
Airport Hazards 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D	Yes No	The nearest civil airport, Fernando Luis Ribas Dominicci (SIG) is approximately 9.01 mi (approx. 47,573 feet) away and the nearest military airport, Luis Muñoz Marín (SJU) is approximately 14.57 mi (approx. 76,930 feet) away from the proposed project location. The project location is outside an Accident Potential Zone (APZ) or Runway Protection Zone/Clear Zone (RPZ/CZ), thus the proposed action is in compliance with Airport Hazards requirements. Refer to:
		Appendix A.2. Airport Hazard Map
Coastal Barrier Resources Coastal Barrier Resources Act, as amended by the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act of 1990 [16 USC 3501]	Yes No	 The closest resource units are located: The Punta Salinas Unit PR 86-P (labelled as an Otherwise Protected Area) is located 3.86 miles (approx 20,381 ft) north of the project site. The Punta Vacia Talega Unit PR-87P (labelled as an Otherwise Protected Area) and Unit PR-87 is located 16.26 miles (approx. 85,853 ft) east of the project site. The proposed project is not located within a Coastal Barrier Resources Unit. Therefore, this project has no potential to impact a CBRS Unit and is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act. Refer to: Appendix A.3.Coastal Barrier Resources Map
Flood Insurance	Yes No	According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Flood
Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 and National		Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), the project site is located in Zone of minimal flood hazard, or

Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 [42 USC 4001-4128 and 42 USC 5154a]		"Zone X." FIRM Map Quadrangle is 72000C0340H with effective date: 04/19/2005. Furthermore, the project does not involve activities that will change or modify the flood zone and the project does not include any structures that require Flood Insurance. Refer to: Appendix A.4. Flood Insurance Map
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE OR	DERS, AND REG	ULATIONS LISTED AT 24 CFR 50.4 & 58.5
Clean Air Clean Air Act, as amended, particularly section 176(c) & (d); 40 CFR Parts 6, 51, 93	Yes No	According to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA) Online Green Book (refer to Appendix E.1.EPA Green Book), Toa Baja, Sabana Seca Ward has been designated as "Non-attainment for Sulfur Dioxide (2010)" for 1-hour SO2. This non-attainment zone is at least 0.73 miles from the proposed project (Appendix A.5). The sources of these emissions are: PREPA: 1) San Juan and 2) Palo Seco. This coincides with information from the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that indicates that the largest source of sulfur dioxide comes fuel use from power plants and other industrial sources (https://www.epa.gov/so2-pollution/sulfur-dioxide-basics). Sulfur emissions may also be produced by heavy equipment in the road, or other vehicles that burn fuel with high sulfur content, which is not the case for individually owned cars or vehicles which mostly use low sulfur gasoline. Emissions associated with the proposed project are estimated to be well below the threshold when compared to the federal General Conformity Rule de minimis thresholds. Construction activities such as cleaning, grubbing, earth movement and the demolition of road structures produce particulates and conditions in which soil could be exposed to wind erosion and airborne particulates. During construction the proposed action could generate emissions (particulate material, hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxide, sulfur dioxide, among others) in addition to those produced during the operation of the existing roads of the area. For the most part those emissions would be produced by the operation of the heavy equipment and

		machinery used during the construction process. Potential air quality impacts would be minor and temporary during the construction period. Implementation construction related air pollution controls (fugitive dust control and heavy equipment emissions controls) would reduce potential impacts. This temporary effect is not significant and would not have an adverse impact on the residential, institutional, and commercial properties located near the project area. The proposed project is not expected to have an adverse impact on the air quality and is not expected to result in nonattainment levels. In terms of vehicle emissions, the Department of Transportation indicates that, in general, roundabouts experience lower emission from vehicles due to less stop-and-go traffic patterns (https://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/intersection/roundabouts/fhwasa15071.pdf). Other sources point to similar determinations (https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2352146517305057/pdf?md5=48bc 0e79fce92e085de792cfe63ab7ca&pid=1-s2.0-s2352146517305057-main.pdf), which leads to the conclusion that the proposed roundabout will not adversely impact the air quality in the area but could improve it.
		The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act. Refer to: Appendix A.5. Clean Air Act Map
Coastal Zone Management Coastal Zone Management Act, sections 307(c) & (d)	Yes No	The proposed project is located approximately 1.82 mi (approx. 9,610 feet) outside the Coastal Zone boundary. The proposed project does not affect a coastal zone as defined in the Coastal Zone Management Document. This project complies with the Coastal Zone Management Act without further evaluation. Refer to:
		Appendix A.6.Coastal Zone Management Act Map
Contamination and Toxic Substances	Yes No	There are four EPA-regulated facilities located within the buffer zone (3000-ft) of the proposed project. The EPA-regulated facilities are:

24 CFR Part 50.3(i) &		1) Centro Camiones
58.5(i) (2)		2) United Parcel Service (UPS)
		3) Environmental Management Services
		4) Hill Construction Corp
		None of these facilities have an identified
		compliance violation. While sites 3 and 4 are
		not adjacent to the project, sites 1 and 2 are within the project buffer. The facilities will not
		be impacted, nor will the project
		development and intended use be
		impacted as a result of these facilities, as there will be no ground disturbance outside
		of existing roadways. The project does not
		propose development, construction, or
		rehabilitation that will increase residential
		densities. Thus, no further analysis is required.
		An environmental site inspection was conducted on 3/22/2023 by Metric
		Engineering. The environmental site
		inspection did not identify any visible
		contamination.
		The project consists of improvements to a roadway that will not result in permanent
		occupation of the project site. Therefore, an
		analysis of previous uses of the project site is
		not required, according to 24 CFR 50.3 (i)(2).
		The Lead and Asbestos analysis for the proposed project concluded that two metal
		guardrails contain Lead-Based Paint (LBP).
		No Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM) was
		detected on the project site. The guardrails
		with positive LBP measurements will be removed, replaced, and properly disposed
		of according to safety regulations.
		Evidence supports the determination that the identified hazard will not affect the
		health and safety of the project users or
		conflict with its intended use. This includes
		any required mitigation measures. Thus, the project is in compliance with 24 CFR Part
		50.3(i) & 58.5(i) (2).
		Refer to:
		Appendix A.7 EPA Facility Map, Appendix E.2. Lead and Asbestos Reports,
		Appendix E.3. ECHO Reports.
Endangered Species	Yes No	According to the US Fish and Wildlife Service's
		(USFWS) Information for Planning and Consulting (IPaC) tool, the following listed

Endangered Species Act of 1973, particularly section 7; 50 CFR Part 402 species may occur within or near the proposed project site:

Endangered:

- Puerto Rican Boa (Chulabothrus Inornatus)
- Daphnopsis helleriana Flowering Plant

Threatened:

• Palo De Rosa (Ottoschulzia rhodoxylon)
None of these species were found in the project area because it is located within the existing right-of-way and no vegetation will be impacted. If a Puerto Rican Boa is found in the project action site, work shall cease until the Boa moves off on its own. If the Boa does not move off, the contractor shall contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources and ask for them to relocate the Boa.

There is a Critical Habitat for the Coqui Llanero near the project area (~2,320 ft/0.44 mi) and staging area, which will be limited to the machinery yard of the Public Works Department (~633 ft/0.12 mi) (Appendix A.8a and b). No adverse impacts are anticipated as the proposed project activities will be performed in the right of way and within the previously developed area.

As such, the proposed project complies with criteria established in the US Fish and Wildlife Service's Blanket Clearance Letter (BCL) issued on January 14, 2013. A Self-Certification to fulfill requirements related to the Blanket Clearance Letter was prepared and submitted to comply with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) April 23, 2024. Based on the information provided, the agency determined that the proposed activities qualify for the blanket clearance letter. The USFWS indicates that if the project is modified the USFWS "should be contacted concerning the need for the initiation of consultation under Section 7 of ESA of 1973." With this document, the agency concurs that the project is not likely to adversely affect federally-listed species. Thus, the project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act and further actions are needed. Refer to:

Appendix B. USFWS Documentation Appendix A.8a. Project Location Critical Habitat Map

		Appendix A.8b. Staging Area Critical Habitat Map
Explosive and Flammable Hazards 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart C	Yes No	The project does not involve the development, construction, or rehabilitation that will increase residential density or conversion. Examination of aerial views and street views show no above ground storage tanks within the acceptable separation distance that would not be blocked by intervening public infrastructure. Thus, the project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements. It is important to note that the project would involve temporary tasks during construction that possibly require the use of a power generator, heavy machinery, and diesel tanks. During construction the project shall meet requirements for fuel management and spill containment.
Farmlands Protection Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981, particularly sections 1504(b) and 1541; 7 CFR Part 658	Yes No	The project does not involve any activities that could convert farmland to non-farmland use, such as new construction, acquisition of undeveloped land, or land conversion. According to data from the National Resources Conservation Service's Web Soil Survey, half of the proposed project is located within the classification of prime farmland and the other half is located in not prime farmland. However, according to the definitions at 7 CFR Part 658.2(a), "farmland" does not include land already in urban development (all such land with a density of 30 structures per 40-acre area). The site is already developed, consisting of an existing road, and is situated within an urban area. Therefore, there will be no impacts on prime farmlands, as the proposed project will remain within the existing footprint. Since the area is already being used as a roadway and not as farmland, no impacts will occur.
		According to the Land Use Plans, the project site soil is classified as urban/residential/light industrial. This supports the determination of no impacts to farmland areas. The project complies with the Farmland Protection Policy Act. Refer to: Appendix A.9.Farmlands Protection Policy Act Maps Appendix A.9.b. Land Use Plan Soil Classification Map Appendix A.9.c. Land Use Plan Soil Rating Map
Floodplain Management	Yes No	According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Advisory Base Flood Elevation (ABFE) map, the

Executive Order 11988, particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55 project area is within the 1% Annual Chance of Flood (Zone A). Therefore, the decision-making process "8-step Analysis" of the direct and indirect impacts associated with the construction, occupancy, and modification of the floodplain was performed. An early notice was published in the Primera Hora newspaper on 3/11/2024, followed by a 15-day public comment period. A final notice was published in the Primera Hora newspaper on 6/17/2024, followed by a 7-day public comment period. No comments were received in response to the early or final public notices.

Relocating the project was deemed impractical because 63% of Toa Baja is within flood zones, making relocation ineffective in achieving the municipality's goals of revitalization and increased resilience. Similarly, the no-action alternative was impractical as it would fail to improve the intersection's infrastructure, thus not contributing to a safer and more efficient community. The proposed project, despite being in Zone A, includes measures to mitigate floodplain impacts, such as allowing stormwater to percolate naturally and following the terrain's contours. The project does not increase population density or pose additional risks to human life; instead, it reduces vehicular conflict points by 75% and vehicular-to-pedestrian conflict points by 66.7%, improving connectivity and circulation between Campanilla Avenue, PR-867, and PR-865.

The project will not modify the current floodplain footprint or adversely impact the base flood elevation, and it will not alter the area's hydraulic characteristics. Therefore, while the relocation and no-action alternatives are impracticable, the proposed project supports the municipality's efforts to create a more resilient and safer community without negatively impacting the floodplain's management.

The project is in compliance with flood insurance requirements and the floodplain management regulations.

Refer to:

Appendix A.4. Flood Insurance Map,

		Appendix A.10. ABFE Map
		Appendix D.8. Step Documentation
Historic Preservation National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800	Yes No	l Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) was
Noise Abatement and Control Noise Control Act of 1972, as amended by the Quiet Communities Act of 1978; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart B	Yes No	requit in a personnent inercase in the peice
Sole Source Aquifers Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended, particularly section 1424(e); 40 CFR Part 149	Yes No	Duarta Dian Furtharmore the project consists
Wetlands Protection	Yes No	design of a divisit and units and is situated at

Free cutting Order 11000		wotlands are manned within the extension
Executive Order 11990, particularly sections 2 and 5		wetlands are mapped within the staging area, which will be limited to the machinery yard of the Public Works Department of the municipality of Toa Baja located 0.19 miles northeast of the roundabout. The nearest wetland to the staging area is 88 feet to the east. Consequently, the proposed actions are not expected to have any adverse impacts on nearby wetlands. Erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented to mitigate any potential adverse effects from stormwater. This project complies with Executive Order 11990. Refer to: Appendix A.12a. Project Location Wetland
		Map Appendix A.12b. Staging Area Wetland Map
Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968, particularly section 7(b) and (c)	Yes No	The project is not located within or near any designated Wild and Scenic Rivers in Puerto Rico. Notably, Puerto Rico has only three designated Wild and Scenic Rivers—Río de la Mina, Río Icacos, and Río Mameyes—situated at least 31.8 miles east of the project site. While Puerto Rico has approximately 5,385 miles of rivers, only 8.9 miles are classified as wild and scenic, representing less than 0.2% of the island's river miles. Consequently, this project will not impact any designated Wild and Scenic Rivers and is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act. Refer to: Appendix A.13. Wild Scenic River Map
ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE		
Environmental Justice Executive Order 12898	Yes No	According to information published by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), EJ Screen, within a one-mile radius of the project's roundabout center point, the socioeconomic indicators are slightly higher for percentages of people of color (100%),
		low-income people (73%), and unemployment (16%) when compared with the average island values of 97%, 70% and 14%, respectively. However, the project does not benefit any particular socioeconomic or minority group because the road will remain for public use and the activity will not significantly alter the ambient

conditions for the community identified in the area.
No adverse environmental impacts were identified in any other compliance review portion of this project that may disproportionately affect low-income and/or minority communities. Therefore, the project complies with Executive Order 12898.
Refer to:
Appendix G EJ Screen Community Report

Field Inspection (Date and completed by):

March 22, 2023, and completed by Ing. Wilfredo R. Cordero

Refer to: Appendix F: Site Inspection for details and photos.

Summary of Findings and Conclusions:

The proposed project involves road improvements in Toa Baja, Puerto Rico, and has been evaluated for compliance with relevant statutes, executive orders, and regulations. The staging area will be limited to the machinery yard of the Public Works Department of the municipality of Toa Baja located 0.19 miles northeast of the roundabout to avoid risk of impacts to nearby wetlands and critical habitat. The project is expected to yield several beneficial impacts, including improved traffic flow, enhanced safety, reduced vehicle emissions due to the implementation of a roundabout, and better stormwater management.

However, there will be minor, temporary impacts during construction, such as increased emissions from heavy machinery, fugitive dust, and a rise in noise levels. These impacts will be mitigated through best management practices such as dust, emissions and erosion and sedimentation control.

Mitigation measures will be needed to comply with regulations for the Puerto Rican Boa, floodplain management, and contamination and toxic substances. If a Puerto Rican Boa is found on-site, work will cease until the Boa moves off on its own, or the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources will be contacted for relocation. Post-construction monitoring will assess ongoing impacts, and standard construction best management practices (BMPs) will control erosion and runoff. For contamination and toxics, the two metal guardrails with positive LBP measurements will be removed, replaced, and properly disposed of according to safety regulations.

The project does not have any adverse environmental effects and does not require further consultation with federal agencies. No additional formal compliance steps are needed. Overall, the project complies with applicable statutes, executive orders, and regulations, with necessary mitigations to avoid significant adverse impacts. The project will enhance mobility along the road, reduce vehicular conflict points at residential developments, provide safe and attractive crossings for pedestrians, cyclists, and other uses. It will also improve connectivity and circulation between PR-865 and the Campanilla Avenue area.

Mitigation Measures and Conditions [40 CFR 1505.2(c)]

Summarize below all mitigation measures adopted by the Responsible Entity to reduce, avoid, or eliminate adverse environmental impacts and to avoid non-compliance or non-conformance with the above-listed authorities and factors. These measures/conditions must be incorporated into project contracts, development agreements, and other relevant documents. The staff responsible for implementing and monitoring mitigation measures should be clearly identified in the mitigation plan.

Law, Authority, or Factor	Mitigation Measure
Endangered Species	If a Puerto Rican Boa is found in the project action site, work shall cease until the Boa moves off on its own. If the Boa does not move off, the CM shall contact the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources and ask for them to relocate the Boa.
Floodplain Management	Stormwater best practices include allowing stormwater to percolate naturally and following the terrain's contours during construction (See Appendix D. 8 Step Documentation) for more details. Standard Construction BMPs would be used to Control Erosion and Runoff during Construction
Contamination and Toxic Substances	The guardrails with positive LBP measurements will be removed, replaced, and properly disposed of according to safety regulations. The project will involve temporary tasks during construction that may require the use of a power generator, heavy machinery, and diesel tanks. During construction, the project shall meet requirements for fuel management and spill containment.
Clean Air	Contractors will be required to implement best management practices (BMPs) during construction to reduce potential impacts related to air pollution from sources such as fugitive dust and heavy equipment/power generator emissions.

Determination:

-0.0			
	because there are federal laws and c	excluded activity/project conve e no circumstances which requir authorities cited at §58.5. Funds I	re compliance with any of the may be committed and drawn
	This categorically of there are circumstonand authorities of requirements, publ	extion of this part for this (now) EXE. excluded activity/project cannot ances which require compliance cited at §58.5. Complete colish NOI/RROF and obtain "Authorn 58.70 and 58.71 before committed"	of convert to Exempt because with one or more federal laws onsultation/mitigation protocol prity to Use Grant Funds" (HUD
	This project is now	subject to a full Environmental As xtraordinary circumstances (Secti	•
Prep	arer Signature:	Und My Brille	Date: 08/30/2024
-	ne/Title/Organization:	Armando González / Engineer in Tr Puerto Rico, PSC	aining/ Metric Engineering of
Resp	onsible Entity Agency	Official Signature (Certifying Officer): Date: 9.17.2024
	y some c	10HOLDEN	Date: 9.17.2024
Nam	e/Title: <u>Santa Rar</u>	mírez Lebrón / Permits and Enviro	onmental Compliance Specialist

This original, signed document and related supporting material must be retained on file by the Responsible Entity in an Environmental Review Record (ERR) for the activity/project (ref: 24 CFR Part 58.38) and in accordance with recordkeeping requirements for the HUD program(s).

List of attachments

Appendix A. Maps and Figures

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 - b. Land Use Plan Soil Classification Map
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Appendix B. USFWS Documentation

Appendix C. Cultural Resources Documentation

Appendix D. 8 Step Documentation

Appendix E. Contamination and Toxic Substances

- 1. EPA Green Book
- 2. Lead and Asbestos Report
- 3. Summary Table EPA Facilities and ECHO Reports

Appendix F Site Visit Report

Appendix G EJ Screen Community Report

Appendix A: Maps and Figures

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Google Earth

Location Map & Project Footprint

Legend

9

Project site

Project Footprint

Project Location:

Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949 Latitude: 18.422301°

Longitude: -66.231948°









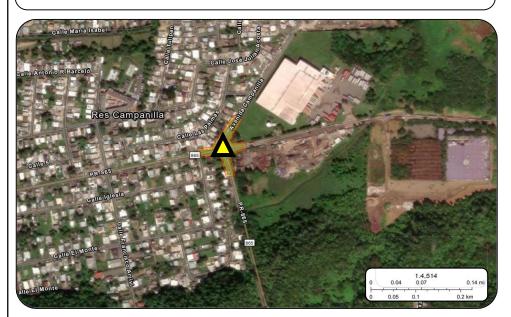


Address: Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949

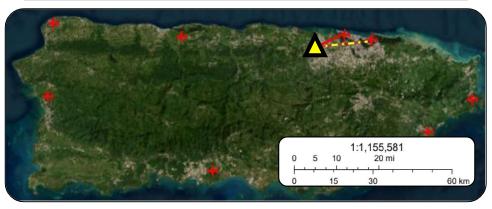
PR-CRP-000993 Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla



Source: Google Earth (Spatial Reference: WGS84), accessed July 18, 2024 at URL https://earth.google.com/











Legend



Project site



Luis Muñoz Marin Airport



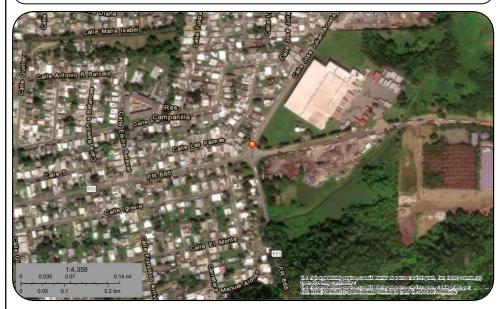


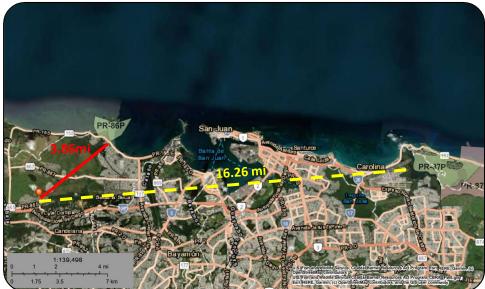
Airport

Project Location:















USFWS

Costal Barrier System
Unit Map

■ LEGEND

CBRS Units

9

Project site



CBRS Buffer Zone



CBRS Prohibitions
Otherwise Protected



Area

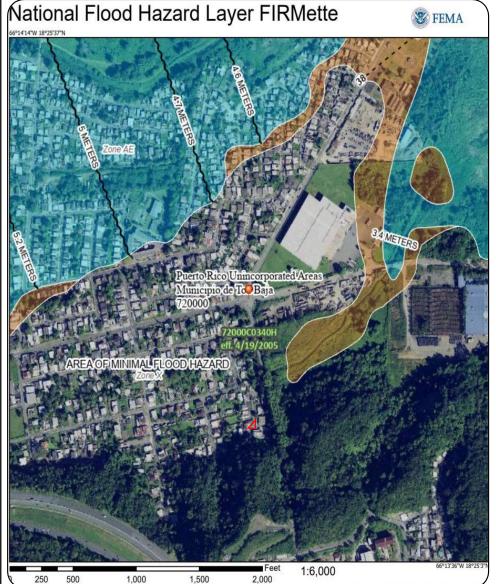


System Unit

Project Location:





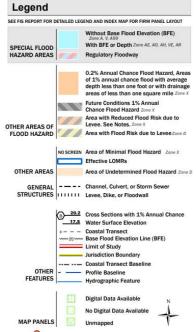






FEMA

FIRMette Map



Project Location:

Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949 Latitude: 18.422301° Longitude: -66.231948°

Project site













Nonattainment, attainment, and maintenance Map

Legend

Project site



SO₂ (2010 Standard) Nonattainment



PM₁₀ (1987 Standard) Maintenance



Lead (2008 Standard) Nonattainment



Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949 Latitude: 18.422301°

Longitude: -66.231948°

















Programa de Manejo de la Zona Costanera Coastal Zone Management Program

Coastal Zones Inland Boundary Map

Legend: Map (1)&(2)

Project site



CZMA Boundary



Project Footprint



Legend: Map (3)



Project site



Límite de Zona Costanera Tierra adentro – Coastal Zone Inland Boundary

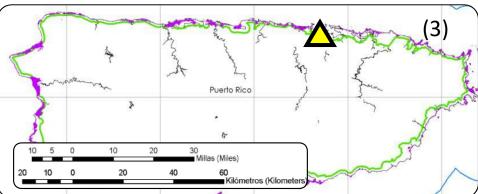


Zona de Riesgo a Tsunamis – Tsunami Hazard Zones

Project Location:

Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949 Latitude: 18.422301°

Longitude: -66.231948°

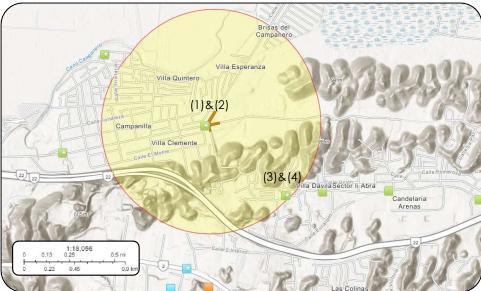




Source: US National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration https://koordinates.com/layer/20522-us-coastal-zone-

Appendix A.6. Coastal Zone Management Act Map







Source: NEPAssist, Esri, HERE, Garmin, Foursquare, SafeGraph, METI/NASA, USGS, NPS, EPA OEI NEPAssist Url: https://nepassisttool.epa.gov/nepassist/nepamap.aspx?wherestr=Toa+Baja





EPA Facilities Map

Legend: Map (1)&(2)

Project site

3000-FT Project Buffer

Hazardous Waste (RCRA)

Water Discharge (NPDES)

EPA Facilities:

- (1) Centro Camiones
- (2) United Parcel Services
- (3) Environmental Management Services
- (4) Hill Construction Corp

Project Location:









Critical Habitat Map

Legend



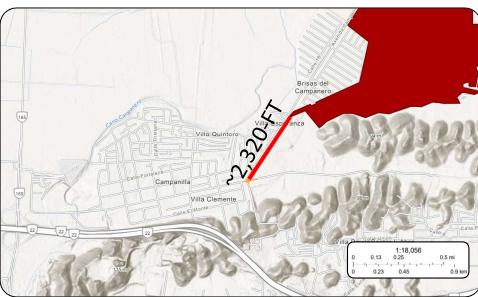
Project site



Critical Habitat- Coqui Llanero



~2,320-FT from the Project



Project Location:







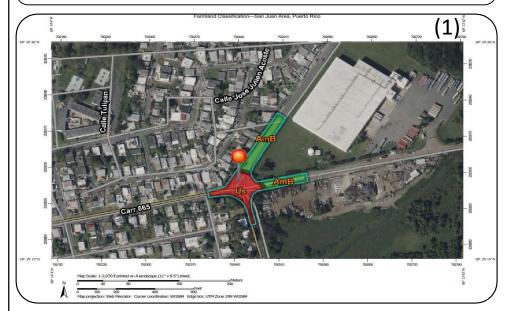


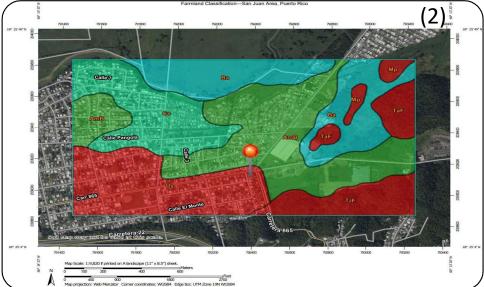
Address: Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949

PR-CRP-000993 Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla



Source: EPA NEPAssist (Spatial Reference: GRS80), accessed July 18, 2024 at URL https://nepassisttool.epa.gov/nepassist/nepamap.aspx







Source: Web Soil Survey https://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/



Land Use Plan Soil Classification Map

Legend: Map (1)&(2)

Project site

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons

Not prime farmland

All areas are prime farmland

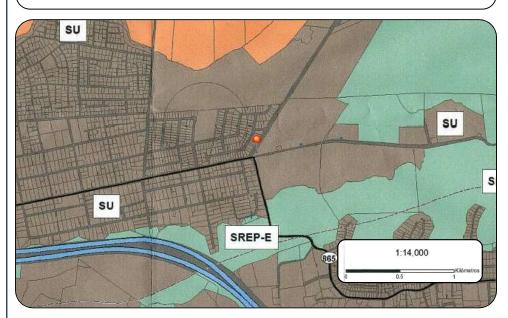
Prime farmland if drained

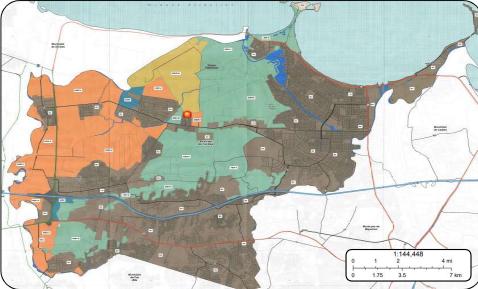
Prime farmland if protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season

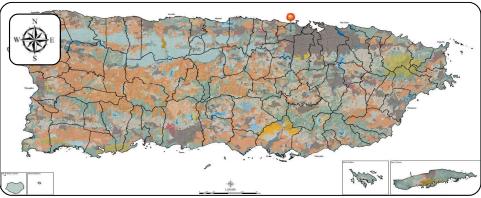
Project Location:











Source: Junta de Planificación https://jp.pr.gov/plan-de-usos-de-terrenos/



Land Use Plan Soil Classification Map

Clasificación

Suelo Rústico Especialmente

Protegido-Ecológico

Protegido

Protegido-Agricola

Protegido-Ecológico/Agrícola

Suelo Urbano

Suelo Rústico Común

Elemento geográfico

Sistema Vial

Cuerpo de Agua

Red Vial

Autopista

Red Primaria

Red Secundaria

----- Red Terciaria

Limite de Municipio

Limite de Barrio

Project Site

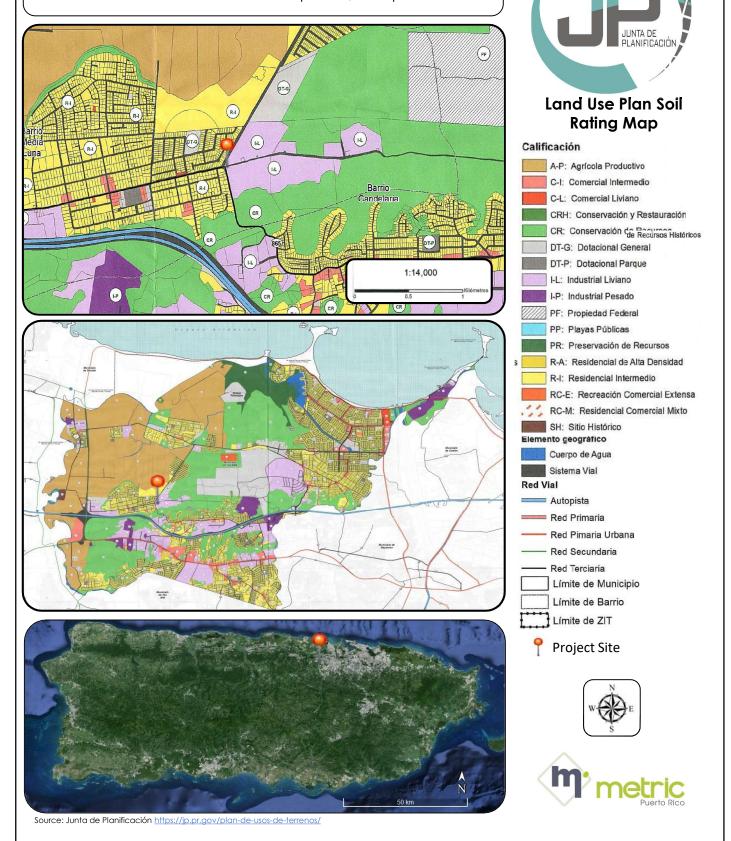
Project Location:

Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949 Latitude: 18.422301°

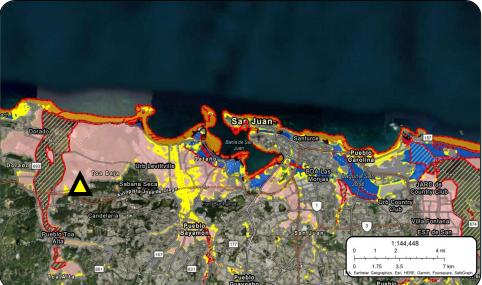
Longitude: -66.231948°

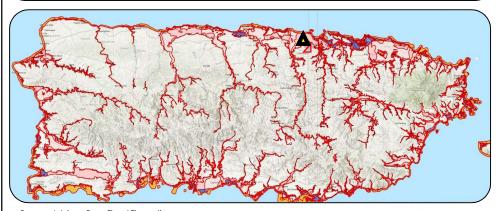


Appendix A.9.b. Land Use Plan Soil Classification Map









 $Source: Advisory\ Base\ Flood\ Eleveation: \underline{https://gis-r2-fema.hub.arcgis.com/apps/FEMA::puerto-rico-advisory-base-flood-elevations-flood-$



Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFE's)

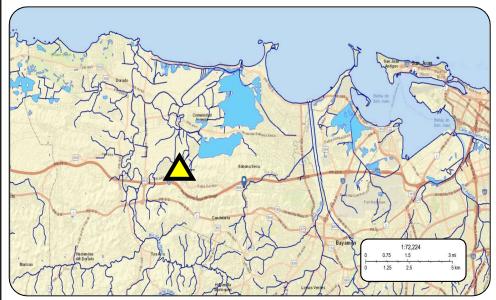


Project Site **Project Location:**











Source: NEPAssist, Esri, HERE, Garmin, Foursquare, SafeGraph, METI/NASA, USGS, NPS, EPA OEI NEPAssist Url: https://nepassisttool.epa.gov/nepassist/nepamap.aspx?wherestr=Toa+Baja

Appendix A.11. Sole Source Aquifer Map



Sole Source Aquifer Map



NHD Flowline FTYPE codes

- Artificial Path
- Canal/Ditch
- Coastline
- Connector
- **Pipelines** Stream/River
- Other



Project Site

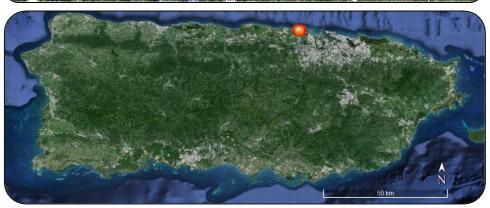
Project Location:











Source: NEPAssist, Esri, HERE, Garmin, Foursquare, SafeGraph, METI/NASA, USGS, NPS, EPA OEI NEPAssist Url: https://nepassisttool.epa.gov/nepassist/nepamap.aspx?wherestr=Toa+Baja



Wetland Map

Legend: Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
 - Freshwater Pond
- Lake
- Other
- Riverine
- Project Footprint
- Project Site

Project Location:

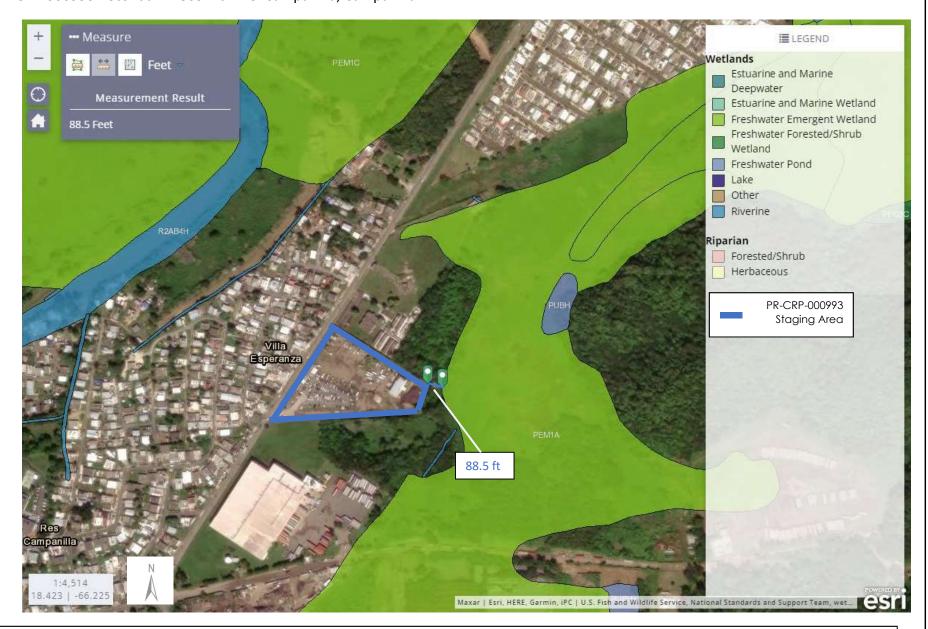




Appendix A.12b. Staging Area Wetland Map

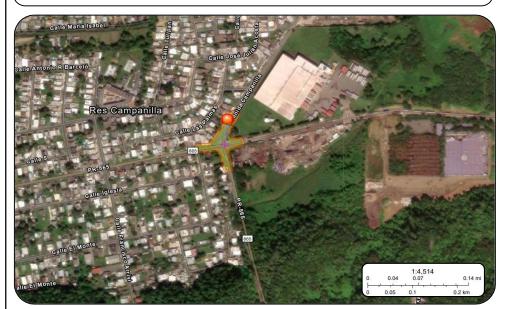
Coord: 18.422301° -66.231948°

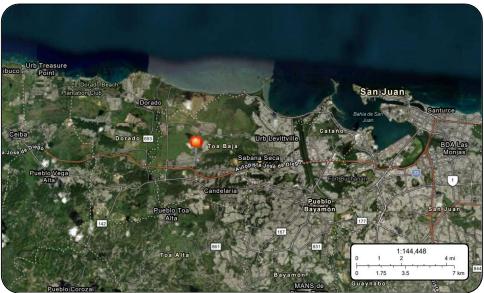
PR-CRP-000993 Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla Address: Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949



Source: USFWS National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) (Spatial Reference: WGS84), accessed July 18, 2024 at URL https://fwsprimary.wim.usgs.gov/wetlands/apps/wetlands-mapper/

City Revitalization Program PR-CRP-000993 Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla











Legend



Project site



Wild and Scenic River

~31.8 miles from the Project

Project Location:

Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949 Latitude: 18.422301°

Longitude: -66.231948°





Appendix B: USFWS Documentation

- 1. USFWS Concurrence Letter
- 2. Blanket Clearance Letter
- 3. Location Map
- 4. Critical Habitat Map
- 5. Photo Template
- 6. IPaC Report





Transmittal Letter

April 23, 2024

Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service P.O. Box 491 Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622

Email: caribbean@es@fws.gov



Based on the information provided, we determined the project proposed qualifies for the blanket clearance letter. Nevertheless, if the project is modified this office should be contacted concerning the need for the initiation of consultation under section 7 of Endangered Species Act of

DAMARIS ROMAN Reviewer RUIZ

Digitally signed by DAMARIS ROMAN RUIZ Date: 2024.04.24 14:29:43 -04'00'

ROBERT TAWES Digitally signed by ROBERT TAWES Date: 2024.04.29 06:57:02 -04'00'

Acting Caribbean ES Field Supervisor

Subject: USFWS Endangered Species Act Certifications – April 2024

We are submitting the following Self-Certifications for projects under the CDBG-DR City Revitalization Program. Attached are included the Self-Certifications that certify that the projects are in compliance and are not likely to adversely affect federally-listed species.

The following table includes the projects that are in compliance with the Blanket Clearance Letter for the Endangered Species act of 1973, as amended, and the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act.

Project Number	Project Name
PR-CRP-000009	Ponce – Urban Aesthetic Project
PR-CRP-000337	Rehabilitación de Aceras y Mejoras a Calles en Casco Urbano
	y Comunidades Aledañas
PR-CRP-000759 /	Renovations to Plaza del Mercado in Santa Isabel Urban
PR-CRP-001153	Center / Santa Isabel Multipurpose Building Francisco Robledo
PR-CRP-000991	Rotonda PR-867 entradas Urbs. Campanillas y Pabellones,
	Sabana Seca
PR-CRP-000993	Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla
PR-CRP-001001	Estacionamiento y áreas circundantes a la Plaza del Mercado
PR-CRP-001072	Plaza Recreacional en el Casco Urbano (Plaza del Obrero)

For more information, please contact the Permits and Environmental Compliance Division at <u>environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov</u> or at (787)274.2527 ext. 4320.

Sincerely,

Permits and Environmental Compliance Division Office of Disaster Recovery



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Caribbean Ecological Services
Field Office
P.O. Box 491
Boqueron, PR 00622

In Reply Refer To: FWS/R4/CESFO/BKT/HUD

JAN 1 4 2013

Mr. Efrain Maldonado
Field Office Director
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
235 Federico Costa Street, Suite 200
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00918

Re: Blanket Clearance Letter for Federally sponsored projects, Housing and Urban Development

Dear Mr. Maldonado:

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) is one of two lead Federal Agencies responsible for the protection and conservation of Federal Trust Resources, including threatened or endangered species listed under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) (ESA). In the U.S. Caribbean, the USFWS has jurisdiction over terrestrial plants and animals, the Antillean manatee and sea turtles when nesting. The National Marine Fisheries Service has jurisdiction over marine species, except for the manatee. The ESA directs all Federal agencies to participate in conserving these species. Specially, section 7 of the ESA requires Federal agencies to consult with the USFWS to ensure that actions they fund authorize, permit, or otherwise carry out will not jeopardize the continued existence of any listed species or adversely modify designated critical habitat. The USFWS issued regulations in 1986 detailing the consultation process. As part of this consultation process, the USFWS review development projects to assist Federal agencies on the compliance of the ESA.

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) typically allocate grant funds for rural and urban development projects. Obligations under the ESA, as well as the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), require HUD to perform consultation and an environmental impact review prior to the project's authorization. Primarily, these projects involve repair or reconstruction of existing facilities associated with developed land.

In order to expedite the consultation process, the Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office has developed this Blanket Clearance Letter (BCL) to cover for activities and projects that typically result in no adverse effects to federally-listed species under our jurisdiction. If projects comply with the project criteria discussed below, no further consultation with the USFWS is needed.

Project Criteria

- 1. Street resurfacing.
- 2. Construction of gutters and sidewalks along existing roads.
- 3. Reconstruction or emergency repairs of existing buildings, facilities and homes.
- 4. Rehabilitation of existing occupied single family homes, and buildings; provided that equipment storage or staging areas are not located on vacant property harboring a wetland and/or forested vegetation and that the lighting associated to the new facilities is not visible directly or indirectly from a beach.
- Demolition of dilapidated single family homes or buildings; provided that the demolition debris is disposed in certified receiving facilities; equipment storage or staging areas are not located on vacant property harboring a wetland and/or forested vegetation.
- 6. Rebuilding of demolished single family homes or buildings, provided that the new construction is within the existing footprint of the previous structure and/or within pre-existing grassed or paved areas, and that the lighting associated to the new facilities are not visible directly or indirectly from a beach.
- 7. Activities within existing Right of Ways (ROWs) of roads, bridges and highways, when limited to actions that do not involve cutting native vegetation or mayor earth moving; and are not located within, or adjacent to, drainages, wetlands, or aquatic systems. These activities include the installation of potable water and sanitary pipelines.
- 8. Improvements to existing recreational facilities, including the installation of roofs to existing basketball courts, provided that the lighting associated to the facilities are not visible directly or indirectly from the beach.
- Construction of electric underground systems in existing towns and communities, provided that the property is not a wetland area and the lighting associated to the facilities are not visible directly or indirectly from the beach.
- 10. Construction of facilities on vacant properties covered with grasses in urban areas, provided that the lighting associated to the facilities are not visible directly or indirectly from the beach.
- 11. Construction of houses, buildings or acquiring lands in urban areas covered by grass for relocation of low income families and/or facilities that have been affected by weather conditions.

Determination:

Based on the nature of the projects described above and habitat characteristics described on project criteria, we have determined that the actions and type of projects described above may be conducted within this BCL without adversely affecting federally-listed

Mr. Maldonado

species under our jurisdiction. Thus, consultation under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act is not required.

In all situations, HUD, and the municipalities are expected to implement Best Management Practices, where applicable, to ensure that impacts from erosion and stream sedimentation are appropriately minimized.

The Service encourages your agency to enhance the conservation of our trust resources (i.e.; listed species, wetlands, aquatic habitats, migratory birds and marine mammals). We therefore, provide the following recommendations that have proven to help in this way.

Water Crossing Structures:

- 1. Use of bottomless culverts or single span bridges instead of traditional box or RCP culverts or any other water crossing structure that impacts the stream bottom, particularly in streams which support native fish. The use of bottomless culverts or a short span bridge would provide a more stable crossing and would not alter the stream habitat. However, if bottomless structures or bridges are not feasible due to cost or engineering constraints, we recommend the following criteria be used to maintain good habitat in the streams:
 - a. The stream should not be widened to fit the bridge since this can lead to sedimentation during low flows and possible bank erosion during high flows. Rather, the bridge should be designed to fit the stream channel at the point of crossing. Culverts should be sized to carry natural bank full flow. Additional flow can be capture by culverts placed at a higher elevation so as not to impact bank full flows.
 - b. Bridge abutments, wing walls or any other structures should not intrude into the active stream channel.
 - c. All culvert footings must be countersunk into the stream channel at both the invert and outlet ends at a minimum of 10% of the culvert height. This will align the water crossing structure with the slope of the stream.
 - d. Waterways must not be blocked as to impede the free movement of water and fish. Materials moved during construction, such as grubbing, earth fills, and earth cut materials must not be piled where they can fall back into the stream and block the drainage courses.
 - e. Appropriate erosion and/or sedimentation controls measures are to be undertaken to protect water quality until riverbanks are re-vegetated. It has been our experience that appropriate erosion and/or sedimentation control measures are not implemented properly by project contractors. In order to function properly, silt fences need to be buried 6" (proper depth is marked by a line on the silt fence) and supported at regular intervals by wood stakes. For that reason we are recommending that

- the enclosed drawing of proper silt fence installation is included in all final project construction plans.
- f. Upon completion of a water crossing construction, any temporary fill, must be removed from the construction area and disposed in a landfill.

Limitations:

Actions that do not meet the above project criteria, such as actions requiring placement of fill, disturbance, or modification to land outside of an existing access road or ROW; actions that occur on vacant property harboring a wetland and/or forest vegetation; actions requiring excavation, clearing of native vegetation, or alteration of storm water drainage patterns; or actions that require lighting which can be directly or indirectly seen from a beach, must be individually coordinated through the Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office and will be evaluated on a case by case basis.

The Service reserves the right to revoke or modify this BCL if:

- New information reveals that the categories of work covered in this BCL may affect listed or designated critical habitat in a manner, or to an extent, not previously considered.
- 2. The categories of work included in this BCL are subsequently modified to include activities not considered in this review.
- 3. New species are listed or critical habitat designated that may be affected.

It is our mission to work with others, to conserve, protect and enhance fish wildlife and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of our people.

To obtain additional information on threatened and endangered species, you may visit our website http://www.fws.gov/caribbean/ES where you will also find the Map of the Species by Municipality and the Map of Critical Habitat. The USFWS has also developed a web based tool called IPac. Please visit http://www.ecos.fws.gov/ipac and familiarize yourself with the features we offer. We encourage you to begin your project planning process by requesting an **Official Species List** for your individual project that will include all species that may occur in the vicinity of the action area and includes a map of the action area. The site will also identify designated critical habitat, or other natural resources of concern that may be affected by your proposed project. At this time, best management practices or conservation measures are not available at the site but we expect the site to continue growing in its offering.

These maps provide information on the species/habitat relations within a municipality and could provide the applicants an insight if the proposed action is covered under this BCL or may affect a species, thus requiring individual review.

Mr. Maldonado 5

If you have any additional question regarding this BCL, please do not hesitate to contact Marelisa Rivera, Deputy Field Supervisor, at 787-851-7297 extension 206.

Sincerely yours,

Edwin E. Muñi

Field Supervisor

Enclosures (Fact Sheets)

cc: OCAM, San Juan

Office of Federal Funds, 78 Municipalities of Puerto Rico

AAA PRFAA DNER



Ecological Services in the Caribbean

Caribbean Field Office

Project evaluation



Our mission is to conserve, protect and enhance fish and wildlife and their habitats through consultation, cooperation and communication for the continuing benefit of the American people.

Legal authorities:

- Endangered Species Act (ESA)
- Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act
- Migratory Bird Treaty Act
- Coastal Barriers Act

Roles and Responsibilities:

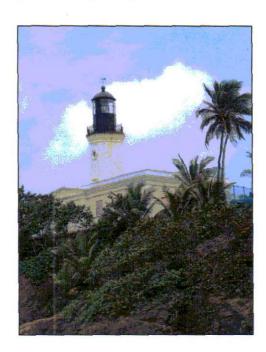
- Provide technical assistance to Federal and Commonwealth agencies to minimize possible impacts of land and water projects to our trust resources
 - *Wetlands and other aquatic habitats
 - *Endangered Species and their habitats
 - *Migratory Birds
 - *Critical Wildlife Areas
 - *Coastal Barriers
- Assist with ESA Section 7 compliance through informal and formal consultation processes

How do we assist others?

- Determine presence / absence of wetland resources, threatened and endangered species habitat, coastal barriers, important wildlife areas within the action area
- Evaluate possible direct, indirect and cumulative impacts
- Provide conservation recommendations to avoid, minimize and/or mitigate impacts
- General recommendations for habitat enhancement

Minimum requirements for the evaluation of projects:

- An 8.5 by 11 inch copy of the specific site location on a USGS topographic map (1:20,000) marked with an arrow (
- Project description
- Aerial photo of the project site
- Latitude and Longitude (degrees, minutes and seconds or decimal degrees)
- Environmental Documents (EA and EIS)
- Specific studies (by qualified personnel)



For more information: US Fish and Wildlife Service Caribbean Field Office Raod 301, Km. 5.1 Bo. Corozo Boquerón, PR 00622 http://www.fws.gov/caribbean/es



Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office

Endangered Species Lists Using Web-based Tools

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office (CESFO) provides technical assistance to private individuals and organizations, as well as Federal, state, and local agencies pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.). To assist project sponsors or applicants with the process of determining whether a Federally-listed species and/or "critical habitat" may occur within their proposed project area, we have developed Web-based tools. These tools were developed primarily to assist Federal agencies that are consulting with us under Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

IPaC. The US Fish& Wildlife Service (USFWS) has a tool named IPaC. IPaC stands for Information, Planning, and Conservation. This system is designed for easy, public access to the natural resources information for which the USFWS has trust or regulatory responsibility. Examples include Threatened and Endangered species, migratory birds, National Refuge lands, Coastal Barrier Resource Units, and the management of invasive species. One of the primary goals of the IPaC system is to provide information in a manner that assists individuals in planning their activities within the context of natural resource conservation. The IPaC system also assists people through the various regulatory consultation, permitting and approval processes administered by the USFWS, helping achieve more effective and efficient results for both the project proponents and natural resources. Through IPaC, you can get a preliminary USFWS species list in addition to links to species life history information, the USFWS Migratory Bird program, more. You can access **IPaC** http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac

CESFO List of Threatened & Endangered Species and Critical Habitat Designations: CESFO has developed another tool (Species Map) that can be used as a quick reference to find out where the Federally-listed species





are known to occur, as well as those likely to occur, in any given municipality in Puerto Rico and island in the U.S. Virgin islands. It identifies general areas where the species may be located. However, it does not represent the absolute distribution of the species and does not constitute a recommendation or comment issued by our agency in reference to a proposed project. This list represents the best available information regarding known or likely occurrences of Federally-listed species and is subject to change as new information becomes available. You can access this database at http://www.fws.gov/caribbean/es/PDF/Map/pdf



Be aware that Section 9 of the ESA prohibits unauthorized taking of listed species and applies to Federal and non-Federal activities. Under the Act, it is illegal for any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to take (includes harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect; or to attempt any of these), import or export, ship in interstate or foreign commerce in the course of commercial activity, or sell or offer for sale in interstate or foreign commerce any endangered fish or wildlife species and most threatened fish and wildlife species. It is also illegal to possess, sell, deliver, carry, transport, or ship any such wildlife that has been taken illegally. "Harm" includes any act which actually kills or injures fish or wildlife, and case law has clarified that such acts may include significant habitat modification or degradation that significantly impairs essential behavioral patterns of fish or wildlife. For projects not authorized, funded, or carried out by a Federal agency, consultation with the Service pursuant to Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA is not required. However, no person is authorized to "take¹" any listed species without appropriate authorizations from the Service. Therefore, we provide technical assistance to individuals and agencies to assist with project planning to avoid the potential for "take," or when appropriate, to provide assistance with their application for an incidental take permit pursuant to Section 10(a)(1)(B) of the ESA.

If the project is within the distribution of the species, additional information may be needed to determine the presence of habitat. In some cases, specialized surveys may be needed to determine the presence or absence of the species in a particular area.

For additional information on fish and wildlife resources or State-listed species, we suggest contacting the Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources and the U.S. Virgin Islands Department of Planning and Natural Resources.

For further assistance, please feel free to contact us at (787) 851-7297 or visit our Web page at www.fws.gov/caribbean/es if you need further assistance.

For further information visit our national websites at:

http://www.fws.gov http://ecos.fws.gov







Consultations with Federal Agencies

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act

The purposes of the Endangered Species Act are to provide a means for conserving the ecosystems upon which endangered and threatened species depend and a program for the conservation of such species. The ESA directs all Federal agencies to participate in conserving these species. Specifically, section 7 (a)(1) of the ESA charges Federal agencies to aid in the conservation of listed species, and section 7 (a)(2) requires the agencies to ensure that their activities are not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of listed species or adversely modify designated critical habitats.

How does the consultation process support the recovery of species and their ecosystems?

The Endangered Species Program of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service uses section 7 tools in partnership with other Service programs and other Federal agencies to collaboratively solve conservation challenges, as well as create opportunities, using section 7 consultations, to recover the ecosystems of listed species. Consultations also provide ways to implement recovery tasks by addressing threats to listed species that may result from Federal agency programs and activities.

What is the consultation process that occurs under section 7(a)(2)?

The provision under section 7 that is most often associated with the Service and other Federal agencies is section 7(a)(2). It requires Federal agencies to consult with the Service to ensure that actions they fund, authorize, permit, or otherwise carry out will not jeopardize the continued existence of any listed species or adversely modify designated critical habitats. The



In response to requests for consultations from the U. S. Coast Guard with regard to manatees and sea turtles, the South Florida Office of the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service has provided guidance about events such as firework displays, regattas, boat parades and races, and fishing tournaments.

Service issued regulations in 1986 detailing the consultation process, and we have since completed a handbook describing the process in detail. The handbook is available on our web site at http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/esa section7 handbook.pdf.

What is the Service doing to facilitate the consultation process?

Designing projects in ways that are compatible with the conservation needs of listed species and their ecosystems is among the most effective methods of ensuring a more rapid and efficient section 7 consultation process, as well as species' recovery. The Information, Planning, and Conservation System is an emerging tool for action agencies, their applicants, and other project proponents to use

during the initial phases of project development and assessment. The system will allow for more effective integration of listed resource conservation needs and the eventual streamlining of section 7(a)(2) consultation.

How does a consultation get started?

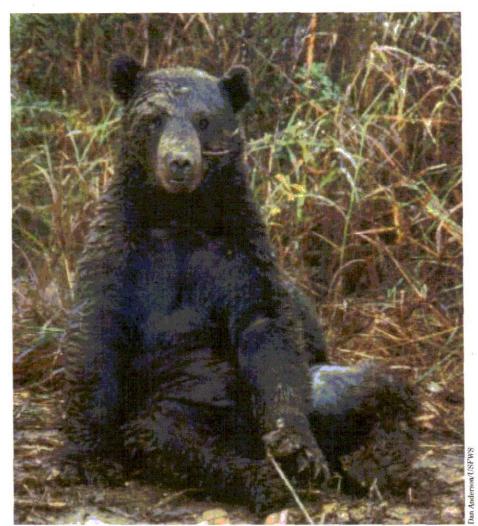
Early coordination is one of the most effective methods of (1) streamlining section 7 consultation, (2) reducing the need to make project modifications during the consultation process, and (3) improving the ability of section 7 to fulfill its role as a recovery tool. Federal agencies, applicants, and the Service engage in early coordination to develop methods of integrating proposed activities with the conservation needs of listed resources before the proposed actions are fully designed.

Before initiating an action, the Federal agency or its non-Federal permit applicant should coordinate with the Service as to the species that may be within their action area. If a listed species is present, the Federal agency must determine whether the project may affect it. If so, consultation may be required. If the action agency determines (and the Service agrees) that the project is not likely to adversely affect a listed species or designated critical habitat, and the Service concurs in writing, then the consultation (informal to this point) is concluded.

What happens if a Federal project may adversely affect a listed species?

If the Federal agency determines that a project is likely to adversely affect a listed species or designated critical habitat, the agency initiates formal consultation by providing information with regard to the nature of the anticipated effects. The ESA requires that consultation be completed within 90 days, and the regulations allow an additional 45 days for the Service to prepare a biological opinion. The analysis of whether or not the proposed action is likely to jeopardize the continued existence of the species or adversely modify designated critical habitat is contained in a biological opinion. If a jeopardy or adverse modification determination is made, the biological opinion must identify any reasonable and prudent alternatives that could allow the project to move forward.

The Service must anticipate any incidental take that may result from the proposed project and, provided that such take will not jeopardize the continued existence of the listed species, authorize that take in an incidental take statement. The latter contains clear terms and conditions designed to reduce the impact of the anticipated take to the species involved. The authorization of incidental take is contingent upon the Federal agency carrying out the terms and conditions. If the Service issues either a non-jeopardy opinion or a jeopardy opinion that contains reasonable and prudent alternatives, it may include an incidental take statement.



This Louisiana black bear was one of the largest ever captured on Tensas River National Wildlife Refuge, weighing in at over 400 pounds. The bear was trapped using a leg-hold cable snare that does not injure the animal. The biological information obtained, including weight, sex, a tooth for aging, and other measurements, is part of the Service's ongoing research efforts to aid in the recovery of this threatened subspecies. Afterwards, the bear was released on site.

What is the consultation workload?

In Fiscal Year 2010, the Service assisted Federal agencies in carrying out their responsibilities under section 7 on more than 30,000 occasions. The vast majority of the workload was technical assistance to Federal agencies and informal consultations on actions that were not likely to adversely affect listed species or their designated critical habitat. A large percentage of projects, as initially planned, would have had adverse impacts to listed species, but were dealt with through informal consultation. In these situations, the Federal agency made changes to the project design so that adverse impacts to listed species were avoided.

What type of guidance is available for other Federal agencies?

Guidance is available on our section 7 web site at http://www.fws.gov/endangered/what-we-do/consultations-overview.html. Please call us at 703-358-2171 if you have any questions, or see our Endangered Species Program Contacts at http://www.fws.gov/endangered/regions/index.html to locate a Service office in your area.

U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Program 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Room 420 Arlington, VA 22203 703-358-2171 http://www.fws.gov/endangered/

April 2011



Self-Certification

http://www.fws.gov/caribbean/ES/Index.html

Endangered Species Act Certification

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office developed a Blanket Clearance Letter in compliance with Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, and the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act for federally funded projects.

The Service determined that projects in compliance with the following criteria are not likely to adversely affect federally-listed species.

The Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH) certifies that the following project "Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla" (PR-CRP-00993), with a footprint of 5,217 square meters (m2) consisting of: 1) Pavement preservation and/or reconstruction, a) Asphalt pavement rehabilitation by means of cold milling and resurfacing of existing asphalt pavement; 2) Roundabout construction; 3) Sidewalk preservation and/or construction, a) Reconstructed sidewalk or construct them when it is required; 4) Maintenance of Traffic (MOT); 5) Improvements to storm runoff system, repairing drains & sewer system, 6)Replacement of pavement markings and use of retroreflective devices (raised pavement markers; 7) Speed reduction at pedestrian crossings, 8) Solar lighting poles system, 9) Installation of traffic signs, 10) Urban landscape improvements, 11) Evaluation of asphalt surfaces, crosswalks, and handicapped ramps, and electrical design improvements that comply with current codes and regulations, located at the intersection of PR-865 with Campanilla Avenue in Luna Ward in the Municipality of Toa Baja (18.422301, -66.231912), complies with:

Check	Project Criteria
	1. Street resurfacing.
	2. Construction of gutters and sidewalks along existing roads.
	3. Reconstruction or emergency repairs of existing buildings, facilities and homes.
	4. Rehabilitation of existing occupied single-family homes, and buildings; provided that equipment storage or staging areas are not located on vacant property harboring a wetland and/or forested vegetation and that the lighting associated to the new facilities is not visible directly or indirectly from a beach.

	5. Demolition of dilapidated single-family homes or buildings; provided that the demolition debris is disposed in certified receiving facilities; equipment storage or staging areas are not located on vacant property harboring a wetland and/or forested vegetation.
	6. Rebuilding of demolished single-family homes or buildings, provided that the new construction is within the existing footprint of the previous structure and/or within pre- existing grassed or paved areas, and that the lighting associated to the new facilities are not visible directly or indirectly from a beach.
⊠	7. Activities within existing Right of Ways (ROWs) of roads, bridges and highways, when limited to actions that do not involve cutting native vegetation or mayor earth moving; and are not located within, or adjacent to, drainages, wetlands, or aquatic systems. These activities include the installation of potable water and sanitary pipelines.
	8. Improvements to existing recreational facilities, including the installation of roofs to existing basketball courts, provided that the lighting associated to the facilities are not visible directly or indirectly from the beach.
	9. Construction of electric underground systems in existing towns and communities, provided that the property is not a wetland area and the lighting associated to the facilities are not visible directly or indirectly from the beach.
	10. Construction of facilities on vacant properties covered with grasses in urban areas, provided that the lighting associated to the facilities are not visible directly or indirectly from the beach.
	11. Construction of houses, buildings or acquiring lands in urban areas covered by grass for relocation of low-income families and/or facilities that have been affected by weather conditions.

Ángel G. López-Guzmán Deputy Director

Permits and Environmental Compliance Division

Office of Disaster Recovery

Address: P.O. Box 21365 San Juan, PR 00928 Telephone and Ext: 787-274-2527 ext. 4320 Email: environmentcdba@vivienda.pr.gov Apr 1 3,2024

Date

USFWS Self-Certification Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla PR-CRP-000993

Attachments

- I. Aerial/ Location Map with the Footprint
- II. Critical Habitat Map
- III. Wetland Map
- IV. Photo Template
- V. IPaC report

City Revitalization Program PR-CRP-000993

Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla Autonomous Municipality of Toa Baja, Puerto Rico





Google Earth

Location Map

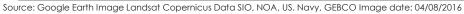


Project Location:

Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla,

Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949 Latitude: 18.422301° Longitude: -66.231948°



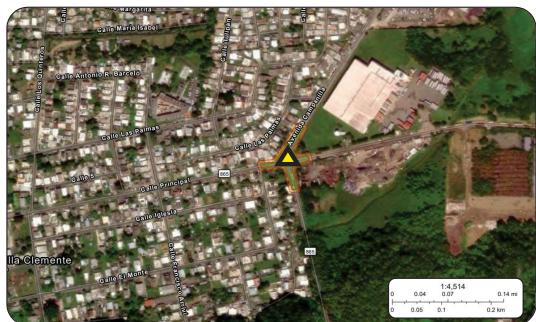






City Revitalization Program PR-CRP-000993

Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla Autonomous Municipality of Toa Baja, Puerto Rico







Source: NEPAssist, Esri, HERE, Garmin, Foursquare, SafeGraph, METI/NASA, USGS, NPS, EPA OEI



Legend:

Critical Habitat - Polygon Features - Proposed
Critical Habitat - Polygon Features - Final

PR-CRP-000993

Δ

Project Site

Project Location:

Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna,

Toa Baja, PR 00949 Latitude: 18.422301° Longitude: -66.231948°





City Revitalization Program PR-CRP-000993

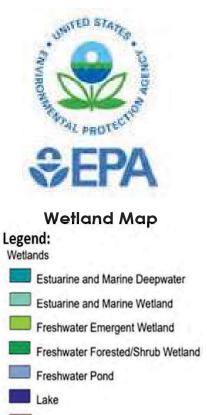
Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla Autonomous Municipality of Toa Baja, Puerto Rico











Other

Riverine

A Project Site

Project Location:

Int. PR-865 at Ave. Campanilla, Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949 Latitude: 18.422301° Longitude: -66.231948°





Photo: PR-CRP-000993





IPaC resource list

This report is an automatically generated list of species and other resources such as critical habitat (collectively referred to as trust resources) under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) jurisdiction that are known or expected to be on or near the project area referenced below. The list may also include trust resources that occur outside of the project area, but that could potentially be directly or indirectly affected by activities in the project area. However, determining the likelihood and extent of effects a project may have on trust resources typically requires gathering additional site-specific (e.g., vegetation/species surveys) and project-specific (e.g., magnitude and timing of proposed activities) information.

Below is a summary of the project information you provided and contact information for the USFWS office(s) with jurisdiction in the defined project area. Please read the introduction to each section that follows (Endangered Species, Migratory Birds, USFWS Facilities, and NWI Wetlands) for additional information applicable to the trust resources CONSU addressed in that section.

Project information

NAME

PR CRP 000993

LOCATION

Toa Baja County, Puerto Rico



DESCRIPTION

None

Local office

Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office

\((787) 834-1600

(787) 851-7440

CARIBBEAN ES@FWS.GOV

MAILING ADDRESS

Post Office Box 491 Boqueron, PR 00622-0491

PHYSICAL ADDRESS

NOT FOR CONSULTATION

Endangered species

This resource list is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an analysis of project level impacts.

The primary information used to generate this list is the known or expected range of each species. Additional areas of influence (AOI) for species are also considered. An AOI includes areas outside of the species range if the species could be indirectly affected by activities in that area (e.g., placing a dam upstream of a fish population even if that fish does not occur at the dam site, may indirectly impact the species by reducing or eliminating water flow downstream). Because species can move, and site conditions can change, the species on this list are not guaranteed to be found on or near the project area. To fully determine any potential effects to species, additional site-specific and project-specific information is often required.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act **requires** Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of such proposed action" for any project that is conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by any Federal agency. A letter from the local office and a species list which fulfills this requirement can **only** be obtained by requesting an official species list from either the Regulatory Review section in IPaC (see directions below) or from the local field office directly.

For project evaluations that require USFWS concurrence/review, please return to the IPaC website and request an official species list by doing the following:

- 1. Log in to IPaC.
- 2. Go to your My Projects list.
- 3. Click PROJECT HOME for this project.
- 4. Click REQUEST SPECIES LIST.

Listed species¹ and their critical habitats are managed by the <u>Ecological Services Program</u> of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the fisheries division of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA Fisheries²).

Species and critical habitats under the sole responsibility of NOAA Fisheries are **not** shown on this list. Please contact <u>NOAA Fisheries</u> for <u>species under their jurisdiction</u>.

1. Species listed under the <u>Endangered Species Act</u> are threatened or endangered; IPaC also shows species that are candidates, or proposed, for listing. See the <u>listing status</u> <u>page</u> for more information. IPaC only shows species that are regulated by USFWS (see FAQ).

2. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

The following species are potentially affected by activities in this location:

Reptiles

NAME STATUS

Puerto Rican Boa Chilabothrus inornatus

Endangered

Wherever found

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6628

Flowering Plants

NAME STATUS

Daphnopsis helleriana

Endangered

Wherever found

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6802

Palo De Rosa Ottoschulzia rhodoxylon

Threatened

Wherever found

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5741

Critical habitats

Potential effects to critical habitat(s) in this location must be analyzed along with the endangered species themselves.

There are no critical habitats at this location.

You are still required to determine if your project(s) may have effects on all above listed species.

Bald & Golden Eagles

There are no documented cases of eagles being present at this location. However, if you believe eagles may be using your site, please reach out to the local Fish and Wildlife Service office.

Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Eagle Managment https://www.fws.gov/program/eagle-management
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds
 https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/avoiding-and-minimizing-incidental-take-migratory-birds
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds
 https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/nationwide-standard-conservation-measures.pdf

What does IPaC use to generate the potential presence of bald and golden eagles in my specified location?

The potential for eagle presence is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply). To see a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <u>Rapid Avian Information Locator (RAIL) Tool</u>.

What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs of bald and golden eagles in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)</u> and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <u>Rapid Avian Information Locator (RAIL) Tool</u>.

What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to obtain a permit to avoid violating the <u>Eagle Act</u> should such impacts occur. Please contact your local Fish and Wildlife Service Field Office if you have questions.

Migratory birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act¹ and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act².

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described below.

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The <u>Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act</u> of 1940.

Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern https://www.fws.gov/program/migratory-birds/species
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds
 https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/avoiding-and-minimizing-incidental-take-migratory-birds
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds
 https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/nationwide-standard-conservation-measures.pdf

There are no migratory birds of conservation concern expected to occur at this location.

Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

Nationwide Conservation Measures describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. Additional measures or permits may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

What does IPaC use to generate the list of migratory birds that potentially occur in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)</u> and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <u>Rapid Avian Information Locator (RAIL) Tool</u>.

What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, and citizen science datasets.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering or migrating in my area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may query your location using the RAIL Tool and look at the range maps provided for birds in your area at the bottom of the profiles provided for each bird in your results. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the <u>Eagle Act</u> requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the Northeast Ocean Data Portal. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf project webpage.

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam Loring</u>.

What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.

Facilities

National Wildlife Refuge lands

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

There are no refuge lands at this location.

Fish hatcheries

There are no fish hatcheries at this location.

Wetlands in the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI)

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

This location did not intersect any wetlands mapped by NWI.

NOTE: This initial screening does **not** replace an on-site delineation to determine whether wetlands occur. Additional information on the NWI data is provided below.

Data limitations

The Service's objective of mapping wetlands and deepwater habitats is to produce reconnaissance level information on the location, type and size of these resources. The maps are prepared from the analysis of high altitude imagery. Wetlands are identified based on vegetation, visible hydrology and geography. A margin of error is inherent in the use of imagery; thus, detailed on-the-ground inspection of any particular site may result in revision of the wetland boundaries or classification established through image analysis.

The accuracy of image interpretation depends on the quality of the imagery, the experience of the image analysts, the amount and quality of the collateral data and the amount of ground truth verification work conducted. Metadata should be consulted to determine the date of the source imagery used and any mapping problems.

Wetlands or other mapped features may have changed since the date of the imagery or field work. There may be occasional differences in polygon boundaries or classifications between the information depicted on the map and the actual conditions on site.

Data exclusions

Certain wetland habitats are excluded from the National mapping program because of the limitations of aerial imagery as the primary data source used to detect wetlands. These habitats include seagrasses or submerged aquatic vegetation that are found in the intertidal and subtidal zones of estuaries and nearshore coastal waters. Some deepwater reef communities (coral or tuberficid worm reefs) have also been excluded from the inventory. These habitats, because of their depth, go undetected by aerial imagery.

Data precautions

Federal, state, and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, state, or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. NOT FOR CONSULTATION Persons intending to engage in activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas

Categorical Exclusion
City Revitalization Program
PR-CRP-000993 - Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilas, Campanilla

Appendix C: Cultural Resource Documentation



GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE

Executive Director | Carlos A. Rubio-Cancela | carubio@prshpo.pr.gov

February 8, 2024

Lauren Bair Poche

HORNE- Architectural Historian Manager 10000 Perkins Rowe, Suite 610 Bldg G Baton Rouge, LA 70810

SHPO: CF-02-07-24-04 – PR-CRP-000993: ROTONDA PR - 865 INT. AVE. CAMPANILLAS CAMPANILLA PROJECT, TOA BAJA, PUERTO RICO

Dear Ms. Poche.

Our Office has received and reviewed the above referenced project in accordance with 54 USC 306108 (commonly known as Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended) and 36 CFR Part 800: Protection of Historic Properties from the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation. The State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) is to advise and assist federal agencies and other responsible entities when identifying historic properties, assessing effects upon them, and considering alternatives to avoid or reduce the project's effects.

Our records support your finding of **no historic properties affected** within the project's area of potential effects.

Please note that should the Agency discover other historic properties at any point during project implementation, you should notify the SHPO immediately. If you have any questions concerning our comments, do not hesitate to contact our Office.

Sincerely,

Carlos A. Rubio-Cancela

State Historic Preservation Officer

Parly affirther

CARC/GMO/OEDJR





October 20, 2022

Arch. Carlos A. Rubio Cancela

Executive Director State Historic Preservation Officer Cuartel de Ballajá Bldg. San Juan, Puerto Rico

Re: Authorization to Submit Documents

Dear Arch. Rubio Cancela:

The U.S. Department of Housing (HUD) approved the allocations of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG-DR) funds on February 9, 2018. It also approved the allocation of Community Development Block Grant Mitigation (CDBG-MIT) funds on January 27, 2020. The purpose of these allocations is to address unsatisfied needs as a result of Hurricanes Irma and Maria in September 2017; and to carry out strategic and high-impact activities to mitigate disaster risks and reduce future losses.

To comply with the environmental requirements established by HUD, the Department of Housing of Puerto Rico (PRDOH) contracted Horne Federal LLC to provide environmental registry review services, among others, that will support the objectives of the agenda for both CDBG-DR and CDBG -MIT Programs.

In line to expedite the processes, Horne Federal LLC, is authorized to submit to the State Historic Preservation Officer, documentation of projects related to both the CDBG-DR and CDBG-MIT on behalf of PRDOH.

Cordially,

Juan C Pérez Bofill, P.E. M.Eng Director of Disaster Recovery CDBG DR-MIT



February 7, 2024

Carlos A. Rubio Cancela State Historic Preservation Officer Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office Cuartel de Ballajá (Tercer Piso) San Juan, PR 00902-3935

Puerto Rico Disaster Recovery, CDBG-DR City Revitalization (City-Rev) Program

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination Submittal for PR-CRP-000993: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla Project, Toa Baja, Puerto Rico – *No Historic Properties Affected*

Dear Architect Rubio Cancela,

On February 9, 2018, an allocation of Community Development Block Grant - Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) funds was approved by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) under the Federal Register Volume 83, No. 28, 83 FR 5844, to assist the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico in meeting unmet needs in the wake of Hurricanes Irma and Maria. On August 14, 2018, an additional \$8.22 billion recovery allocation was allocated to Puerto Rico under the Federal Register Volume 83, No. 157, 83 FR 40314. With these funding allocations, the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH) aims to lead a comprehensive and transparent recovery for the benefit of Puerto Rico residents. To faithfully comply with HUD's environmental requirements, the Puerto Rico Department of Housing contracted Horne Federal, LLC (HORNE) to provide environmental records review services that will support the Department's objectives Puerto Rico Housing (PRDOH) for CDBG-DR.

On behalf of PRDOH and the subrecipient, the Municipality of Toa Baja, we are submitting documentation for the proposed Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla Project, part of the City Revitalization Program. The proposed project will consist of the conversion of an intersection into a roundabout, southeast of the National Register of Historic Places eligible Toa Baja Traditional Urban Center. Activities for the project consist of the construction of one roundabout, sidewalks improvements that comply with ADA Guidelines, planting areas, utility work (PRASA, PREPA, communications, etc.) and maintenance of traffic (MOT) plans to minimize congestion levels during construction. The full scope of the project is described in detail within the submitted documentation, which includes mapping, photographs, and 30% design plans. Based on the provided documentation, the Program requests a concurrence with a determination that **no historic properties affected** is appropriate for this undertaking.

Please contact me with any questions or concerns by email at lauren.poche@horne.com or phone at 225-405-7676.

Kindest regards,

Lauren Bair Poche. M.A.

Architectural Historian, EHP Senior Manager

Attachments

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM (CRP) Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination□	GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO DEPARTMENT OF HOUSERS
Subrecipient: Toa Baja Municipality□	•
Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □	
Project Number: PR-CRP-000993	

Project Location: Campanilla Avenue and PR-865 Km 2.4, Media Luna ward				
Project Coordinates: 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426	3325 -66.228731			
TPID (Número de Catastro): N/A				
Type of Undertaking:				
□ New Construction				
Construction Date (AH est.): ca. n/a	Property Size (acres): 13.01			

SOI-Qualified Architect/Architectural Historian:		
Date Reviewed:		
SOI-Qualified Archaeologist: Jaqueline López Meléndez		
Date Reviewed: July 31, 2023, October 10, 2023-REVISED		

In compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), the Program is responsible for identifying historic properties listed in the NRHP and any properties not listed that would be considered eligible for listing that are located within the geographic area of potential effects (APE) of the proposed project and assessing the potential effects of its undertakings on these historic properties.

Project Description (PR-CRP-000993 Undertaking)

The proposed improvement will consist of the transformation of an intersection into a roundabout. The intersection is located on the Avenida Campanilla intersecting with the PR-865 Km. 2.4. The purpose of changing the intersection to a roundabout is to optimize the vehicular traffic and all necessary movements for vehicles, lower the vehicular speed of vehicles that cross the PR-865 and Avenida Campanilla, and enhance the experience for both pedestrians and cyclists that attend the intersection of the nearby urbanizations. The project will also include sidewalks improvements that comply with ADA Guidelines, planting areas, utilities work (PRASA, PREPA, communications, etc.) and maintenance of traffic (MOT) plans to minimize congestion levels during construction. To carry out the improvement project, it will be necessary to impact the potable water, stormwater, and sewer, power and communications infrastructure located in the sector. The proposed project is located outside the traditional urban area delimitation of Toa Baja at approximately 1.80 miles east.

The project activities:

1. Pavement Rehabilitation

a. Cold Milling

b. Asphalt Resurfacing

The repaving will match the existing depth of the asphalt roadway and will not require excavations below the current base.

Puerto Rico 2017 Disaster Recovery, CDBG-DR Program City Revitalization Program (CRP) Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination□	GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING
subrecipient: Toa Baja Municipality□	. ,
Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla	
Project Number: PR-CRP-000993	
2. New Pavement Construction Section (80 SQ. M.) a. Excavation in the undisturbed area maximum 3-FT o on geotechnical study b. Fill undisturbed area with Sub-base, base, and aspho	
3. Improvements in road signs, a. Remove and replace damaged road signs, b. New Installation of Signs related to roundabout intercrossing	section and pedestrian
4.□ Pavement marking a.□Remove and replace damaged pavement marking b.□New Installation related to the roundabout and cros c.□Installation of retroreflective devices	
5.□Transition of signalized intersection to roundabout	
6.□ Pedestrian improvements replacing existing sidewalks and a.□Installation of handicapped curb ramps b.□Raised crosswalk The new sidewalks will be approximately 1.55 meters wide deep.	-
7.□Construction and Modification of medians a.□New Installation of medians due to the roundabout b.□Modification of existing medians	geometry,
8. Improvements and/or installation of new curbs and curbs 8 drainage problem and to address new geometry. The curb width of approximately 0.45 centimeters and will be deeper	os will have a maximum
9.□Improves road light feature to solar features. The new poles maximum diameter of 25 centimeters and a maximum sub centimeters.	

- 10. Maintenance of Traffic (MOT)
- 11. Construction of a roundabout. The roundabout will have a diameter of approximately 24.55 meters and a maximum depth of 20 cm below surface.

The project area covers an area of 1.31 acres. A site has been identified for use as a staging area. This property is located 0.19 miles northeast of the roundabout. It is 11.7 acres in size.

CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM (CRP)

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination□

Subrecipient: Toa Baja Municipality

Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □

Project Number: PR-CRP-000993

The staging area is divided into two areas: to the north is the Toa Baja municipal mausoleum and to the south is the machinery yard of the Public Works Department of the municipality of Toa Baja. In the mausoleum area there is an empty lot to the north and in the Public Works lot there is a section at the southern end that could be used as a staging area.

GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO

Area of Potential Effects

As defined in 36 CFR §800.16(d), the area of potential effects (APE) is the geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause changes in the character or use of historic properties if any such properties exist. Based on this definition and the nature and scope of the Undertaking, the Program has determined that the direct APE for this project is the area where the roundabout is to be built, the staging area and the visual APE is the viewshed of the proposed project (Figures 1-2). The area where the rotunda will be built is a wide intersection with housing structures to the east of Campanilla Avenue and government-use properties to the northeast and southeast. Structures in the area are not eligible for the National Register of Historic Places.

Identification of Historic Properties-Archaeology

The earliest image we have of the project area is the 1941 topographic quadrangle. In this image we can see the road marked as a main highway coming from the northeast from the coast of Toa Baja very close to the Bayamón River, passing through Sabana Seca, passing through the project area and heading westward past Colonia Campanilla (Figure 5). Colonia Campanilla consists of a few structures located mostly north of PR-865. To the northeast of the project what is now Campanillas Avenue is observed as a path.

In 1952, the PR-865 road runs east of the project area; however, the alignment of the road is different today (Figure 6). In the same year, an unidentified road is observed that runs south where PR-865 is located today. In the 1957 topographic survey, this road to the south is identified as PR-865 (Figure 7). By this year, Colonia Campanillas appears as a community with several streets and a considerable number of housing structures located mostly to the south of PR-865 (Figure 7).

In the 1994 aerial photo, the Campanillas community has grown mostly to the north of PR-865. In this year we can also see the PR-22 highway located to the south of the community, which may have impeded the growth of the community to the south. Campanillas Avenue is still seen in this year as a road with a different alignment to the west than the one that exists today (Figure 8).

It was in 2004 that the staging area was developed. Towards the south of the property, the use of the area as a storage area for machinery of the Public Works Department is evident. In 2004 (Figure 9) the impact with earth movement in the staging area is notorious and the

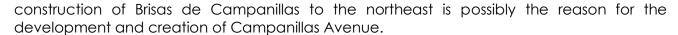
CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM (CRP)

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination□

Subrecipient: Toa Baja Municipality

Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla□

Project Number: PR-CRP-000993



GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO

The area that now occupies the municipality of Toa Baja has been populated since before the European colonization. Near twenty-nine (29) pre-Columbian sites have been reported within this municipality.

The town of Toa Baja was officially organized in 1745. The Toa Baja Traditional Urban Center is 2.10 miles west of the proposed project area. Historically, this region was dedicated to the cultivation and processing of sugar cane, and cattle.

Within the 0.25 miles radius where the roundabout will be constructed there are no reported archaeological resources (Figures 3-4).

Four (4) archaeological surveys have been conducted within a 0.25-miles distance from the proposed project area, two of them with positive results (see table). Rodríguez and Pagán (1998) and Solís and Rodríguez (1999) conducted two archaeological studies with positive results reporting archaeological sites located more than 0.25 miles from the project area.

Within the 0.25 miles radius of the staging area we have one (1) reported site: the historic site known as Hacienda Providencia (SHPO: TB0200031) located 0.02 miles west (Figures 3-4). This site was a 19th century hacienda that is identified in the Land Registry. In the area where this hacienda was located today there are several housing structures.

Within the 0.25 miles radius we have five (5) archaeological surveys, two of which yielded positive results. These are the studies conducted by Rodríguez and Pagán (1998) and Solís and Rodríguez (1999) described above.

The archaeological potential for pre-Columbian and historic archaeological resources in the project area is low. The widening of the road, the installation of public services for the residences and businesses located along Campanilla Avenue and PR-865 such as storm drains, electrical and sanitary plumbing, cable TV, and electric lighting, among others, make the potential for finding any cultural resources under the road low.

The archaeological potential for Pre-Columbian and historic archaeological resources in the staging area is low. The earliest images we have of the area do not show anything in the area. It is currently used as a municipal mausoleum and the southern part is a machinery depot. In any case, this area will only be used to deposit equipment and materials. No excavations will be carried out in the area.

CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM (CRP)

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination□

Subrecipient: Toa Baja Municipality

Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla 🗆

Project Number: PR-CRP-000993



DETERMINATION

The archaeological potential of the proposed project area is low. No archaeological sites have been reported within the 0.25-miles radius of the PR-CRP-000993 project. A historic site known as Hacienda Providencia was documented within 0.25 miles of the staging area and located 0.02 miles west. It is very likely that this site does not exist and was destroyed when housing was built in the area. In any case, no excavations will be conducted in the staging area.

Four (4) archaeological surveys have been conducted within the 0.25-miles radius, two with positive results. Investigations conducted by Rodríguez and Pagán (1998) and Solís and Rodríguez (1999) yielded positive results for archaeological resources located more than 0.25 miles away.

The project area presents diverse impacts due to the construction of structures and utilities that are needed in an urban area in development and continuous change. In the area we observed lighting poles, electricity cable poles, all types of manholes, storm drains, sidewalks, etc. We can assume that the potential for finding resources with integrity within the project area is low.

PUERTO RICO 2017 DISASTER RECOVERY, CDBG-DR PROGRAM CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM (CRP) Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination	GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO.
Subrecipient: Toa Baja Municipality□	
Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □	
Project Number: PR-CRP-000993	

Recommendation
The Puerto Rico Department of Housing requests that the Puerto Rico SHPO concur that the following determination is appropriate for the undertaking (Choose One): ☑ No Historic Properties Affected
□ No Adverse Effect Condition (if applicable):
□ Adverse Effect
Proposed Resolution (if appliable)

This Section is to be Completed by SHPO Staff Only

The Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Office has reviewed and:	d the above information
☐ Concurs with the information provided.	
□ Does not concur with the information provided.	
Comments:	
Carlos Rubio-Cancela	
State Historic Preservation Officer	Date:
0.0.0	

CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM (CRP)

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination□

Subrecipient: Toa Baja Municipality

Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □

Project Number: PR-CRP-000993

Table of archaeological sites, historic properties and historic districts located within the project area or within a 0.25-miles radius

GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO

Name	SHPO id #	IPRC id #	Distance/Direction	Description	NRHP (listed, eligible, non- eligible, no data)
None		-	-	-	-

Table of cultural resources surveys conducted within the project area or within a 0.25-miles radius.

Author	Phase/Title	Year	SHPO / IPRC code	Results	Distance/ Direction
Jaime Vélez	IA-IB/ Reciclaje y Composta	1995	ICP/CAT-TB-95-03- 05	Negative	0.01 mi NE
Jaime Vélez	IA-IB/ Planta de Vidrio	1998	ICP/CAT-TB-98-05- 04	Negative	0.20 mi NE
Miguel Rodríguez y Jaime Pagán	IA-IB/ Dorado Regional Facilities Wastewater Master Plan Alternativa A, Planta de Tratamiento Sector La Monserrate, Bo. Sabana Seca, Toa Alta y Land Outfall, Bo Mameyal, Dorado	1998	SHPO: 01-21-99-21	Positive. Historic (train track), located more than 0.25 miles away.	Within
Carlos Solís y Miguel Rodríguez	IB/ North Coast Superaqueduct Project	1999	SHPO: 06-16-95-09	Positive. Archaeological sites located more than 0.25 miles away	Within

CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM (CRP)

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination□

Subrecipient: Toa Baja Municipality

Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □

Project Number: PR-CRP-000993

Table of archaeological sites, historic properties and historic districts located within the staging area or within a 0.25-miles radius

GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO

Name	SHPO id #	IPRC id #	Distance/Direction	Description	NRHP (listed, eligible, non- eligible, no data)
Hacienda Providencia	TB0200031	-	0.02 mi W	19th Century Hacienda/Central	No data

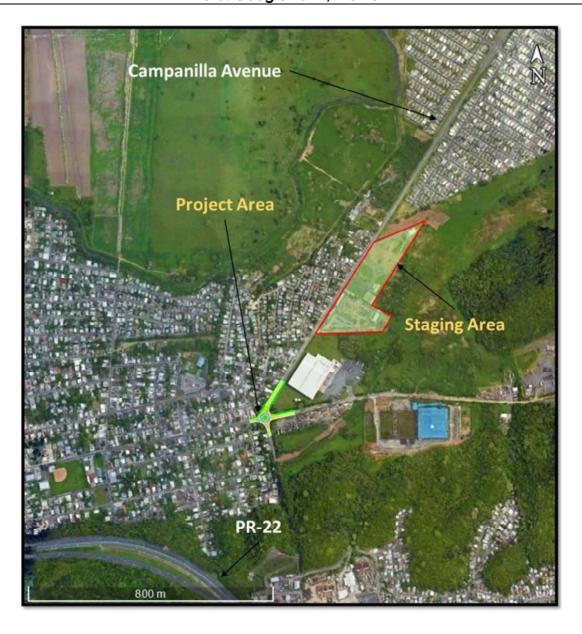
Table of cultural resources surveys conducted within the staging area or within a 0.25-miles radius.

Author	Phase/Title	Year	SHPO / IPRC code	Results	Distance/ Direction
Antonio Daubón	IA-IB/ Urb. Brisas de Campanero	1997	ICP/CAT-TB-97-05- 01, SHPO: 10-21- 97-08	Negative	0.01 mi NW
Miguel Rodríguez y Jaime Pagán	IA-IB/ Dorado Regional Facilities Wastewater Master Plan Alternativa A, Planta de Tratamiento Sector La Monserrate, Bo. Sabana Seca, Toa Alta y Land Outfall, Bo Mameyal, Dorado	1998	SHPO: 01-21-99-21	Positive. Historic (train track), located more than 0.25 miles away.	0.23 mi S
Carlos Solís y Miguel Rodríguez	IB/ North Coast Superaqueduct Project	1999	SHPO: 06-16-95-09	Positive. Archaeological sites located more than 0.25 miles away	0.23 mi S
Jaime Vélez	IA-IB/ Reciclaje y Composta	1995	ICP/CAT-TB-95-03- 05	Negative	0.02 mi S
Jaime Vélez	IA-IB/ Planta de Vidrio	1998	ICP/CAT-TB-98-05- 04	Negative	0.08 mi SE



Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □

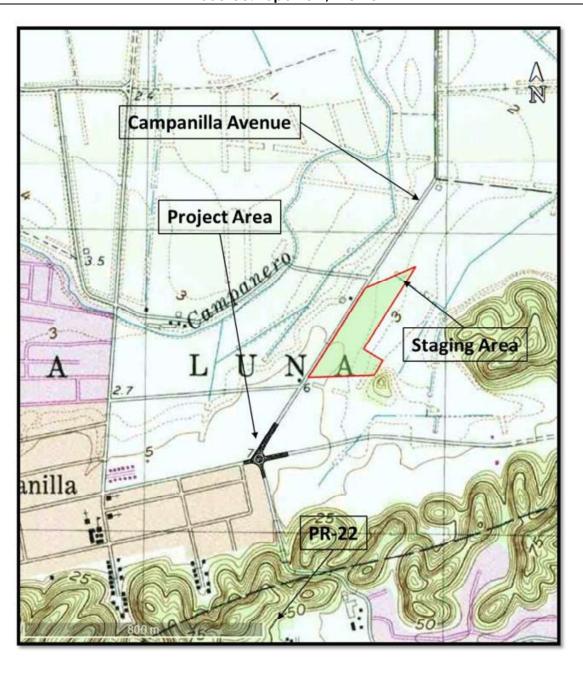
Figure 1. Project (Parcel) Location - Aerial Photo, Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Photo: Google Earth, Metric





Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □

Figure 2. Project (Parcel) Location - USGS Topographic Map Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Source: Topoview, Metric



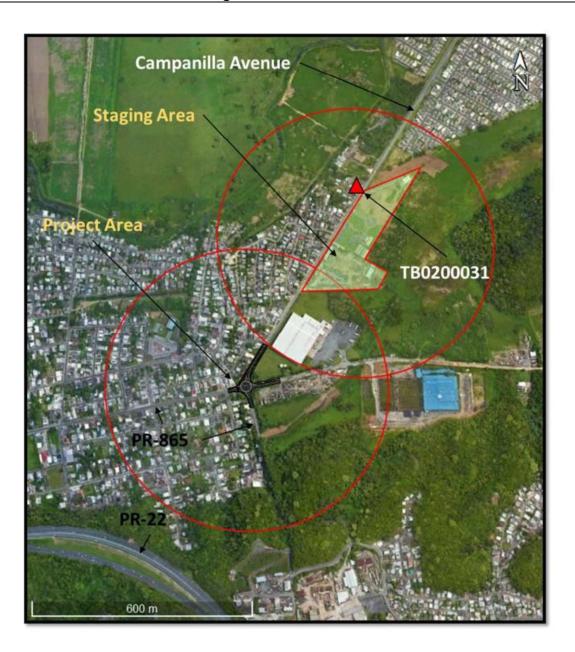


Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □

Project Number: PR-CRP-000993

Figure 3. Project (Parcel) Location with Previously Recorded Cultural Resources 0.25 mi radius-

Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Source: Google Earth - Aerial Photo, Metric



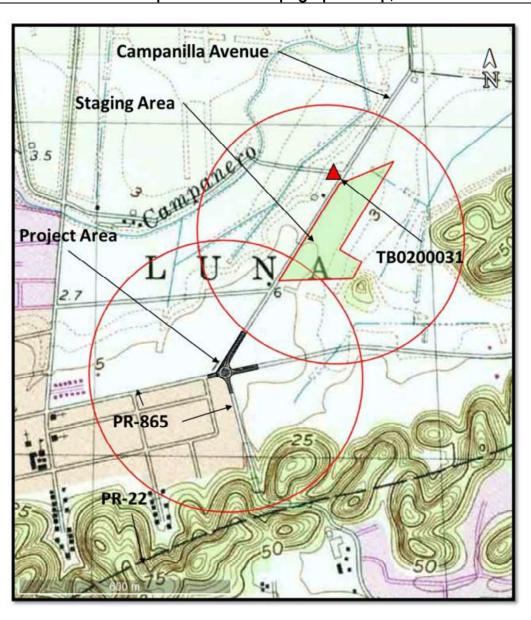


Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □

Project Number: PR-CRP-000993

Figure 4. Project (Parcel) Location with Previously Recorded Cultural Resources 0.25 mi radius-

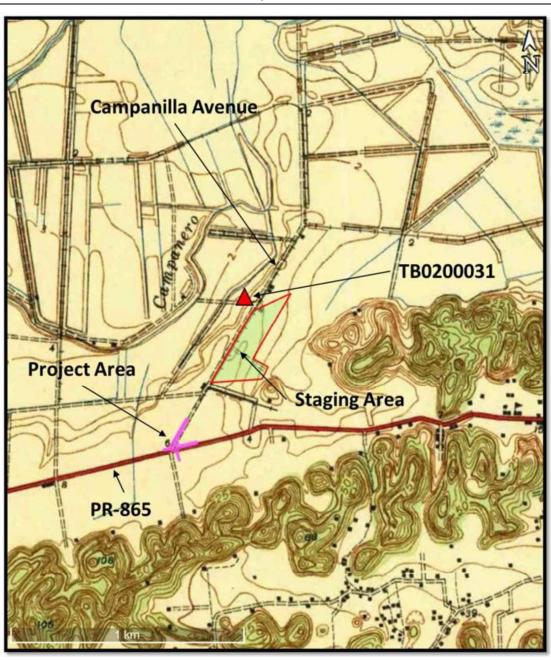
Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Source: Topoview - USGS Topographic Map, Metric





Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla 🗆

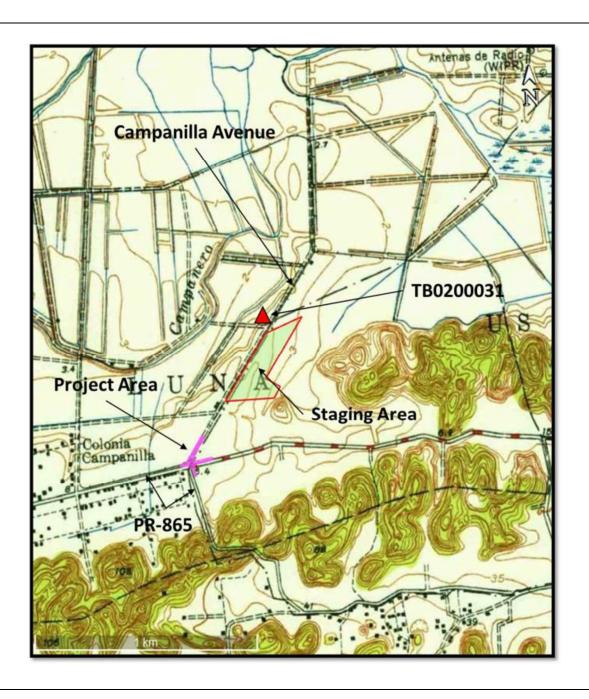
Figure 5. Project (Parcel) Location - USGS Topographic Map 1941 Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Source: Topoview, Metric





Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla 🗆

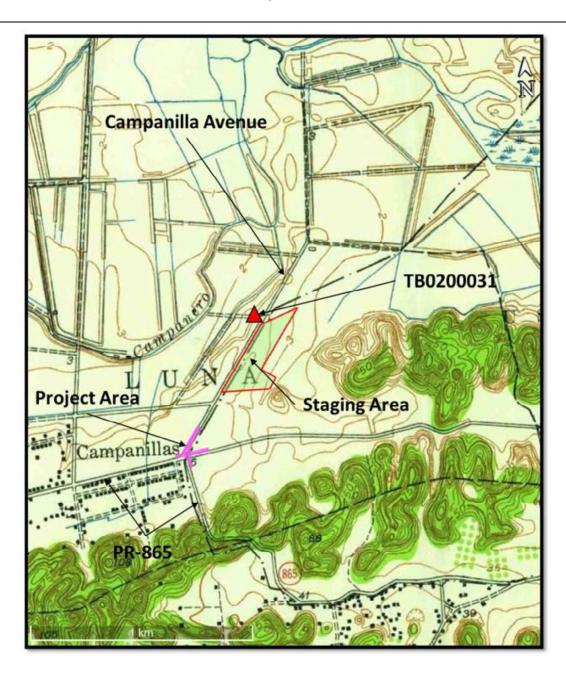
Figure 6. Project (Parcel) Location - USGS Topographic Map 1947 ed. 1952 Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Source: Topoview, Metric





Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □

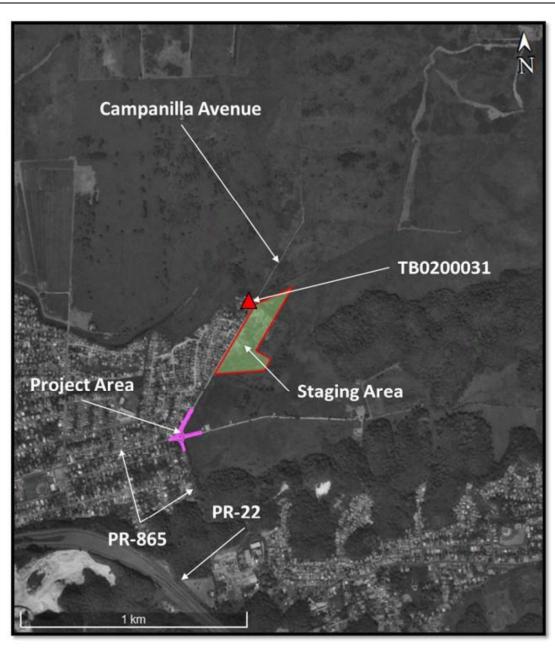
Figure 7. Project (Parcel) Location - USGS Topographic Map 1957 Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Source: Topoview, Metric





Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla 🗆

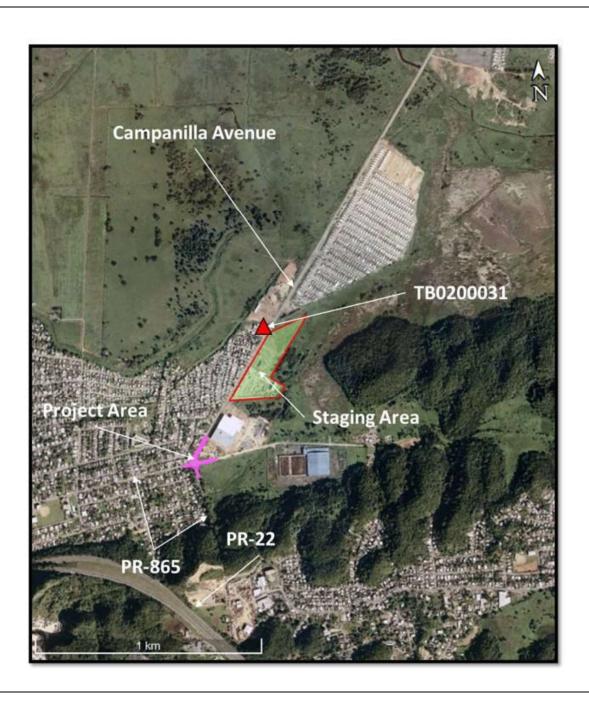
Figure 8. Project (Parcel) Location - Aerial Photo 1994, Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Photo: Google Earth, Metric





Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla 🗆

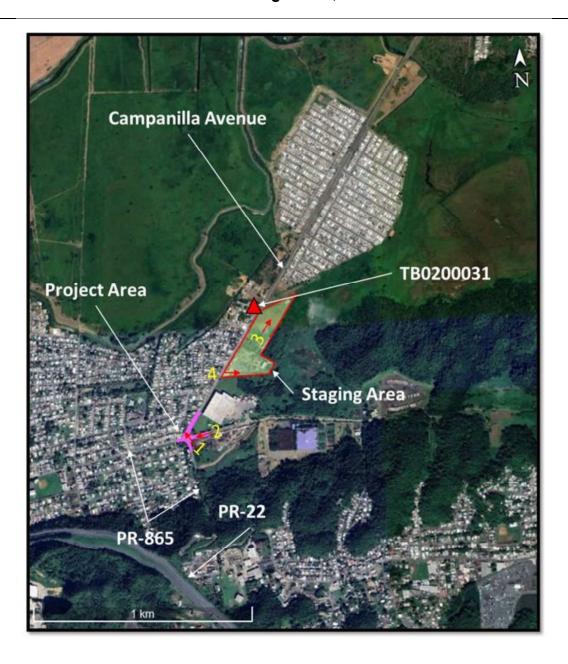
Figure 9. Project (Parcel) Location - Aerial Photo January 2004, Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Photo: Google Earth, Metric





Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla □

Figure 10. Photography Key Project Area Coordinates 18.422301 -66.231912, 18.426325 -66.228731 Source: Google Earth, Metric



CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM (CRP)

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination□



Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla□

Project Number: PR-CRP-000993



Photo #: 1

Date: August 21, 2023

Description (include direction): Area where the roundabout will be built, looking northwest.

GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO



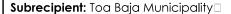
Photo #: 2

Date: August 21, 2023

Description (include direction): Area where the roundabout will be built, looking west.

CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM (CRP)

Section 106 NHPA Effect Determination□



Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanillas, Campanilla□

Project Number: PR-CRP-000993



Photo #: 3

Date: August 21, 2023

Description (include direction): Staging area to the north of the mausoleum, looking northeast.

GOVERNMENT OF PUERTO RICO



Photo #: 4

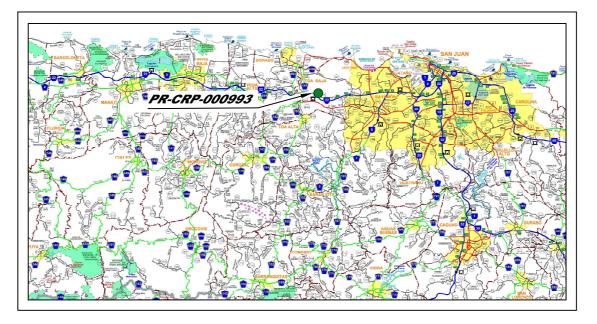
Date: August 21, 2023

Description (include direction): Staging area to the south of Obras Públicas of Toa Baja, looking east.

HIGHWAY PR	MUNICIPALITY	ISLAND	FISCAL YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
PR-865	TOA BAJA	PR	2022	1	14

SCHEDULE OF DRAWINGS

SHEET	NO.	DESCRIPTION	DWG.	NO
1		TITLE SHEET	GR/1	
2		GENERAL NOTES AND LEGEND	GR/2	
3		KEY PLAN	GR/3	
4		TYPICAL SECTION - EXISTING	GR/4	
5		TYPICAL SECTION - PROPOSED	GR/5	
6		CENTER LINE, VERTEX DATA AND SURVEY TIES TABLES	GR/6	
7		EXISTING CONDITION	GR/7	
8 -	- 9	SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN	C/1 - EC	/2
10		PLAN	PP/1	
11		P.R.A.S.A. UTILITIES PLANS	UTW/1	
12		P.R.E.P.A. UTILITIES PLANS	UTE/1	
13		TELECOMMUNICATION PLANS	UTT/1	
14		TREE INVENTORY PLANS	RD/1	



LOCATION PLAN SCALE.....1: 20,000

GENERAL DESIGN CRITERIA

STRUCTURES DESIGN CODE - AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE SPACIFICATIONS, 9TH ED/2020

CONTROL OF ACCESS (FULL, PARTIAL, NONE)

DESIGN HOURLY VOLUME (DHV) - 1,150

DIRECTIONAL DISTRIBUTION (D) _ 50/50

PERCENT OF TRUCK (T) - NOT AVAILABLE

DESIGN SPEED (V) - 35MPH

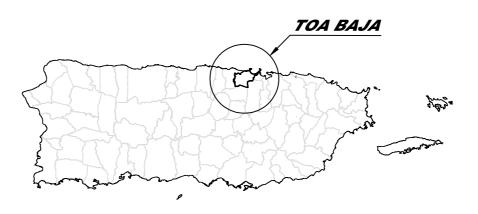
MAXIMUM GRADE - 3%

TYPE OF TERRAIN
(LEVEL, ROLLING, MOUNTAINOUS) - LEVEL

MINIMUM CURVE RADIUS - 140M

MAXIMUM SUPERELEVATION - 8% DESIGN LOAD FOR STRUCTURES - HL-93

EXCEPTIONS APPROVAL DATE BY PRHTA



PROJECTS PR-CRP-000993

ROADWAY IMPROVEMENTS

HIGHWAY PR-865

ROUNDABOUTS

MUNICIPALITY OF TOA BAJA, PUERTO RICO

NOTE:

"ALL WORK ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED AND ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION AND GENERAL PROVISIONS APPROVED BY THE PUERTO RICO HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY IN 2005 AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS, THE MUTCD LATEST EDITION AND THE PRHTA STANDARD DRAWINGS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF BIDDING, WITH THE STANDARD DRAWINGS, WITH THESE PLANS AND WITH ALL SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT BOOK"

> 30% Submittal 07/31/2023

PREPARED BY:



1250 AVENIDA PONCE DE LEON SAN JOSE BUILDING, SUITE 809 HATO REY, PUERTO RICO 00907 Tel: (939)-545-1510

ENG. FELIPE LUYANDA—ANDINO NO. 14344



FISCAL YEAR SHEET NO. HIGHWAY PR MUNICIPALITY ISLAND PR-865 TOA BAJA 2022 2 14 PR

STANDARD SYMBOLS **ABBREVIATIONS** S Y M B O L **FEATURE** PROPOSED EXISTING ABUTMENT LIGHT POLE ARUT ΙP CENTER LINE AGGREGATE MAIL BOX M.B. AGG. MAIN LINE SURVEY MONUMENT AHEAD AH. M.L. △_{STA-1} ALUMINUM MANHOLE AL M.H. SPOT ELEVATION 134.25 ASB. MAXIMUM **ASBESTOS** MAX. ASPH. **ASPHALT** M.H.W. MEAN HIGH WATER BENCH MARK B.M. → NO.3 MEAN SEA LEVEL BK. **BACK** M.S.L. V-3 HORIZONTAL P.I BASE LINE MINIMUM B.L. MIN. NORTH ARROW B.W.F. BARBED WIRE FENCE MONUMENT **-**MON. BEARING VALUE O.C. ON CENTERS B.V. 90 90 CONTOUR LINES BELL AND SPIGOT OUTSIDE DIAMETER B & S 0.D. O. TO O. OUTSIDE TO OUTSIDE PAVEMENT B.M. BENCH MARK BIT. **BITUMINOUS** PVMT. **PAVEMENT** GUARD RAIL ---- ---POINT OF COMPOUND CONC. CONCRETE PCC. B.C.C.M.P BITUMINOUS COATED CURVATURE BARRIER CORRUGATED METAL PIPE POINT OF CURVATURE BARRICADE \times \times \times \times \times POINT OF INTERSECTION BLDG. BUILDING PRC POINT OF REVERSE CURVE CONS. PARAPETS CAST IRON CAST IRON PIPE POINT OF TANGENCY FENCE _×---x----x-CATCH BASIN PORTLAND CEMENT PROPERTY LINE CENTER LINE PWR. CONCRETE POWER —-PI ——-PI — C.L. TO C. CENTER TO CENTER POWER POLE R.O.W. LINE & MON. CTD. COA TED P.L. PROPERTY LINE WATER LINE COLUMN PROP PROPOSED - ws ---- ws --- ws ---- ws -COM. COMMUNICATIONS PROPOSED GRADE STORM LINE __STM _____STM ___ ___ STM _____ STM -CONC. CONCRETE P.V.I. POINT OF VERTICAL SANITARY LINE CONTROL OF ACCESS C.O.A. INTERSECTION COORD COORDINATES RADIUS OF CURVATURE TELEPHONE LINE — TEL —— TEL — — TEL —— TEL -C.M. CORRUGATED METAL RR RAII ROAD ELECTRIC LINE CORRUGATED METAL PIPE REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE CMP RCPCU.P. CUBIC METER RET. RETAINING T/F LINE — TFI /F — - TFI /F · CULV. CULVERT RIGHT GUY CABLE CURVE TO SPIRAL CUT \leftarrow \leftarrow CS. R.O.W. RIGHT OF WAY DEG. DEGREE RD. ROAD WATER MANHOLE W ROADWAY DIA. DIAMETER RDWAY STORM MANHOLE P DIM. DIMENSION SAN.S SANITARY SEWER SANITARY SEWER MANHOLES DWG DRAWING SMHSANITARY MANHOLE (3) SHOULDER DWY DRIVEWAY SHDR TELEPHONE MANHOLE 1 SIDEWALK ELEV. **FLEVATION** SW. SPIRAL TO CURVE SPIRAL TO TANGENT END TO END E. TO E SC. ST. ELECTRIC MANHOLE (E) **FNGINFFR** FNGR. INLETS \blacksquare SQUARE METER **ESTIMATE** SQ.M EST. STA FXC **EXCAVATION** STATION HEADWALLS (or [or ((or | or (STORM SEWER EXIST. EXISTING S.S. WATER COURSE EXISTING GROUND STR. STRUCTURE E.G. EXP. **EXPANSION** SUBGRADE PAVED DITCH S.G. *_____* EXTERNAL FXT. SURVEY LINE S.L. WATER METER 0 EXTERNAL DISTANCE TANGENT DISTANCE OF E.H.W. EXTREME HIGH WATER CURVE WATER VALVE • F. TO F FACE TO FACE TS. TANGENT TO SPIRAL FIRE HYDRANT 0 TEL FEDERAL AID TELEPHONE T.P. FAP FEDERAL AID PRIMARY TELEPHONE POLE UTILITY POLE T.E. FEDERAL AID SECONDARY TOP ELEVATION F.A.S. TELEPHONE POLE T.G. TOP OF GRATE FILL F.L. FLOW LINE UG. UNDERGROUND WOODEN POWER POLE FWD. FORWARD V.C. VERTICAL CURVE WOODEN LIGHT POLE -GALVANIZED IRON VERT. G.I. VERTICAL WATER MAIN CONC. LIGHT POLE W.M. 0 GAS VALVE WATER METER W.MTR CONC. POWER POLE (·) WATER VALVE GRAV. GRAVEL W.V. WING WALL CABLE TV BOX CN GRD. GROUND W.W. HIGH WATER W.M.F. WIRE MESH FENCE H.W. TELEPHONE BOOTH TB HOR HORIZONTAL WROUGHT IRON ELECTRIC BOX HYD. HYDRANT EB I.E. INVERT RIP RAP PAVING J.B. INVERT ELEVATION FARTH AND THE PARTY OF T LT. JUNCTION BOX ROCK A.A.A.A. LENGTH OF CURVE BUILDING

GENERAL NOTES

- METRIC SYSTEM HAS BEEN USED THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- 2. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERRED TO MEAN SEA LEVEL AND SHOWN IN METERS.
- 3. ALL COORDINATES USED ARE LAMBERT SYSTEM.
- 4. NORTH INDICATOR POINTS TO THE TRUE NORTH.
- 5. ARROW ON CULVERTS, DITCHES AND STREAMS SHOW THE DIRECTION OF FLOW.
- 6. FLATTENING OF SLOPES SHALL BE PERFORMED WHEREVER POSSIBLE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- NEW CONSTRUCTION WORK SHALL MATCH EXISTING HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT OF EXISTING FACILITIES.
- 8. STANDARD DRAWINGS SHALL FOLLOW THE LATEST DRAWINGS ADOPTED BY THE
- PUERTO RICO HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY.

 9. ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING PAVEMENT AS CONSEQUENCES OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS SHALL BE REPAIRED BY THE CONTRACTOR AS A SUBSIDIARY OBLIGATION UNDER SPECIFICATION 401 AND ITS PAY ITEMS.
- 10. EXISTING PIPES AND DRAINAGE STRUCTURES TO REMAIN SHALL BE CLEANED. ANY DRAINAGE STRUCTURE THAT REQUIRES AN ADJUSTMENT TO MEET THE PROPOSED ELEVATION SHALL BE A SUBSIDIARY OBLIGATION UNDER SPECIFICATION 603 AND ITS PAY ITEMS.
- 11. CONSTRUCTION WORK RELATED TO EXCAVATION AND STRUCTURES SHALL BE PERFORMED UNDER THE INSPECTION OF A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OR AS INSTRUCTED BY THE SOIL ENGINEERING OFFICE OF THE PUERTO RICO HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE CAREFUL NOT TO AFFECT EXISTING UTILITIES TO REMAIN AND SHALL COORDINATE WITH UTILITY OWNERS THE LOCATION OF ANY UTILITY WITHIN PROJECT LIMITS PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF ANY CONSTRUCTION

AUTONOMOUS MUNICIPALITY OF TOA BAJA ENGINEERING

PR-CRP-000993 ROUNDABOUT ROADWAY IMPROVEMENTS PR-865 AND AVE. CAMPANILLA AUTONOMOUS MUNICIPALITY OF TOA BAJA, PUERTO RICO

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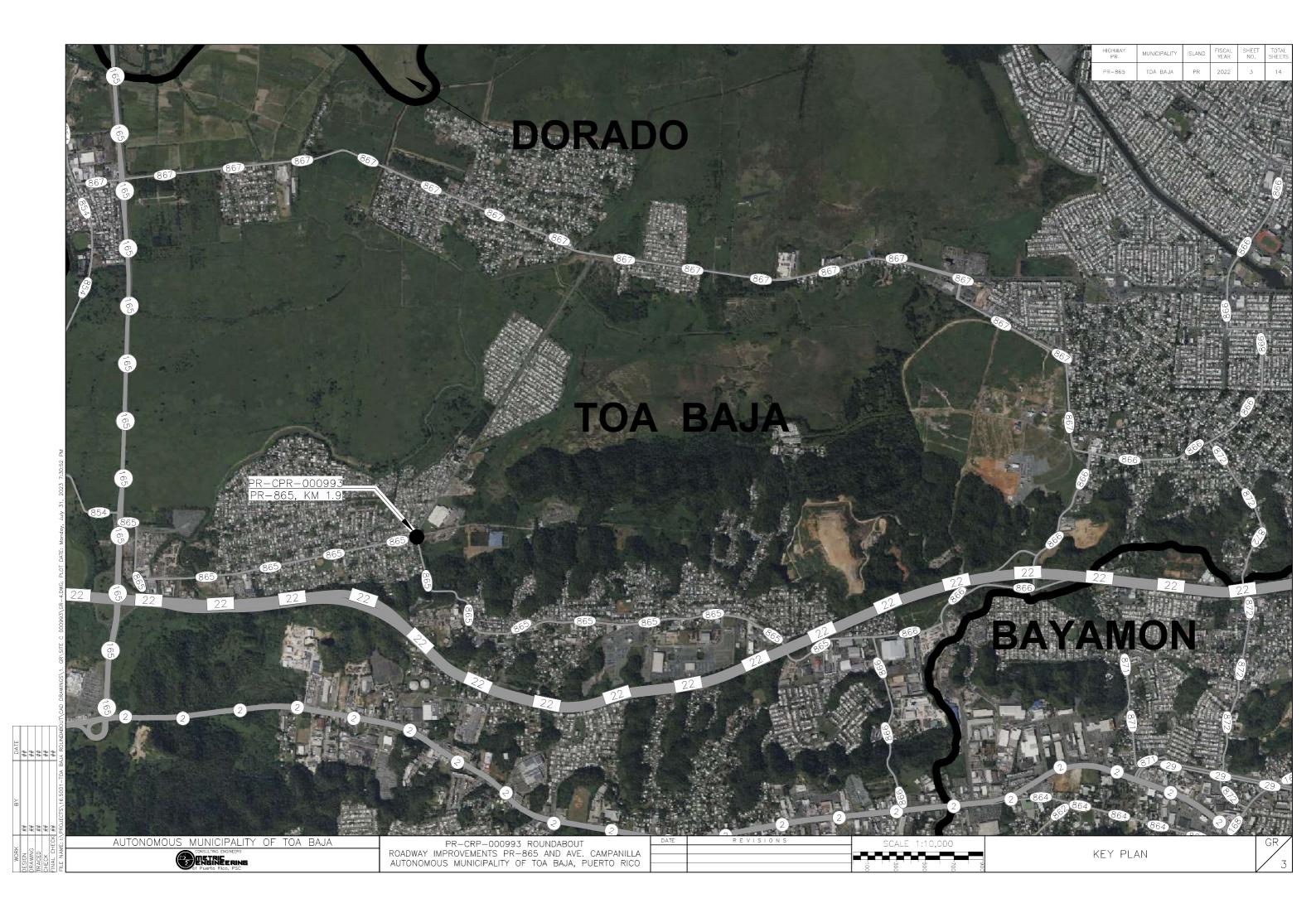
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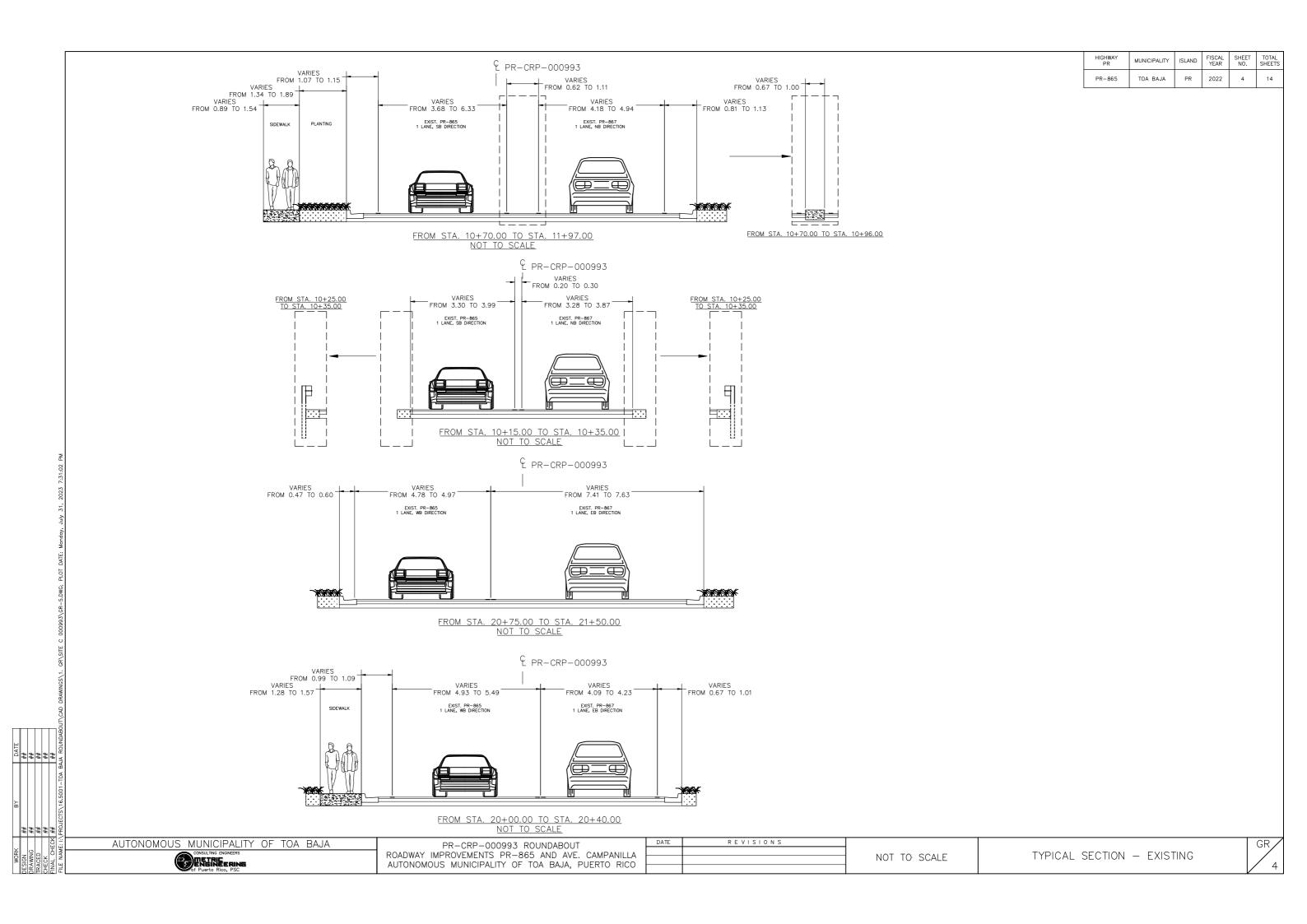
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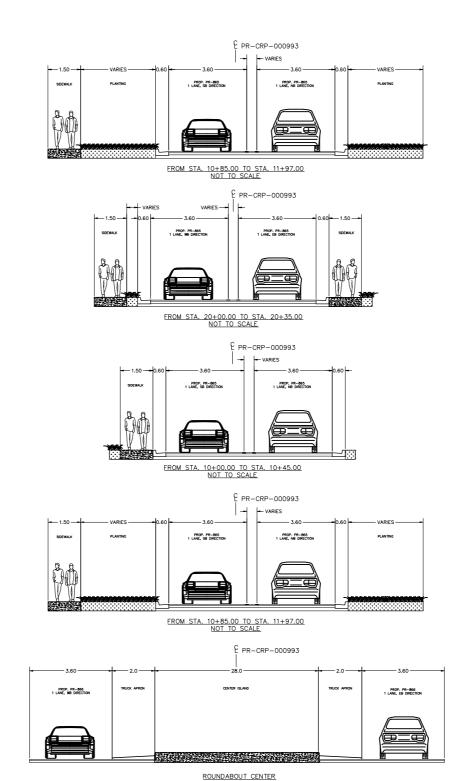
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AUTONOMOUS MUNICIPALITY OF TOA BAJA CONSULTING ENGINEERS

ENGINEERING
of Puerto Rico, PSC

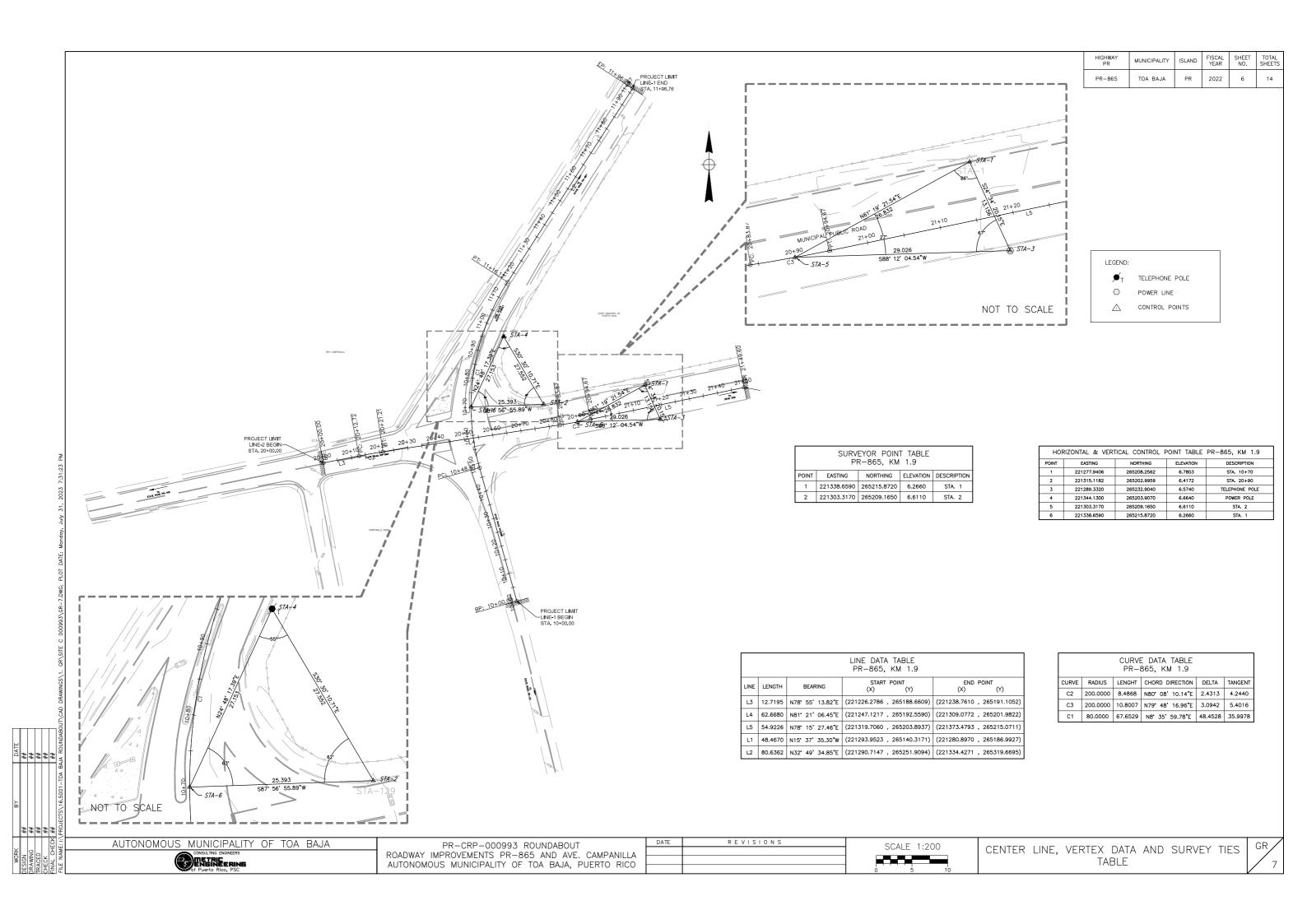
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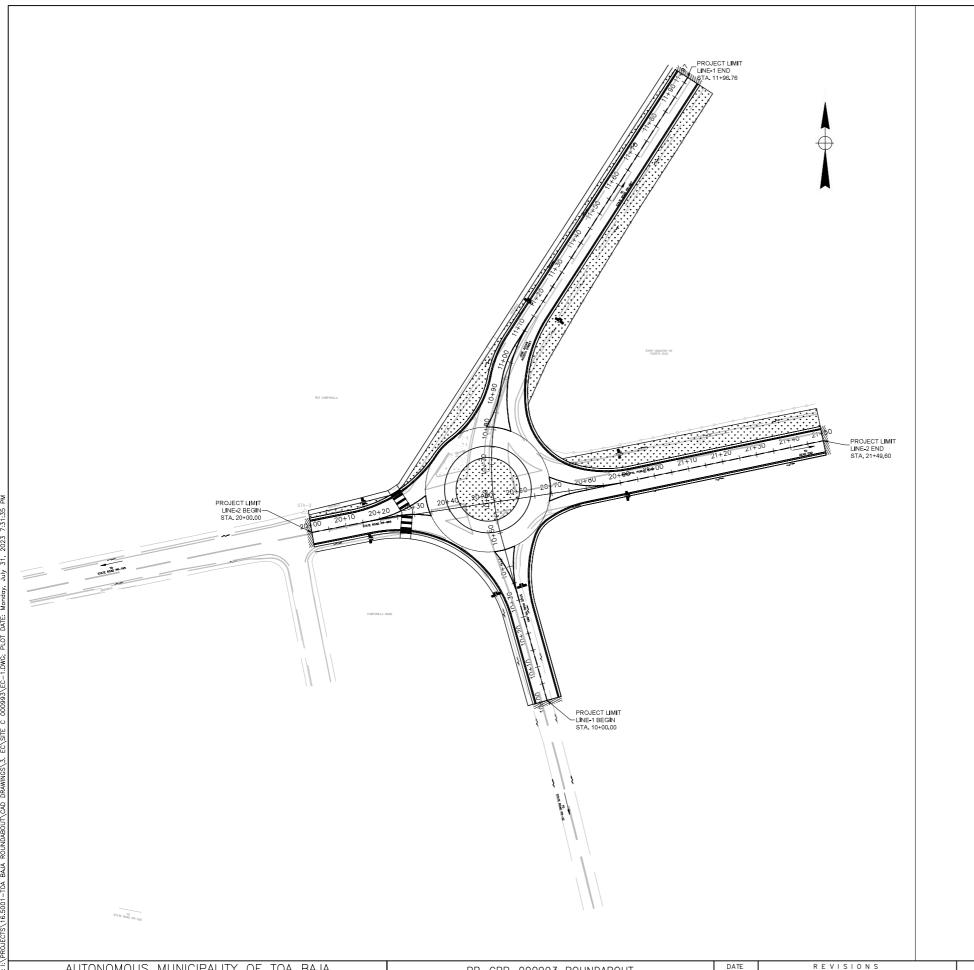
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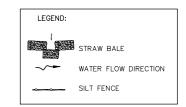
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CES PLAN NOTES:

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL CATCH BASINS, SWALES AND CHANNELS NEAR THE PROJECT AREA THAT COULD BE POTENTIALLY IMPACTED PRIOR TO START ANY EXCAVATION. ALL MEASURES CAN BE REMOVED WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE PROTECTED BY THE GENERAL CONSOLIDATED PERMIT MEASURES EVEN THOUGH CONSTRUCTION ONLY INCLUDES PART OF THE PARCEL.
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT SEDIMENT BARRIERS AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT. REPAIRS SHALL BE DONE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE BARRIERS WHEN THEY REACH HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN THE INTEGRITY OF THE ESTABLISHED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS DETAILED ON DWG. EC-2.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A WATER TANK TRUCK TO SPRAY THE WORKING AREAS WHEN NEEDED OR WHEN THE PROJECT INSPECTOR REQUIRES IT. A WATER HOSE SHALL BE INSTALLED NEAR ESTABLISHED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE TO WASH THE CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES WHEELS.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STRICTLY FOLLOW THE GUIDELINES STATED IN THE GENERAL CONSOLIDATED PERMIT APPROVED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DISPOSE ALL WASTE MATERIALS AT AN APPROVED LANDFILL.
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RESTORE PAVED AREAS AND RE—SEED GRASS AREAS AS SOON POSSIBLE OR AS INSTRUCTED BY THE PROJECT INSPECTOR.
- 9. ANY MODIFICATION PROPOSAL TO THE GENERAL CONSOLIDATED PERMIT SHALL BE CONSULTED WITH THE DESIGNER IN ORDER TO AMEND THE APPROVED PLAN.
- 10. A SIGN SHALL BE INSTALLED AT EACH PROJECT ENTRANCE AS PER CONSOLIDATED GENERAL PERMIT CONDITION NUMBER 2.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO OBTAIN THE CONSOLIDATED GENERAL PERMIT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES REGULATIONS.

 12.

AUTONOMOUS MUNICIPALITY OF TOA BAJA

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

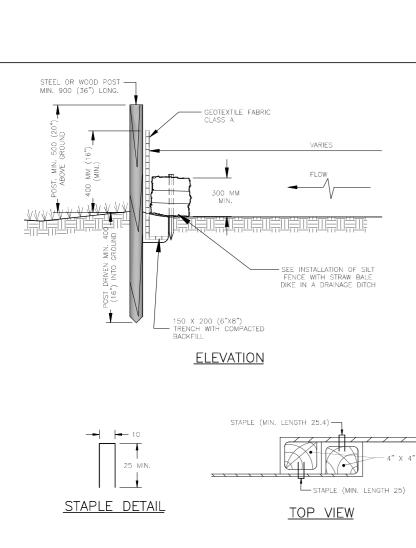
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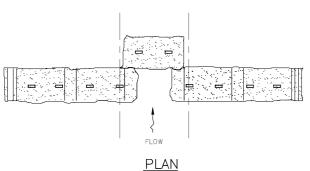
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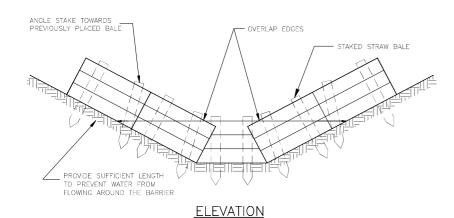
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EROSION CONTROL PLAN

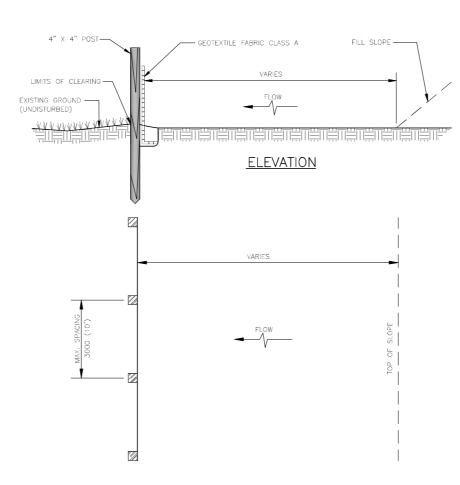
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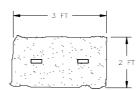




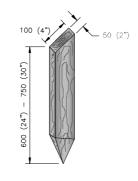
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INSTALLATION OF SILT FENCE AT TOE OF FILL



STRAW BALE DETAIL

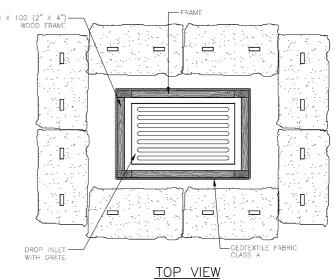


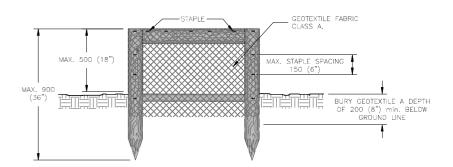
WOOD STAKE DETAIL

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FRONT VIEW DROP INLET PROTECTION

NOTES:

- 1. SILT FENCES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT THE LOCATION INDICATED IN THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN SHEET (EC-1).
- 2. ALTERNATE PRE—ASSEMBLED SILT FENCE OPTIONS WILL BE ALLOWED AS LONG AS SPECIFIED MINIMUMS ARE SATISFIED. FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S INFORMATION FOR INSTALLATION PROCEDURES.
- EXCAVATION, BACKFILL, STAPLES AND POSTS ARE SUBSIDIARY OBLIGATIONS.
- 4. THE SILT FENCE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL COMPLY WITH AASHTO M266.
- 5. SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR DAMAGE WEEKLY. AFTER RAINFALL ANY DAMAGE FENCE SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF BEFORE THE NEXT RAINFALL EVENT. NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WILL BE MADE FOR SUCH MAINTENANCE WORK.
- WHEN THE DISTRIBUTED AREA HAVE BEEN PROPERLY STABILIZED THE FENCE MAY BE REMOVED AND ANY REMAINING AREAS STABILIZED. THIS WORK WILL BE PERFORMED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AS A SUBSIDIARY OBLIGATION.
- 7. 'TOP VIEW' AND 'STAPLE DETAIL' APPLY TO ALL APPLICATIONS SHOWN IN THIS SHEET.
- 8. FOR ALL APPLICATIONS, THE MAXIMUM STAPLE SPACING SHALL BE 6FT (1.83M)
- ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

AUTONOMOUS MUNICIPALITY OF TOA BAJA

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

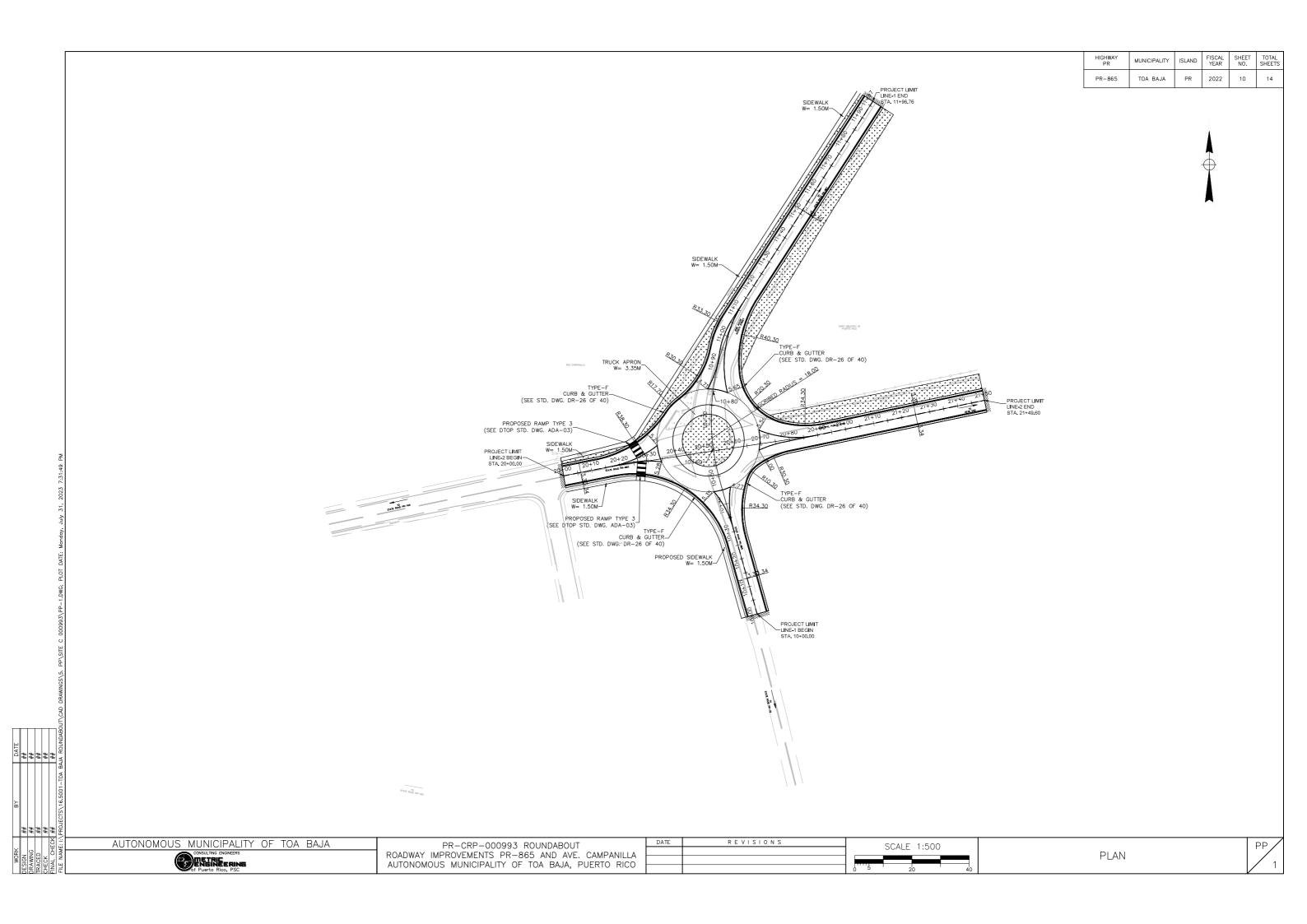
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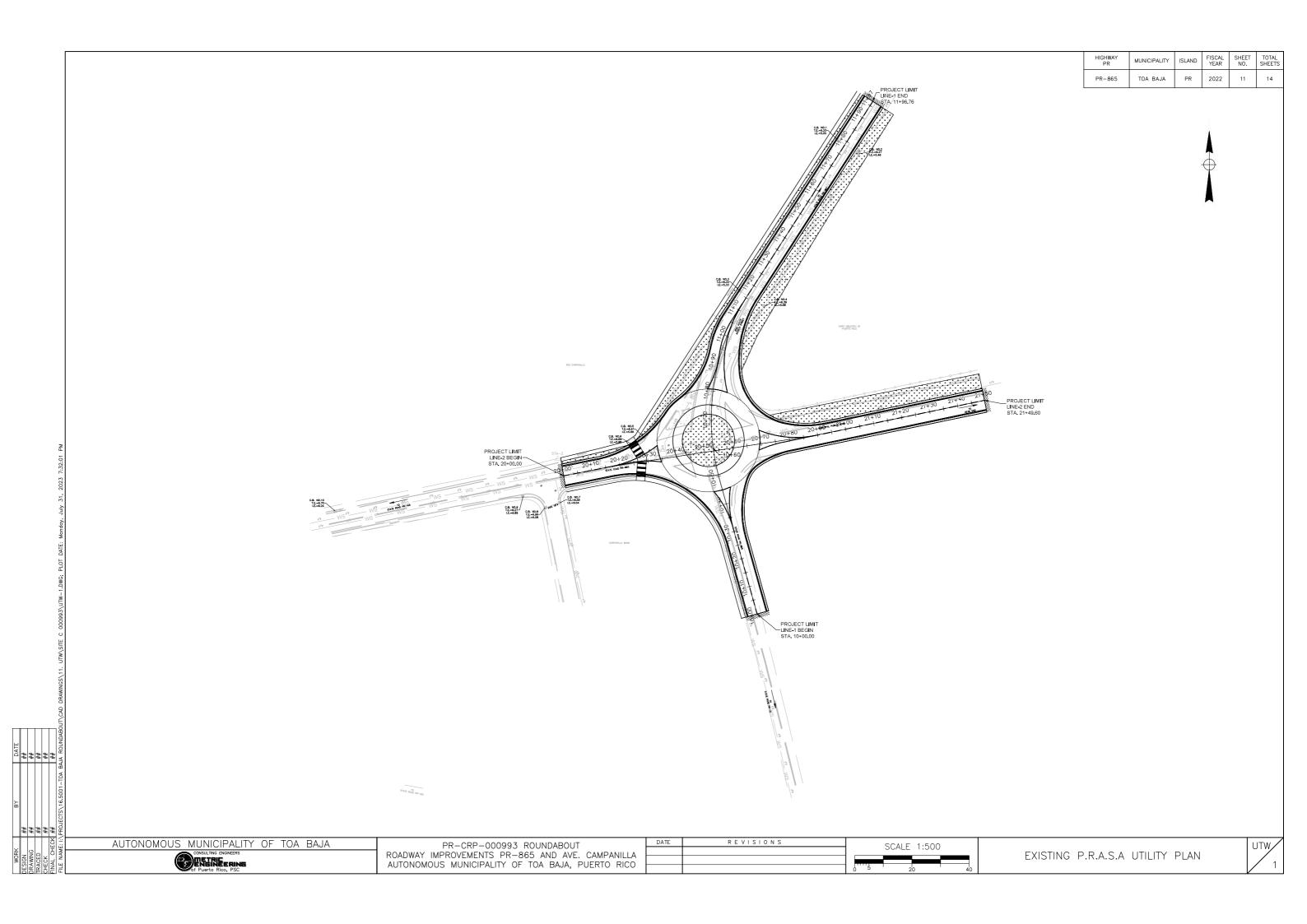
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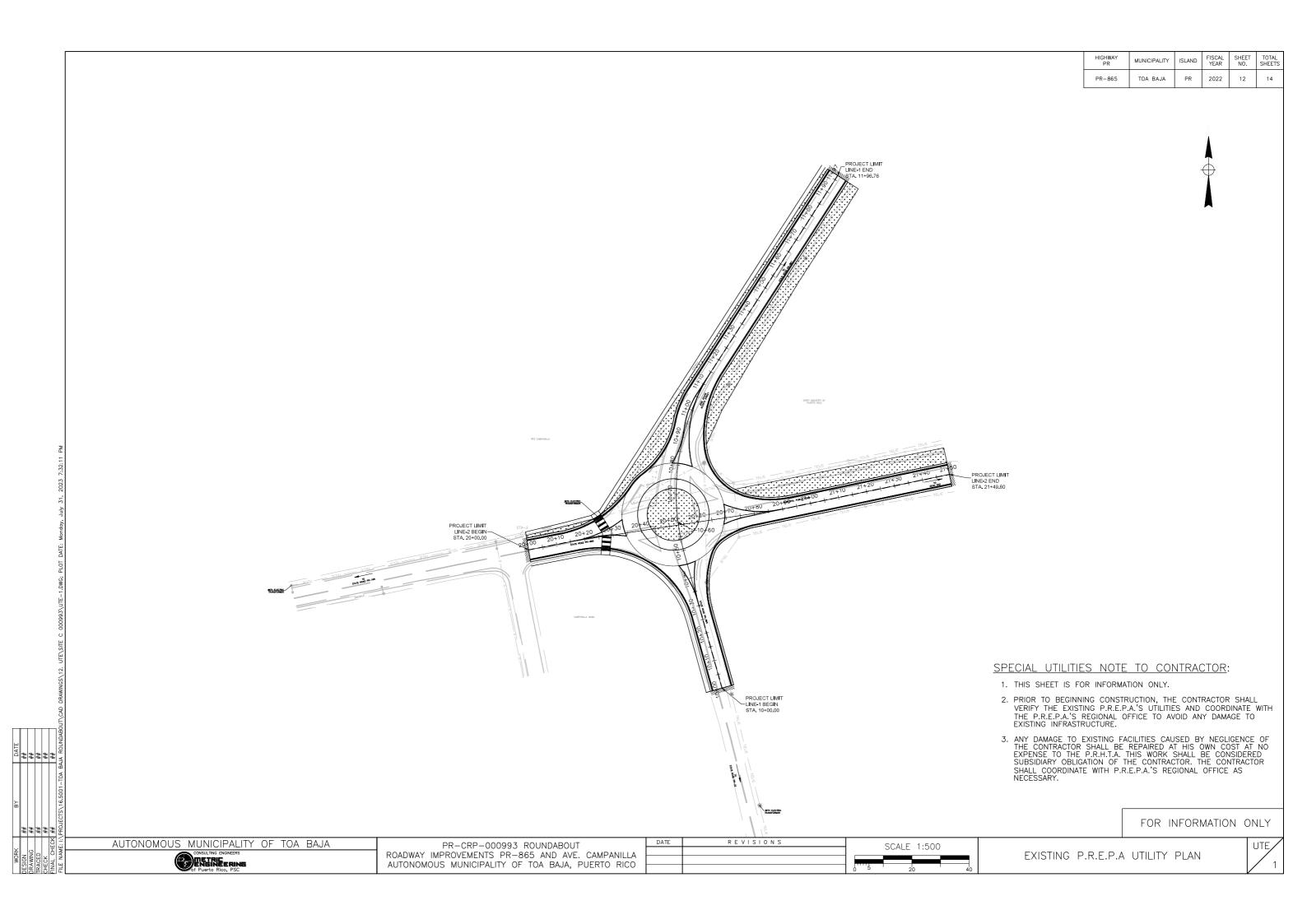
EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

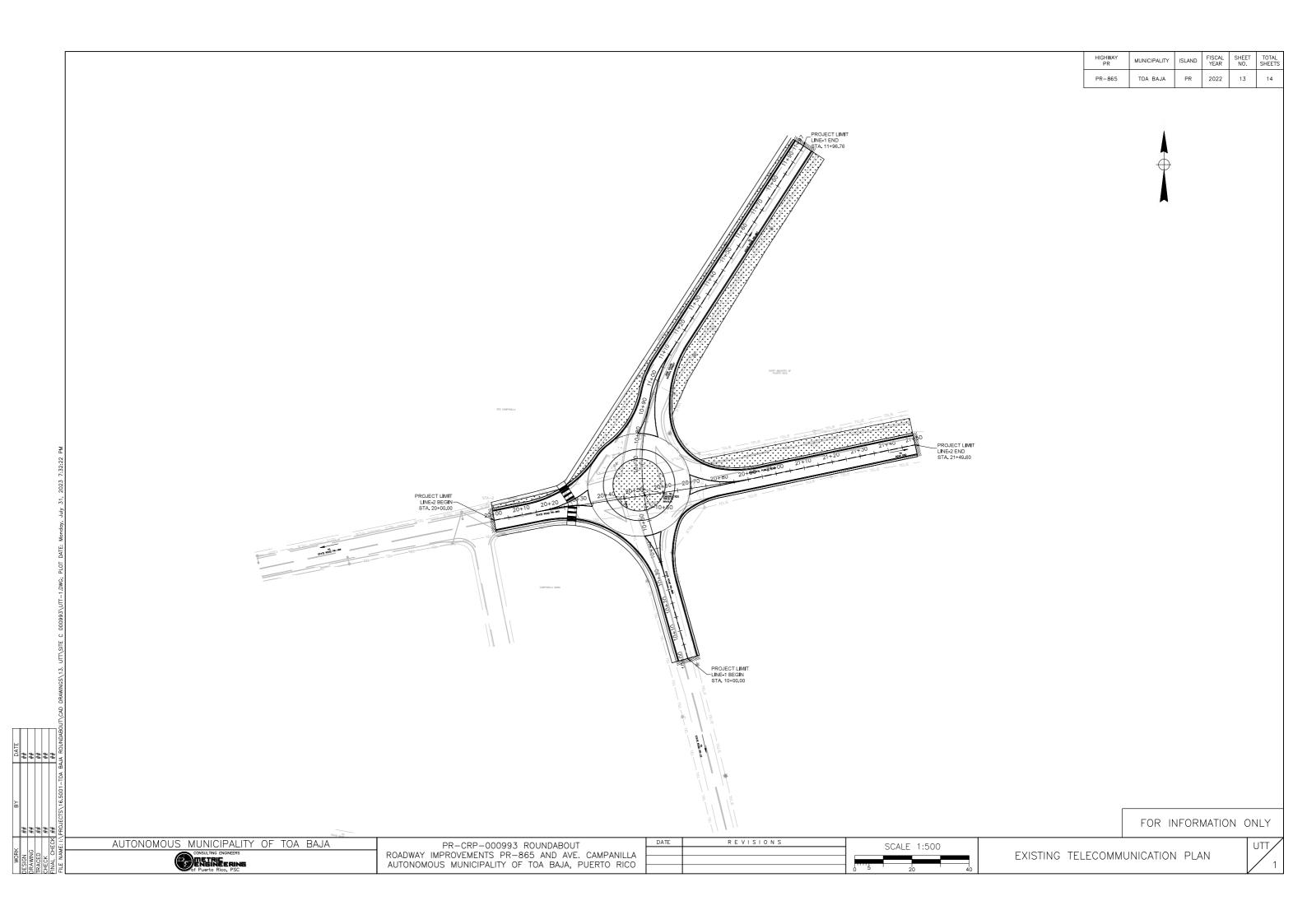
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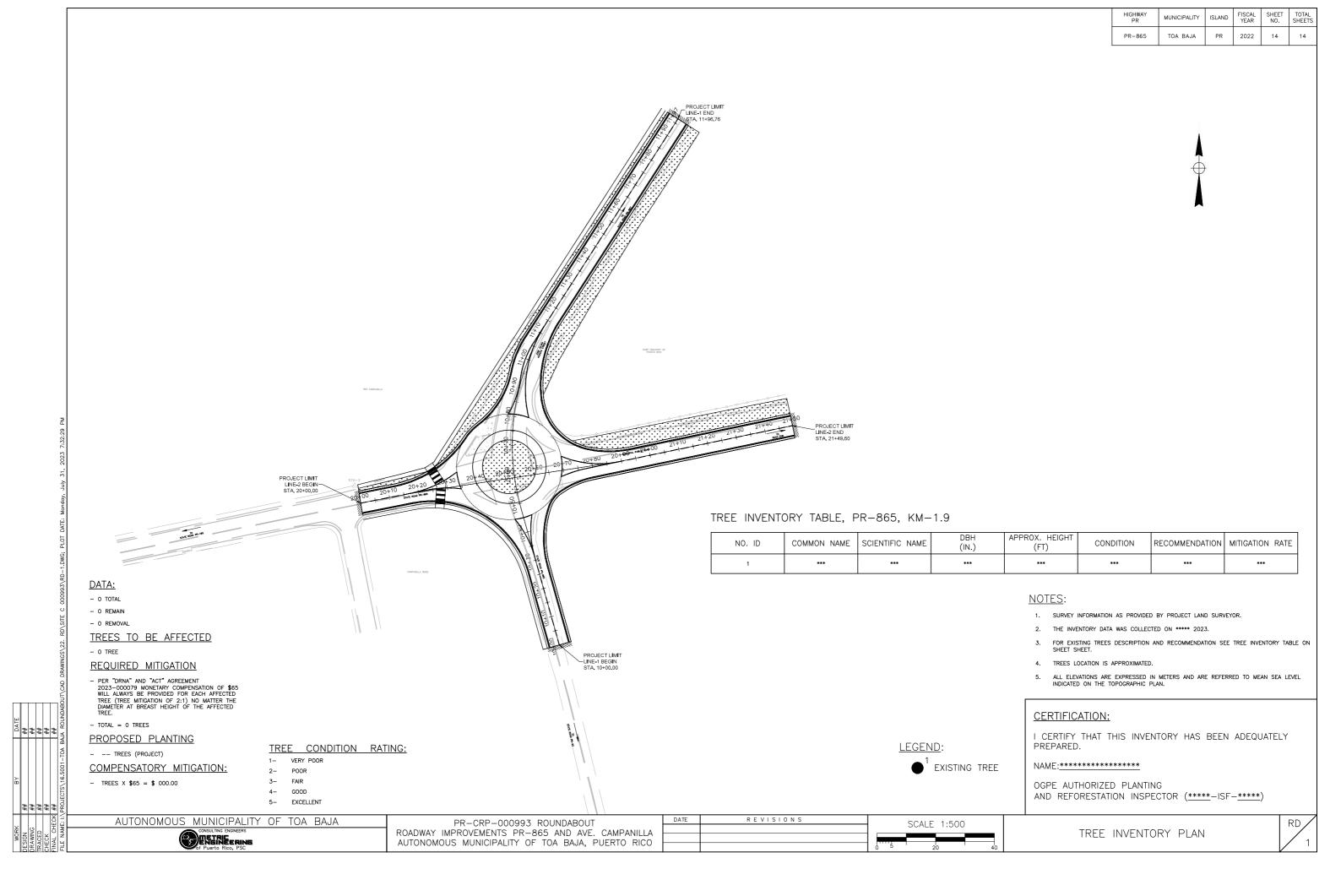
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Appendix D: 8 Step Documentation

- 1. Project Description
- 2. Step 1 Determine whether the action is located in a 100-year floodplain.
- 3. Step 2 Involve Public in Decision-Making Process (First Public Notice).
- 4. Step 3 Determine if there is a Practicable Alternative.
- 5. Step 4 Identify Adverse and Beneficial Impacts Associated with Floodplain.
- 6. Step 5 Where practicable, design or modify the proposed action to minimize the potential adverse impacts to lives, property, and natural values within the floodplain and to restore, and preserve the values of the floodplain.
- 7. Step 6 Reevaluate the Alternatives
- 8. Step 7 Determination of No Practicable Alternative (Final Public Notice)
- 9. Step 8 Implement the Proposed Action

8 STEP PROCESS DOCUMENTATION

CDBG-DR PROGRAM CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM

PR-CRP-000993 Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja

PUERTO RICO DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING CDBG-DR PROGRAM - CITY REVITALIZATION PROGRAM 8 STEP PROCESS DOCUMENTATION

Project Information

Project Name: Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja

Project ID: PR-CRP-000993

Responsible Entity: Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH)

Grant Recipient: Municipality of Toa Baja

State/Local Identifier: Puerto Rico

Preparer: Eng. Marvic Carmona De Jesus, Engineer in

Training Metric Engineering of Puerto Rico, PSC

marvic.carmona@metricpr.com

Project Location: PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla,

Bo. Media Luna, Toa Baja Puerto Rico 00949 Latitude: 18.422301°, Longitude: -66.231912°

Refer to Figure 1 and Figure 2.

Introduction:

The responsible entity¹ is working on the restoration, reconstruction, and the implementation of future vision of their communities that were adversely affected by Hurricane Irma and Maria. The responsible entity is proposing road improvement of multiple roads and intersections through the City Revitalization Program (CRP) of the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH) that will reinvigorate, connect, and integrate communities with each other. The proposed actions will dynamically integrate vehicle users with pedestrians by reconstructing intersections and making them safer and users friendly to the nearby communities. As part of the federal funded project, these proposed actions are required to comply with all environmental and historic preservation laws. In this case, we will be evaluating the Executive Orders 11988 which is directed to Floodplain Management through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The application of Executive Order 11988 will consist in assessing the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) and the Advisory Base Flood Elevation (ABFE) maps for Puerto Rico to determine if the project is within the flood-prone areas. The ABFE for this review was recently updated by FEMA on December 11, 2018, after the major hurricanes Irma and Maria hit Puerto Rico.

This documents serves to record the Decision-Making Process² also known as the 8-Steps Process as a consequence of the possible long and short-term adverse impact with the floodplain in Toa Baja. In the future, this report will provide a complete review of the 8-Step Process that will include the analysis of multiple alternatives for the proposed projects and review of their benefits and impacts to the floodplain and the communities.

Project Description:

The responsible entity is proposing the reconstruction of an intersection and replacing it with a roundabout. The project identified as PR-CRP-000993, is an unsignalized intersection on PR-865 at Campanilla Avenue in Media Luna Ward. The primary goal of the road improvements is to improve the mobility and safety of the road users by providing safer speed and safer roads. The roundabout will reduce the vehicular conflict points from 32 to 8, representing a reduction of 75%. Also, the roundabout will provide a reduction of vehicular-to-pedestrian conflict points from 24 to 8, representing a reduction of 66.7%. Overall, the roundabout will improve the connectivity and circulation between Campanilla Avenue, PR-867, PR-865 areas.

The project will have a footprint of 5,217.2 square meters and will remain within the pre-existing footprint of the right of way of the roads and intersection.

Roundabout Benefits:

- Saves lives:
 - Reduction in fatalities,
 - o Reduction in injury crashes,
 - Reduction in pedestrian crashes,
 - Reduction in conflict points.
- Slower vehicle speed,
- Efficient traffic flow,
- Reduction in pollution and fuel use,
- Potential money saved,
- Improve Aesthetic landscaping.
- Does not require energy source.

¹ Responsible entity is Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH)

² 24 CFR Part 55 Floodplain Management and Protection of Wetlands- required the Decision-Making Process to actions that have the potential to impact the floodplain and modification of the wetlands. (https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/24/part-55)

Generally, road improvements will consist of:

- 1. Pavement preservation and/or reconstruction,
 - a. Asphalt pavement rehabilitation by means of cold milling and resurfacing of existing asphalt pavement,
- 2. Roundabout construction
- 3. Sidewalk preservation and/or construction
 - a. Reconstructed sidewalk or construct them when it is required,
 - b. Project will meet with ADA codes,
- 4. Maintenance of Traffic (MOT),
- 5. Improvements to storm runoff system, repairing drains & sewer system,
- 6. Replacement of pavement markings and use of retroreflective devices (raised pavement markers,
- 7. Speed reduction at pedestrian crossings,
- 8. Solar lighting poles system,
- 9. Installation of traffic signs,
- 10. Urban landscape improvements,
- 11. Evaluation of asphalt surfaces, crosswalks, and handicapped ramps, and electrical design improvements that comply with current codes and regulations.

Studies:

The following studies were conducted in order to evaluate road conditions:

 Evaluation of Cultural Resources (Archeological Study), Environmental Evaluation, Title Clearance, Geotechnical study, Survey to determine the presence of asbestos and lead, Tree inventory and mitigation planting plan.



Figure 1. Project Location PR-CRP-000993 - Existing Conditions – Aerial Photo. GPS Coordinates: 18.422301°,-66.231912°.Photo: Google Earth - Image Date: 04/08/2016.



Figure 2. Project Location PR-CRP-000993 – Overlays of the existing conditions (light gray layer) and the proposed project(yellow and green layers) – Aerial Photo. GPS Coordinates: 18.4222301°,-66.231912°. Photo: Google Earth - Image Date 04/08/2016

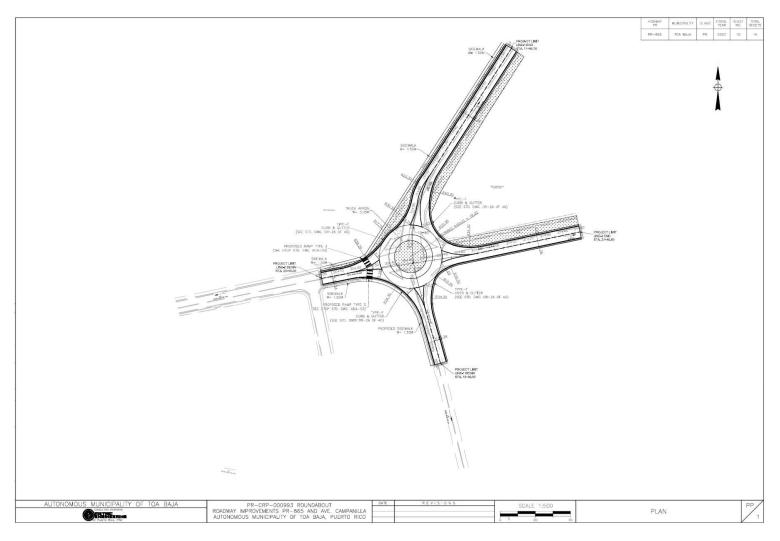


Figure 3. Proposed Project Plan PR-CRP-000993 – Conceptual Model 30%. GPS Coordinates: 18.422301°,-66.231912°



Figure 4. Proposed Project PR-CRP-000993– Rendering View. GPS Coordinates: 18.422301°,-66.231912°.

Step 1: Determine whether the action is located in a 100-year floodplain or in Wetland

The Municipality of Toa Baja is known as "La Ciudad Bajo Agua" (the underwater city³). Most of their lands are prone to high flood risk, 63% of them are within the floodplain³. Toa Baja is a low coastal plain town between the two river mouths, Rio Bayamon and the longest river in Puerto Rico, Rio Grande de la Plata, which born 60.5 miles in the Municipality of Guayama. The coastal zone, low plain, and the river mouths made Toa Baja high risk flood-prone area (see Figure 5). The Figure 5 shows that the proposed project PR-CRP-000993 seems to be within the floodplain the but in accordance with the FIRM map (see Figure 6) the project is outside the floodplain. The Figure 5 and Figure 6 are based on the Flood Insurance Rate Map⁴ (FIRM). Panel 72000C0340H (panel 340 of the 2160, effective date 04/19/2005) for project PR-CRP-000993.

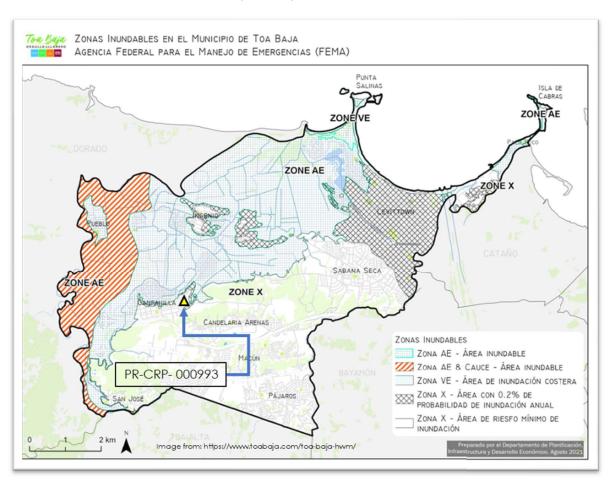


Figure 5. Floodplain of the Municipality of Toa Baja.

According with the FIRM maps, the proposed action, PR-CRP-000993, is outside of the flood-prone areas of Toa Baja (see Figure 6). This visual determination is based on the FIRM map where most of these maps were reviewed decades ago and possibly does not collect the updated information related to the floodplain. Therefore, we will be using the FEMA Advisory Base Flood

³ NASA funded research (https://develop.larc.nasa.gov/2020/spring/ToaBajaDiasters.html)

⁴ FIRM maps were obtained from FEMA portal (https://msc.fema.gov/portal/home)

Elevation⁵ (ABFE) to compare them with the FIRM map, which is a more precise and accurate tools to determine the flood-prone area because integrate new methods and updated information after a major disaster.

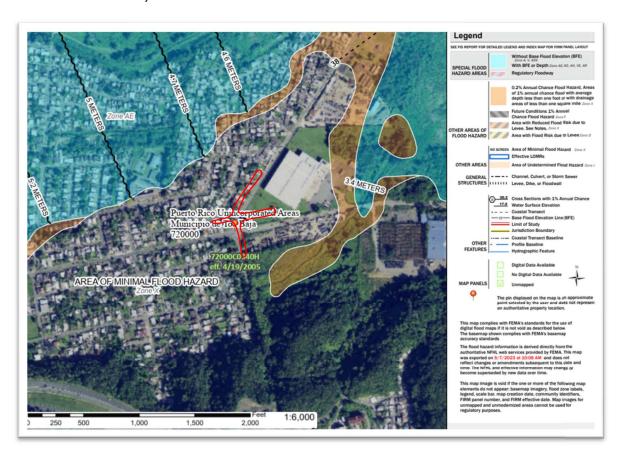


Figure 6. Flood Insurance Rate Map for the proposed project, PR-CRP-000993

Generally, the ABFE maps (from December 11, 2018) shows an increase in the floodplain of Toa Baja (Figure 7 and Figure 8). On the contrary of the FIRM maps, the ABFE indicates that project PR-CRP-000993 is within the SFHA which represented the inundated areas of 100-year event. This additional information changes the determination for the floodplain in this project. But being conservative, this report adopts the rigorous indication which in this case is provided by the ABFE. It should be noted that this is not always the case. Sometimes the FIRM maps include areas that are not covered by the ABFE. On those cases, it is recommended to use the FIRM maps.

⁵ Advisory Base Flood Elevation maps were obtained from (https://gis-r2-fema.hub.arcgis.com/apps/31dfa15671944086b54b55bfc03344d7/explore.)

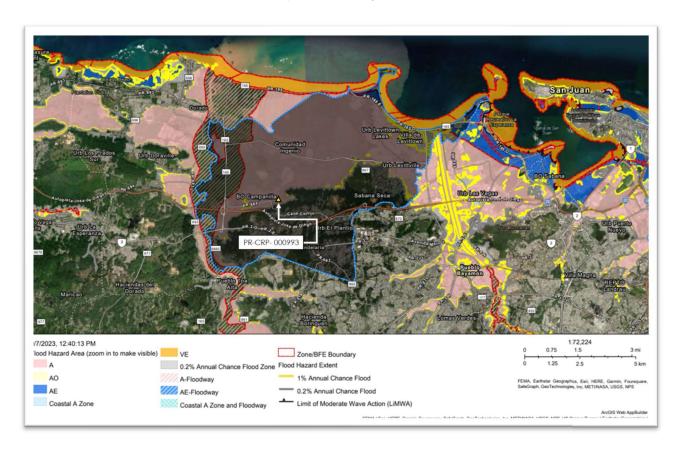


Figure 7. The FEMA Advisory Base Flood Elevation for the region

Another information gathered by the ABFE maps is the Base Flood Elevation⁶ (BFE) which is shown in the Figure 8 with a magenta line. The BFE related to the project is summarized on the Table 1. To obtain the BFE average of the project we ratio the BFEs with the distance between BFE lines to the project. The BFEs is 5.49 meter for PR-CRP-000993 (see Table 1).

Table 1. Base Flood Elevation Information of the project sites.

		Area of project	ABFE
Project ID	GPS Coordinates	(s.q. m.)	(m)
(3)PR-CRP-000993	18.422301°,-66.231912°	5217.2	BFE: 5.49m

⁶ Base Flood Elevation - The elevation of surface water resulting from a flood that has a 1% chance of equaling or exceeding that level in any given year. The BFE is shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for zones AE, AH, A1–A30, AR, AR/AE, AR/A1–A30, AR/AH, AR/AO, V1–V30 and VE. (https://www.fema.gov/node/404233)



Figure 8. Advisory Base Flood Elevation Maps showing project area, PR-CRP-000993

Floodplain Determination:

According to the current Advisory Base Flood Elevation, three out of four projects are within the 1% Annual Change of Flood, Zone A, which is PR-CRP-000993 (Figure 8). Therefore, the project is under the 24 CFR 55.12(c)(1) and therefore require the decision-making process "8-step Analysis" of the direct and indirect impacts associated with the construction, occupancy, and modification of the floodplain Executives Orders 11988.

The nearest wetland to the project's footprint is some 120 feet to the southern portion. Thus, the project is outside of areas mapped as wetlands. The activity will include best management practices to avoid any indirect impact to wetlands.



Figure 9. Wetland map with project footprint.

Step 2: Involve Public in Decision-Making Process (First Public Notice).

A public notice was published in the March 11, 2024, newspaper on Primera Hora. This newspaper has circulation throughout the entire island of Puerto Rico. The ad was directed at interested agencies, groups and individuals and was published in Spanish and English. The notice also included the name, proposed location, a brief description of the activity, and the responsible entity's contact information, which in this instance in Puerto Rico Department of Housing. The notice also included the location at which a full description of the proposed action could be viewed. A copy of the published notification is attached to this document (see attachment 1).

The required 15 calendar days were allowed for public comment, thus the comment period ended on March 26, 2024. An additional day was reserved to allow comments to come through in the event they were sent via regular mail. At the end of the waiting period, no comments were received.

Step 3: Determine if there is a Practicable Alternative.

The Municipality of Toa Baja has evaluated important criteria for the development of this project, which comprised the road improvements and the reconstruction of roundabout in floodplain area. An important criterion for developing this project in floodplain will consist of evaluating the adverse and beneficial effects of the different alternatives. This step will consist if there is a practicable alternative to avoid or mitigate the possible adversely impact to the flood zones.

In the evaluation of the alternatives, the following were considered:

I. Re-locate the project outside the floodplain (Alternative I).

Alternative I consist of relocating the project outside the floodplain.

Given that 63% of the Municipality of Toa Baja lies within the floodplain, relocating the project would entail several steps. Firstly, it would require identifying a new location outside the floodplain, assessing its feasibility, and planning the relocation process. Additionally, social impact assessments would need to be conducted to understand the implications for the community. However, this relocation may not effectively serve the same community that the project is intended to benefit. Moreover, relocating the project to a new area would not address the current traffic and floodplain conditions faced at this intersection. Therefore, the feasibility of relocating the project appears questionable, as it would involve extensive planning and may not achieve the desired outcomes.

II. Locate the project within the floodplain (Alternative II).

Alternative II will consist in the reconstruction of the intersect ion as discussed above in the project description.

The proposed project aims to enhance the existing conditions within the Municipality of Toa Baja, an area already impacted by the current road infrastructure. The suggested action involves converting the intersection into a roundabout. The primary objective of these improvements is to boost mobility along the road, reduce vehicular conflict points, provide safe, convenient, and visually pleasing crossings for pedestrians and bicyclists, and improve connectivity and circulation among different sectors in Toa Baja and additionally to help shape and implement the future vision of communities that were affected by Hurricanes Irma and María to undertake a variety of recovery activities aimed at reinvigorating downtown areas, urban centers, and key community corridors. This project will promote the redevelopment, re-greening and restoration of Toa Baja, and further incentivize private investments in restored nearby urban areas.

Despite the proposed project improvements being within the floodplain, they are anticipated to bring substantial benefits to the sector this project will serve. Moreover, it's important to note that the road improvements do not intend to alter the floodplain characteristics of the areas. Therefore, we expect that these activities will not have an adverse impact on the floodplain. This alignment with the CRP-CBBR program's goals ensures that the project contributes positively to the recovery and resilience efforts in the affected communities.

III. No action (Alternative III)

Alternative III is the "No action Alternative".

Alternative III, referred to as the 'No-action Alternative,' would result in the applicant not receiving funding, thus impeding their ability to modernize the intersection. This lack of funding would prevent the integration of communities along these routes, providing no tangible benefits to the local community. Consequently, the project sites would remain unchanged, with no foreseeable

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and providi uncertain w	ng a safer street on Thether another de Therge in the future.	crossing for pe velopment off	destrians, wou	d not be achi	eved. It is curre	ntly

Step 4: Identify Adverse and Beneficial Impacts Associated with Floodplain.

The Municipality of Toa Baja has conducted a thorough evaluation of essential criteria for the development of this project, encompassing road improvements and the construction of a roundabout in a flood-prone area. An integral aspect of this project in the floodplain involves assessing both the adverse and beneficial effects of the chosen alternative in the floodplain. The analysis of beneficial impacts will center on improved traffic flow, reduced emissions, and enhanced safety for pedestrians and bicyclists. The HUD-funded CRP program is for projects that contribute to economic revitalization throughout Puerto Rico. PRDOHs regulations limit what actions can be considered under the CRP program, including prohibition of any construction in the floodway. Descriptions of the potential impacts from the proposed actions are below:

I. Alternative I - Re-locate the project outside the floodplain.

The proposal to relocate the proposed infrastructures outside the floodplain implies that the current intersection will remain unchanged. As a result, the local community and traffic, which rely on this intersection for transit and commute, may not experience the potential benefits of a roundabout.

The main goal of these improvements is to enhance mobility along the road, minimize vehicular conflict points, ensure safe, convenient, and aesthetically pleasing crossings for pedestrians and bicyclists, and improve connectivity and circulation among the various sectors commuting along this route in Toa Baja. These objectives are best achieved by implementing the roundabout at the current intersection, as originally planned.

Furthermore, relocating the projects to a new location will not ameliorate the current conditions of the floodplain at this intersection. The issues related to flood risk and safety will persist regardless of the project's location within the floodplain. Therefore, it is crucial to proceed with the planned improvements at the current intersection to fulfill the project's intended benefits and address the needs of the community and traffic flow effectively, intersection.

II. Alternative II - Locate the project within the floodplain.

The proposed modification of the intersection to a roundabout will seamlessly fit within the existing road footprint. Consequently, there will be no increase in impervious surfaces; instead, the roundabout will introduce new green areas that aid in managing low-frequency rainfall. While this may not lead to a significant decrease in flood effects in the areas, it will certainly not contribute to an increase or creation of additional flood-prone areas. The proposed projects will be constructed within the existing road infrastructure's footprint.

Roundabouts offer an excellent solution for integrating pedestrians and bicyclists into the traffic flow. Unlike traditional intersections, roundabouts provide designated crosswalks and pathways for pedestrians and cyclists, enhancing safety and convenience. Pedestrians can utilize marked crosswalks at the entry and exit points of the roundabout, with refuge islands in the center for safer crossings. Bicyclists have the option to ride with the flow of traffic or use designated bike lanes, promoting a smoother and more organized flow for all road users. This integration not only improves safety but also encourages more sustainable modes of transportation. Additionally, the slower speeds within roundabouts create a safer environment for pedestrians and cyclists, reducing the likelihood of severe accidents. Overall, roundabouts are an effective way to enhance mobility and safety for all road users, including pedestrians and bicyclists.

Roundabouts offer numerous advantages, primarily centered around safety, efficiency, cost-effectiveness, and space utilization. Studies consistently demonstrate that roundabouts

significantly reduce accidents and injuries compared to traditional intersections. This is achieved through lower travel speeds, continuous traffic flow, and one-way travel that eliminates hazardous collision types. Moreover, roundabouts enhance traffic flow by reducing delays and vehicle stops, evidenced by a 20% reduction in delays after installation. While roundabouts are initially comparable in cost to traffic signals, their long-term maintenance costs are notably lower due to the absence of hardware and electrical expenses. They also perform effectively during power outages without requiring police direction.

Furthermore, although roundabouts may require more space within the intersection, they generally occupy less space on approaching streets due to needing fewer lanes. Engineers meticulously consider factors such as accident history, intersection operation, types of vehicles, and costs when determining suitable locations for roundabouts. In conclusion, roundabouts provide a comprehensive solution to intersection challenges, offering safer, more efficient, and cost-effective traffic management while optimizing space utilization.

III. Alternative III - No Action

This "No Action" alternative, while maintaining the status quo of the road infrastructure, falls short of addressing the critical issues faced by the community. By choosing this alternative, the opportunity to enhance the resilience and sustainability of the area is missed, hindering the overall progress and recovery efforts after the devastation of Hurricanes Irma and María. Additionally, the absence of action means the Municipality will not receive the necessary funding to revitalize and improve the city of Toa Baja, impacting its long-term growth and development. Therefore, it is imperative to consider the proposed project's potential benefits and its alignment with the goals of the City Revitalization Program to ensure the continued progress and prosperity of the community.

Environmental Factor Analysis:

(1) Natural environment (topography, habitat, hazards);

The proposed project that comprises the change from a traditional intersection to a roundabout within the right of way can indeed impact various aspects of the natural environment. Here's how:

Topography:

The proposed activity will necessitate minimal terrain modifications, such as leveling or grading the land to accommodate the circular layout. It's important to note that in this project, there are no planned changes in elevation or land alterations that could potentially impact water drainage patterns or soil stability.

Habitat:

The proposed project will have minimal impact on flora and fauna habitat because the activity will take place in and along a developed road and within its exiting right-of-way. Also, there are no areas that serve as critical habitat or that may host other than species that are accustomed to urban areas. Activities such as clearing vegetation or disrupting ecosystems are not contemplated during the project construction phase. Therefore, the project will not alter any natural habitats.

Hazards:

To minimize the environmental impact of transitioning to a roundabout, the proposed project shall include:

PR-CRP-000993 Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja

Implement erosion control measures and best management practices during construction to protect soil and water quality.

Incorporate landscaping and habitat enhancements into the roundabout design to promote biodiversity and ecological connectivity.

Monitor the site post-construction to assess any ongoing impacts and implement mitigation measures as needed.

Due to the topography at the project site, the activity will not create a landslide hazard.

By considering the natural environment throughout the planning and implementation process, it's possible to create roundabouts that not only improve traffic flow and safety but also enhance the overall environmental quality of the area.

(2) Social concerns (aesthetics, historic and cultural values, land use patterns);

Switching an intersection to a roundabout within the existing right of way can indeed have various social implications, particularly concerning aesthetics, historic and cultural values, and land use patterns.

Aesthetics:

Roundabouts can often be aesthetically pleasing compared to traditional intersections. They can incorporate landscaping, sculptures, or other features that enhance the visual appeal of the area.

However, some people may have concerns about the initial disruption during construction or potential ongoing maintenance issues that could affect the appearance of the roundabout.

Historic and Cultural Values:

The intersection is not in a historically or culturally significant area, the change to a roundabout will not impact the character of the surroundings.

Land Use Patterns:

Roundabouts have the potential to reshape land use patterns by modifying traffic flow and enhancing accessibility. This redesigned infrastructure, along with surrounding development, is poised to stimulate diverse forms of development and enhance property values along these road corridors, thereby attracting economic growth to the area.

Businesses or residents adjacent to the intersection may initially have concerns about how the change will impact their accessibility or visibility, given the importance of these factors to their economic viability. However, with this thoughtful design and effective communication, the new roundabout can enhance accessibility and visibility, ultimately bolstering economic opportunities for these stakeholders.

Addressing these concerns requires thoughtful planning and engagement with stakeholders. Conducting community meetings, soliciting feedback, and collaborating with locals can help ensure that the proposed roundabout respects the area's social fabric and enhances its overall livability. Public participation is being encouraged through the publications for the 8-step process.

Additionally, integrating design elements that reflect the area's heritage or cultural identity can help mitigate any perceived loss of historical or cultural values.

(3) Economic aspects (costs of construction, transportation, and relocation); and

Proposing a change from a traditional intersection to a roundabout can indeed have significant economic implications. Here are some key factors to consider:

Construction Costs:

Constructing the roundabout will involve substantial investment, encompassing expenses such as excavation, paving, landscaping, signage, and lighting. However, approval of these costs under the CRP promises to deliver the community significant benefits through the implementation of a roundabout.

While roundabouts generally demand less maintenance compared to traditional intersections with traffic lights or stop signs, ongoing upkeep remains necessary, particularly concerning landscaping, signage, and occasional repairs. It's important for the Municipality to factor in these maintenance expenses during economic analysis when budgeting for the upkeep of the new intersection.

Transportation Efficiency:

The roundabouts can improve traffic flow and reduce congestion compared to traditional intersections. This can result in economic benefits such as reduced travel time for users, lower fuel consumption, and decreased vehicle emissions. These potential savings should be weighed against the initial construction and maintenance costs.

Relocation Costs:

The proposed roundabout may be relocating utilities, property boundaries, or other infrastructure. Relocation costs can vary greatly depending on the extent of the required changes and any potential disruptions to existing services.

Safety Benefits:

Roundabouts are often associated with improved safety outcomes compared to traditional intersections, as they reduce the potential for high-speed, right-angle collisions. There is an economic value of these safety benefits, such as reduced healthcare costs and property damage.

In summary, while converting an intersection to a roundabout can involve significant upfront costs, it may also offer long-term economic benefits such as improved transportation efficiency and safety.

(4) Legal considerations (deeds, leases).

Property Rights within the Right of Way:

The proposed project will occur entirely within the right-of-way of the current intersection and does not encroach upon any additional land.

City Revitalization Program
PR-CRP-000993 Rotonda PR-867 int. entradas Urbs. Campanillas y Pabellones, Toa Baja

Leases and Easements:

The project will be developed within the public right-of-way and no property acquisition or property leases will be required. As such, there will be no additional costs associated with these activities.

Government Regulations and Permits:

Legal considerations related to government regulations and permits remain important. The project will follow any requirements for obtaining permits or approvals from local authorities. Compliance with zoning laws, transportation regulations, and any other relevant regulations shall be confirmed.

Public Consultation and Participation:

While the physical footprint of the construction may not extend beyond the existing intersection, stakeholders such as nearby residents, businesses, and community organizations may still have concerns or interests that need to be addressed. The 8-Step process allows dissemination of information and allows stakeholders to participate in the planning phase of the project.

Overall, while the legal considerations may be somewhat simplified if the roundabout construction remains within the current intersection footprint, it's still essential to conduct thorough due diligence.

Step 5: Where practicable, design or modify the proposed action to minimize the potential adverse impacts to lives, property, and natural values within the floodplain and to restore, and preserve the values of the floodplain.

- (a) **Preserving Lives:** The proposed actions do not entail a direct increase in population density in the area. Consequently, in the event of a flood, the infrastructure modifications are unlikely to pose a significant threat to human life or may only pose minimal risk. Additionally, one of the primary objectives of the project is to enhance safety at the intersection for both residents and visitors.
- (b) **Preserving Property:** Given the nature of the project and its need to withstand climate events, floodproofing, elevation adjustments, or obtaining insurance for project elements are unnecessary. The project will take place on a state road that does not require flood insurance. Moreover, the adjacent structures are not anticipated to be adversely affected by the project's implementation, as the stormwater management infrastructure in the area will remain unchanged.
- (c) **Preserving Natural Values and Minimizing Impacts:** The project aims to improve existing infrastructure while minimizing impacts on natural, undeveloped areas. To achieve this, erosion and sedimentation controls will be implemented during construction, and efforts will be made to avoid exposed soil during the operation phase. Impact on water resources will be minimal, as all areas will incorporate elements allowing percolation and limiting erosion. Landscaping practices will prioritize the use of native vegetation resilient to climate events, contributing to soil erosion prevention.
- (d) **Restore and Preserve the Values of the Floodplain:** While the proposed action may not restore floodplain values, the design is intended to preserve them. This preservation will be partly achieved through the renovation and utilization of existing facilities such as roads, sidewalks, and green areas, which will reduce the creation of impermeable surfaces. The design does not include new structures that might impede floodwater movement. Furthermore, the design aims to maximize water percolation by incorporating permeable surfaces and enhancing existing vegetation with new landscaping. The area's topography will remain unchanged.

Step 6. Reevaluate the Alternatives

Alternative I (Re-locate the project outside the floodplain) and alternative III (No Action) would involve making no improvements to the facility. Therefore, these options would not contribute to the Municipality's efforts to revitalize and provide for a more resilient community. These options were not considered an acceptable alternative. Therefore, there are no practicable alternatives to the proposed project. The project's intention is to provide a resilience, safer and more efficient intersection. The relocation and no action alternatives are impracticable because it will not satisfy the need to provide a more efficient intersection on PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla at Toa Baja.

Despite the Alternative II being in a floodplain, measures will be taken to preserve the floodplain values. Stormwaters will be allowed to percolate naturally, following the terrain's contours. Moreover, the project does not pose an additional risk to human life as it does not involve an increase in population density, such as that of a housing project by the contrary the modification of the intersection will reduce the vehicular conflict points from 32 to 8, representing a reduction of 75%. Also, the roundabout will provide a reduction of vehicular-to-pedestrian conflict points from 24 to 8, representing a reduction of 66.7%. Overall, the roundabout will improve the connectivity and circulation between Campanilla Avenue, PR-867, PR-865 areas and will create a safer intersection. The project will not modify the current floodplain footprint. Therefore, is it no expected an adverse impact in the base flood elevation.

Step 7: Determination of No Practicable Alternative

It is our determination that there is no practicable alternative to locating the project in the floodplain. This decision is based on several factors:

- 1) The project is entirely situated within the 100-year floodplain, and 63% of the Municipality of Toa Baja falls within this floodplain zone.
- 2) There is a strong desire to revitalize the Municipality of Toa Baja through the CRP program, which necessitates locating the project within the floodplain.
- 3) The activity can be effectively mitigated to minimize impacts on human health, public property, and natural floodplain values.
- 4) The proposed actions will not expand the infrastructure footprint, and therefore, are not expected to modify the base flood elevation or alter the natural environment.

A final notice detailing the reasons why the modified project must be located in the floodplain was published on **June 17**, **2024**, and posted in accordance with prior notices. This notice outlines

the rationale for siting the modified project in the floodplain, provides a list of alternatives considered at various stages, and describes the mitigation measures identified to minimize adverse impacts and preserve the natural floodplain values.

The attached publication notice indicates that no concerns were expressed by the public regarding the final notice.

Step 8: Implement the Proposed Action

The municipality and PRODH are committed to implementing the plan outlined above to manage and mitigate impacts on the floodplain to the greatest extent possible. These activities will be carried out as described, and the necessary language will be included in all agreements with participating parties. Additionally, the city will take an active role in monitoring the construction process to prevent any unnecessary impacts and avoid taking unnecessary risks. This proactive approach will ensure that the project is executed in a manner that safeguards the floodplain while achieving its intended objectives.

a Baja
ion (Step 2) and "no comment"
n Letter

Andrea Curbelo-Marty

From: environmentcdbg <environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov>

Sent: Monday, March 11, 2024 2:35 PM

To: Jose.A.CedenoMaldonado@hud.gov; Mahon, Donna M; Caribbean_es@fws.gov; Tawes, Robert;

Rodriguez.elias@epa.gov; Guerrero.carmen@epa.gov; PublicMail.CESAJ-CC@usace.army.mil; Rich.Okulski@noaa.gov; Noah.Silverman@noaa.gov; nmfs.ser.esa.consultations@noaa.gov; FEMA-

R4EHP@fema.dhs.gov; carubio@prshpo.pr.gov; comunicaciones@ddec.pr.gov;

secretario@ddec.pr.gov; jannira.colon@ddec.pr.gov; Rivera_r1@jp.pr.gov; comentarios@jp.pr.gov;

pmzc@drna.pr.gov; eortega@drna.pr.gov; ayudaciudadano@drna.pr.gov;

anais.rodriguez@drna.pr.gov

Subject: Public Notice – Early Notice and Public Review of a Proposed Activity in a 100-Year

Floodplain_PRDOH Case PR-CRP-000993

Attachments: Early Notice_Primera Hora_PR-CRP-000993.pdf

Concerned agencies,

Enclosed please find a **Public Notice – Early Notice and Public Review of a Proposed Activity in a 100-Year Floodplain** the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (as the Responsible Entity) published as part of HUD's requirements for the release of CDBG-DR funds to undertake the project *Rotonda PR-865 int*. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla (PR-CRP-000993). The Early Notice was published in the *Primera Hora* newspaper of Puerto Rico on March 11, 2024.

Respectfully,

Permits and Environmental Compliance Division

Disaster Recovery Office

environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov | 787.274.2527

Visit us: recuperacion.pr.gov

Contact us: infocdbg@vivienda.pr.gov



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avisos v subastas



Regulations for the Oversight and Compliance of the General Services Administration

The General Services Administration ("ASG") in accordance with Section 2.1 of Act No. 38-2017, known as the "Uniform Administrative Procedure Act of the Government of Puerto Rico," publishes this announcement to promulgate the Regulations for the Oversight and Compliance of the General Services Administration.

The legal basis for repealing the before mentioned regulation also arises under Act No. 73-2019, Article 22, known as the "General Services Administration Act for Centralization of Purchases of the Government of Puerto Rico of 2019", which provides that the ASG may adopt, amend and repeal regulations to ensure compliance with the provisions of this law and any other applicable laws.

The purpose of these Regulations is to establish the rules and procedures regarding the exercise of the powers conferred on the ASG to: interpret, apply and enforce the provisions of Act 73-2019 and its regulations; oversee and investigate compliance with public policy, laws and regulations under its jurisdiction; establish procedures to identify violations thereof; channeling the power of investigation and oversight through the Office of Special Investigations (OIE); establish the procedural rules and guarantees for sanctioning by fine violators of Act 73-2019, or the regulations adopted thereunder; and establish the procedural quarantees for offenders and the processes for challenging fines imposed

Those interested in issuing written comments may do so, within thirty (30) days following the publication of this notice as follows: (a) personally, during business days from 8:00 am to 11:30am and 12:30 pm to 4:00 pm, at the Minillas Government Center, in the North Tower, 12th Floor, Office of Legal Affairs San Juan, Puerto Rico; (b) to the following email: reglamentos@asg.pr.gov; (c) by mail to the following address: Office of Legal Affairs, General Services Administration, PO Box 41249 San Juan, P.R. 00940. Any citizen who is interested in holding a public hearing on the proposed regulation must submit a written and substantiated request to the ASG within a term of 30 days from the publication on this notice.

This notice, as well as the proposed regulation can be obtained by accessing the website www.asg.pr.gov.

Karla G. Mercado Rivera, Esq.

Administrator & Chief Procurement Officer Of Puerto Rico Government

AUTORIZADO POR LA OFICINA DEL CONTRALOR ELECTORAL OCE-SA-2024-05163



Aviso Preliminar y Revisión Pública de una Actividad Propuesta en un valle inundable de 100 años

Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla PR-CRP-000993

Para: Todas las partes interesadas, grupos e individuos

Este aviso notifica que el Departamento de la Vivienda de Puerto Rico Mivienda en adelante) ha determinado que la siguiente acción propuesta bajo el Programa de Revitalización de la Ciudad, Subvención en Bloque para el Desarrollo Comunitario – Recuperación ante Desastres (CDBG-DR), número de subvención B-17-DM-72-0001, B-18-DP-72-0001 y B-19-DP-78-0002, se encuentra parcialmente en un valle inundable de 100 años. Vivienda estará evaluando e identificando alternativas prácticas para realizar la acción propuesta y el impacto potencial en el valle inundable debido a la acción propuesta, según establecido por la Orden Ejecutiva 11988, de acuerdo con las regulaciones de HUD en 24 CFR 55.20 Subparte C - Procedimientos para tomar determinaciones sobre el manejo de llanuras aluviales y la protección de humedales. El proyecto propuesto, PR-CRP-000993, está localizado en la intersección de la avenida Campanillas y la carretera PR-867, Toa Baja, PR 00949; coordenadas 18.422301, -66.231912. El proyecto consiste en la construcción de una rotonda, mejoras geométricas de la intersección, mejoras al sistema pluvial, reparación y construcción de rampas, instalación de luminarias energéticamente eficientes y postes de señales de tránsito, medidas de reducción de velocidad, mejoras del paisaje urbano, y payimentación de calles. El proyecto también incluirá meioras en las aceras para cumplir con los códigos de la Ley para americanos con Discapacidades (ADA, por sus siglas en inglés). La rotonda optimizará el tráfico vehicular y disminuirá la velocidad vehicular en el cruce de la PR-867. El proyecto contribuirá a los valores recreativos al proporcionar aceras nuevas y reconstruidas, lo que permitirá caminar y andar en bicicleta de manera segura. La huella total del proyecto es de 5,217 metros cuadrados (1.3 acres). La actividad propuesta está ubicada en un valle inundable de 100 años, zona de inundación A, y se encuentra en el mapa de níveles de inundación base (ABFE, por sus siglas en inglés), cómo se indica en el Nivel de Inundación Base Recomendado de FEMA Puerto Rico en Puerto Rico Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFE's) | FEMA Region II Hub (arcgis.com).

Este aviso tiene tres propósitos principales. En primer lugar, las personas que puedan verse afectadas por las actividades en el valle inundable y aquellos que tengan interés en la protección del ambiente natural deben tener la oportunidad de expresar sus inquietudes y proveer información sobre estas áreas. Se exhorta a la comunidad a ofrecer ubicaciones alternas fuera del valle inundable, métodos alternos para cumplir el mismo propósito del proyecto y métodos para minimizar y mitigar los impactos. Segundo, un programa adecuado de avisos públicos puede ser una herramienta importante para la educación pública. La divulgación de información sobre los valles inundables puede facilitar y mejorar los esfuerzos federales por reducir los riesgos e impactos asociados con la ocupación alteración de estas zonas especiales. Tercero, como materia de justicia, cuando el gobierno federal determine participar en acciones ubicadas en el valle inundable debe informárselo a quienes puedan ser expuestos a un riesgo mayor o similar al

Vivienda considerará todos los comentarios recibidos en o antes de 26 de marzo de 2024. Pueden enviar los comentarios de forma impresa a la siguiente dirección: Departamento de la Vivienda de Puerto Rico, edificio Juan C. Cordero Dávila, 606 avenida Barbosa, Río Piedras, PR 00918-8461, Atención: Santa D. Ramírez-Lebrón, Especialista en Permisos y Cumplimiento Ambiental. Una descripción completa del proyecto está disponible al público para revisión de 8:30 a.m. a 4:00 p.m. en el Departamento de la Vivienda de Puerto Rico, edificio Juan C. Cordero Dávila, 606 avenida Barbosa, Río Piedras, PR 00918. El número para obtener información es (787)274-2527 ext. 4320. Como alternativa, también pueden enviar los comentarios a Vivienda por medio electrónico a environmentcdba@vivienda.pr.gov.

Fecha: 11 de marzo de 2024

Maryalony Lcdo. William O. Rodríguez Rodríguez Secretario del Departamento de la Vivienda

Autorizado por la Oficina del Contralor Electoral OCE-SA-2023-00076

public notice

Early Notice and Public Review of a Proposed Activity in a 100-Year Floodplain

Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla PR-CRP-000993

To: All Interested Parties, Groups & Individuals

This is to give notice that the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH) has determined that the following proposed actions under the Community Development Block Grant – Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR), City Revitalizatic Program, Grant number B-17-DM-72-0001, B-18-DP-72-0001 an B-19-DP-78-0002, are partially located in a 100-year floodplain. PRDOH will be identifying and evaluating practicable alternatives to locate the action in the floodplain and the potential impacts on the floodplain from the proposed actions, as required by Executive Order 11988, in accordance with HUD regulations at 24 CFR 55.20 Subpart C - Procedures for Making Determinations on Floodplain Management and Protection of Wetlands. The proposed project, PR-CRP-000993, is located at the intersection between the Campanilla Avenue and the PR-865 Road, Toa Baja, PR 00949; coordinates 18.422301, -66.231912. The project consists of the construction of a roundabout, carrying out geometric improvements to the intersection, stormwater system improvements, repair and construction of ramps, installation of energy-efficient lighting and traffic signal posts, speed reduction measures, streetscape improvements, and street paving. The project will also include sidewalk improvements to meet Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) codes. The roundabout will optimize vehicular traffic and reduce vehicular speed at the PR-867 intersection. The project will contribute to recreational values by providing new and reconstructed sidewalks, allowing for safe walking, and cycling. The project will have a total footprint of 5,217 square meters (1.3 acres). The proposed activity is situated in a 100-year floodplain, flood zone A, and can be found at the Advisory Base Flood Elevation Map (ABFE), as indicated on the FEMA Advisory Base Flood Elevation for Puerto Rico at Puerto Rico Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFE's) | FEMA Region | Hub (arcgis.com).

There are three primary purposes for this notice. First, people who may be affected by activities in the floodplain and those who have an interest in the protection of the natural environment should be given an opportunity to express their concerns and provide information about these areas. Commenters are encouraged to offer alternative sites outside of the floodplain, alternative methods to serve the same project purpose, and methods to minimize and mitigate impacts. Second, an adequate public notice program can be an important public educational tool. The dissemination of information and request for public comment about the floodplains can facilitate and enhance Federal efforts to reduce the risks and impacts associated with the occupancy and modification of these special areas. Third, as a matter of fairness, when the Federal government determines it will participate in actions taking place in the floodplain, it must inform those who may be put at greater or continued risk.

PRDOH will consider all comments received on or before March 26, 2024. Written comments can be sent to the following address: Puerto Rico Department of Housing, 606 Barbosa Avenue, Juan C. Cordero Dávila Building, Río Piedras, PR 00918-8461, Attention: Santa D. Ramírez-Lebrón, Permits and Environmental Compliance Specialist. A complete description of the project is available to the public for review from 8:30 am to 4:00 pm at the Puerto Rico Department of Housing, 606 Barbosa Avenue, Juan C. Cordero Dávila Building, Río Piedras, PR 00918. The number to get information is (787)274-2527 ext. 4320. In the alternative, comments may also be sent to PRDOH by email at environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov.

Date: March 11, 2024

William O. Rodríguez Rodríguez, Esq. Secretary of the Department of Housing

primerahora#communicationscdbg@vivienda.pr.gov

Authorized by the Office of the Electoral Comptroller OCE-SA-2023-00076







Validation Letter

April 1, 2024

To whom it may concern,

This letter is to validate that no comments were received in the Permits and Environmental Compliance Division e-mail: environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov, for the project Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla (PR-CRP-000993), as part of the CDBG-DR City Revitalization Program. The Early Notice and Public Review of a Proposed Activity in a 100-Year Floodplain was published in the Primera Hora newspaper of Puerto Rico on March 11, 2024, with a comment period that concluded on March 26, 2024.

Cordially,

Permits and Environmental Compliance Division
Disaster Recovery Office
environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov | 787.274.2527 ext. 4320

Andrea Curbelo-Marty

From: Kenneth M. Garcia-De Leon
Sent: Monday, April 1, 2024 2:22 PM

To: environmentcdbg

Subject: RE: Comentarios - Aviso Preliminar PR-CRP-000993

Saludos:

Por correo postal no llegaron comentarios para mencionado proyecto.

Atentamente,

Kenneth M. García De León

Especialista en Control de Documentos / Operaciones Oficina Recuperación de Desastres kgarcia@vivienda.pr.gov | 787.274.2527 Ext. 4013

Visitanos: recuperacion.pr.gov

Contactanos: infocdba@vivienda.pr.aov



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From: environmentcdbg <environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov>

Sent: Monday, April 1, 2024 2:13 PM

To: Kenneth M. Garcia-De Leon <kgarcia@vivienda.pr.gov> **Subject:** Comentarios - Aviso Preliminar PR-CRP-000993

Saludos Kenneth,

Con respecto a la publicación del Aviso Preliminar y Revisión Pública de una Actividad Propuesta en un valle inundable de 100 años (Paso 2) para el proyecto **Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla (PR-CRP-000993)**, ¿habrá llegado algún comentario a través del correo postal? De ser así, por favor nos lo hace llegar.

Cordialmente,

Permits and Environmental Compliance Division

Disaster Recovery Office

environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov | 787.274.2527

Visit us: recuperacion.pr.gov

Contact us: infocdbg@vivienda.pr.gov



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City Revitalization Program PR-CRP-000993 Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja
Attachment 2 Final Nation Publication (Stan 7) and "no comment"
Attachment 2 – Final Notice Publication (Step 7) and "no comment" Confirmation Letter

From: <u>environmentcdbg</u>

To: Jose.A.CedenoMaldonado@hud.gov; Mahon, Donna M; Caribbean es@fws.gov; Tawes, Robert;

Rodriguez.elias@epa.gov; Guerrero.carmen@epa.gov; PublicMail.CESAJ-CC@usace.army.mil; Rich.Okulski@noaa.gov; Noah.Silverman@noaa.gov; nmfs.ser.esa.consultations@noaa.gov; FEMA-R4EHP@fema.dhs.gov; carubio@prshpo.pr.gov; comunicaciones@ddec.pr.gov; secretario@ddec.pr.gov;

jannira.colon@ddec.pr.gov; Rivera r1@jp.pr.gov; comentarios@jp.pr.gov; pmzc@drna.pr.gov;

eortega@drna.pr.gov; ayudaciudadano@drna.pr.gov; anais.rodriguez@drna.pr.gov

Subject: Public Notice – Final Notice and Public Explanation of a Proposed Activity in a 100-Year Floodplain _PRDOH Case

PR-CRP-000993

Date: Monday, June 17, 2024 4:00:00 PM

Attachments: Final Notice Primera Hora PR-CRP-000993.pdf

image001.png

Concerned agencies,

Enclosed please find a **Public Notice – Final Notice and Public Explanation of a Proposed Activity in a 100-Year Floodplain** the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (as the Responsible Entity) published as part of HUD's requirements for the release of CDBG-DR funds to undertake the project *Rotonda PR-865 int*. Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja (PR-CRP-000993). The Final Notice was published in the *Primera Hora* newspaper of Puerto Rico on June 17, 2024.

Respectfully,

Permits and Environmental Compliance Division

Disaster Recovery Office

environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov | 787.274.2527

Visit us: recuperacion.pr.gov

Contact us: infocdbg@vivienda.pr.gov



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y subastas





AVISO DE SUBASTA PÚBLICA SUBASTA 08-2023-2024 ADQUISICIÓN DE VEHÍCULOS PARA EL MUNICIPIO **AUTÓNOMO DE AIBONITO**

El Municipio Autónomo de Aibonito, busca empresas interesadas en participar en el proceso de licitación relacionado con la Adquisición de Vehículos para el Municipio Autónomo de Aibonito.

Los vehículos que se estarán adquiriendo son:

- (2) Pickup 1500
- (1) Pickup 3500 con tumba
- (1) Camión grúa con caja ganchera y grapper

Se recibirán las propuestas de las personas o entidades jurídicas interesadas y deben entregar los Pliegos y Condiciones de la Subasta con su Oferta junto a los documentos requeridos, en sobres sellados hasta las 10:00am del 28 de junio de 2024, en la Oficina de la Secretaria Municipal en la Casa Alcaldía; la apertura de los mismos será a las 10:10am.

Los Pliegos de Subasta con las especificaciones podrán obtenerse en la Oficina de Secretaría Municipal o solicitándolas a través del correo electrónico aibonitsubastas@gmail.com, a partir de la publicación de este aviso hasta el 28 de junio de 2024, a las 9:00am, el mismo no tendrá costo para los proponentes.

Todo licitador será responsable de someter adjunto a la licitación, todos los documentos debidamente cumplimentados, según se indican en los pliegos y especificaciones de la Subasta.

La Junta de Subastas del Municipio Autónomo de Aibonito se reserva el derecho de aceptar o rechazar todas o cualesquiera de las propuestas y de adjudicar la buena pro en beneficio de los mejores intereses del Municipio, tomando en consideración otros factores que no sean los del precio solamente, igualmente se reserva el derecho de adjudicar total o parcialmente la subasta, según lo establecido en la Ley Núm. 107 del 14 de agosto de 2020, "Código Municipal de Puerto Rico.

De tener alguna duda o necesitar mayor información, puede comunicarse al 787-735-8181 ext. 7025 o escribiendo al correo electrónico aibonitosubastas@gmail.com

> Angilical Qualin Gorfe& Plan, Angélica M. Camacho González Presidenta de la Junta de Subastas Municipio Autónomo de Aibonito

Aprobado a la Oficina del Contralor Electoral OCE-SA-2024-08389



aviso público

Aviso Final y Explicación Pública de una Actividad Propuesta en un valle inundable de 100 años

Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja PR-CRP-000993

Para: Todas las partes interesadas, grupos e individuos

Este aviso notifica que el Departamento de la Vivienda de Puerto Rico (Vivienda, en adelante) completó una evaluación según establece la Orden Ejecutiva 11988, de acuerdo con los reglamentos de HUD en 24 CFR 55.20 Subparte C - Procedimientos para hacer determinaciones sobre el manejo del valle inundable y la protección de humedales. La actividad está subvencionada con fondos del Programa de Revitalización de la Ciudad, Subvención en Bloque para el Desarrollo Comunitario - Recuperación ante Desastres (CDBG-DR), número de subvención B-17-DM-72-0001, B-18-DP-72-0001 y B-19-DP-78-0002. El proyecto propuesto, PR-CRP-000993, está localizado en la intersección de la avenida Campanillas y la carretera PR-865, barrio Media Luna, Toa Baja, PR 00949; coordenadas 18.422301, -66.231912. El provecto consiste en la construcción de una rotonda, mejoras geométricas a la intersección, mejoras al sistema pluvial, reparación y construcción de rampas, instalación de luminarias energéticamente eficientes y postes de señalización de tránsito, medidas de reducción de velocidad, mejoras del paisaje urbano, y pavimentación de calles. Además, incluirá mejoras en las aceras para cumplir con los códigos de la Ley para estadounidenses con Discapacidades (ADA, por sus siglas en inglés). La rotonda optimizará el tráfico vehicular y disminuirá la velocidad vehicular en la intersección. El proyecto contribuirá a los valores recreativos al proporcionar aceras nuevas y reconstruidas, lo que permitirá caminar y andar en bicicleta de manera segura. La huella total del proyecto es de 5,217.2 metros cuadrados (1.3 acres). La actividad propuesta está ubicada en un valle inundable de 100 años, zona de inundación A y el área del proyecto se puede encontrar en el mapa de niveles de inundación base (ABFE, por sus siglas en inglés), cómo se indica en el Nivel de Inundación Base Recomendado de FEMA para Puerto Rico en Puerto Rico Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFE's) | FEMA Region II Hub (arcgis.com).

Vivienda ha considerado las siguientes alternativas y medidas de mitigación para minimizar los impactos adversos y restaurar y preservar los valores naturales y beneficiosos: (1) ubicar el proyecto dentro del valle inundable, (2) ubicar el proyecto fuera del valle inundable, y (3) no tomar ninguna acción. Las alternativas 2 y 3 no son factibles ya que el proyecto es necesario para crear una intersección más segura, preservará los valores del valle inundable, no representa un riesgo adicional para la vida humana ya que no implica un aumento en la densidad de población, y no modificará la huella actual del valle inundable. La ubicación del proyecto en el valle inundable es esencial para abordar las deficiencias de la intersección existente. Durante la construcción se implementarán medidas de control de erosión y sedimentación y cumplirá con las regulaciones estatales y locales sobre los valles inundables.

Vivienda reevaluó las alternativas para construir en el valle inundable y determinó que no cuenta con alternativas prácticas. La documentación ambiental que evidencia el cumplimiento de los pasos 3 a 6 de la Orden Ejecutiva 11988, está disponible para inspección, revisión y reproducción de parte del público, de ser solicitado, en el horario y lugar indicado en el último párrafo sobre recibo de comentarios de este aviso.

Este aviso tiene tres propósitos principales. Primero, las personas que pueden verse afectadas por actividades en el valle inundable y aquellos que tengan interés en la protección del ambiente natural deben recibir la oportunidad de expresar sus inquietudes y proveer información sobre estas áreas. Segundo, un programa adecuado de avisos públicos puede ser una importante herramienta de educación pública. La divulgación de información y solicitud de comentarios sobre los valles inundables puede facilitar y mejorar los esfuerzos federales para reducir los riesgos e impactos asociados con la ocupación y alteración de estas áreas especiales. Tercero, como materia de justicia, cuando el gobierno federal determine participar en acciones ubicadas en el valle inundable, debe informárselo a quienes puedan ser expuestos a un riesgo mayor o similar al

Vivienda considerará todos los comentarios recibidos en o antes del 24 de junio de 2024. Pueden enviar los comentarios de forma impresa a la siguiente dirección: Departamento de la Vivienda de Puerto Rico, edificio Juan C. Cordero Dávila, 606 avenida Barbosa, Río Piedras, PR 00918-8461. Atención: Santa D. Ramírez-Lebrón, Especialista en Permisos y Cumplimiento Ambiental. Una descripción completa del proyecto está disponible al público para revisión de 8:30 a.m. a 4:00 p.m. en el Departamento de la Vivienda de Puerto Rico, edificio Juan C. Cordero Dávila, 606 avenida Barbosa, Río Piedras, PR 00918. El número para obtener información es (787)274-2527 ext. 4320. Como alternativa, también pueden enviar los comentarios a Vivienda por medio electrónico a environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov.

Fecha: 17 de junio de 2024

Lcdo. William O. Rodríguez Rodríguez Secretario del Departamento de la Vivienda

> Autorizado por la Oficina del Contralor Electoral OCE-SA-2023-00076



public notice

Final Notice and Public Explanation of a Proposed Activity in a 100-Year Floodplain

Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja PR-CRP-000993

To: All Interested Parties, Groups & Individuals

This is to give notice that the Puerto Rico Department of Housing (PRDOH) has conducted an evaluation as required by the Executive Order 11988, in accordance with HUD regulations at 24 CFR 55.20 Subpart C - Procedures for Making Determinations on Floodplain Management and Wetlands Protection. The activity is funded under the City Revitalization Program, Community Development Block Grant - Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR), Grant number B-17-DM-72-0001, B-18-DP-72-0001 and B-19-DP-78-0002. The proposed project, PR-CRP-000993, is situated at the intersection of Campanillas Avenue and PR-867 Road, Media Luna Ward, Toa Baja, PR 00949; coordinates 18.422301, -66.231912. The project consists of the construction of a roundabout, geometric enhancements to the intersection, stormwater system improvements, repair and reconstruction of ramps, installation of energy-efficient lighting and traffic signal posts, speed reduction measures, streetscape improvements, and street paving. Additionally, sidewalk improvements will be made to meet Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) codes. The roundabout aims to optimize vehicular traffic flow and reduce speed at the intersection. Furthermore, the project will enhance recreational values by providing new and reconstructed sidewalks for safe walking and cycling. The total footprint of the project covers 5,217.2 square meters (1.3 acres). The proposed activity is located in a 100-year floodplain, flood zone A and the project area can be found at the Advisory Base Flood Elevation Map (ABFE), as indicated on the FEMA Advisory Base Flood Elevation for Puerto Rico at Puerto Rico Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFE's) | FEMA Region II Hub (arcgis.com).

PRDOH has considered the following alternatives and mitigation measures to be taken to minimize adverse impacts and to restore and preserve natural and beneficial values: (1) locate the project within the floodplain, (2) locate the project outside of the floodplain, and (3) take no action. Alternatives 2 and 3 are not feasible as the project is necessary to create a safer intersection, will preserve the floodplain values, does not pose an additional risk to human life as it does not involve an increase in population density, and will not modify the current floodplain footprint. The project's location in the floodplain is essential to address the existing intersection's deficiencies. Erosion and sedimentation control measures will be implemented during construction and will adhere to state and local floodplain regulations.

PRDOH has reevaluated the alternatives to building in the floodplain and has determined that it has no practicable alternative. Environmental files that document compliance with steps 3 through 6 of Executive Order 11988 are available for public inspection, review and copying upon request at the times and location delineated in the last paragraph of this notice for receipt of

There are three primary purposes for this notice. First, people who may be affected by activities in the floodplain and those who have an interest in the protection of the natural environment should be given an opportunity to express their concerns and provide information about these areas. Second, an adequate public notice program can be an important public education tool. The dissemination of information and request for public comment about floodplains can facilitate and enhance Federal efforts to reduce the risks and impacts associated with the occupancy and modification of these special areas. Third, as a matter of fairness, when the Federal government determines it will participate in actions taking place in the floodplain, it must inform those who may be put at greater or continued risk.

PRDOH will consider all comments received on or before June 24, 2024. Written comments can be sent to the following address: Puerto Rico Department of Housing, 606 Barbosa Avenue, Juan C. Cordero Dávila Building, Río Piedras, PR 00918-8461, Attention: Santa D. Ramírez-Lebrón, Permits and Environmental Compliance Specialist. A complete description of the project is available to the public for review from 8:30 am to 4:00 pm at the Puerto Rico Department of Housing, 606 Barbosa Avenue, Juan C. Cordero Dávila Building, Río Piedras, PR 00918. The number to get information is (787)274-2527 ext. 4320. In the alternative, comments may also be sent to PRDOH by email at environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov.

Date: June 17, 2024

Marcel Milliam O. Rodríguez Rodríguez, Fsq. Secretary of the Department of Housing

> Authorized by the Office of the Electoral Comptroller OCE-SA-2023-00076



From: Kenneth M. Garcia-De Leon

To: <u>environmentcdbg</u>

Subject: RE: Comentarios - Aviso Final PR-CRP-000993

Date: Tuesday, June 25, 2024 3:04:02 PM

Attachments: <u>image002.png</u> <u>image003.png</u>

Saludos:

Por correo postal no llegaron comentarios para mencionado proyecto.

Cordialmente,

Kenneth M. García De León

Especialista en Control de Documentos / Operaciones Oficina Recuperación de Desastres kaarcia@vivienda.pr.aov1787.274.2527 Ext. 4013

<u>kgarcia@vivieriaa.pr.gov|/6/.2/4.252/</u> L/

Visitanos: recuperacion.pr.gov

Contactanos: infocdba@vivienda.pr.gov





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From: environmentcdbg <environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, June 25, 2024 2:58 PM

To: Kenneth M. Garcia-De Leon <kgarcia@vivienda.pr.gov>

Subject: Comentarios - Aviso Final PR-CRP-000993

Saludos Kenneth,

Con respecto a la publicación del Aviso Final y Explicación Pública de una Actividad Propuesta en un valle inundable de 100 años (Paso 7) para el proyecto **Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja (PR-CRP-000993)**, ¿habrá llegado algún comentario a través del correo postal? De ser así, por favor nos lo hace llegar.

Cordialmente,

Permits and Environmental Compliance Division

Disaster Recovery Office

environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov | 787.274.2527

Visit us: recuperacion.pr.gov

Contact us: infocdba@vivienda.pr.gov



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Validation Letter

June 25, 2024

To whom it may concern,

This letter is to validate that no comments were received in the Permits and Environmental Compliance Division e-mail: environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov, for the project **Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja (PR-CRP-000993)**, as part of the CDBG-DR City Revitalization Program. The Final Notice and Public Explanation of a Proposed Activity in a 100-Year Floodplain was published in the *Primera Hora* newspaper of Puerto Rico on June 17, 2024, with a comment period that concluded on June 24, 2024.

Cordially,

Permits and Environmental Compliance Division
Disaster Recovery Office
environmentcdbg@vivienda.pr.gov | 787.274.2527 ext. 4320

Categorical Exclusion
City Revitalization Program
PR-CRP-000993 - Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilas, Campanilla

Appendix E: Contamination and Toxic Substances

- 1. EPA Green Book
- 2. Lead and Asbestos Report
- 3. Summary Table EPA Facilities and ECHO Reports



You are here: EPA Home > Green Book > National Area and County-Level Multi-Pollutant Information > Puerto Rico Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants

Puerto Rico Nonattainment/Maintenance Status for Each County by Year for All Criteria Pollutants

Data is current as of May 31, 2024

Change the State:

Listed by County, NAAQS, Area. The 8-hour Ozone (1997) standard was revoked on April 6, 2015 and the 1-hour Ozone (1979) standard was revoked on June 15, 2005.

* The 1997 Primary Annual PM-2.5 NAAQS (level of 15 μg/m³) is revoked in attainment and maintenance areas for that NAAQS. For additional information see the PM-2.5 NAAQS SIP Requirements Final Rule, effective October 24, 2016. (81 FR 58009)

Important Notes			Download Nation			Whole	nary (PDF)	Τ
County	NAAQS	Area Name	Nonattainment in Year	Redesignation to Maintenance	Classification	or/ Part County	Population (2010)	
PUERTO	RICO							_
Arecibo Municipio	Lead (2008)	Arecibo, PR	11/12/13/14/15/16/17/18/192021/22/23/24	//		Part	32,185	7
Bayamon Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	//		Part	22,921	7
Catano Municipio	Sulfur	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	. //		Whole	28,140	7
Guaynabo Municipio	PM-10	Mun. of Guaynabo PR	929394959697989900010203040506070809	02/11/2010	Moderate	Part	90,470	7
Guaynabo Municipio	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	//		Part	23,802	7
Colinge	Sulfur Dioxide	Guayama- Salinas, PR	18192021222324	. //		Part	23,401	7
	Sulfur Dioxide (2010)	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	. //		Part	147,963	7
Too Doio	Sulfur	San Juan, PR	18192021222324	//		Part	52,441	7

Follow. 2024-05-31



ENVIRONMENTAL SURVEY

FOR

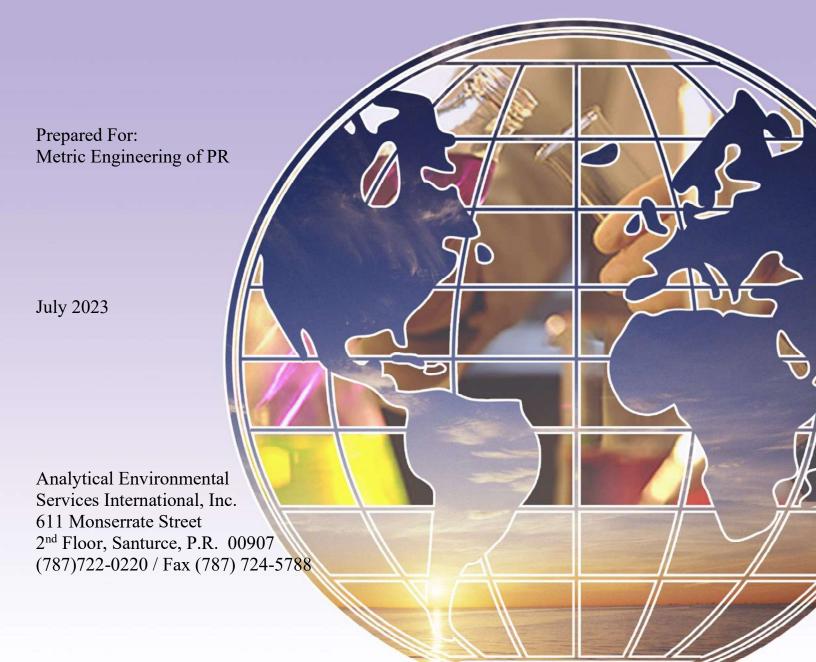
LEAD BASED PAINT (LBP)

AND

ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS (ACM)

FOR

ROAD PR-865 INTERSECTION WITH AVE. CAMPANILLA, CAMPANILLA (PR-CRP-000993), TOA BAJA, PR





LEAD



TABLE OF CONTENTS

- I. SUMMARY
- 1.0 INTRODUCTION
- 2.0 TESTING PROCEDURES
- 3.0 LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING METHODOLOGY
- 4.0 RESULTS
- 5.0 CONCLUSIONS
- 6.0 REPORT CERTIFICATION

APPENDIX I - AESI Credentials

APPENDIX II - PCS Information

APPENDIX III - XRF Data

APPENDIX IV - Selective Photos

ADY PADAN, PH.D

I. SUMMARY

A survey for Lead Based Painted (LBP) components was conducted by Analytical Environmental Services International (AES International), Inc. for road PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla, Toa Baja, PR (Case # PR-CRP-000993), (Lat: 18.422301°, Lon: -66.231948°) as part of three (3) roundabout intervention projects.

The results of the areas investigated are presented herein. The investigation was conducted on July 20, 2023 by Elme Rivera, an DRNA/EPA certified lead risk assessor. The following components were found to be painted with LBP:

PR-CRP-000993

PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla, Sabana Seca, Toa Baja

Guardrail Right	Metal	Yellow	100 sq.ft
Guardrail Left	Metal	Yellow	380 sq.ft

If remodeling/demolition activities will be conducted in the nearest future, it is mandatory to remove all LBP from the components to be affected by such activities.

ADY PADAN, PH.D

1.0 INTRODUCTION

AES International performed an LBP survey for road PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla, Toa Baja, PR (Case # PR-CRP-000993), (Lat: 18.422301°, Lon: -66.231948°) as part of three (3) roundabout intervention projects. Components inspected include floor lines, curbs, handicap ramp, and metal guardrails (refer to Appendix IV for photos). The purpose of this activity is to reduce environmental liabilities and comply with NESHAP and DRNA regulations prior to bridge repairs.

The investigation was conducted on July 20, 2023 by Elme Rivera, an DRNA/EPA certified lead risk assessor. The credentials of AESI are attached in Appendix I. The survey, performed with an X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) instrument manufactured by Heuresis, Model Pb200i (serial # 2385), was conducted using U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) protocol of 1997, revised in 2012. The results are presented herein.

2.0 TESTING PROCEDURES

The testing was performed with an XRF instrument manufactured by Heuresis, Model Pb200i. Performance characteristic sheet (PCS) is attached in Appendix II. The selected mode allows reference to the abatement level set at 1.0 mg/cm². The results are reported at 95% confidence levels.

3.0 LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING METHODOLOGY

The hazard level of lead in paint has been determined by the Department of Housing & Urban Development (HUD) as 1.0 mg/cm², as measured by XRF, or AAS (Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy), or 0.5% be weight (or 5000 ppm) as measured by AAS, or Inductive Coupled Plasma (ICP). The same level was adopted by EPA regulations published in 1992, under Title X.

The only lead based paint testing protocol officially available at this time was published by HUD initially in 1990, revised in 1991 and finalized in 1995 (see above HUD reference). A revised chapter 7 was published in 1997 and 2012.

AES International personnel classify each XRF lead reading as positive, negative, or inconclusive. This classification is based on manufacturer XRF performance characteristic sheet (PCS), for each substrate. Samples and/or additional readings are taken from inconclusive areas. Calibration verification of the instrument was performed prior to beginning of daily task, when the instrument was turned on, and at the end of the day. The verification was conducted on a NIST standard of 1.0 mg/cm². Acceptance criteria used was +-0.3 mg/cm². The data for initial calibration verification is attached in Appendix III, presented in Case # PR-CRP-000991 XRF data.

At the completion of the testing, ten (10) surfaces were retested as to assess precision of the testing. Retesting and final calibration data is presented in Appendix III, Case # PR-CRP-000994 report. Statistical calculations performed on test-retest results suggest that the results are within the tolerance limits and therefore acceptable.

4.0 RESULTS

All the areas were visually inspected for components such as side barriers, guardrails, and floor lines. Twenty seven (27) XRF readings were collected. The results of the tested components are shown in Appendix III. Selective photos of LBP components are shown in Appendix IV. LBP components were found and presented herein (see summary Table 1).

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

An LBP survey was conducted for road PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla, Toa Baja, PR (Case # PR-CRP-000993), (Lat: 18.422301°, Lon: -66.231948°) as part of three (3) roundabout intervention projects. LBP findings were presented herein.

Some painted surfaces may contain levels of lead below 1.0 mg/cm², which could create lead dust, or lead contaminated soil hazards if the paint is turned into dust by abrasion, scraping, or sanding. Reported results are valid for the day of testing indicated in the reports. According to DNRA the LBP study is valid for a period of five years.

The LBP survey relates to surfaces accessible and not covered by rigid barriers. Should any hidden painted surfaces or components be present, they must be assumed as LBP.

REPORT CERTIFICATION 6.0

This report was done in conformance with the protocols listed in Chapter 7 of the HUD guidelines, 2012.

> Elme Rivera, PRDNER Lead Inspector Lic#: LBPRA-21020-102



Appendix I





AIHA Laboratory Accreditation Programs, LLC

acknowledges that

Analytical Environmental Services International, Inc.

611 Monserrate St. Suite 2 Santurce, PR 00907 Laboratory ID: LAP-102702

along with all premises from which key activities are performed, as listed above, has fulfilled the requirements of the AIHA Laboratory Accreditation Programs (AIHA LAP), LLC accreditation to the ISO/IEC 17025:2017 international standard, General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories in the following:

LABORATORY ACCREDITATION PROGRAMS

\checkmark	INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE	Accreditation Expires: July 01, 2025
\checkmark	ENVIRONMENTAL LEAD	Accreditation Expires: July 01, 2025
	ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY	Accreditation Expires:
	FOOD	Accreditation Expires:
	UNIQUE SCOPES	Accreditation Expires:
53.5	BERYLLIUM FIELD/MOBILE	Accreditation Expires:

Specific Field(s) of Testing (FoT)/Method(s) within each Accreditation Program for which the above named laboratory maintains accreditation is outlined on the attached Scope of Accreditation. Continued accreditation is contingent upon successful on-going compliance with ISO/IEC 17025:2017 and AlHA LAP, LLC requirements. This certificate is not valid without the attached Scope of Accreditation. Please review the AlHA LAP, LLC website (www.aihaaccreditedlabs.org) for the most current Scope.

Cheryl O Morton

Managing Director, AIHA Laboratory Accreditation Programs, LLC

Revision21: 05/15/2023 Date Issued: 07/01/2023



Analytical Environmental Services International (AESI)

Actividades de Pintura con Base de Plomo. Se le otorga esta certificación como Firma para llevar a cabo actividades relacionadas a Por haber cumplido con los requisitos establecidos en el Capítulo VI, Regla 127 del Reglamento para el Manejo Adecuado de Mitigación de Pintura con base de plomo en la jurisdicción de Puerto Rico.

Número de Certificado

LBPF-07323-012



División Desperdicios Tóxicos José Roque Juliá

Fecha de emisión: Abril 6, 2023

Fecha de Expiración: Abril 5, 2024

Lead Risk Assessor Credentials



Lic#: LBPRA-21223-234



GOBIERNO DE PUERTO RICO

#Carnet nuevo LBPRA-21223-234

Departamento de Recursos Naturales y Ambientales

División Desperdicios Tóxicos

Requisitos para Radicar una Solicitud de Certificación de Individuos (Evaluador de Riesgos)

Hoja de cotejo

1. Información del Solicitante	
Nombre Elme Rivera Perez	
Empresa para la cual trabaja AES International	
787-722-6220 Núm. de Teléfono Núm. de Fax Vivera el ne 196 Correo Electrónico	2 gnail. com
2. Documentos incluidos con la solicitud	Cotejo de documentos recibidos por la JCA
1. Presentar evidencia de que satisface o excede los siguientes requisitos de educación o experiencia:	
 a) grado universitario de bachiller y un (1) año de experiencia en un campo relacionado incluyendo pero sin limitarse a, plomo, asbestos, trabajos de remediación ambiental o construcción; o b) grado asociado y dos (2) años de experiencia en un campo relacionado, incluyendo, pero sin limitarse a, plomo, asbestos o trabajos de remediación ambiental o construcción, o c) certificación como higienista industrial, ingeniero profesional, arquitecto registrado y/o una 	
certificación como rigientsta industrial, ingeniero profesional, arquitecto registrado y/o difa certificación en campos relacionados con la ingeniería, salud y el ambiente, incluyendo, pero sin limitarse a, profesional de la salud y/o científico ambiental; o, d) diploma de escuela superior (o su equivalente) y un mínimo de tres (3) años de experiencia en campos relacionados, incluyendo, pero sin limitarse a, plomo, asbestos, trabajos de remediación ambiental o construcción.	Coney.
2. Presentar una solicitud de certificación completada en los formularios provistos por la DRNA (Rev 2019), acompañada de dos (2) fotos originales.	/
3. Presentar un certificado original y copia de terminación del curso en la disciplinas de inspector y evaluador de riesgos. En la alternativa, se someterá una carta original y copia del programa de adiestramiento que confirme que el solicitante terminó dicho curso de adiestramiento, en papel timbrado del programa.	/
4. Presentar original y copia de la carta confirmando aprobación del examen estatal de parte de la entidad administradora del examen correspondiente en las disciplinas de inspector y evaluador de riesgos.	9
6. Someter cuota de radicación de veinticinco dólares (\$25) y una cuota de certificación por la suma de ciento veinticinco dólares (\$125) mediante cheque certificado o giro postal pagadero al Secretario de Hacienda. La cuota de radicación no será reembolsable.	\$150-W Chk/
Para Uso Exclusivo del Area. Certifico que he recibido y cotejado los documentos que arriba así lo hago constar con mi firma en el espacio provisto.	se detallan y
Cantidad del cheque #1500 Núm. cheque 33983 Fecha Recibido 7	1/13/23
Certificado por: Núm de Control PB - 07 - 23 -	- 2665
Para uso de Pagaduría	
Recibido por Núm. de Recibo Fecha:	

Rev 2019





Appendix II



Performance Characteristic Sheet

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 1, 2015

MANUFACTURER AND MODEL:

Make: *Heuresis*Models: *Model Pb200i*

Source: ⁵⁷Co, 5 mCi (nominal – new source)

FIELD OPERATION GUIDANCE

OPERATING PARAMETERS:

Action Level mode

XRF CALIBRATION CHECK LIMITS:

0.8 to 1.2 mg/cm² (inclusive)

SUBSTRATE CORRECTION:

Not applicable

INCONCLUSIVE RANGE OR THRESHOLD:

ACTION LEVEL MODE	SUBSTRATE	THRESHOLD (mg/cm²)
READING DESCRIPTION		
Results not corrected for substrate bias on any	Brick	1.0
substrate	Concrete	1.0
Substitute	Drywall	1.0
	Metal	1.0
	Plaster	1.0
	Wood	1.0

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

EVALUATION DATA SOURCE AND DATE:

This sheet is supplemental information to be used in conjunction with Chapter 7 of the HUD *Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing* ("HUD Guidelines"). Performance parameters shown on this sheet are calculated using test results on building components in the HUD archive. Testing was conducted on 146 test samples in November 2015, with two separate instruments running software version 2.1-2 in Action Level test mode. The actual source strength of each instrument on the day of testing was approximately 2.0 mCi; source ages were approximately one year.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Performance parameters shown in this sheet are applicable only when properly operating the instrument using the manufacturer's instructions and procedures described in Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines.

XRF CALIBRATION CHECK:

The calibration of the XRF instrument should be checked using the paint film nearest 1.0 mg/cm² in the NIST Standard Reference Material (SRM) used (e.g., for NIST SRM 2579, use the 1.02 mg/cm² film).

If the average (rounded to 1 decimal place) of three readings is outside the acceptable calibration check range, follow the manufacturer's instructions to bring the instrument into control before XRF testing proceeds.

SUBSTRATE CORRECTION VALUE COMPUTATION:

Chapter 7 of the HUD Guidelines provides guidance on correcting XRF results for substrate bias. Supplemental guidance for using the paint film nearest 1.0 mg/cm² for substrate correction is provided:

XRF results are corrected for substrate bias by subtracting from each XRF result a correction value determined separately in each house for single-family housing or in each development for multifamily housing, for each substrate. The correction value is an average of XRF readings taken over the NIST SRM paint film nearest to 1.0 mg/cm² at test locations that have been scraped bare of their paint covering. Compute the correction values as follows:

Using the same XRF instrument, take three readings on a bare substrate area covered with the NIST SRM paint film nearest 1 mg/cm². Repeat this procedure by taking three more readings on a second bare substrate area of the same substrate covered with the NIST SRM.

Compute the correction value for each substrate type where XRF readings indicate substrate correction is needed by computing the average of all six readings as shown below.

<u>For each substrate type</u> (the 1.02 mg/cm² NIST SRM is shown in this example; use the actual lead loading of the NIST SRM used for substrate correction):

Correction value = (1st + 2nd + 3rd + 4th + 5th + 6th Reading)/6 - 1.02 mg/cm²

Repeat this procedure for each substrate requiring substrate correction in the house or housing development.

EVALUATING THE QUALITY OF XRF TESTING:

Randomly select ten testing combinations for retesting from each house or from two randomly selected units in multifamily housing.

Conduct XRF re-testing at the ten testing combinations selected for retesting.

Determine if the XRF testing in the units or house passed or failed the test by applying the steps below.

Compute the Retest Tolerance Limit by the following steps:

Determine XRF results for the original and retest XRF readings. Do not correct the original or retest results for substrate bias. In single-family and multi-family housing, a result is defined as a single reading. Therefore, there will be ten original and ten retest XRF results for each house or for the two selected units.

Calculate the average of the original XRF result and the retest XRF result for each testing combination.

Square the average for each testing combination.

Add the ten squared averages together. Call this quantity C.

Multiply the number C by 0.0072. Call this quantity D.

Add the number 0.032 to D. Call this quantity E.

Take the square root of E. Call this quantity F.

Multiply F by 1.645. The result is the Retest Tolerance Limit.

Compute the average of all ten original XRF readings.

Compute the average of all ten re-test XRF readings.

Find the absolute difference of the two averages.

If the difference is less than the Retest Tolerance Limit, the inspection has passed the retest. If the difference of the overall averages equals or exceeds the Retest Tolerance Limit, this procedure should be repeated with ten new testing combinations. If the difference of the overall averages is equal to or greater than the Retest Tolerance Limit a second time, then the inspection should be considered deficient.

Use of this procedure is estimated to produce a spurious result approximately 1% of the time. That is, results of this procedure will call for further examination when no examination is warranted in approximately 1 out of 100 dwelling units tested.

TESTING TIMES:

In the Action Level paint test mode, the instrument takes the longest time to complete readings close to the Federal standard of 1.0 mg/cm². The table below shows the mean and standard deviation of actual reading times by reading level for paint samples during the November 2015 archive testing. The tested instruments reported readings to one decimal place. No significant differences in reading times by substrate were observed. These times apply only to instruments with the same source strength as those tested (2.0 mCi). Instruments with stronger sources will have shorter reading times and those with weaker sources, longer reading times, than those in the table.

Mean and Standard Deviation of Reading Times in Action Level Mode by Reading Level								
Reading (mg/cm²)	Mean Reading Time (seconds)	Standard Deviation (seconds)						
< 0.7	3.48	0.47						
0.7	7.29	1.92						
0.8	13.95	1.78						
0.9 – 1.2	15.25	0.66						
1.3 – 1.4	6.08	2.50						
<u>≥</u> 1.5	3.32	0.05						

CLASSIFICATION OF RESULTS:

XRF results are classified as **positive** if they are **greater than or equal** to the stated threshold for the instrument (1.0 mg/cm²), and *negative* if they are *less than* the threshold.

DOCUMENTATION:

A report titled *Methodology for XRF Performance Characteristic Sheets* (EPA 747-R-95-008) provides an explanation of the statistical methodology used to construct the data in the sheets, and provides empirical results from using the recommended inconclusive ranges or thresholds for specific XRF instruments. The report may be downloaded at http://www2.epa.gov/lead/methodology-xrf-performance-characteristic-sheets-epa-747-r-95-008-september-1997.

This XRF Performance Characteristic Sheet (PCS) was developed by QuanTech, Inc., under a contract with the XRF manufacturer.



Appendix III



611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

Client Name: Metric Engineering PR

LBP Survey for PR-865 Intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla (PR-CRP-

Project Name: 000993)

Address: Toa Baja, Puerto Rico XRF Serial No.: 2385

Reading #	Structure	Room	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm2)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm ²)
1					Calibration		
2					Calibration		
3					Calibration		
4	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	
5	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Left	0.2	
6	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.1	
7	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Center Island Curb	0.4	
8	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right to Exit	0.1	
9	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Right to Exit	0.2	
10	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right to Exit	0.1	
11	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Island Exit Curb	0.2	
12	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Brown	Island Exit Curb Top	0.3	
13	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Wood	Green	Lower Light Post	0.1	

Date: 7/20/23

Date: 7/20/23

Inspector: Elme Rivera

611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

Client Name: Metric Engineering PR

LBP Survey for PR-865 Intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla (PR-CRP-

Project Name: 000993)

Inspector: Elme Rivera

Address: Toa Baja, Puerto Rico XRF Serial No.: 2385

Reading #	Structure	Room	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm2)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm ²)
14	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Wood	Yellow	Upper Light Post	0.2	
15	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Brown	Handicap Ramp Right	0.1	
16	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Right	0.3	
17	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Right	0.3	
18	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.3	
19	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	
20	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Left	0.2	
21	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Right	0.1	
22	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Metal	Yellow	Guardrail Right	3.9	
23	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.1	
24	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.2	
25	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Metal	Yellow	Guardrail Left	5.6	

Date: 7/20/23

611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

Client Name: Metric Engineering PR

LBP Survey for PR-865 Intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla (PR-CRP-

Date: 7/20/23

Project Name: 000993)

I

Inspector: Elme Rivera

Address:

Toa Baja, Puerto Rico

XRF Serial No.: 2385

Reading #	Structure	Room	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm2)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm ²)
26	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Left	0.1	
27	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Left	0.2	
28	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Left	0.3	
29	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.1	
30	PR-CRP-000993	PR-865 Int. Ave. Campanilla	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Left	0.3	
31							

611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

Client Name: Metric Engineering PR

LBP Survey for PR-867 intersection with entrance to Campanilla and Pabellones

Lithographical School Section (PR CPR 000001)

Inspector: Elme Rivera

Project Name: Urbanizations, Sabana Seca (PR-CRP-000991)

Address: Toa Baja, Puerto Rico XRF Serial No.: 2385

Reading #	Case #	Road	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm ²)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm ²)
1					Calibration (9:05am)	1.0	
2					Calibration (9:06am)	1.0	
3					Calibration (9:07am)	1.1	
4	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.3	
5	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.1	
6	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Right	0.3	
7	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Blue	Handicap Ramp Right	0.2	
8	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Right	0.3	
9	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Right	0.2	
10	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.1	
11	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.3	

Date: 7/20/23

611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

Client Name: Metric Engineering PR

LBP Survey for PR-867 intersection with entrance to Campanilla and Pabellones

Likewingtions Salama Salama Salama (PR CPR 00001)

Inspector: Elme Rivera

Project Name: Urbanizations, Sabana Seca (PR-CRP-000991)

Address: Toa Baja, Puerto Rico XRF Serial No.: 2385

Reading #	Case #	Road	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm ²)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm ²)
12	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Left	0.3	
13	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Blue	Handicap Ramp Left	0.1	
14	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	
15	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Yellow	Island Curb Left	0.3	
16	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Blue	Handicap Ramp Left	0.3	
17	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Yellow	Curb Left	0.3	
18	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	
19	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Yellow	Island Curb Right	0.3	
20	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Green	Lower Light Post Left	0.4	
21	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Concrete	Yellow	Upper Light Post Left	0.1	

Date: 7/20/23

611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

Client Name: Metric Engineering PR Date: 7/20/23

Project Name: LBP Survey for PR-867 intersection with entrance to Campanilla and Pabellones
Urbanizations, Sabana Seca (PR-CRP-000991)

Inspector: Elme Rivera

Address: Toa Baja, Puerto Rico XRF Serial No.: 2385

				7		_	1
Reading #	Case #	Road	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm ²)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm ²)
22	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Wood	Green	Lower Light Post Left	0.3	
23	PR-CRP-000991	PR-867 Km. 3.9 (Dir. Bayamon to Toa Baja)	Wood	Yellow	Upper Light Post Left	0.1	

611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

Client Name: Metric Engineering PR Date: 7/20/23

Project Name: LBP Survey for PR-864 intersection with PR-866, Candelaria (PR-CRP-000994)

Inspector: Elme Rivera

Address: Toa Baja, Puerto Rico XRF Serial No.: 2385

Reading #	Case #	Road	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm2)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm²)
1					Calibration (13:40)	1.1	
2					Calibration (13:41)	1.0	
3					Calibration (13:42)	1.0	
4	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	
5	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.3	
6	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.1	
7	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Exit Floor Line Right	0.2	
8	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Metal	Yellow	Guardrail Exit	0.1	
9	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Exit Floor Line Right	0.3	
10	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Metal	Yellow	Guardrail Exit	0.1	
11	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Concrete	Green	Lower Light Post	0.2	
12	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Concrete	Yellow	Upper Light Post	0.1	
13	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	

611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

Client Name: Metric Engineering PR Date: 7/20/23

Project Name: LBP Survey for PR-864 intersection with PR-866, Candelaria (PR-CRP-000994)

Inspector: Elme Rivera

Address: Toa Baja, Puerto Rico XRF Serial No.: 2385

Reading #	Case #	Road	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm2)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm²)
14	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.3	
15	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.1	
16	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.1	
17	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.1	
18	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.2	
19	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.1	
20	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.2	
21	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	
22	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Concrete	White	Curb Left	0.2	
23	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	
24	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.3	
RE-TESTING							

611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

Client Name: Metric Engineering PR Date: 7/20/23

Project Name: LBP Survey for PR-864 intersection with PR-866, Candelaria (PR-CRP-000994)

Inspector: Elme Rivera

Address: Toa Baja, Puerto Rico XRF Serial No.: 2385

Reading #	Case #	Road	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm2)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm²)
25	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.1	
26	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.2	
27	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.1	
28	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.2	
29	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Right	0.1	
30	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	Yellow	Floor Line Center	0.2	
31	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	
32	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Concrete	White	Curb Left	0.1	
33	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.1	
34	PR-CRP-000994	PR-864 Int. PR-866 Candelaria	Asphalt	White	Floor Line Left	0.2	
35					Calibration (14:33)	1.0	
36					Calibration (14:34)	1.1	

611 Monserrate Street, 2nd. Floor, Santurce, P. R. 00907

LEAD BASED PAINT TESTING DATA SHEET

 Client Name:
 Metric Engineering PR
 Date: 7/20/23

 Project Name:
 LBP Survey for PR-864 intersection with PR-866, Candelaria (PR-CRP-000994)
 Inspector: Elme Rivera

Address: Toa Baja, Puerto Rico XRF Serial No.: 2385

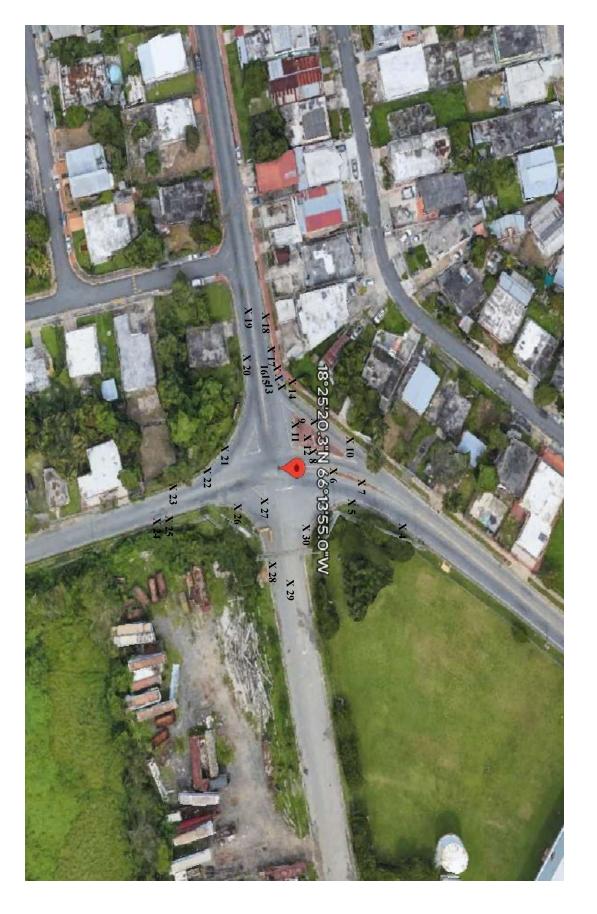
Reading #	Case #	Road	Substrate	Color	Component & Location	XRF Reading (mg/cm2)	Laboratory Result (% or mg/cm ²)
37					Calibration (14:35)	1.0	



Appendix VI



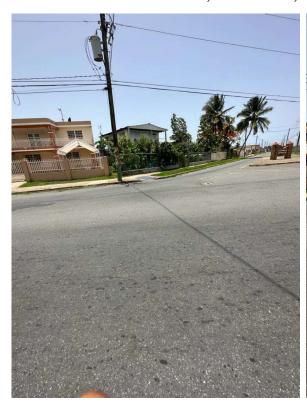
Roundabout PR-865 Intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla (PR-CRP-000993). (Lat: 18.422301°, Lon: -66.231948°)



































ASBESTOS



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ADY PADAN, PH.D

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APPENDIX I - AESI Certifications and Accreditations

APPENDIX II - Hazard Assessment

APPENDIX III- Selective Photos

ADY PADAN, PH.D

I. SUMMARY

A survey for Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) was conducted by Analytical Environmental Services International (AES International), Inc. for road PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla, Toa Baja, PR (Case # PR-CRP-000993), (Lat: 18.422301°, Lon: -66.231948°) as part of three (3) roundabout intervention projects.

The inspection for this road segment was conducted on July 20, 2023 by Elme Rivera, an EQB/AHERA certified asbestos inspector.

No suspected materials were observed during the inspection and accordingly samples were not collected.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

A survey for Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) was conducted by Analytical Environmental Services International, Inc. (AES International) road PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla, Toa Baja, PR (Case # PR-CRP-000993), (Lat: 18.422301°, Lon: -66.231948°) as part of three (3) roundabout intervention projects.

The survey for this road segment was conducted on July 20, 2023 by Elme Rivera, an EQB/AHERA certified asbestos building inspector (see Appendix I for credentials).

The inspection was performed based on AHERA protocol, according to the following scenario:

- ☐ The Road was divided in functional spaces (in Km).
- •□ Visual inspection was performed.

Suspected materials were not observed during visual inspection.

2.0 GENERAL BACKGROUND

Asbestos was used in the construction industry from 1900 to 1989. It is still being used today in various products. The health effects of asbestos have been studied since the 1930's. More health studies have been conducted in asbestos than any other natural substance. The mere presence of asbestos containing materials does not necessary constitute a health hazard. However, when these materials become disturbed from building renovation, maintenance, or other everyday activities that allow fibers to be released into the environment, a potential hazard does exist.

The relationship between exposure level and health risk is very complex. Although this relationship is not completely understood, asbestos exposure has been associated with various types of lung diseases including a debilitating lung disease called ASBESTOSIS; a rare cancer of chest called MESOTHELIOMA; and cancers of the esophagus, stomach, colon and other organs. Asbestosis is not fatal; it is however incurable. One who has it cannot breathe easily and physical activity becomes limited. MESOTHELIOMA is 100% fatal, as there is no cure. These diseases can be directly linked to asbestos because of the mineral particles that can be found in the lining of the lungs and stomach, since the body cannot absorb these minerals. Tests have determined that asbestos can cause cancer, but scientists disagree on the amount of asbestos fibers that must be inhaled to cause cancer. The nose filters out all visible particles. Therefore, only the microscopic fibers are the one who cause the problems.

Studies indicate different health effect resulting from exposure to chrysotile asbestos versus exposure to the amphibole form of asbestos. The later, which include tremolite,

amosite, actinolite, anthophyllite and crocidolite have more significant health impact than chrysotile.

Some scientists cite studies concluding that is the size of the fibers deposited in the lungs that result in cancer. Long, thin fibers, greater than 8 microns in length and less than 0.25 microns in diameter show the highest potential of cancer development.

2.1 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP)

The EPA's rules concerning the application, removal, and disposal of ACM, as well as manufacturing, spraying and fabricating of ACM were issued under the asbestos NESHAP regulation (U.S. EPA National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, 40 CFR 61 Subpart M, October 30, 1987). The asbestos NESHAP regulation governs asbestos demolition and renovation projects in all facilities. The NESHAP rule usually requires owners or operators to have all friable ACM removed before the building is demolished and may require its removal before renovation. If friable ACM shall be disturbed, the NESHAP rule may require appropriate work practices, or procedures for emission control. The rule states that any ACM, which may become friable, poses a potential hazard that should be addressed.

A revised NESHAP ruling was released on November 20, 1990, effective February 20, 1991 which includes as the responsibility of the owner, or operator, to "prior to the commencement of the demolition or renovation, thoroughly inspect the affected facility or part of the facility where demolition or renovation operation will occur for the presence of asbestos, including Category I and Category II non-friable ACM." (40 CFR, Part 61, National Emission Standards for hazardous Air Pollutants, Asbestos NESHAP Revision, Final Rule, November 20, 1990).

3.0 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION/DESCRIPTION

Project consist of three (3) roundabout interventions required in an approximate segment of 2,790 meters. One of the road segment to be impacted with the roundabout construction is the PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla, Toa Baja, PR.

4.0 METHODS OF BUILDING INSPECTION

Each sample, if collected, should have been classified according to the condition of Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) in that location and the potential for material disturbance. All the area was visually inspected.

5.0 SAMPLING METHODS

Samples were not collected, as no suspect ACM were observed during the visual inspection.

6.0 INSPECTION RESULTS

Suspected materials were not observed during visual inspection.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS

A survey for ACM was conducted PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Campanilla (Case # PR-CRP-000993). (Lat: 18.422301°, Lon: -66.231948°), Toa Baja, PR. The materials surveyed were described above. No ACM were detected.

The ACM survey results do not include materials which are non-accessible, non-visible and may be present behind/inside the walls or hidden inside the structures. These materials must be assessed at the time of the modernization.

Elme Rivera, EQB Asbestos Inspector Lic#: ASB-1122-0471-SI



Appendix I



National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program



SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION TO ISO/IEC 17025:2017

AES International

611 Monserrate Santurce, PR 00907 Mr. Ady Padan

Phone: 787-722-0220 Fax: 787-724-5788 Email: yotal@bellsouth.net http://www.aesipr.org

ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

NVLAP LAB CODE 200051-0

Bulk Asbestos Analysis

<u>Code</u>	<u>Description</u>
18/A01	EPA 40 CFR Appendix E to Subpart E of Part 763, Interim Method of the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples
18/A03	EPA 600/R-93/116: Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials

For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

NVLAP LAB CODE: 200051-0

AES International

Santurce, PR

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

Asbestos Fiber Analysis

This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017. management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2023-01-01 through 2023-12-31

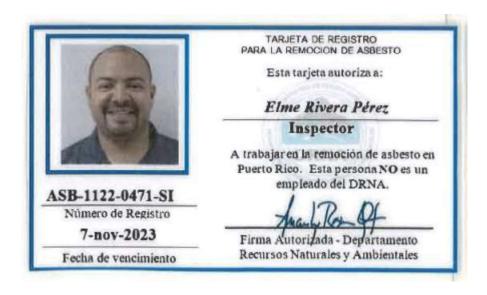
Effective Dates



The National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation F

For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

Asbestos Inspector Credentials





Appendix II



ANALYTICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

ASBESTOS SAMPLE INSPECTION FORM FOR PHYSICAL & HAZARD ASSESSMENT

Client Name	Metric Engineering PR					Roundabout:	P	R-CRP-00099	93
Project Name:	ACM Surveys for PR-865 intersection Campanilla (PR-CRP-000993), Toal		. Campanil	la,		Road/Km:		PR-865	
Inspection Date:	7/20/2023					Page:	1	of	1
Homoge	neous Material Description	Material Category	Asbestos Content	Friability	Location of Materials	Asbestos Contents	Total Square Feet of	AHERA Assessment Category	Hazard Ranking
I.D. Number	Material Description	Category	Content		Of ivialerials	Contents	ACM	(1-7,X, None)	(1-7)
	No Suspect ACM								
Inspected by:	Elme Rivera	_				•	Date:	7/20/	2023
	e, NF = nonfriable, X = not applicable (material is Category: 1 = Damaged of significantly damaged 4 = Damaged or significantly damaged	TSI ACBM; 2							ıge;

7 = Any remaining friable ACBM or friable suspected ACBM; X = Not applicable (material is non-ACBM or non-friable surfacing or miscellaneous materials);

None = No assessment category provided in original inspection.

Hazard Ranking Category: 1 = Significantly damaged; 2 = Damaged and potential of significant damage; 3 = Damaged and potential for damage; 4 = Damaged;

5 = Potential for significant damage; 6 = Potential for damage; 7 = All remaining ACBM

^{* -} Unless Specified, the Asbestos Type is Chrysotile; ND - None Detected



Appendix III



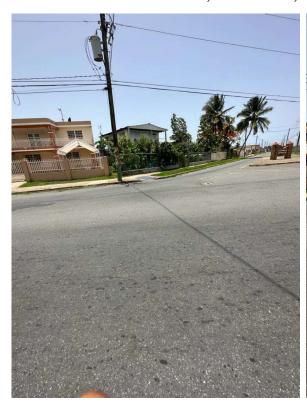
Aereal View of PR-865 intersection with Ave. Campanilla, Toa Baja, PR (PR-CRP-000993). (Lat: 18.422301°, Lon: -66.231948°)

































Summary Table of EPA Facilities PR-CRP-000993 (3000-FT Buffer Zone)

ltem	Facility	FRS ID#	Distance from the Project (FT)	Distance from the Latitude Longitude roject (FT)	ongitude.	Industry	Locational Data Source	Locational Compliance Oata Source Status	RCRA CWA
-	Centro Camiones	110009436761	0	18.42223 -66.2323	-66.2323	I	FRS	No Violation Identified	PRD987381027
2	United Parcel Service	110009438082	0	18.42223 -66.2323	-66.2323	I	FRS	No Violation Identified	PRR000012997 PRR053212
က	Environmental Management Service	110007818683	3360	18.41664 -66.2241	-66.2241	I	RCRAINFO	No Violation Identified	PRR000005116
4	HILL CONSTRUCTION CORP	110033018990	3100	18.41659 -66.2254		Crop Production	RCRAINFO	No Violation Identified	PRR000021246



Detailed Facility Report

Facility Summary

CENTRO CAMIONES

CARR 865 KM 5.5, TOA BAJA, PR 00949

FRS (Facility Registry Service) ID: 110009436761

EPA Region: 02

Latitude: 18.422233 **Longitude:** -66.232266

Locational Data Source: FRS

Industries: --

Indian Country: N

Enforcement and Compliance Summary

Statute	RCRA
Compliance Monitoring Activities (5 years)	-
Date of Last Compliance Monitoring Activity	02/09/1998
Compliance Status	No Violation Identified
Qtrs in Noncompliance (of 12)	0
Qtrs with Significant Violation	0
Informal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	-
Formal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	-
Penalties from Formal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	-
EPA Cases (5 years)	-
Penalties from EPA Cases (5 years)	

Regulatory Information

Clean Air Act (CAA): No Information

Clean Water Act (CWA): No Information

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA): Active

VSQG, (PRD987381027)

Other Regulatory Reports

Air Emissions Inventory (EIS): No Information

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (eGGRT): No Information

Toxic Releases (TRI): No Information

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA): No Information

Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface

No Information

Go To Enforcement/Compliance Details

Known Data Problems https://epa.gov/resources/echo-data/known-data-problems

Facility/System Characteristics

Facility/System Characteristics

System	Statute	Identifier	Universe	Status	Areas	Permit Expiration Date	Indian Country	Latitude	Longitude
FRS		110009436761					N	18.422233	-66.232266
RCRAInfo	RCRA	PRD987381027	VSQG	Active (H)			N	18.422233	-66.232266

Facility Address

System	Statute	Identifier	Facility Name	Facility Address	Facility County	
FRS		110009436761	CENTRO CAMIONES	CARR 865 KM 5.5, TOA BAJA, PR 00949	Toa Baja Municipio	
RCRAInfo	RCRA	PRD987381027	CENTRO CAMIONES	CARR 865 KM 5.5, TOA BAJA, PR 00949	Toa Baja Municipio	

Facility SIC (Standard Industrial Facility NAICS (North American **Classification**) Codes

System Identifie SIC Code SIC Description

No data records returned

Industry Classification System) Codes

Identifier

NAICS Code

NAICS Description

No data records returned

Facility Tribe Information

Tribe Name EPA Tribal ID **Reservation Name** Distance to Tribe (miles)

Lead Agency

No data records returned

Enforcement and Compliance

Compliance Monitoring History

Last 5 Years

Statute Source ID System **Activity Type Compliance Monitoring Type**

Finding (if applicable) Date

No data records returned

Entries in italics are not included in ECHO's Compliance Monitoring Activity counts because they are not compliance monitoring strategy https://www.epa.gov/compliance/compliance-monitoring-programs> activities or because they are not counted as inspections within EPA's Annual Results https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/enforcement-data-and-results>.

Compliance Summary Data

Statute	Source ID	Current SNC (Significant Noncompliance)/HPV (High Priority Violation)	Current As Of	Qtrs with NC (Noncompliance) (of 12)	Data Last Refreshed
RCRA	PRD987381027	No	06/01/2024	0	05/31/2024

Three-Year Compliance History by Quarter

Statute	Program/Polluta		QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	QTR 5	QTR 6	QTR 7	QTR 8	QTR 9	QTR 10	QTR 11	QTR 12+
RCRA	(Source ID: PRD9	87381027)	07/01- 09/30/21	10/01- 12/31/21	01/01- 03/31/22	04/01- 06/30/22	07/01- 09/30/22	10/01- 12/31/22	01/01- 03/31/23	04/01- 06/30/23	07/01- 09/30/23	10/01- 12/31/23	01/01- 03/31/24	04/01- 06/30/24
	Facility-Lev	el Status	No Violation Identified	No Violation Identified			No Violation Identified							
	Violation	Agency												

Informal Enforcement Actions

Last 5 Years

Statute System Source ID Type of Action Lead Agency Date

No data records returned

Entries in italics are not counted as "informal enforcement actions" in EPA policies pertaining to enforcement response tools.

Formal Enforcement Actions

Last 5 Years

Statute	System	Law/ Section	Source ID	Type of Action	Case No.	Lead Agency	Case Name	Issued/ Filed Date	Settlements/ Actions	Settlement/ Action Date	Federal Penalty Assessed	State/ Local Penalty Assessed	Penalty Amount Collected	SEP Value	Comp Action Cost	
---------	--------	-----------------	--------------	----------------------	-------------	----------------	--------------	--------------------------	-------------------------	----------------------------	--------------------------------	--	--------------------------------	--------------	------------------------	--

No data records returned

Environmental Conditions

Watersheds

12-Digit WBD (Watershed	WBD (Watershed Boundary	State Water Body Name	Beach	Beach	Pollutants	Watershed with ESA
Boundary Dataset) HUC	Dataset) Subwatershed Name	(ICIS (Integrated	Closures	Closures	Potentially	(Endangered Species
(RAD (Reach Address	(RAD (Reach Address	Compliance Information	Within Last	Within Last	Related to	Act)-listed Aquatic
Database))	Database))	System))	Year	Two Years	Impairment	Species?

No data records returned

Assessed Waters From Latest State Submission (ATTAINS)

State	Report	Assessment	Assessment Unit	Water	Cause Groups	Drinking	Ecological	Fish Consumption	Recreation	Other	
State	Cycle	Unit ID	Name	Condition	Impaired	Water Use	Use	Use	Use	Use	

No data records returned

Air Quality Nonattainment Areas

Pollutant	Within Nonattainment Status	Nonattainment Status Applicable	Within Maintenance Status	Maintenance Status Applicable
	Area?	Standard(s)	Area?	Standard(s)
		No data records re	turned	

Pollutants

Toxics Release Inventory History of Reported Chemicals Released

or Transferred in Pounds per Year at Site

TRI	Year	Air Air	Surface Water	Off-Site Transfers to POTWs (Publicly	Underground	Disposal to	Total On-Site	Total Off-Site
Facility ID	Teal	Emissions	Discharges	Owned Treatment Works)	Injections	Land	Releases	Transfers

No data records returned

Toxics Release Inventory Total Releases and Transfers in Pounds by Chemical and Year

Chemical Name

No data records returned

Community

Environmental Justice

This section shows indexes from EJScreen, EPA's screening tool for environmental justice (EJ) concerns. EPA uses these indexes to identify geographic areas that may warrant further consideration or analysis for potential EJ concerns. Use of these indexes does not designate an area as an "EJ community" or "EJ facility." EJScreen provides screening level indicators, not a determination of the existence or absence of EJ concerns. For more information, see the EJScreen home page.

Potential Environmental Justice Concerns

US Territory

Supplemental/EJ index percentiles >= 90 (Census block group)

Supplemental/EJ index percentiles >= 90 (1-mile average)

EJScreen Indexes Shown

Related Reports

Index Type	Supplemental (default)

EJScreen Community Report

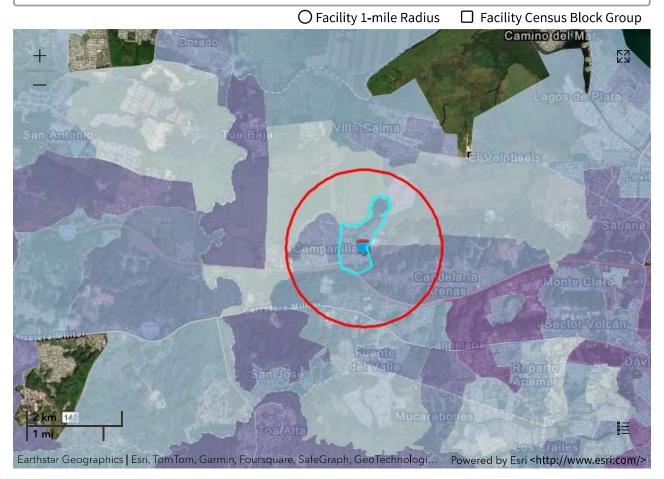
Download Data

Census Block Group ID: 721371222021	US (I	US (Percentile)			State (Percentile)		
Supplemental Indexes	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max	
Count of Indexes At or Above 90th Percentile	5	5	6	4	1	6	
Particulate Matter 2.5		N/A			N/A		
Ozone		N/A			N/A		
Diesel Particulate Matter	67	65	80	92	87	9 5	
Air Toxics Cancer Risk	55	53	55	86	66	9 90	
Air Toxics Respiratory Hazard Index	38	36	39	86	67	9 90	
Toxic Releases to Air	99	9 9	9 99	9 0	82	9 94	
Traffic Proximity	99	9 8	9 99	85	69	87	
Lead Paint	88	77	9 8	50	41	86	
Risk Management Plan (RMP) Facility Proximity	9 4	9 2	9 96	55	49	63	
Hazardous Waste Proximity	89	88	1 97	46	45	70	

Census Block Group ID: 721371222021	US	(Percentile)	State (Percentile)		
Supplemental Indexes	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg 1-mile Max	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg 1-mile Max	
Superfund Proximity	99	1 99 1 99	9 8	9399	
Underground Storage Tanks (UST)	0	53 1 99	0	0 87	
Wastewater Discharge	99	1 99 1 99	92	86 1 94	

Map Display Based on: US State

Display Map Layer Summary - Number of Indexes



Demographic Profile of Surrounding Area (1-Mile Radius)

This section provides demographic information regarding the community surrounding the facility. ECHO compliance data alone are not sufficient to determine whether violations at a particular facility had negative impacts on public health or the environment. Statistics are based upon the 2010 U.S. Census and 2017 - 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year Summary and are accurate to the extent that the facility latitude and longitude listed below are correct. Census boundaries and demographic data for U.S. Territories are based on the "2020 Island Areas Demographic Profiles" from the U.S. Census Bureau. EPA's spatial processing methodology considers the overlap between the selected radii and the census blocks (for

U.S. Census demographics) and census block groups (for ACS demographics) in determining the demographics surrounding the facility. For more detail about this methodology, see the DFR Data Dictionary https://epa.gov/help/reports/dfr-data-dictionary#demographic.

General Statistics (U.S. Census)				
Total Persons	11,617			
Population Density	3,702/sq.mi.			
Housing Units in Area	4,479			

General Statistics (ACS (American Community Survey))				
Total Persons	8,614			
Percent People of Color	99%			
Households in Area	2,981			
Households on Public Assistance	183			
Persons With Low Income	6,213			
Percent With Low Income	72%			

Geography	
Radius of Selected Area	1 mi.
Center Latitude	18.422233
Center Longitude	-66.232266
Land Area	100%
Water Area	0%

Income Breakdown (ACS (American Community Survey)) - Households (%)				
Less than \$15,000	1,139 (38.21%)			
\$15,000 - \$25,000	605 (20.3%)			
\$25,000 - \$50,000	676 (22.68%)			
\$50,000 - \$75,000	351 (11.77%)			
Greater than \$75,000	210 (7.04%)			

Age Breakdown (U.S. Census) - Persons (%)				
Children 5 years and younger	850 (7%)			
Minors 17 years and younger	3,302 (28%)			
Adults 18 years and older	8,315 (72%)			
Seniors 65 years and older	1,222 (11%)			

Race Breakdown (U.S. Census) - Persons (%)				
White	7,648 (66%)			
African-American	2,008 (17%)			
Hispanic-Origin	11,507 (99%)			
Asian/Pacific Islander	38 (0%)			
American Indian	62 (1%)			
Other/Multiracial	1,861 (16%)			

Education Level (Persons 25 & older) (ACS (American Community Survey)) - Persons (%)				
Less than 9th Grade	1,081 (17.49%)			
9th through 12th Grade	630 (10.19%)			
High School Diploma	1,994 (32.27%)			
Some College/2-year	745 (12.06%)			
B.S./B.A. (Bachelor of Science/Bachelor of Arts) or More	1.145 (18.53%)			



Detailed Facility Report

Facility Summary

UNITED PARCEL SERVICE

PR-865 KM 5.1, TOA BAJA, PR 00949

FRS (Facility Registry Service) ID: 110009438082

EPA Region: 02

Latitude: 18.422233 Longitude: -66.232266

Locational Data Source: FRS

Industries: --

Indian Country: N

Enforcement and Compliance Summary

Statute	RCRA
Compliance Monitoring Activities (5 years)	
Date of Last Compliance Monitoring Activity	
Compliance Status	No Violation Identified
Qtrs in Noncompliance (of 12)	0
Qtrs with Significant Violation	0
Informal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	
Formal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	
Penalties from Formal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	
EPA Cases (5 years)	
Penalties from EPA Cases (5 years)	

Regulatory Information

Clean Air Act (CAA): No Information

Clean Water Act (CWA): No Information

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA): Inactive Toxic Releases (TRI): No Information

Other, (PRR000012997)

Other Regulatory Reports

Air Emissions Inventory (EIS): No Information

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (eGGRT): No Information

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA): No Information

Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface

No Information

Go To Enforcement/Compliance Details

Known Data Problems https://epa.gov/resources/echo-data/known-data-problems

Facility/System Characteristics

Facility/System Characteristics

System	Statute	Identifier	Universe	Status	Areas	Permit Expiration Date	Indian Country	Latitude	Longitude
FRS		110009438082					N	18.422233	-66.232266
RCRAInfo	RCRA	PRR000012997	Other	Inactive ()			N	18.422233	-66.232266

Facility Address

System	Statute	Identifier	Facility Name	Facility Address	Facility County
FRS		110009438082	UNITED PARCEL SERVICE	PR-865 KM 5.1, TOA BAJA, PR 00949	Toa Baja Municipio
RCRAInfo	RCRA	PRR000012997	UNITED PARCEL SERVICE	PR-865 KM 5.1, TOA BAJA, PR 00949	Toa Baja Municipio

Facility SIC (Standard Industrial Facility NAICS (North American **Classification**) Codes



No data records returned

Industry Classification System) Codes

Identifier

NAICS Code

NAICS Description

No data records returned

Facility Tribe Information

Reservation Name

Tribe Name EPA Tribal ID

Distance to Tribe (miles)

Finding (if applicable)

No data records returned

Date

Enforcement and Compliance

Compliance Monitoring History

Last 5 Years

Statute Source ID **Lead Agency** System **Activity Type Compliance Monitoring Type**

No data records returned

Entries in italics are not included in ECHO's Compliance Monitoring Activity counts because they are not compliance monitoring strategy https://www.epa.gov/compliance/compliance-monitoring-programs> activities or because they are not counted as inspections within EPA's Annual Results https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/enforcement-data-and-results>.

Compliance Summary Data

Statute	Source ID	Current SNC (Significant Noncompliance)/HPV (High Priority Violation)	Current As Of	Qtrs with NC (Noncompliance) (of 12)	Data Last Refreshed
RCRA	PRR000012997	No	06/01/2024	0	05/31/2024

Three-Year Compliance History by Quarter

Statute	Program/Pollut Typ	•	QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	QTR 5	QTR 6	QTR 7	QTR 8	QTR 9	QTR 10	QTR 11	QTR 12+
RCRA	RCRA (Source ID: PRR000012997)		07/01- 09/30/21	10/01- 12/31/21	01/01- 03/31/22	04/01- 06/30/22	07/01- 09/30/22	10/01- 12/31/22	01/01- 03/31/23	04/01- 06/30/23	07/01- 09/30/23	10/01- 12/31/23	01/01- 03/31/24	04/01- 06/30/24
	Facility-Level Status		No Violation Identified											
	Violation	Agency												

Informal Enforcement Actions

Last 5 Years

Statute System Source ID Type of Action Lead Agency Date

No data records returned

Entries in italics are not counted as "informal enforcement actions" in EPA policies pertaining to enforcement response tools.

Formal Enforcement Actions

Last 5 Years

Statute	System	Law/ Section	Source ID	Type of Action	Case No.	Lead Agency	Case Name	Issued/ Filed Date	Settlements/ Actions	Settlement/ Action Date	Federal Penalty Assessed	State/ Local Penalty Assessed	Penalty Amount Collected	SEP Value	Comp Action Cost	
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No data records returned

Environmental Conditions

Watersheds

12-Digit WBD (Watershed	WBD (Watershed Boundary	State Water Body Name	Beach	Beach	Pollutants	Watershed with ESA
Boundary Dataset) HUC	Dataset) Subwatershed Name	(ICIS (Integrated	Closures	Closures	Potentially	(Endangered Species
(RAD (Reach Address	(RAD (Reach Address	Compliance Information	Within Last	Within Last	Related to	Act)-listed Aquatic
Database))	Database))	System))	Year	Two Years	Impairment	Species?

No data records returned

Assessed Waters From Latest State Submission (ATTAINS)

State	Report	Assessment	Assessment Unit	Water	Cause Groups	Drinking	Ecological	Fish Consumption	Recreation	Other
State	Cycle	Unit ID	Name	Condition	Impaired	Water Use	Use	Use	Use	Use

No data records returned

Air Quality Nonattainment Areas

Pollutant	Within Nonattainment Status	Nonattainment Status Applicable	Within Maintenance Status	Maintenance Status Applicable						
	Area?	Standard(s)	Area?	Standard(s)						
	No data records returned									

Pollutants

Toxics Release Inventory History of Reported Chemicals Released

or Transferred in Pounds per Year at Site

TRI	Year	Air	Surface Water	Off-Site Transfers to POTWs (Publicly	Underground	Disposal to	Total On-Site	Total Off-Site
Facility ID	Teal	Emissions	Discharges	Owned Treatment Works)	Injections	Land	Releases	Transfers

No data records returned

Toxics Release Inventory Total Releases and Transfers in Pounds by Chemical and Year

Chemical Name

No data records returned

Community

Environmental Justice

This section shows indexes from EJScreen, EPA's screening tool for environmental justice (EJ) concerns. EPA uses these indexes to identify geographic areas that may warrant further consideration or analysis for potential EJ concerns. Use of these indexes does not designate an area as an "EJ community" or "EJ facility." EJScreen provides screening level indicators, not a determination of the existence or absence of EJ concerns. For more information, see the EJScreen home page.

Potential Environmental Justice Concerns

US Territory

Supplemental/EJ index percentiles >= 90 (Census block group)

Supplemental/EJ index percentiles >= 90 (1-mile average)

EJScreen Indexes Shown

Related Reports

Index Type	Supplemental (default)

EJScreen Community Report

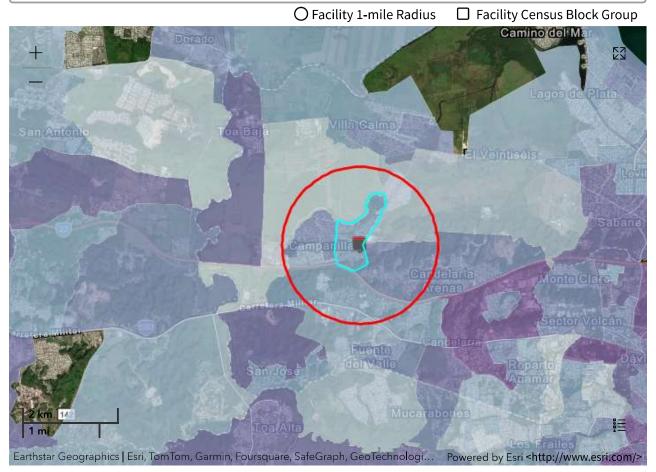
Download Data

Census Block Group ID: 721371222021	US (I	Percentile)		State	(Percentile)	
Supplemental Indexes	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max
Count of Indexes At or Above 90th Percentile	5	5	6	4	1	6
Particulate Matter 2.5		N/A			N/A	
Ozone		N/A			N/A	
Diesel Particulate Matter	67	65	80	92	87	95
Air Toxics Cancer Risk	55	53	55	86	66	9 0
Air Toxics Respiratory Hazard Index	38	36	39	86	67	9 0
Toxic Releases to Air	99	9 9	9 9	90	82	9 94
Traffic Proximity	99	9 8	9 9	85	69	87
Lead Paint	88	77	9 8	50	41	86
Risk Management Plan (RMP) Facility Proximity	9 94	9 2	9 6	55	49	63
Hazardous Waste Proximity	89	88	9 7	46	45	70

Census Block Group ID: 721371222021	US (I	Percentile)		State (Percentile)			
Supplemental Indexes	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max	
Superfund Proximity	1 99	99	9 99	1 98	93	9 9	
Underground Storage Tanks (UST)	0	53	9 9	0	0	87	
Wastewater Discharge	9 9	99	9 9	92	86	9 94	

Map Display Based on: US State

Display Map Layer Summary - Number of Indexes



Demographic Profile of Surrounding Area (1-Mile Radius)

This section provides demographic information regarding the community surrounding the facility. ECHO compliance data alone are not sufficient to determine whether violations at a particular facility had negative impacts on public health or the environment. Statistics are based upon the 2010 U.S. Census and 2017 - 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year Summary and are accurate to the extent that the facility latitude and longitude listed below are correct. Census boundaries and demographic data for U.S. Territories are based on the "2020 Island Areas Demographic Profiles" from the U.S. Census Bureau. EPA's spatial processing methodology considers the overlap between the selected radii and the census blocks (for

U.S. Census demographics) and census block groups (for ACS demographics) in determining the demographics surrounding the facility. For more detail about this methodology, see the DFR Data Dictionary https://epa.gov/help/reports/dfr-data-dictionary#demographic.

General Statistics (U.S. Census)	
Total Persons	11,617
Population Density	3,702/sq.mi.
Housing Units in Area	4,479

General Statistics (ACS (American Community Survey))									
Total Persons	8,614								
Percent People of Color	99%								
Households in Area	2,981								
Households on Public Assistance	183								
Persons With Low Income	6,213								
Percent With Low Income	72%								

Geography	
Radius of Selected Area	1 mi.
Center Latitude	18.422233
Center Longitude	-66.232266
Land Area	100%
Water Area	0%

Income Breakdown (ACS (American Community Survey)) - Households (%)										
Less than \$15,000	1,139 (38.21%)									
\$15,000 - \$25,000	605 (20.3%)									
\$25,000 - \$50,000	676 (22.68%)									
\$50,000 - \$75,000	351 (11.77%)									
Greater than \$75,000	210 (7.04%)									

Age Breakdown (U.S. Census) - Persons (%)	
Children 5 years and younger	850 (7%)
Minors 17 years and younger	3,302 (28%)
Adults 18 years and older	8,315 (72%)
Seniors 65 years and older	1,222 (11%)

Race Breakdown (U.S. Census) - Persons (%)									
White	7,648 (66%)								
African-American	2,008 (17%)								
Hispanic-Origin	11,507 (99%)								
Asian/Pacific Islander	38 (0%)								
American Indian	62 (1%)								
Other/Multiracial	1,861 (16%)								

Education Level (Persons 25 & older) (ACS (American Community Survey)) - Persons (%)								
Less than 9th Grade	1,081 (17.49%)							
9th through 12th Grade	630 (10.19%)							
High School Diploma	1,994 (32.27%)							
Some College/2-year	745 (12.06%)							
B.S./B.A. (Bachelor of Science/Bachelor of Arts) or More	1.145 (18.53%)							



Detailed Facility Report

Facility Summary

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT **SERVICES**

STATE RD 865 KM 0.2, TOA BAJA, PR 00951

FRS (Facility Registry Service) ID: 110007818683

EPA Region: 02

Latitude: 18.416642 Longitude: -66.224107

Locational Data Source: RCRAINFO

Industries: --

Indian Country: N

Enforcement and Compliance Summary

Statute	RCRA
Compliance Monitoring Activities (5 years)	-
Date of Last Compliance Monitoring Activity	06/15/2000
Compliance Status	No Violation Identified
Qtrs in Noncompliance (of 12)	0
Qtrs with Significant Violation	0
Informal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	
Formal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	
Penalties from Formal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	
EPA Cases (5 years)	
Penalties from EPA Cases (5 years)	-

Regulatory Information

Clean Air Act (CAA): No Information

Clean Water Act (CWA): No Information

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA): Inactive Toxic Releases (TRI): No Information

Other, (PRR000005116)

Other Regulatory Reports

Air Emissions Inventory (EIS): No Information

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (eGGRT): No Information

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA): No Information

Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface

No Information

Go To Enforcement/Compliance Details

Known Data Problems https://epa.gov/resources/echo-data/known-data-problems

Facility/System Characteristics

Facility/System Characteristics

System	Statute	Identifier	Universe	Status	Areas	Permit Expiration Date	Indian Country	Latitude	Longitude
FRS		110007818683					N	18.416642	-66.224107
RCRAInfo	RCRA	PRR000005116	Other	Inactive ()			N	18.416642	-66.224107

Facility Address

System	Statute	Identifier	Facility Name	Facility Address	Facility County
FRS		110007818683	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES	STATE RD 865 KM 0.2, TOA BAJA, PR 00951	Toa Baja Municipio
RCRAInfo	RCRA	PRR000005116	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES	STATE RD 865 KM 0.2, TOA BAJA, PR 00951	Toa Baja Municipio

Facility SIC (Standard Industrial Facility NAICS (North American **Classification**) Codes



No data records returned

Industry Classification System)

Codes

Identifier

NAICS Code

NAICS Description

Finding (if applicable)

No data records returned

Facility Tribe Information

Tribe Name EPA Tribal ID **Reservation Name** Distance to Tribe (miles)

Lead Agency

No data records returned

Date

Enforcement and Compliance

Compliance Monitoring History

Statute Source ID System **Activity Type** Last 5 Years

No data records returned

Entries in italics are not included in ECHO's Compliance Monitoring Activity counts because they are not compliance monitoring strategy https://www.epa.gov/compliance/compliance-monitoring-programs> activities or because they are not counted as inspections within EPA's Annual Results https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/enforcement-data-and-results>.

Compliance Monitoring Type

Compliance Summary Data

Statute	Source ID	Current SNC (Significant Noncompliance)/HPV (High Priority Violation)	Current As Of	Qtrs with NC (Noncompliance) (of 12)	Data Last Refreshed
RCRA	PRR000005116	No	06/01/2024	0	05/31/2024

Three-Year Compliance History by Quarter

Statute	Program/Polluta		QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	QTR 5	QTR 6	QTR 7	QTR 8	QTR 9	QTR 10	QTR 11	QTR 12+
RCRA (Source ID: PRR000005116)		07/01- 09/30/21	10/01- 12/31/21	01/01- 03/31/22	04/01- 06/30/22	07/01- 09/30/22	10/01- 12/31/22	01/01- 03/31/23	04/01- 06/30/23	07/01- 09/30/23	10/01- 12/31/23	01/01- 03/31/24	04/01- 06/30/24	
	Facility-Level Status			No Violation Identified			No Violation Identified							
	Violation	Agency												

Informal Enforcement Actions

Last 5 Years

Statute System Source ID Type of Action Lead Agency Date

No data records returned

Entries in italics are not counted as "informal enforcement actions" in EPA policies pertaining to enforcement response tools.

Formal Enforcement Actions

Last 5 Years

Statute	System	Law/ Section	Source ID	Type of Action	Case No.	Lead Agency	Case Name	Issued/ Filed Date	Settlements/ Actions	Settlement/ Action Date	Federal Penalty Assessed	State/ Local Penalty Assessed	Penalty Amount Collected	SEP Value	Comp Action Cost	
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No data records returned

Environmental Conditions

Watersheds

12-Digit WBD (Watershed	WBD (Watershed Boundary	State Water Body Name	Beach	Beach	Pollutants	Watershed with ESA
Boundary Dataset) HUC	Dataset) Subwatershed Name	(ICIS (Integrated	Closures	Closures	Potentially	(Endangered Species
(RAD (Reach Address	(RAD (Reach Address	Compliance Information	Within Last	Within Last	Related to	Act)-listed Aquatic
Database))	Database))	System))	Year	Two Years	Impairment	Species?

No data records returned

Assessed Waters From Latest State Submission (ATTAINS)

State	Report	Assessment	Assessment Unit	Water	Cause Groups	Drinking	Ecological	Fish Consumption	Recreation	Other	
State	Cycle	Unit ID	Name	Condition	Impaired	Water Use	Use	Use	Use	Use	

No data records returned

Air Quality Nonattainment Areas

Pollutant	Within Nonattainment Status	Nonattainment Status Applicable	Within Maintenance Status	Maintenance Status Applicable				
	Area?	Standard(s)	Area?	Standard(s)				
	No data records returned							

Pollutants

Toxics Release Inventory History of Reported Chemicals Released

or Transferred in Pounds per Year at Site

TRI	Year	Air	Surface Water	Off-Site Transfers to POTWs (Publicly	Underground	Disposal to	Total On-Site	Total Off-Site	
Facility ID	Teal	Emissions	Discharges	Owned Treatment Works)	Injections	Land	Releases	Transfers	

No data records returned

Toxics Release Inventory Total Releases and Transfers in Pounds by Chemical and Year

Chemical Name

No data records returned

Community

Environmental Justice

This section shows indexes from EJScreen, EPA's screening tool for environmental justice (EJ) concerns. EPA uses these indexes to identify geographic areas that may warrant further consideration or analysis for potential EJ concerns. Use of these indexes does not designate an area as an "EJ community" or "EJ facility." EJScreen provides screening level indicators, not a determination of the existence or absence of EJ concerns. For more information, see the EJScreen home page.

Potential Environmental Justice Concerns

US Territory

Supplemental/EJ index percentiles >= 90 (Census block group)

Supplemental/EJ index percentiles >= 90 (1-mile average)

EJScreen Indexes Shown

Related Reports

Index Type	Supplemental (default)
тиск турс	Supplemental (delidate)

EJScreen Community Report

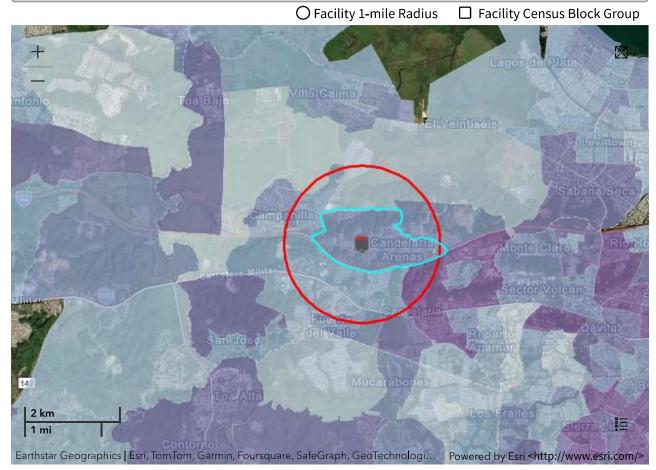
Download Data

Census Block Group ID: 721371218013	US (I	Percentile)		State (Percentile)			
Supplemental Indexes	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max	
Count of Indexes At or Above 90th Percentile	6	6	8	6	1	6	
Particulate Matter 2.5		N/A			N/A		
Ozone		N/A			N/A		
Diesel Particulate Matter	80	72	83	95	88	9 95	
Air Toxics Cancer Risk	55	53	55	9 90	65	9 0	
Air Toxics Respiratory Hazard Index	39	36	39	9 90	66	9 90	
Toxic Releases to Air	99	9 9	9 9	9 94	83	9 94	
Traffic Proximity	99	9 9	9 9	87	77	9 6	
Lead Paint	0	67	9 8	0	32	86	
Risk Management Plan (RMP) Facility Proximity	9 6	9 3	9 7	63	54	66	
Hazardous Waste Proximity	9 94	9 1	9 8	57	51	84	

Census Block Group ID: 721371218013	US (I	Percentile)		State (Percentile)			
Supplemental Indexes	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Avg	1-mile Max	
Superfund Proximity	1 99	9 9	9 9	99	93	9 9	
Underground Storage Tanks (UST)	0	66	99	0	0	9 0	
Wastewater Discharge	99	9 9	99	9 94	85	9 4	

Map Display Based on: US State

Display Map Layer Summary - Number of Indexes



Demographic Profile of Surrounding Area (1-Mile Radius)

This section provides demographic information regarding the community surrounding the facility. ECHO compliance data alone are not sufficient to determine whether violations at a particular facility had negative impacts on public health or the environment. Statistics are based upon the 2010 U.S. Census and 2017 - 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year Summary and are accurate to the extent that the facility latitude and longitude listed below are correct. Census boundaries and demographic data for U.S. Territories are based on the "2020 Island Areas Demographic Profiles" from the U.S. Census Bureau. EPA's spatial processing methodology considers the overlap between the selected radii and the census blocks (for

U.S. Census demographics) and census block groups (for ACS demographics) in determining the demographics surrounding the facility. For more detail about this methodology, see the DFR Data Dictionary https://epa.gov/help/reports/dfr-data-dictionary#demographic.

General Statistics (U.S. Census)				
Total Persons	12,736			
Population Density	4,132/sq.mi.			
Housing Units in Area	4,955			

General Statistics (ACS (American Community Surv	ey))
Total Persons	9,293
Percent People of Color	100%
Households in Area	3,197
Households on Public Assistance	188
Persons With Low Income	6,841
Percent With Low Income	74%

Geography	
Radius of Selected Area	1 mi.
Center Latitude	18.416642
Center Longitude	-66.224107
Land Area	100%
Water Area	0%

Income Breakdown (ACS (American Com	munity Survey)) - Households (%)
Less than \$15,000	1,121 (35.08%)
\$15,000 - \$25,000	727 (22.75%)
\$25,000 - \$50,000	650 (20.34%)
\$50,000 - \$75,000	434 (13.58%)
Greater than \$75,000	264 (8.26%)

Age Breakdown (U.S. Census) - Persons (%)	
Children 5 years and younger	827 (6%)
Minors 17 years and younger	3,343 (26%)
Adults 18 years and older	9,393 (74%)
Seniors 65 years and older	1,305 (10%)

Race Breakdown (U.S. Census) - Persons (%)	
White	8,353 (66%)
African-American	2,460 (19%)
Hispanic-Origin	12,621 (99%)
Asian/Pacific Islander	45 (0%)
American Indian	78 (1%)
Other/Multiracial	1,800 (14%)

Education Level (Persons 25 & older) (ACS (American Community Survey)) - Persons (%)	
Less than 9th Grade	984 (14.76%)
9th through 12th Grade	674 (10.11%)
High School Diploma	2,149 (32.23%)
Some College/2-year	878 (13.17%)
B.S./B.A. (Bachelor of Science/Bachelor of Arts) or More	1,316 (19.74%)



Detailed Facility Report

Facility Summary

HILL CONSTRUCTION CORP

CARR 865 KM 3.1 BO CANDELARIO, TOA BAJA, PR 00949

FRS (Facility Registry Service) ID: 110033018990

EPA Region: 02

Latitude: 18.416586

Longitude: -66.225362

Locational Data Source: RCRAINFO

Industries: Crop Production

Indian Country: $\,\mathbb{N}\,$

Enforcement and Compliance Summary

Statute	RCRA
Compliance Monitoring Activities (5 years)	
Date of Last Compliance Monitoring Activity	07/02/2009
Compliance Status	No Violation Identified
Qtrs in Noncompliance (of 12)	0
Qtrs with Significant Violation	0
Informal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	1
Formal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	1
Penalties from Formal Enforcement Actions (5 years)	•
EPA Cases (5 years)	•
Penalties from EPA Cases (5 years)	1

Regulatory Information

Clean Air Act (CAA): No Information

Clean Water Act (CWA): No Information

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA): Active VSQG,

(PRR000021246)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA): No Information

Other Regulatory Reports

Air Emissions Inventory (EIS): No Information

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (eGGRT): No Information

Toxic Releases (TRI): No Information

Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI): No

Information

Go To Enforcement/Compliance Details

Known Data Problems https://epa.gov/resources/echo-data/known-data-problems

Facility/System Characteristics

Facility/System Characteristics

System	Statute	Identifier	Universe	Status	Areas	Permit Expiration Date	Indian Country	Latitude	Longitude	
FRS		110033018990					N	18.416586	-66.225362	
RCRAInfo	RCRA	PRR000021246	VSQG	Active (H)			N	18.416586	-66.225362	

Facility Address

	System	m Statute Identifier		Facility Name	Facility Address	Facility County	
	FRS		110033018990	HILL CONSTRUCTION CORP	CARR 865 KM 3.1 BO CANDELARIO, TOA BAJA, PR 00949	Toa Baja Municipio	
Î	RCRAInfo	RCRA	PRR000021246	HILL CONSTRUCTION CORP	CARR 865 KM 3.1 BO CANDELARIO, TOA BAJA, PR 00949	Toa Baja Municipio	

Facility SIC (Standard Industrial Classification) Codes

System Identifier SIC Code SIC Desc	iption
-------------------------------------	--------

No data records returned

Facility NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) Codes

System	System Identifier		NAICS Description		
RCRAInfo	PRR000021246	11111	Soybean Farming		

Facility Tribe Information

Reservation Name Tribe Name	EPA Tribal ID	Distance to Tribe (miles)
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No data records returned

Enforcement and Compliance

Compliance Monitoring History

Last 5 Years

Statute	Source ID	System	Activity Type	Compliance Monitoring Type	Lead Agency	Date	Finding (if applicable)
---------	-----------	--------	---------------	----------------------------	-------------	------	-------------------------

No data records returned

Entries in italics are not included in ECHO's Compliance Monitoring Activity counts because they are not compliance monitoring strategy https://www.epa.gov/compliance/compliance-monitoring-programs activities or because they are not counted as inspections within EPA's Annual Results https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/enforcement-data-and-results.

Compliance Summary Data

Statute	Source ID	Current SNC (Significant Noncompliance)/HPV (High Priority Violation)	Current As Of	Current As Of Qtrs with NC (Noncompliance) (of 12)		
RCRA	PRR000021246	No	04/06/2024	0	04/05/2024	

Three-Year Compliance History by Quarter

Statute	Program/Polluta	•	QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	QTR 5	QTR 6	QTR 7	QTR 8	QTR 9	QTR 10	QTR 11	QTR 12+
RCRA (Source ID: PRR000021246)		04/01- 06/30/21	07/01- 09/30/21	10/01- 12/31/21	01/01- 03/31/22	04/01- 06/30/22	07/01- 09/30/22	10/01- 12/31/22	01/01- 03/31/23	04/01- 06/30/23	07/01- 09/30/23	10/01- 12/31/23	01/01- 03/31/24	
	Facility-Level Status		No Violation Identified											
	Violation	Agency												

Informal Enforcement Actions

Last 5 Years

	<u>. </u>				
Statute	System	Source ID	Type of Action	Lead Agency	Date

No data records returned

Entries in italics are not counted as "informal enforcement actions" in EPA policies pertaining to enforcement response tools.

Formal Enforcement Actions

Last 5 Years

Statute Sys	em Law/ Section	Source ID	Type of Action	Case No.	Lead Agency	Case Name	Issued/ Filed Date	Settlements/ Actions	Settlement/ Action Date	Federal Penalty Assessed	State/ Local Penalty Assessed	Penalty Amount Collected	SEP Value	Comp Action Cost
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No data records returned

Environmental Conditions

Watersheds

12-Digit WBD (Watershed	WBD (Watershed Boundary Dataset)	State Water Body Name (ICIS	Beach Closures	Beach Closures	Pollutants Potentially	Watershed with ESA
Boundary Dataset) HUC (RAD	Subwatershed Name (RAD (Reach	(Integrated Compliance	Within Last	Within Last Two	Related to	(Endangered Species Act)-
(Reach Address Database))	Address Database))	Information System))	Year	Years	Impairment	listed Aquatic Species?

No data records returned

Assessed Waters From Latest State Submission (ATTAINS)

State	Report Cycle	Assessment Unit ID	Assessment Unit Name	Water Condition	Cause Groups Impaired	Drinking Water Use	Ecological Use	Fish Consumption Use	Recreation Use	Other Use
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No data records returned

Air Quality Nonattainment Areas

Pollutant	Within Nonattainment Status Area?	Nonattainment Status Applicable Standard(s)	Within Maintenance Status Area?	Maintenance Status Applicable Standard(s)	
No data records returned					

Pollutants

Toxics Release Inventory History of Reported Chemicals Released or Transferred in Pounds per Year at Site

TRI Facility	Year	Air	Surface Water	Off-Site Transfers to POTWs (Publicly Owned	Underground	Disposal to	Total On-Site	Total Off-Site
ID	icai	Emissions	Discharges	Treatment Works)	Injections	Land	Releases	Transfers

No data records returned

Toxics Release Inventory Total Releases and Transfers in Pounds by Chemical and Year

Chemical Name

No data records returned

Community

Environmental Justice

This section shows indexes from EJScreen, EPA's screening tool for environmental justice (EJ) concerns. EPA uses these indexes to identify geographic areas that may warrant further consideration or analysis for potential EJ concerns. Use of these indexes does not designate an area as an "EJ community" or "EJ facility." EJScreen provides screening level indicators, not a determination of the existence or absence of EJ concerns. For more information, see the EJScreen home page.

EJScreen Indexes Shown



Related Reports

EJScreen Community Report

Download Data

Census Block Group ID: 721371218013	US (Percentile)	
Supplemental Indexes	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Max
Count of Indexes At or Above 80th Percentile	7	9
Particulate Matter 2.5		
Ozone		
Diesel Particulate Matter	80	83

Census Block Group ID: 721371218013	US (Percentile)			
Supplemental Indexes	Facility Census Block Group	1-mile Max		
Air Toxics Cancer Risk	55	55		
Air Toxics Respiratory Hazard Index	39	39		
Toxic Releases to Air	1 99	9 9		
Traffic Proximity	1 99	9 9		
Lead Paint	0	9 8		
Risk Management Plan (RMP) Facility Proximity	9 6	1 97		
Hazardous Waste Proximity	9 4	9 8		
Superfund Proximity	1 99	9 9		
Underground Storage Tanks (UST)	0	9 9		
Wastewater Discharge	1 99	9 9		

○ Facility 1-mile Radius ☐ Facility Census Block Group

+



Demographic Profile of Surrounding Area (1-Mile Radius)

This section provides demographic information regarding the community surrounding the facility. ECHO compliance data alone are not sufficient to determine whether violations at a particular facility had negative impacts on public health or the environment. Statistics are based upon the 2010 U.S. Census and 2017 - 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year Summary and are accurate to the extent that the facility latitude and longitude listed below are correct. EPA's spatial processing methodology considers the overlap between the selected radii and the census blocks (for U.S. Census demographics) and census block groups (for ACS demographics) in determining the demographics surrounding the facility. For more detail about this methodology, see the DFR Data Dictionary https://epa.gov/help/reports/dfr-data-dictionary#demographic>.

General Statistics (U.S. Census)			
Total Persons	12,875		
Population Density	4,151/sq.mi.		
Housing Units in Area	4,995		

General Statistics (ACS (American Community Survey))	
Total Persons	9,474
Percent People of Color	99%
Households in Area	3,282
Households on Public Assistance	199
Persons With Low Income	6,939
Percent With Low Income	74%

Geography	
Radius of Selected Area	1 mi.
Center Latitude	18.416586
Center Longitude	-66.225362

Age Breakdown (U.S. Census) - Persons (%)	
Children 5 years and younger	847 (7%)
Minors 17 years and younger	3,380 (26%)
Adults 18 years and older	9,495 (74%)
Seniors 65 years and older	1,318 (10%)

Race Breakdown (U.S. Census) - Persons (%)		
White	8,499 (66%)	
African-American	2,459 (19%)	
Hispanic-Origin	12,761 (99%)	
Asian/Pacific Islander	44 (0%)	
American Indian	74 (1%)	
Other/Multiracial	1,798 (14%)	

Education Level (Persons 25 & older) (ACS (American Community Survey)) - Persons (%)			
Less than 9th Grade	1,029 (15.09%)		
9th through 12th Grade	675 (9.9%)		

Geography			
Land Area	100%		
Water Area	0%		
Income Breakdown (ACS (American Community Survey)) - Households (%)			
Less than \$15,000	1,149 (35.05%)		
\$15,000 - \$25,000	730 (22.27%)		
\$25,000 - \$50,000	683 (20.84%)		
\$50,000 - \$75,000	432 (13.18%)		
Greater than \$75,000	284 (8.66%)		

Education Level (Persons 25 & older) (ACS (American Community Survey)) - Persons (%)					
High School Diploma	2,189 (32.1%)				
Some College/2-year	885 (12.98%)				
B.S./B.A. (Bachelor of Science/Bachelor of Arts) or More	1,359 (19.93%)				

Categorical Exclusion
City Revitalization Program
PR-CRP-000993 - Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilas, Campanilla

Appendix F: Site Inspection

Toa Baja - Intersections

SITE SURVEY

Date and time: Mar 22, 2023, 9:18:00 AM

• Chose Intersection Name: PR-865 & AVE. CAMPANILLA (PR-CRP-000993)

• Pin Location Lat: 18.422383 Lon: -66.232008



Esri, HERE, Garmin, Foursquare, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METI/NASA, USGS, NPS, US Census Bureau | Earthstar Geographics



UTILITIES PREPA







PRASA

PR-865 KM.1.9

Was not found in the field visit.

TELECOMMUNICATION

• Photo (Telecom)







INTERSECTION UNSIGNALIZED

Notes – Intersection is wide in space and vehicles yield instead of stopping in any leg. At the time of the visit, it could be observed trucks making a left at the intersection.

• Current traffic control device: No signs. Currently the intersection has no control in any of the legs either by sign or pavement marking.

Photos







INTERSECTION QUESTIONS 2

LEGS

• How many? 4

LEG 1



- Have sidewalks? Yes on left side
- Right Sidewalk current condition: Poor
- Asphalt condition:

Average

• Have crosswalks? No



LEG 2



- Have sidewalks? Yes, on both sides.
- Right Sidewalk current condition: Poor
- Left Sidewalk current condition: Poor
- Space to open comment Pedestrian walking in the street. Utilities in sidewalks
- Asphalt condition **Average**
- Have crosswalks? No

LEG₃



Have sidewalks?

No

• Asphalt condition:

Average

- Have crosswalks?
- No



LEG 4



- Have sidewalks? Yes, on left side.
- Left Sidewalk current condition: **Poor**
- Asphalt condition: **Average**
- Have crosswalks? No

INTERSECTION - GENERAL

• Pavement Marking: Missing

• Signs: Missing

• There is general visibility issues? Yes - Utility Pole

Other: Vegetation













- Any restriction on turning movements? None
- Based on your perspective, is there enough time to cross? No traffic control.

CURBS

- Are curb ramps present? Yes
- How many? 1 Are they ADA compliant: No

Curbs Photos:









LIGHTNING

- Is the lighting adequate at all corners? No
- Space to open comment: Not sure if Lights are working.

Photo





TRANSIT

• Are there any transit stop? No

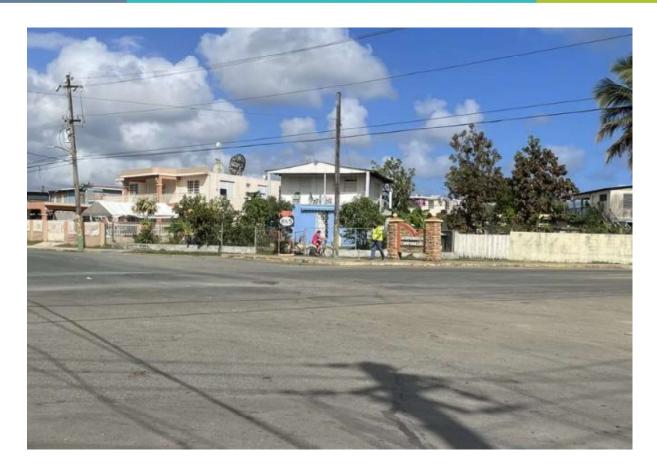
PEDS AND BIKES

- Are peds and bikes waiting for gaps? As there are some sidewalks missing and/or poor condition, ped are walking in street. Waiting for gaps.
- Are drivers expecting crossing peds or bikes? No. However, at the time of inspection pedestrians were walking and bikes were riding on the sidewalk.
- Peds and bike facilities accommodate users with disabilities? No
- If no, explain (space to open comment) No curb ramps, sidewalks missing in some of the legs, and no crosswalks. In addition, there is no control for vehicle movement. Therefore, it could be difficult for ped and bike to cross the intersection.











Categorical Exclusion
City Revitalization Program
PR-CRP-000993 - Rotonda PR-865 int. Ave. Campanilas, Campanilla

Appendix G: EJ Screen Community Report



EJScreen Community Report

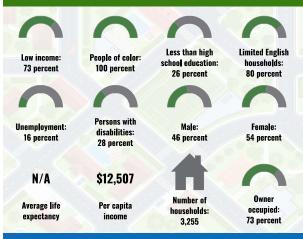
This report provides environmental and socioeconomic information for user-defined areas, and combines that data into environmental justice and supplemental indexes.

Toa Baja Municipio, PR

1 mile Ring Centered at 18.422266,-66.231986 Population: 9,433 Area in square miles: 3.14



COMMUNITY INFORMATION



LANGUAGES SPOKEN AT HOME

LANGUAGE	PERCENT
English	3%
Spanish	97%
Total Non-English	97%

BREAKDOWN BY RACE



Two or more

Hispanic: 100%

Islander: 0% races: 0%

BREAKDOWN BY AGE

Other race: 0%

Hawaiian/Pacific

From Ages 1 to 4	3%
From Ages 1 to 18	21%
From Ages 18 and up	79%
From Ages 65 and up	16%

LIMITED ENGLISH SPEAKING BREAKDOWN



Notes: Numbers may not sum to totals due to rounding. Hispanic population can be of any race. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2018-2022. Life expectancy data comes from the Centers for Disease Control.

Report for 1 mile Ring Centered at 18.422266,-66.231986 Report produced August 15, 2024 using EJScreen Version 2.3

Environmental Justice & Supplemental Indexes

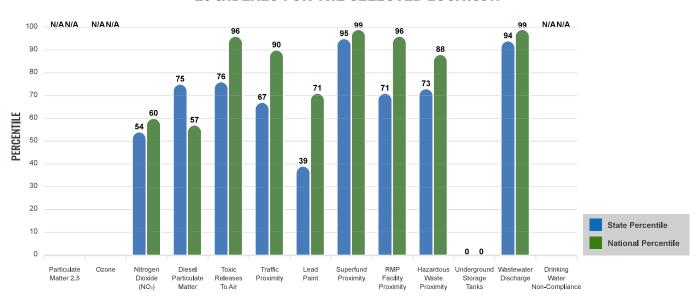
The environmental justice and supplemental indexes are a combination of environmental and socioeconomic information. There are thirteen EJ indexes and supplemental indexes in EJScreen reflecting the 13 environmental indicators. The indexes for a selected area are compared to those for all other locations in the state or nation. For more information and calculation details on the EJ and supplemental indexes, please visit the EJScreen website.

EJ INDEXES

The EJ indexes help users screen for potential EJ concerns. To do this, the EJ index combines data on low income and people of color populations with a single environmental indicator.

EJ INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION



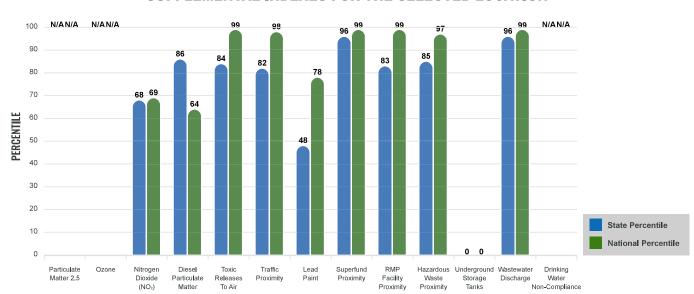


SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES

The supplemental indexes offer a different perspective on community-level vulnerability. They combine data on percent low income, percent persons with disabilities, percent less than high school education, percent limited English speaking, and percent low life expectancy with a single environmental indicator.

SUPPLEMENTAL INDEXES FOR THE SELECTED LOCATION





Report for 1 mile Ring Centered at 18.422266,-66.231986

Report produced August 15, 2024 using EJScreen Version 2.3

EJScreen Environmental and Socioeconomic Indicators Data

SELECTED VARIABLES	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	PERCENTILE IN STATE	USA AVERAGE	PERCENTILE IN USA
ENVIRONMENTAL BURDEN INDICATORS					
Particulate Matter 2.5 (µg/m³)	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.45	N/A
Ozone (ppb)	N/A	N/A	N/A	61.8	N/A
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) (ppbv)	4.8	5.5	53	7.8	21
Diesel Particulate Matter (µg/m³)	0.0762	0.0618	70	0.191	18
Toxic Releases to Air (toxicity-weighted concentration)	1,800	4,300	76	4,600	70
Traffic Proximity (daily traffic count/distance to road)	1,100,000	1,100,000	64	1,700,000	56
Lead Paint (% Pre-1960 Housing)	0.074	0.16	44	0.3	31
Superfund Proximity (site count/km distance)	1	0.23	96	0.39	91
RMP Facility Proximity (facility count/km distance)	0.81	0.66	67	0.57	75
Hazardous Waste Proximity (facility count/km distance)	1.5	1.2	70	3.5	53
Underground Storage Tanks (count/km²)	0	0	0	3.6	0
Wastewater Discharge (toxicity-weighted concentration/m distance)	4200000	670000	93	700000	99
Drinking Water Non-Compliance (points)	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.2	N/A
SOCIOECONOMIC INDICATORS					
Demographic Index USA	3.3	N/A	N/A	1.34	97
Supplemental Demographic Index USA	4.76	N/A	N/A	1.64	99
Demographic Index State	4.8	4.63	47	N/A	N/A
Supplemental Demographic Index State	3.21	2.72	72	N/A	N/A
People of Color	100%	97%	29	40%	97
Low Income	73%	70%	45	30%	95
Unemployment Rate	16%	14%	66	6%	93
Limited English Speaking Households	80%	66%	75	5%	99
Less Than High School Education	26%	20%	66	11%	88
Under Age 5	3%	3%	56	5%	34
Over Age 64	16%	23%	22	18%	48

*Diesel particulate matter index is from the EPAs Air Toxics Data Update, which is the Agency's ongoing, comprehensive evaluation of air toxics in the United States. This effort aims to prioritize air toxics, emission sources, and locations of interest for further study. It is important to remember that the air toxics data presented here provide broad estimates of health risks over geographic areas of the country, not definitive risks to specific individuals or locations. More information on the Air Toxics Data update can be found at: https://presented.org/nc/page-42 (and to air toxics Data update are belond at: https://presented.org/nc/page-42 (and toxics Data update are belond at: https://presented.org/nc/page-42 (and toxics Data update are belond at: https://presented.org/nc/page-42 (but a belon update are belon updated.)

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**Toxics Data updated.org/nc/page-42

Sites reporting to EPA within defined area:

Superfund	1
Hazardous Waste, Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities	0
Water Dischargers	5
Air Pollution	1
Brownfields	0
Toxic Release Inventory	4

Selected location contains American Indian Reservation Lands* No Selected location contains a "Justice40 (CEJST)" disadvantaged community Yes Selected location contains an EPA IRA disadvantaged community Yes

Report for 1 mile Ring Centered at 18.422266,-66.231986 Report produced August 15, 2024 using EJScreen Version 2.3

Other community features within defined area:

ools	1
pitals	0
ces of Worship	0

Other environmental data:

ir Non-attainment	Yes
mpaired Waters	Yes

EJScreen Environmental and Socioeconomic Indicators Data

HEALTH INDICATORS							
INDICATOR VALUE STATE AVERAGE STATE PERCENTILE US AVERAGE US PERCENTILE							
Low Life Expectancy	N/A	N/A	N/A	20%	N/A		
Heart Disease	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.8	N/A		
Asthma	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.3	N/A		
Cancer	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.4	N/A		
Persons with Disabilities	28%	22.7%	79	13.7%	97		

CLIMATE INDICATORS							
INDICATOR	VALUE	STATE AVERAGE	STATE PERCENTILE	US AVERAGE	US PERCENTILE		
Flood Risk	N/A	N/A	N/A	12%	N/A		
Wildfire Risk	N/A	N/A	N/A	14%	N/A		

CRITICAL SERVICE GAPS								
INDICATOR VALUE STATE AVERAGE STATE PERCENTILE US AVERAGE US PERCENTILE								
Broadband Internet	33%	29%	64	13%	93			
Lack of Health Insurance	7%	7%	61	9%	51			
Housing Burden	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Transportation Access Burden	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Food Desert	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			

Report for 1 mile Ring Centered at 18.422266,-66.231986 Report produced August 15, 2024 using EJScreen Version 2.3